Income Tax Booklet for Residents, Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

# Inside:

- Instructions
- **✓** Form IT 1040EZ
- **√** Form IT 1040
- √ Tax Tables
- School District Numbers

# Cut through the red tape.

Ohio offers more ways than ever to file online and get your refund fast.

See page 5 for details.



### Dec. 15, 2010 Federal Conformity

Substitute House Bill 495 (HB 495) was signed by Gov. Ted Strickland on Dec. 15, 2010. This bill amended Ohio Revised Code section 5701.11 to incorporate all changes to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) that had occurred between the last amendment to that section, Oct. 16, 2009, and Dec. 15, 2010.

HR 4853, the federal "Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization and Job Creation Act of 2010" (TRUIRaJCA), Public Law 111-312, was signed into law Dec. 17, 2010. Because the federal law was enacted after Ohio Revised Code section 5701.11 was last amended, the portions of TRUIRaJCA that amend the IRC definition of federal adjusted gross income are not incorporated into the definition of Ohio adjusted gross income as defined in Ohio Revised Code section 5747.01. Therefore, the amount you calculate for adjusted gross income on your federal income tax return may need to be adjusted on your Ohio income tax return. Most of these adjustments will be made on line 33(d) of the Ohio income tax return. The adjustments will be summed with other adjustments and brought to line 2 of the return. The following instructions pertain to line 33(d) of the 2010 Ohio IT 1040 income tax return. These instructions supplement and update the instructions found on page 22 of the 2010 Ohio income tax booklet.

#### Line 33(d)

**Miscellaneous Federal Tax Adjustments:** Also enter on this line (i) any income or gain amount that was not included in your federal adjusted gross income (Ohio income tax return line 1) solely because of post-Dec. 15, 2010 amendments to the IRC and (ii) any amount that you deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income solely because of post-Dec. 15, 2010 amendments to the IRC.

**Note:** The following federal tax provisions in TRUIRaJCA must be reversed on this line (this list is not all inclusive):

- Deduction under IRC section 62 (section 721 of TRUIRaJCA) for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers;
- Deduction under IRC section 222 (section 724 of TRUIRaJCA) for qualified tuition and related expenses;
- Exclusion under IRC section 408(d)(8) (section 725 of TRUIRa-JCA) for distribution from individual retirement plans (IRAs) for charitable purposes;
- Exclusion under IRC section 127 (section 101 of TRUIRaJCA) for employer-provided educational assistance;
- Increased deduction under IRC section 198 (section 745 of TRUIRaJCA) for certain environmental remediation expenditures elected to be treated as an expense;
- Increased depreciation under IRC section 168(e) (section 737 of TRUIRaJCA) for certain qualified leasehold improvements, qualified restaurant property and qualified retail improvement property.
- Certain deductions for bonus depreciation: include on this line the amount by which (i) total bonus depreciation allowed under IRC section 168(k) (section 401 of TRUIRaJCA) on investments placed in service between Sept. 8, 2010 and Dec. 31, 2010, exceeds (ii) the total bonus depreciation and Moderated Accelerated Cost Recovery System (MACRS) that you would have been able to claim on such investments under the IRC as it existed on Dec. 15, 2010.

TRUIRaJCA did not make any changes for taxable year 2010 to the expensing provisions contained in IRC section 179. Therefore, you do not need to make any additions on line 33(d) pertaining to section 179. Note that the federal "Small Business Jobs Act of 2010" (SBJA), Public Law 111-240, effective Sept. 27, 2010, made several amendments to section 179 for taxable years 2010 and 2011. The changes included an increase in the dollar limitation allowable for deduction to \$500,000 for each of those years.

As in past years, you must use line 33(g) to add back 5/6ths of any enhanced expensing under IRC section 179 and any bonus depreciation under IRC sections 167 and 168 claimed for taxable year 2010. For further information on the 5/6 add-back see the instructions pertaining to line 33(g).

# Example #1: Certain Expenses of Elementary and Secondary School Teachers

Adam is a secondary school teacher who spent \$357 for colored chalk, poster boards and paste that he used in teaching school. He was not reimbursed for this expense. On line 23 of his 2010 federal income tax return Adam enters \$250, the maximum deduction allowed under IRC section 62 (section 721 of TRUIRaJCA). Because this portion of the IRC is not incorporated into the Ohio Revised Code definition of adjusted gross income, Adam enters \$250 on line 33(d) of his 2010 Ohio income tax return. This \$250 is combined with other adjustments and brought to line 2 of his 2010 Ohio income tax return.

#### Example #2: Qualified Tuition and Other Expenses

Betty is a single taxpayer who claims a \$4,000 deduction on line 34 of her 2010 federal income tax return under IRC section 222 (section 724 of TRUIRaJCA). Because this portion of the IRC is not incorporated into the Ohio Revised Code definition of adjusted gross income, Betty enters \$4,000 on line 33(d) of her 2010 Ohio income tax return. This \$4,000 is combined with other adjustments and brought to line 2 of her 2010 Ohio income tax return.

#### Example #3: Bonus Depreciation

Charles is a sole proprietor of a business. On Sept. 15, 2010, he purchased a machine for \$10,000 and placed it in service the same date. On line 13 of Charles' federal schedule C he enters \$10,000 depreciation expense. This amount is included in calculating his net profit of \$45,000 shown on line 32 of schedule C. Charles has no other income, so his federal adjusted gross income is \$45,000. A portion of the \$10,000 depreciation expense on line 13 of his federal schedule C is due to amendments in TRU-IRaJCA. Charles calculates the amount to be entered on line 33(d) of his 2010 Ohio income tax return as follows: Amount of bonus depreciation under TRUIRaJCA minus amount of depreciation that would have been allowed under the IRC as it existed on Dec. 15, 2010 = \$10,000 - [(50% bonus depreciation x \$10,000) + (MACRS 10% x \$5,000)] = \$10,000 - \$5,500 = \$4,500. Charles will include \$4,500 on line 33(d) of his 2010 Ohio income tax return.

Additionally, Charles will include \$4,167 (5/6 of the \$5,000 of bonus depreciation allowable under IRC section 168(k) as it existed on Dec. 15, 2010) on line 33(g) of his Ohio income tax return. The \$4,167 and \$4,500 are combined with other adjustments and brought to line 2 of his 2010 Ohio income tax return.

Dear Ohio Taxpayer,

Welcome to the 2010 Ohio individual income tax instruction booklet. By completing a state income tax return, you will be joining more than five million other Ohio taxpayers who are also undertaking this important responsibility.

The tax tables in this booklet reflect Ohio's first-ever adjustment of tax brackets for inflation. This adjustment will save most taxpayers money by ensuring that a portion of income isn't taxed at a higher rate simply because of inflation. The tax tables also reflect recent rate reductions; state income tax rates are now as low as they've been since 1982.

Before you start completing your tax return, I invite you to consider helping us stretch your tax dollars further by joining the seven out of 10 Ohioans who now file their tax return electronically instead of on paper. If you are owed a refund, you can receive it much more quickly by filing electronically – usually within five to seven business days by direct deposit. Electronic filing also helps the state trim its processing expenses by more than \$1 for each return.

More information on electronic filing options is available at our Web site, tax.ohio.gov. Options include:

- I-File, a free, interactive way to file online with your personal computer. If you dislike tax forms, I-File may be for you.

  Just answer a few questions and our software will build a return for you.
- eForms, which are Adobe Acrobat PDF versions of the same tax forms you would fill out on paper. eForms will even do most of the math for you and it's free.

If you need assistance, please visit our Web site anytime. You can check the status of your refund, fill out forms, e-mail us your questions and find other helpful information.

Sincerely,

Richard A. Levin

Ohio Tax Commissioner

#### **Our Mission**

"To provide quality service to Ohio taxpayers by helping them comply with their tax responsibilities and by fairly applying the tax law."

IMPORTANT: Ohio will follow the lead of the IRS by extending the filing deadline for taxable year 2010 to April 18, 2011.

### **Highlights for 2010**

richard a. Levin

NEW Accident and Health Insurance Premiums for Certain Relatives. This allows a deduction from federal adjusted gross income of certain insurance premiums paid for adult children and others.....See pages 12, 26

**Rate Freeze.** Income tax rates are unchanged for 2010 and will remain 16.8% lower than they were six years ago.

**Larger Personal Exemption.** The personal and dependent income tax exemption increased to \$1,600 for the 2010 taxable year, up from \$1,550 for 2009.

**Low Income Tax Credit.** Taxpayers whose Ohio taxable income is \$10,000 or less are entitled to a tax credit that results in zero tax liability.

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#### **Federal Privacy Act Notice**

Because we require you to provide us with a Social Security number, the *Federal Privacy Act of 1974* requires us to inform you that providing us with your Social Security number is mandatory. Ohio Revised Code sections 5703.05, 5703.057 and 5747.08 authorize us to request this information. We need your Social Security number in order to administer this tax.

**Important Note:** The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 still has credits available for 2010. To obtain information on new federal legislation concerning tax benefits, credits and other information, visit **www.irs.gov.** 

# DO'S AND DON'TS FOR TAX FILERS

Please review your return before filing and read our instructions carefully.

To avoid a delay in processing your tax return, please . . .

#### **DO**

- ✓ Sign your tax return and place your W-2(s), W-2G(s) and/or 1099-R(s) loose on top of page 1 of your return.
- Correct your address. If you use a tax preparer to file your return electronically, and you have moved since last year's filing, make sure that your current address is on file with the preparer.
- ✓ Use the Ohio IT 40P voucher only to pay your individual income tax due.
- ✓ Use the correct tax form for the year you are filing. And be sure to enter the school district number for the taxable year for which you are filing your return.
- ✓ Include pages 1 and 2 when filing Ohio form IT 1040EZ. Place any other supporting documents or statements after the last page of your return.
- ✓ Include pages 1 and 2, and, if applicable, pages 3 and/or 4 when filing Ohio form IT 1040. Place any other supporting documents or statements after the last page of your return.
- ✓ Include page 3 of Ohio form IT 1040 if you are claiming any Schedule A adjustments on line 2 of Ohio form IT 1040. Complete line items on Schedule A if you have an adjustment. Be sure to fill in the total line for this schedule and send in all pages of the return.
- ✓ Include page 4 of Ohio form IT 1040 if you enter an amount greater than -0- on line 7 and/or line 13 of Ohio form IT 1040. Complete line items on Schedules B, C, D and/or line 66 if you have any credits. Be sure to fill in the **total** line for these schedules and send in **all** pages of the return.
- Check the <u>full-year resident</u> box on page 1 of Ohio form IT 1040 if you qualify as "resident military personnel stationed outside Ohio" and you are taking the line 37 deduction.
- When making two-sided copies, make sure that pages 1 and 2 of Ohio form IT 1040 are on the same sheet of paper and that pages 3 and 4 are on the same sheet of paper.

#### **DON'T**

- Include pages 2, 3 and 4 of Ohio form IT 1040 if you are filing IT 1040EZ.
- Staple checks and/or forms to your return.
- Staple W-2(s), W-2G(s) and/or 1099-R(s) to your return.
- Use the Ohio form IT 40P voucher to pay your school district income tax due (instead, use Ohio form SD 40P).
- 🖊 Use the Ohio form SD 40P voucher to pay your individual income tax due (instead, use Ohio form IT 40P).

#### Where Should I Mail My Return?

Please see the chart below for mailing information. Be sure to sign your return before mailing. If you are enclosing a payment with your return, be sure to enclose Ohio form IT 40P with your check or money order (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions). This will ensure proper crediting of your payment.

Ohio Form	Payment and IT40P Enclosed?	Address
IT 1040EZ	No	Ohio Department of Taxation P.O. Box 182294 Columbus, OH 43218-2294
IT 1040EZ	Yes	Ohio Department of Taxation P.O. Box 182850 Columbus, OH 43218-2850
IT 1040	No	Ohio Department of Taxation P.O. Box 2679 Columbus, OH 43270-2679
IT 1040	Yes	Ohio Department of Taxation P.O. Box 2057 Columbus, OH 43270-2057

# Go paperless this year!

File Electronically → Pay Electronically → Receive Your Refund Electronically



### **Ohio I-File**

Use your computer to file your Ohio individual and school district income tax returns.

Ohio I-File guides you through a series of questions and information requests. Based upon the information you provide, I-File computes your refund or balance due and electronically submits the tax information. I-File provides you with a transcript of the tax information that you submitted and gives you a filing confirmation number. **Using this service is** <u>free.</u> **See tax.ohio.gov.** 





### Ohio eForms

### Use your computer to fill out your return electronically.

Ohio eForms will display an Ohio income tax return form on your computer screen. You fill in the lines of the return that apply to you. eForms does most of the math calculations and figures the tax for you. After you fill in the eForm return, either file your return elec-

tronically or print and mail us your return. If you file electronically, Ohio eForms will provide you with a filing confirmation number. **Use Ohio eForms – it's free! See tax.ohio.gov.** 



### IRS e-file

# Use your tax software to file your tax returns or ask your tax preparer for assistance.

IRS e-file is a way to file your return electronically with the IRS and Ohio. You can prepare your own return and e-file it through an approved software program that you purchased or you can have your return prepared and transmitted by an authorized tax professional. Depending on the tax professional and the specific services requested, <u>a fee may be charged.</u> More information, including a free federal e-filing program for qualified individuals, is available at www.irs.gov.

## TeleFile Ohio TeleFile

If you received an Ohio TeleFile booklet in the mail, you may qualify to TeleFile your return. (See your TeleFile booklet for more information.) Fill out the simple TeleFile worksheet, then use a touch-tone phone to call toll-free 1-800-697-0440 to file your return. You can call anytime – our TeleFile lines are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

#### ☑ Pay by Electronic Check or Credit Card

Why not eliminate writing a check if you have tax due? Simply make your payment by using an **electronic check**. You can use this option to pay your tax due for your 2010 Ohio income tax return. You can also use an **electronic check** to file and pay your 2011 estimated income tax, Ohio form IT 1040ES. Find out how on page 7 or 47 of the instructions.

Want to know the status of your refund? Need a tax form or have questions?

### ☑ Direct Deposit Your Refund

Direct deposit is fast, simple, safe and secure. File your return electronically and use the direct deposit refund option to have your refund deposited automatically into your checking or savings account as well as an Individual Retirement Account or Annuity (IRA), or a pre-existing program administered by the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority (OTTA). See page 6 for details or visit our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.



Visit our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.

### **Direct Deposit Options Have Expanded for Electronic Filing**

Direct deposit is fast, simple, safe and secure. For more information, please see our information release entitled "Announcement of Direct Deposit Options for Ohio Income Tax Refunds," which is available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.

Beginning this year, taxpayers have the option to split direct deposits of their income tax refund in up to three accounts. File your return electronically using the Ohio I-File, Ohio eForms or IRS e-file method and have your refund deposited automatically into your checking or savings account as well as in an Individual Retirement Account or Annuity (IRA) or a pre-existing program administered by the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority (OTTA).

The option to split the direct deposit into more than one account is not available if you file using the eForms paper method, TeleFile method or if you paper file your return. However, you can still direct deposit your refund directly into your checking or savings account if you TeleFile.

You cannot request a deposit of your refund to an account that is not in your name (such as your tax preparer's account).

The Ohio Department of Taxation is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information. Check with your bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm or credit union) in the United States to get the correct routing and account numbers and to make sure your direct deposit will

be accepted. Do not use the routing number on a deposit slip because it may be different from the routing number on your checks.

If you choose the Ohio I-File or IRS e-file method and you want us to directly deposit your tax refund in up to three of your accounts at a bank or other financial institution, you must tell us the order in which you want the deposits made.



Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, a check will be sent instead. The Ohio Depart-

ment of Taxation is not responsible if a financial institution rejects a direct deposit.

#### **Important Tips**

- Deposits cannot be made if your refund is less than \$1.
- Deposits will be made in the same order that you tell us.
- You cannot split your refund into a paper check and direct deposit.
- If you made an error on your return that results in a reduced refund, we will reduce the amount(s) in the last account(s) that is not an IRA or OTTA.
- If you made an error on your return that results in an increased refund, we will increase the amount in the first account that is not an IRA or OTTA.
- If the refund is increased and you only choose either an IRA account or an OTTA account, we will issue a check to you for the increased amount.

### Do You Need Tax Forms or Help?



#### VisitUs on OurWeb Site attax.ohio.gov

- Check the status of your 2010 Ohio income tax refund, get answers to the most frequently asked tax questions and download the most requested tax forms, publications, information releases, tax

rules and statistics.



For General Tax Information – Visit our Web site at tax.ohio.gov or call our automated phone system toll-free at 1-800-282-1780. Our automated system is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Tax agents are also available to assist you

from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.



For Refund Status Information – You can check the status of your Ohio income tax refund at **tax.ohio.gov** or by calling 1-800-282-1784. You will be required to provide your Social Security number, date of birth and the type of tax return. Refund

processing of paper returns takes from eight to 10 weeks.

However, if you file your paper return in mid-April, receiving your refund may take additional time. Generally, refund status information is available 24 hours a day. Occasionally, this information is not available due to system maintenance. In this case, please try again later.



**For Forms** – Visit our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov** for easy computer download of our forms. You can also request forms by calling 1-800-282-1782, 24 hours a day.



**To Write or E-mail Us** – Our mailing address is on page 49 of this booklet. You can also contact us through our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.** Write or e-mail us if you are responding to a notice or bill or if you want a written or e-mail response to a tax ques-

tion. If you write requesting specific information about your account, be sure to include your Social Security number.



**To Visit Us in Person** – See page 49 of this booklet for the addresses of our local taxpayer service centers.

## **Payment Options**

Several options are available for paying your Ohio income tax. You may pay by any one of the following three methods:

**Credit Card** (see page 8 or 48 of the instructions)

#### **➡** Electronic Check

You can eliminate writing a check for your Ohio individual income tax due amount by using the expanded electronic check payment option that is available to all taxpayers. If you choose to make a payment using an electronic check, it is the equivalent of using a debit card to withdraw money directly from your checking or savings account to pay the balance of the tax you owe.

The authorized amount will be withdrawn from your account within 24 hours unless you elect to delay payment. You can delay payment until the payment deadline of April 18, 2011. Regardless of the date you choose, you must make sure that the money is in your account and available at that time.

When paying by electronic check, you must first determine your filing method:

- ✓ Ohio TeleFile Follow the payment instruction prompts that you receive during TeleFile (see page Tel-7, line 12 of the TeleFile worksheet).
- ✓ Ohio I-File and eForms Follow the payment instruction prompts that you receive during Ohio I-File and Ohio eForms.
- ✓ IRS e-file If you are electronically filing your Ohio individual income tax return using an approved software program, follow the payment instruction prompts for making payments by electronic check. If you are using a tax preparer to file your return electronically, the preparer will tell you how to pay using an electronic check.

✓ Paper Filing – If you are filing by paper (Ohio form IT 1040EZ or IT 1040), you can still use the electronic check payment option. Go to our Web site at tax.ohio. gov and click on the "Make a Payment" link.

You may also use the electronic check payment option to <u>file</u> and <u>pay</u> your quarterly <u>2011 estimated income tax</u>. Go to our Web site at <u>tax.ohio.gov</u> and click on the "<u>Make a Payment</u>" link. Using this payment method for your quarterly estimated tax eliminates the need to file a paper copy of Ohio form IT 1040ES.

### Paper Check or Money Order

If you do not want to use a credit card or electronic check to make your payment, you may send in a personal check or money order with the IT 40P payment voucher below. Please provide the following:

- a) Print your full name and address on the lines provided and write the first three letters of your last name in the boxes to the right of your name;
- b) Write your Social Security number(s) in the boxes provided:
- c) Write the dollar amount of your personal check or money order in the appropriate box;
- d) Make your personal check or money order payable to Ohio Treasurer of State;
- e) Write your Social Security number(s) and taxable year on your personal check or money order; AND
- f) Do **not** attach your payment to the payment voucher, Ohio form IT 40P. Instead, put them loose in an envelope.

Be sure to follow the mailing instructions on the payment voucher below.

We strongly encourage you to file and pay electronically. However, if you pay by paper check or money order, you <u>must</u> complete and mail in Ohio form IT 40P with your payment.

Please detach here. You must use this Ohio form IT 40P payment voucher if you use a paper check or money order to pay your tax due.

#### OHIO IT 40P **Taxable Year** Do **NOT** fold check or voucher. DO NOT STAPLE **Income Tax Payment Voucher** YOUR PAYMENT TO Please use UPPERCASE letters THIS VOUCHER. Idadadlaaldaallladaadlllaallaaaldlalal to print the first three letters of DO NOT SEND CASH. First name M.I. Last name Taxpayer's Spouse's last name last name (only if joint filing) МΙ Last name Spouse's first name (only if joint filing) Your Social Security Address number Spouse's Social (only if joint filing) City, state, ZIP code Include this voucher and paper check or money order (payable to Ohio Treasurer of State) AMOUNT OF with your income tax return and mail to the address shown on page 2 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ **PAYMENT** or page 4 of IT 1040. If you are not enclosing this voucher and payment with your income tax return, then mail this voucher and payment to Ohio Department of Taxation, P.O. Box 182131, Columbus, OH 43218-2131.

## Pay Your Taxes by Credit Card





You may use your Discover/NOVUS, VISA, MasterCard or American Express card to pay your income taxes. You may make credit card payments either by visiting tax.ohio.gov and clicking on the "Make a Payment" link or by calling 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829).

Whether you visit our Web site or pay by telephone, Official Payments Corporation will provide the credit card services. Official Payments Corporation charges a convenience fee equal to 2.5% (or \$1, whichever is greater) of the amount of the transaction. Official Payments Corporation will bill your credit card account for this convenience fee. <a href="https://doi.org/10.108/journ.com/">The state of Ohio does not receive any portion of this fee.</a>

When will my payment be posted? Your payment will be effective the date you charge it.

What happens if I change my mind? If you pay your tax liability by credit card and you subsequently reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest and other fees imposed by the Ohio Department of Taxation for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

Whom should I call if I have a problem with my credit card payment? Call Official Payments Corporation toll-free at 1-866-621-4109.

How do I use my credit card and my <u>telephone</u> to pay my Ohio income tax? Once you have determined how much you owe (see line 22 on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 29 on IT 1040), follow the steps below:

- ✓ Complete lines 1 through 10 on this page (optional);
- ✓ Use your touch-tone telephone to call toll-free 1-800-2PAY-TAX or 1-800-272-9829. When prompted, enter the Ohio jurisdiction code, 6446.

How do I use my credit card and the Internet to pay my Ohio income tax? Once you have determined how much you owe (see line 22 on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 29 on IT 1040), follow the steps below:

- ✓ Complete lines 1 through 10 on this page (optional);
- ✓ Go to www.officialpayments.com. Select "State Payments" and enter the Ohio jurisdiction code, 6446. Or you may visit our Web site at tax.ohio.gov. Select "Make a Payment" and click on Ohio ePayments.

Note: If you did not previously register to pay electronically through our Web site, click on the "Register Now" link and follow the instructions.

When paying by credit card, complete the following worksheet before contacting Official Payments Corporation.

1. Amount you are paying (round to the nearest whole dollar)

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2.	Your	Soc	ial S	Secui	ity	nun	nbei	r									
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4.	Your	spo	use'	s So	cial	Se	curi	ty nı	ımbe	er (or	nly if		joi	joint re	joint return	joint return)	joint return)
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### Filing Requirements

#### Who Must File an Ohio Income Tax Return?

Every Ohio resident and every part-year resident (see page 14 of the instructions for a discussion of "residency") is subject to the Ohio income tax. Every nonresident having Ohio-sourced income must also file. Examples of Ohio-sourced income include the following:

- Wages earned in Ohio (see "Exception" below);
- Ohio lottery winnings;
- Income or gain from Ohio property;
- Income or gain from a sole proprietorship doing business in Ohio:
- Income or gain from a pass-through entity doing business in Ohio.

**Exception:** A full-year nonresident living in a border state does not have to file if the nonresident's only Ohio-sourced income is wages received from an unrelated employer.

#### You do not have to file an Ohio return if...

- you are single <u>and</u> your federal adjusted gross income is less than or equal to \$11,600 <u>and</u> you have no Schedule A adjustments.
- you are married, filing jointly <u>and</u> your federal adjusted gross income is less than or equal to \$13,200 <u>and</u> you have no Schedule A adjustments.
- your only source of income is retirement income that is eligible
  for the retirement income credit (line 48) <u>and</u> the credit is the
  same or larger than your tax before credits (line 6).
- your exemption amount (line 4) is the same as or more than your Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3).

#### When Do I Have to File?

For calendar year 2010 most taxpayers must file on or before April 18, 2011 (for exceptions, see "What if I Need More Time To File?" at right and "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions). Returns for fiscal year filers are due on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of your taxable year.

#### What Tax Records Do I Need to Keep?

Keep a copy of your completed income tax return. Also keep copies of any documents that you used to prepare your return. Keep these records for at least four years from the later of the filing due

date or the date that you filed the return. If the Ohio Department of Taxation audits your tax return, you must be able to prove all claims and items listed on your return.

#### What if I Need More Time to File?

You must first qualify for an IRS extension of time to file. Ohio does not have an Ohio extension request form, but honors the IRS extension. You should include with the Ohio income tax return a copy of your IRS extension or your extension confirmation number or a printed copy of the IRS acknowledgment. An extension of time to file does not extend the time for payment of the tax due. So, except as set forth below, you must make extension payments by April 18, 2011 on Ohio form IT 40P (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions). Interest will accrue on any tax not paid by April 18, 2011, and penalties also may apply.

**Exception:** Certain military personnel may have an additional extension of time to file <u>and</u> to pay (see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions).

# I'm Not Able To Pay By April 18, 2011. What Should I Do?

By law all tax is due on this date except for certain members of the military (see "Exception" above). Whatever amount you pay by the required due date will reduce the amount of interest and late-payment penalty that you will be charged. Even if you are unable to pay the full amount of tax, you <u>must</u> file your return by the due date (or by the extended due date).

#### What Form Should I Use to File My Taxes?

We encourage all Ohio taxpayers to file their income tax returns electronically. However, if you choose to file using the paper option rather than the electronic filing option you can use either Ohio form IT 1040EZ or IT 1040. See the chart below to determine which form is right for you.

#### How Do I Round to the Nearest Dollar?

Ohio law requires you to round to the nearest whole dollar. When completing the Ohio income tax return, drop any cents less than

If	File Ohio Form IT 1040EZ	File Ohio Form IT 1040
I was a resident for the entire taxable year AND I am not claiming any adjustments other than state and local income taxes.	✓	
I was a part-year resident for the entire taxable year <u>AND</u> I am not claiming any adjustments other than state and local income taxes.		✓
I was a nonresident or part-year resident during the taxable year.		✓
I have income adjustments other than the adjustments for state and local income tax refunds discussed on pages 22-28 of the instructions.		✓
I am claiming the retirement income tax credit and/or senior citizen credit.		✓
I am claiming credits discussed on pages 28-30 of the instructions.		✓
I am claiming estimated payments and/or a credit carryover from last year.		✓

50 cents and increase amounts from 50 cents to 99 cents to the next highest dollar.

# Do Both Nonresident, Married Filing Jointly Taxpayers Have to Sign the Return?

**General Rule:** If your filing status on your IRS income tax return is married filing jointly and the exception discussed below does **not** apply, then **both** spouses must sign the Ohio income tax return (please see "Filing Status" on page 15 of the instructions for more information about your filing status for your Ohio income tax return).

**Exception to the General Rule:** Your spouse does not have to sign a married filing jointly return <u>only</u> if all three of the following apply:

- Your spouse resided outside Ohio for the entire year; AND
- Your spouse did not earn any income in Ohio; AND
- Your spouse did not receive any income in Ohio.

See Ohio Administrative Code (Ohio Rule) 5703-7-18, which is on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.** 

# Do I Have to File a School District Income Tax Form?

Many Ohio school districts have an additional income tax. These school districts are marked with an asterisk (\*) on pages 42-46 of the instructions. If during 2010 you were a full-year or part-year Ohio domiciliary and you either lived in or were domiciled in one of these districts during all or part of the year, then by the due date for filing your Ohio income tax return you must also file an Ohio form SD 100, School District Income Tax Return, with the Ohio Department of Taxation. You can electronically file your school district return or you can get Ohio form SD 100 from our Web site at tax.ohio.gov, from your local school board office or by calling toll-free 1-800-282-1782.

# Do I Need to Enclose a Copy of My Federal Income Tax Return?

Enclose a copy of your federal income tax return if the amount shown on line 1 on page 1 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or IT 1040 is zero or a negative amount.

# Does Ohio Follow the Alternative Preparer Signature Procedures?

The Ohio Department of Taxation follows IRS Notice 2004-54, which provides for alternative preparer signature procedures for federal income tax paper returns that paid practitioners prepare on behalf of their clients. Paid preparers must follow those same procedures with respect to the following Ohio paper returns: individual income tax, school district income tax, withholding tax (employer and pass-through entity) and corporation franchise tax. See Ohio Revised Code sections 5703.262(B) and 5747.08(F).

**Exception:** The paid preparer should <u>print</u> (rather than write) his/her name on the form if the taxpayer checks "Yes" to the question, "Do you authorize your preparer to contact us regarding this return?"

# Can My Tax Preparer Contact the Tax Department About My Tax Return?

Yes. Just check the "Yes" box below your tax preparer's name on the bottom of page 2 on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or IT 1040. By checking the "Yes" box, you are authorizing your preparer to contact the Ohio Department of Taxation concerning questions that arise during the processing of your Ohio income tax return.

Checking "Yes" also authorizes your preparer to provide the department with information that is missing from the return, to contact the department for information about the processing of the return or the status of your refund or payments, and to respond to mathematical error notices, offsets and return preparation notices that you have received from the department and have shown your preparer.

#### **Should I Make Estimated Tax Payments in 2011?**

You have to make estimated Ohio income tax payments for year 2011 only if the sum of (i) your year 2010 overpayment credited to year 2011 (see line 24 on page 2 of form IT 1040) and (ii) your year 2011 Ohio income tax withholding is not equal to or greater than either of the following:

- 100% of the year 2010 Ohio income tax (see page 2 of Ohio form IT 1040: line 15 minus line 22); OR
- 90% of the year 2011 tax.

For purposes of these tests, you must reduce your year 2010 overpayment credited to year 2011 by any year 2010 tax payment that you made after April 18, 2011.

If you don't meet either of the tests above, you must timely pay enough estimated Ohio income tax so that the sum of (i) your year 2010 overpayment credited to year 2011, (ii) your year 2011 withholdings and (iii) your timely made estimated Ohio income tax payments is not less than either of the two tests above.

Common examples of income sources that make quarterly estimated payments necessary are self-employment income, pensions, commissions, lump sum payments, capital gains, dividends, interest, alimony received or other sources of income not subject to withholding.

If you are required to make estimated payments and do not, you may be subject to an interest penalty on your underpayment of estimated taxes.

#### 2011 Estimated Tax Payment Due Dates

1st quarter – April 18, 2011 3rd quarter – Sept. 15, 2011 2nd quarter – June 15, 2011 4th quarter – Jan. 17, 2012

**TIP** – If you don't want to make estimated payments, increase the amount of Ohio tax that your employer withholds from your wages. To do this, file a revised Ohio form IT 4, Employee's Withholding Exemption Certificate (available at **tax.ohio.gov**) with your employer.

# Where Can I Find the Ohio Law References About Income Taxes?

To see the sections of the Ohio Revised Code that relate to the line items on Ohio form IT 1040, go to our Web site at:

http://tax.ohio.gov/lawreferences/2010pitlawreferences.stm.

#### General Information for Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ and IT 1040

#### Is Unemployment Compensation Taxable to Ohio?

Generally, unemployment compensation included in federal adjusted gross income is taxable to Ohio. The exclusion of \$2,400 of unemployment compensation allowed in taxable year 2009 has expired. For taxable year 2010, the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2010 and included in federal adjusted gross income is taxable. For additional information visit our Web site at tax.ohio.gov and click on "Frequently Asked Questions."

# Can Dependent Children Claim Themselves if They File Their Own Tax Return?

Yes. Ohio law permits dependents who are claimed on their parents' tax return to claim themselves on their own tax return.

#### What if a Taxpayer Is Deceased?

The taxpayer's personal representative has to file and sign the return on behalf of the taxpayer who died. A personal representative can be the executor, administrator or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

#### Important:

- Use the same filing status as shown on the federal income tax return.
- Check the "Deceased" box after the applicable Social Security number on page 1 of the return.
- We cannot rewrite a decedent's refund check by making it payable to the estate of the decedent or adding an executor's name.

# What if I Move After Filing My Tax Return and I'm Due a Refund?

You will need to notify the post office servicing your old address and fill out a change-of-address form.

#### What if I Want a Receipt to Prove That I Paid?

Your cancelled check or credit card statement can be used as proof of our receipt of your tax payment. If you make payment with a money order, be sure to keep a copy for your records.

# What if I Need to Correct My Income Tax Return After I File?

You can make any change or correction to your return by filing an Ohio form IT 1040X. Use this form to amend your 2010 Ohio form IT 1040EZ or IT 1040. You can obtain Ohio form IT 1040X from our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov** or by calling 1-800-282-1782.

If you correct your federal income tax return for 2010 or you are audited by the IRS, you must amend and file your Ohio income tax return within 60 days of the final determination of the IRS change. To avoid penalties, be sure to file your Ohio amended return within 60 days of the final determination of the IRS change.

#### Do I Owe Penalties and Interest?

A <u>failure-to-file</u> penalty, the greater of \$50 per month up to a maximum of \$500, or 5% per month up to a maximum of 50% of the

tax, may be charged if you fail to <u>file</u> your Ohio income tax return by the due date or the extended due date.

A <u>failure-to-pay</u> penalty of double the interest charged generally will apply if you do not <u>pay</u> the tax by April 18, 2011. However, this penalty does not apply if your total payments made by April 18, 2011 equal or exceed 90% of your total Ohio tax.

An additional \$50 bad-check charge may be imposed against any taxpayer whose payment is dishonored by the bank.

Except for certain military servicemembers (see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions), interest will be applied from the date the tax should have been paid (April 18, 2011) until the date of payment.

If you file your return after the unextended due date and if you paid and/or will pay any tax after the unextended due date, you owe interest <u>unless</u> your refund, if any, is greater than any tax you paid after the unextended due date. Interest is due on late-paid tax even if the IRS has granted you a filing extension. The year 2011 interest rate is 4%.

# How Should Investors in a Pass-Through Entity Report Income?

A pass-through entity is a partnership, S corporation or limited liability company treated as a partnership or an S corporation for federal income tax purposes. Unless the exception below applies, each investor in any pass-through entity doing business in Ohio must file Ohio form IT 1040.

**Exception:** Such investors do not have to file Ohio form IT 1040 if **all** of the following apply:

- the investor is a full-year nonresident; AND
- the pass-through entity files Ohio form IT 4708, annual composite income tax return, on behalf of the investor; AND
- the investor has no other Ohio-sourced income or, if the investor has other Ohio-sourced income, that income is also reported on another Ohio form IT 4708.

# How Should Full-Year Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Engaged in Business in Ohio Apportion Income?

Each full-year nonresident and each part-year resident who is engaged in business (as a sole proprietor or through a partnership, S corporation or limited liability company) in Ohio must apportion his/her business income inside and outside of Ohio. If you file Ohio form IT 1040, use Ohio form IT 2023 (income allocation and apportionment worksheet) to determine the proper amount of credit to claim in Schedule D of Ohio form IT 1040. See page 14 of the instructions for an explanation of "residency."

# What Is a Medical Savings Account and What Are the Qualifications?

A medical savings account is used to pay eligible medical expenses of the account-holder or the account-holder's spouse and/or dependents. A medical savings account can be opened by or on behalf of a person that participates in a sickness and accident plan, a plan offered by a health maintenance organization or a self-funded,

employer-sponsored health-benefit plan pursuant to the federal *Employee Retirement Income Security Act.* 

You must designate an administrator for the medical savings account at the time you open the account. Account-holders are generally permitted to withdraw the funds at any time for any reason. However, account administrators cannot return any funds deposited during the year of deposit except for reimbursement of eligible medical expenses. Any withdrawals for a nonqualifying medical purpose may result in increased Ohio taxes. An "eligible medical expense" includes any expense for a service rendered by or for an article, device or drug prescribed by a licensed health care provider or provided by a Christian Science practitioner. See line 44 of the instructions on page 26 for a more detailed explanation.

# What is the Accident and Health Insurance Premium for Certain Relatives and What are the Qualifications?

Ohio House Bill 1, effective beginning in taxable year 2010, allows the deduction from federal adjusted gross income (FAGI) of amounts used to pay for accident and health insurance premiums for the taxpayer and his/her dependents. This deduction is only available for taxpayers who are not eligible to participate in any subsidized medical care insurance plan offered by their employer and who are not eligible for Medicare or Medicaid. A subsidized health insurance plan is a plan where your employer, your spouse's employer, a retirement plan or Medicare pays any portion of the total premium for health insurance coverage. The deduction is not available to self-employed taxpayers because such taxpayers deduct all of their family accident and health insurance premiums on IRS form 1040 before arriving at FAGI.

House Bill 1 expands the definition of "dependent," <u>for this provision only</u>, to include those who would be a dependent under the Internal Revenue Code definition, without regard to the gross income test or the support test.

For purposes of **this deduction only**, "dependent" includes any of the following relationships to the taxpayer:

- · A child or a descendent of a child.
- · A brother, sister, stepbrother or stepsister.
- The father or mother, or an ancestor of either.
- · A stepfather or stepmother.
- A son or daughter of a brother or sister of the taxpayer.
- · A brother or sister of the father or mother of the taxpayer.
- A son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law or sister-in-law.
- An individual (other than an individual who at any time during the taxable year was the spouse of the taxpayer) who, for the taxable year of the taxpayer, has the same principal place of abode as the taxpayer and is a member of the taxpayer's household.

"Dependent," for purposes of this deduction, <u>does not include</u> an individual who is not a citizen or national of the United States unless such individual is a resident of the United States or Mexico or Canada.

Below are examples of taxpayers who  $\underline{\mathbf{can}}$  take from this deduction:

**Example 1:** A husband and wife are both employed but neither of their employers offers a subsidized health insurance plan. Neither the husband nor wife is eligible for Medicare or Medicaid. They pay \$8,000 per year in premiums for accident and health insur-

ance. They did not deduct any portion of the \$8,000 premium as an itemized deduction on their federal tax return. If their federal adjusted gross income as shown on line 1 of Ohio form IT 1040 is \$50,000, they **can** include the \$8,000 of premiums on line 8 of the worksheet on page 25 of the instructions. The taxpayer will enter the eligible amount on line 43 of Schedule A and the net amount from Schedule A, line 47 on line 2 on Ohio form IT 1040.

As noted above, Ohio House Bill 1 expands the definition of "dependent" for this provision only.

Example 2: A taxpayer purchases an accident and health insurance plan for herself and her 30-year-old sister. Neither the taxpayer nor her sister is eligible for Medicare or Medicaid, and neither is employed by an employer that offers a subsidized health insurance plan. The taxpayer earns \$65,000 per year and pays accident and health insurance premiums of \$8,000 per year. The taxpayer did not deduct any portion of the \$8,000 premium as an itemized deduction on her federal tax return. Her sister earns \$20,000 per year, lives in her own home and pays for her own support. Although her sister is not a dependent for any other purpose, she is a dependent in determining the deductibility of premiums paid for an accident and health insurance plan. This is because the income test and support test in the definition of "qualifying relative" (Internal Revenue Code section 152) are disregarded for this purpose. Therefore, the taxpayer can include the \$8,000 on line 8 of the worksheet on page 25 of the instructions.

Separate from the Ohio tax provisions, but having an impact in the same area, are recent changes to Ohio and federal insurance laws that have been amended to raise the age of adult children who can be covered by the parents' accident and health policies. Ohio House Bill 1 requires accident and health insurance companies to offer coverage for adult children of policyholders up to age 28. The federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, 111 PL 148, allows exclusion from FAGI of amounts paid for accident and health insurance premiums for the taxpayer, spouse, dependents and adult children who have not attained the age of 27.

In the following examples, the taxpayer **cannot** take the deduction:

**Example 1:** A taxpayer has a health care insurance plan through her employer. She also has coverage for her 24-year-old son, which the insurance company provides pursuant to the provisions of Ohio House Bill 1. The health care insurance premium for this coverage is \$265 every two weeks, of which \$100 is deducted from the taxpayer's pay and \$165 is paid by her employer. The taxpayer **cannot** include the insurance premiums payments on line 8 of the worksheet because amounts paid by the taxpayer for an employer-subsidized accident and health plan are not deductible.

**Example 2:** A taxpayer, who is a self-employed independent contractor, purchases an accident and health insurance plan for himself, his wife and his 25-year-old daughter. The taxpayer is a sole proprietor and earns a net profit of \$100,000. He pays accident and health insurance premiums of \$10,000 a year. The company does not offer health insurance coverage for his employees. His daughter works with him and is paid an annual salary of \$25,000, lives in her own home and is self-supporting. The taxpayer **cannot** include the \$10,000 on line 8 of the worksheet on page 25 of the instructions because the taxpayer took the deduction on line 29 of the IRS return for health insurance premiums paid by self-employed individuals.

For additional information, visit the Ohio Department of Insurance's Web site at insurance.ohio.gov.

### **Income Taxes and the Military**

State and federal income tax laws contain special provisions for members of the military and their families. Details on some of the major issues facing military families during the income tax filing season can be found below.

For more details regarding income taxes and the military, visit our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**, click on Individual Income Tax and scroll down to "Income Taxes and the Military."

You can also reach us by e-mail at Military-Info@tax.state.oh.us.

#### **Key Issues**

#### **Ohio Resident Military Personnel**

Military pay and allowances for Ohio resident servicemembers who are stationed inside Ohio, and their spouses, will continue to be subject to Ohio individual income tax. These amounts will also be subject to school district income tax if the servicemember was domiciled in a taxing school district — even if the servicemember did not reside in the school district at any time during the taxable year.

For additional explanation, see page 23 of the instructions.

# Resident Military Personnel Stationed Outside Ohio

Military pay earned while on active duty and stationed outside of Ohio is exempt from Ohio income tax and may be deducted to the extent that it is included in federal adjusted gross income.

Ohio Revised Code section 5747.01(A)(24) provides that for taxable years beginning on and after Jan. 1, 2007 an Ohio resident servicemember can deduct active duty military pay and allowances that are included in federal adjusted gross income if those amounts are received for active duty service while the servicemember is stationed outside Ohio.

The term "stationed" refers to an Ohio resident servicemember's permanent duty station. For purposes of this exemption, "permanent duty station" has the same meaning as specified in Ohio Revised Code 5103.20, Article II, Subparagraph (U), that is, it means the military installation where an active duty servicemember – or, concerning this exemption, an Ohio resident servicemember in the National Guard or military reserve forces - is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary. Periods of training in which a servicemember, either individually or as part of a unit, departs from his/her permanent place of duty and then returns following the completion of the training, are not included in the definition of "stationed." However, periods of active duty outside Ohio for purposes other than training, or periods of training greater than 30 days outside Ohio, as described on page 23 of the instructions, qualify a servicemember for this exemption.

For additional explanation, see pages 14 and 23 of the instructions.

# Nonresident Military Servicemembers and Their Spouses

A November 2009 federal law exempts military spouses who are not residents of a state where they are living with their spouse from the income taxes of the state, provided they are a resident of the same state as their spouse. However, nonresident military and nonresident spouses serving in Ohio are strongly encouraged to file Ohio form IT 10 each year to avoid a possible billing notice from the state of Ohio. You must also file by May 31, 2011, Ohio form IT DA, Affidavit of Non-Ohio Residency/Domicile for Taxable Year 2010. Ohio form IT 10 and the affidavit are available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.

For additional explanation, see page 23 of the instructions.

#### **National Guard and Reserves**

Ohio resident members of the National Guard and reserves are entitled to the deduction for military pay received while stationed outside the state, if eligible.

Also, resident members of the National Guard and reserves are eligible for certain tax extensions and other benefits, if stationed in a combat zone. The military retirement pay received for National Guard and reserves service is also exempt from Ohio income taxes.

For additional explanation, see page 25 of the instructions.

#### **Military Retirement Income**

Retirement pay received for service on military active duty or the National Guard or reserves, as well as pay received by a surviving spouse through the Survivor Benefit plan, has been exempt from the Ohio income tax since 2008.

For additional explanation, see page 27 of the instructions.

#### Military Injury Relief Fund

You do not have to include in federal adjusted gross income any military injury relief fund amounts you received on account of physical injuries or psychological injuries, such as post-traumatic stress disorder, if those injuries are a direct result of military action in Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom. But you must include in federal adjusted income any other military injury relief fund amounts you received. These amounts are deductible for Ohio adjusted gross income.

For additional explanation see page 27 of these instructions.

#### **Ohio Resident Veterans Bonus**

You do not have to include in federal adjusted gross income any bonuses that the Ohio Department of Veterans Services paid to, or made on behalf of, resident veterans of the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan and Iraq conflicts during the taxable year.

Payments that the state of Ohio makes under the Ohio Veterans Bonus Program are excludable from the gross income of the recipients for federal income tax purposes. Therefore, the taxpayer cannot deduct from Ohio adjusted gross income any portion of the bonus because no portion of the bonus is included in federal adjusted gross income.

### Completing the Top Portion of Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ and IT 1040

#### Why Use the Mailing Label?

The mailing label on the back of the instruction booklet is designed to speed processing at our service center and prevent errors that delay refund checks. <u>Do not place the label on your return until you have finished completing all of the lines of your return.</u>

In addition to your name, address and Ohio income tax reference number, the label contains other postal information. The illustration below shows you where these items appear.

# Did You Receive a Label With the Correct Information?

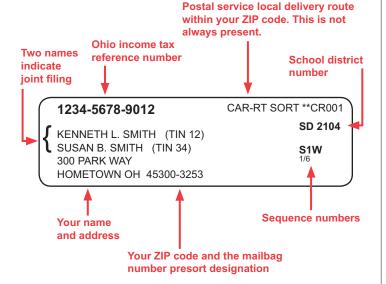
YES...If you are manually preparing your Ohio income tax return, take the label off the back of the tax booklet and place it on the "Name" space on the return. However, if the label shows each spouse's name but you are filing separate returns, do <u>not</u> use the label

If you are using either computer software or our electronic fill-in forms (available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**) to prepare your Ohio income tax return, please do **not** use the label.

**Note:** You must fill in your Social Security number(s) in the space(s) provided.

NO...If you received a label with incorrect information, do <u>not</u> use the label. Print your name, address and Social Security number in the spaces provided. If this is a joint return, print both names and Social Security numbers in the spaces provided.

If you didn't receive a label, print your name, address and Social Security number in the spaces provided. If this is a joint return, print both names and Social Security numbers in the spaces provided.



#### How to Complete Your Income Tax Return

Ohio forms IT 1040EZ and IT 1040 have been designed for electronic scanning, which allows for faster processing with fewer errors. In order to avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, taxpayers should use the following guidelines:

- 1. Use black ink ONLY.
- 2. Use this form **ONLY** for the taxable year **2010**.
- 3. Round numbers to the nearest dollar. Do not print over the preprinted zeros in the boxes on the far right of the return, which designate cents (.00).
- 4. Print your numbers and letters (UPPERCASE only) inside the boxes as shown below:

### 1 2 3 ANY STREET

If the boxes don't appear on your return, do **not** hand-draw the boxes.

Name(s), Address and Social Security Number(s). Enter your name and address on page 1 and your Social Security number on pages 1 and 2 of your return (if married filing jointly, also enter your spouse's Social Security number on page 1).

#### County

If your home address is an Ohio home address, indicate on page 1 of the return the county for that address. Otherwise, leave this line blank.

#### **Ohio Residency Status**

If your filing status is married filing jointly, each spouse must indicate his/her residency.

- Resident. Mark this box if you were a resident of Ohio all year.
   If you were away temporarily, you were a full-year resident of Ohio. Mark this box if you qualify as "resident military personnel stationed outside Ohio" and you are taking the line 37 deduction
- Nonresident. Mark this box if you resided outside of Ohio all year. Write the two-letter abbreviation of the state where you resided for 2010 in the space provided. For more information, please see our information release 2007-08 entitled "Personal Income Tax: Residency Guidelines," which is available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.

Nonresidents who earn and receive all income outside of Ohio will not have an Ohio tax liability. Nonresidents who earn or receive some income within Ohio will be able to claim the nonresident credit with respect to all items of income not earned and not received in Ohio.

 Part-year Resident. Mark this box if you permanently moved into or out of Ohio during 2010, not counting being away temporarily.



Part-year residents should use the nonresident/ part-year resident credit in Schedule D for income earned while they were a resident of another state (see page 30 of the instructions).

**Military Personnel.** If you are currently a member of the military and you have questions about your residency status, see page 13 of the instructions for a detailed explanation regarding some of the major issues facing military families during the income tax filing season.

#### **Filing Status**

Your filing status must be the same as your federal income tax filing status for 2010 with the following exception: If you marked the box labeled "Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child" on your federal income tax return, then mark the "Single or head of household or qualifying widow(er)" box on your Ohio income tax return.



If you and your spouse filed a joint federal income tax return, you <u>must</u> file a joint Ohio income tax return. Even if you are both Ohio nonresidents, if you filed a joint federal income tax return, you must file a joint Ohio income tax return, but you

may claim the nonresident credit (Schedule D) for income neither earned nor received in Ohio. If you and your spouse filed separate federal income tax returns, you <u>must</u> file separate Ohio income tax returns.

#### **Ohio Political Party Fund**

The Ohio General Assembly established this fund to support public financing of Ohio political parties. Monies from this fund can only be used for administrative costs associated with party headquarters and party fund-raising drives, organization of voter registration and get-out-the vote campaigns not related to any particular candidate or election.

If your filing status is single or head of household or qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and your tax (line 15 of Ohio

form IT 1040EZ or line 18 of IT 1040) is \$1 or more, you can choose to have \$1 go to this fund by checking the "Yes" box on the return. If your filing status is married filing jointly and your tax (line 15 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 18 of IT 1040) is \$2 or more, each of you can choose to have \$1 go to this fund by checking the "Yes" boxes on the return. Checking "Yes" will neither increase the tax due nor reduce the refund shown on your return.

#### Ohio School District Number

Every Ohio public school district has an identification number. These numbers are listed on pages 42-46 of this booklet. Look up the number for the Ohio school district in which you were domiciled for the majority of the year and write it in the space provided. Non-domiciliaries should enter 9999.

If you are unsure of your Ohio school district, use The Finder on our Web site as described on page 41 of the instructions.

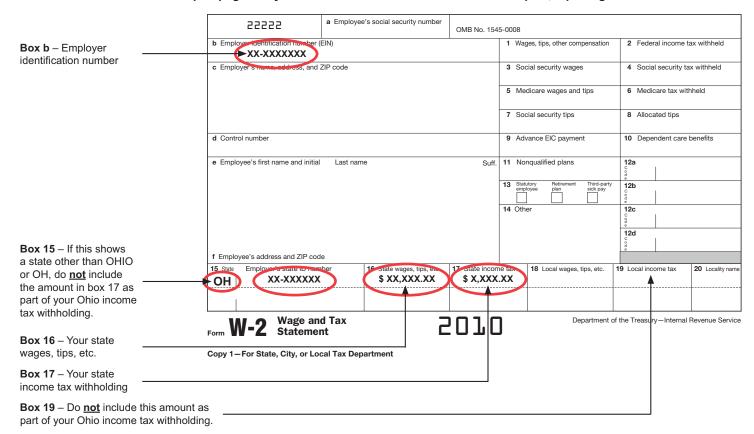
# What Is the Difference Between Income Tax Table 1 and Income Tax Table 2?

Income Tax Table 1, which begins on page 34, shows the tax amount for \$50 increments of income. The tax is calculated on the midpoint income for all of the income in that \$50 range. The tax amount listed on Income Tax Table 1 may be slightly lower or higher than the tax amount computed by using Income Tax Table 2, which is shown on page 40.

#### Sample W-2

#### See "Ohio Tax Withheld" instructions on page 18 (Ohio form IT 1040EZ) and page 21 (Ohio form IT 1040)

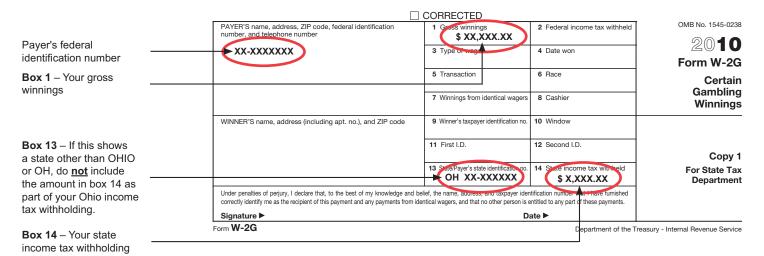
Place all W-2 documents on top of page 1 of your Ohio income tax return. Do not use staples, tape or glue.



#### Sample W-2G

### See "Ohio Tax Withheld" instructions on page 18 (Ohio form IT 1040EZ) and page 21 (Ohio form IT 1040)

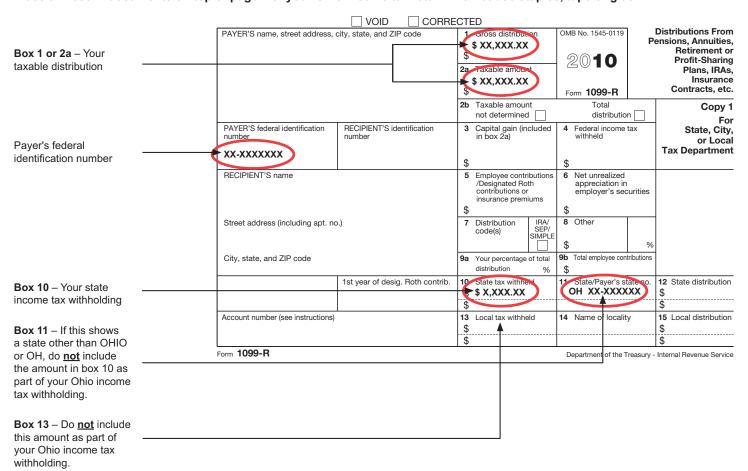
Place all W-2G documents on top of page 1 of your Ohio income tax return. Do not use staples, tape or glue.



#### Sample 1099-R

#### See "Ohio Tax Withheld" instructions on page 18 (Ohio form IT 1040EZ) and page 21 (Ohio form IT 1040)

Place all 1099-R documents on top of page 1 of your Ohio income tax return. Do not use staples, tape or glue.



#### **Ohio Form IT 1040EZ Line Instructions**

You cannot use Ohio form IT 1040EZ if (i) you made estimated income tax payments, (ii) you claim a credit carryover from last year, (iii) you were a nonresident or part-year resident during the year, (iv) your federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$999,999,999, (v) you have any income adjustments other than the adjustments for state and local income tax refunds (see pages 22-28 of the instructions) or (vi) you claim any credits discussed on pages 28-30 of the instructions.

#### EZ Line 1 – Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Enter the amount from your 2010 federal income tax return:

IRS form 1040, line 37 **OR** IRS form 1040A, line 21 **OR** IRS form 1040EZ, line 4



In all cases, line 1 on your Ohio income tax return must match your federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. There are no exceptions to this requirement. Federal adjusted gross income includes, but is not limited to, wages,

salaries, commissions, interest, dividends, business income, capital gains/losses, pensions, rents and miscellaneous income. Failure to report all items of income may result in the application of a penalty.

**Zero or Negative Federal Adjusted Gross Income.** If you have a zero or negative federal adjusted gross income, you must include a copy of page 1 of IRS form 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ or 1042-S or equivalent with your Ohio form IT 1040EZ return.

#### EZ Line 2 – State or Local Tax Refunds Only

If you have deductions other than state and local tax refunds, you must file Ohio form IT 1040. To see if you qualify for this deduction, complete the worksheet below.

#### Worksheet for Line 2 – Deductions for State and Local Income Tax Refunds

If you filed <u>IRS form 1040</u>, you may be entitled to a deduction on your Ohio tax return this year for state or local income tax refunds you received in 2010. You are <u>not</u> entitled to a deduction this year if you filed <u>IRS form 1040A or 1040EZ</u>. Complete this worksheet to determine if you are entitled to a deduction on line 2 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ.

- a. Did you file a 2010 IRS form 1040A or 1040EZ?
  Yes. STOP and enter -0- on line 2 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ.
  No. Complete line b below.
- b. Enter here and on line 2 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ the amount from line 10 of your **2010 IRS form 1040.** \$ .00

#### **EZ Line 4 – Personal and Dependent Exemptions**

**Personal Exemption.** You can claim a personal exemption of \$1,600 for yourself and, if filing a joint return, your spouse can claim an additional \$1,600.

**Dependent Exemptions.** Ohio allows a dependent exemption for dependent children and persons other than yourself and your spouse to whom you provide support and claim on your federal income tax return. You can claim a \$1,600 deduction for each dependent.

What Personal Exemptions and Dependent Exemptions Can I Claim? You must claim the same number of personal and dependent exemptions on your Ohio return that you claimed on your federal income tax return with the following exception:

 Children being claimed as dependents on their parents' Ohio tax return can also claim the \$1,600 personal exemption on their own Ohio tax return.

Enter the number of your personal and dependent exemptions in the space provided on line 4 and multiply this number by \$1,600.

Tip for Lines 4 and 9 – Every taxpayer who files an Ohio income tax return is entitled to a personal exemption of \$1,600 (line 4) and a \$20 exemption credit (line 9). You are entitled to this deduction and credit even if you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's tax return.

#### EZ Line 5 - Ohio Taxable Income

Subtract line 4 from line 3. If the amount on line 3 is less than line 4, enter -0- on line 5. You do not owe any Ohio income tax. If you had Ohio income tax withheld, you <u>must</u> complete the rest of the return to get a refund.

**Note:** If the amount on this line is \$10,000 or less, you owe no tax. Be sure to enter the \$93 credit on line 7.

#### EZ Line 6 - Tax on Line 5

Using the income tax tables on pages 34-40 of the instructions, calculate your tax on your Ohio taxable income (line 5).

- If your taxable income is less than \$100,000, your tax has been calculated for you as shown on Income Tax Table 1, or you can use Income Tax Table 2.
- If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, you <u>must</u> use Income Tax Table 2.

**Note:** Income Tax Table 1 shows the tax amount for \$50 increments of income and is calculated on the midpoint income for all of the income in that \$50 range. The tax amount listed on Income Tax Table 1 may be slightly lower or higher than the tax amount computed by using Income Tax Table 2.

#### **EZ Line 9 – Exemption Credit**

Multiply your total number of personal and dependent exemptions by \$20 and enter the amount on line 9. See "Tip" above.

#### EZ Line 11 – Joint Filing Credit



To qualify for this credit, you and your spouse must each have qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income of at least \$500 after you have figured your Schedule A adjustments.

If you are a married couple filing a joint Ohio income tax return, you may qualify for a joint filing credit. You can take this credit only if each spouse has qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income of \$500 or more. **Qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income** does not include income from Social Security benefits, most railroad retirement benefits, military retirement income, interest, dividend and capital gain distributions, royalties, rents, capital gains, and state or local income tax refunds. This credit is limited to a maximum of \$650 (see examples on next page).

**Example 1:** Bob and Sue file a joint return. Sue earned \$200,000 from her current employment. Bob's only source of income is \$500 from his state and municipal income tax refunds included in federal adjusted gross income. This \$500 is deducted on line 2 and is not included in Bob and Sue's Ohio adjusted gross income. Therefore, they do not qualify for Ohio's joint filing credit. However, if Bob had another source of qualifying income of \$500 or more not deducted on line 2, he and Sue would qualify for the credit.

If you do **not** qualify for the joint filing credit, enter -0- on line 11. If you **do** qualify for the joint filing credit, calculate it this way:

If your Ohio taxable income (line 5) is:	Your credit is:
\$25,000 or less	20% of line 10a
More than \$25,000,	
but not more than \$50,000	15% of line 10a
More than \$50,000,	
but not more than \$75,000	10% of line 10a
More than \$75,000	5% of line 10a
The credit is limited to a maximum of \$6	50.

**Example 2:** If your Ohio taxable income (line 5) is \$20,000 and the amount on line 10a is \$329, then the joint filing credit will be \$66:

\$329 – from line 10a x .20 – from table above

Joint filing credit = \$ 66 (rounded)

If you qualify for this credit, but you and your spouse do not each have a W-2 form showing \$500 or more of income, then you **must** include with the return a separate statement explaining the income that qualifies for this credit. You **must** show that each spouse has \$500 or more of qualifying income included in Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3) in order to take the joint filing credit.

#### **EZ Line 13 – Interest Penalty**

If line 12 minus the withholding shown on line 16 is \$500 or less, enter -0- on line 13. If line 12 minus the withholding shown on line 16 is greater than \$500, you may owe an interest penalty. You must complete Ohio form IT/SD 2210 to determine if a penalty is due. This form is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

**Note:** In December 2009, the Ohio Revised Code was amended to maintain 2009 and 2010 income tax rates at the 2008 levels. Underpayment of tax may result because employers withheld and/or taxpayers made estimated payments at the rates that were originally enacted for 2009. If so, the interest penalty otherwise imposed by Ohio Revised Code section 5747.09 will not apply. Ohio form IT/SD 2210 has been revised to eliminate penalty if withholdings and/or estimated payments were made based on the original 2009 rates.

#### EZ Line 14 – Unpaid Ohio Use (Sales) Tax

Use line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ to report the amount of unpaid use (sales) tax, if any, that you may owe from out-of-state purchase(s) that you made in 2010 (for example, mail order or Internet purchases). Complete the worksheet on page 32 of the instructions. A detailed explanation of the Ohio use tax is on page 31.

#### EZ Line 16 - Ohio Tax Withheld

Enter the total amount of Ohio income tax withheld. This is normally shown on your tax statement form (W-2, box 17; W-2G, box 14; or

1099-R, box 10). See the sample W-2 on page 15 and the sample W-2G and 1099-R on page 16 of the instructions.

- Place <u>legible state copies</u> of your W-2(s), W-2G(s) or 1099-R(s) on top of Ohio form IT 1040EZ. Please do not staple, tape or glue.
- You cannot claim on the Ohio return any taxes withheld for another state, a city or a school district.
- If you are a direct or indirect investor in a pass-through entity, you <u>cannot</u> claim on this line taxes withheld on your behalf by a pass-through entity. For proper reporting of taxes withheld on your behalf by a pass-through entity, use Ohio form IT 1040 and see line 21b on page 21 of the instructions.

#### **EZ Line 18 – Donations**



A donation will reduce the amount of the refund that you are due. If you decide to donate, this decision is final. If you do not want to donate, leave lines 18a-c

blank. If you do not have an overpayment on line 17 but you want to donate, you may do so by writing a check and mailing it directly to the fund. See page 33 of the instructions for more information.

#### EZ Line 21 - Interest and Penalty Due

Except for certain military servicemembers (see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions), interest is due from April 18, 2011 until the date the tax is paid.

If you file your return after the unextended due date and you paid and/or will pay any tax after the unextended due date, you owe interest <u>unless</u> the refund, if any, shown on line 23 is more than any tax you paid after the unextended due date. Interest is due on late-paid tax even if the IRS has granted you a filing extension. The year 2011 interest rate is 4%.

Penalty may be due on late-filed returns and/or late-paid tax. For more information, see page 11 of the instructions.

#### EZ Line 22 – Amount Due Plus Interest and Penalty

Add lines 20 and 21 to calculate the amount you owe.

- Do not mail cash.
- Make payment by electronic check or credit card (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions); OR
- Make your paper check or money order payable to Ohio Treasurer of State. Write your Social Security number on your paper check or money order and include Ohio form IT 40P (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions) and your payment with Ohio form IT 1040EZ.

If you cannot pay the amount you owe, you still must file the return by April 18, 2011 to avoid the late filing penalty (but see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions). Also see "I'm Not Able To Pay By April 18, 2011..." on page 9.

#### EZ Line 23 – Refund To Be Sent to You

This is your refund after any reduction on line 21. If line 21 is more than the overpayment shown on line 19, you will have an amount due. Enter this amount on line 22 and follow the instructions.



If you move after filing your tax return and are expecting a refund, please notify the post office servicing your old address and fill out a change-of-address form.

#### **Ohio Form IT 1040 Line Instructions**

#### Line 1 - Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Enter the amount from your 2010 federal income tax return:

IRS form 1040, line 37 OR

IRS form 1040A, line 21 OR

IRS form 1040EZ, line 4 OR

IRS form 1040NR, line 36 OR

IRS form 1040NR-EZ, line 10.



In all cases, line 1 on your Ohio income tax return must match your federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. There are no exceptions to this requirement. Federal adjusted gross income includes, but is not limited to, wages,

salaries, commissions, interest, dividends, business income, capital gains/losses, pensions, rents and miscellaneous income. Failure to report all items of income may result in the application of a penalty.

**Zero or Negative Federal Adjusted Gross Income.** If you have a zero or negative federal adjusted gross income, you must include a copy of page 1 of IRS form 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040NR, 1040NR-EZ or 1042-S or equivalent with your Ohio form IT 1040 return.

**Nonresident Taxpayers.** If you and/or your spouse are not residents of Ohio and your filing status for federal income tax purposes is married filing jointly, then you must show the same adjusted gross income as on your federal income tax return. You must show this amount even if you or your spouse did not earn or receive any income in Ohio. See Ohio Administrative Code (Ohio Rule) 5703-7-18, which is on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.** 

#### Line 2 – Ohio Adjustments

Schedule A (lines 31-47) on page 3 of Ohio form IT 1040 lists the additions and deductions to your federal adjusted gross income. Turn to pages 22-28 of the instructions and read about the adjustments you must make.

- If you have no additions or deductions to your Ohio income, leave line 2 blank.
- You must complete the applicable line items on Schedule A, page 3 of this return if you have any additions or deductions.
   Then copy the net adjustments from line 47 onto line 2 of this return (enclose page 3 of Ohio form IT 1040).

**Important:** If you show any amount on this line other than -0-, you must include page 3 when you mail your return.

#### **Line 4 – Personal and Dependent Exemptions**

**Personal Exemptions.** You can claim a personal exemption of \$1,600 for yourself and, if filing a joint return, your spouse can claim an additional \$1,600.

**Dependent Exemptions.** Ohio allows a dependent exemption for dependent children and persons other than yourself and your spouse to whom you provide support and claim on your federal income tax return. You can claim a \$1,600 deduction for each dependent.

Tip for Lines 4 and 9 – Every taxpayer who files an Ohio income tax return is entitled to a personal exemption of \$1,600 (line 4) and a \$20 exemption credit (line 9). You are entitled to this deduction and credit even if you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's tax return.

#### Line 5 - Ohio Taxable Income

Subtract line 4 from line 3:

 Your exemption amount on line 4 may be more than your Ohio adjusted gross income on line 3. If so, enter -0- on lines 5 through 16. If you had Ohio income tax withheld or made an estimated or extension payment, you must complete and file this return to receive any overpayment.

**Note:** If the amount on this line is \$10,000 or less, you owe no tax. Be sure to enter the \$93 credit on line 53 and complete Schedule B. Enter on line 7 the amount you show on line 57 and enclose page 4 of Ohio form IT 1040.

#### Line 6 - Tax on Line 5

Using the income tax tables on pages 34-40 of the instructions, calculate your tax on your Ohio taxable income (line 5).

- If your taxable income is less than \$100,000, your tax has been calculated for you as shown in Income Tax Table 1, or you can use Income Tax Table 2.
- If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, you <u>must</u> use Income Tax Table 2.

**Note:** Income Tax Table 1 shows the tax amount for \$50 increments of income and is calculated on the midpoint income for all of the income in that \$50 range. The tax amount listed on Income Tax Table 1 may be slightly lower or higher than the tax amount computed by using Income Tax Table 2.

#### Line 7 – Nonbusiness Credits from Schedule B

Schedule B on page 4 of the Ohio form IT 1040 return has a list of the nonbusiness credits that you may be allowed to take. See page 28 of the instructions to read about the credits for which you may be eligible.

If you can claim any of these credits, you will need to complete Schedule B. Enter on line 7 the total credits from line 57 (enclose page 4 of Ohio form IT 1040).

**Important:** If you show any amount on this line other than -0-, you must include page 4 when you mail your return.

#### Line 9 – Exemption Credit

Multiply your total number of personal and dependent exemptions by \$20 and enter the amount on line 9. See "Tip" at left.

#### Line 11 - Joint Filing Credit



To qualify for this credit, you and your spouse must each have qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income of at least \$500 after you have figured your Schedule A adjustments.

If you are a married couple filing a joint Ohio income tax return, you may qualify for a joint filing credit. You can take this credit only if each spouse has qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income of \$500 or more. **Qualifying Ohio adjusted gross income** does not include income from Social Security benefits, most railroad retirement benefits, military retirement income, interest, dividend and capital gain distributions, royalties, rents, capital gains, and state or local income tax refunds. This credit is limited to a maximum of \$650 (see examples on next page).

**Example 1:** Bob and Sue file a joint return. Sue earned \$200,000 from her current employment. Bob's only source of income is \$500 from his state and municipal income tax refunds included in federal adjusted gross income. This \$500 is deducted on line 38 and is not included in Bob and Sue's Ohio adjusted gross income. Therefore, they do not qualify for Ohio's joint filing credit. However, if Bob had another source of qualifying income of \$500 or more not deducted on Schedule A, he and Sue would qualify for the credit.

If you **do** <u>not</u> qualify for the joint filing credit, enter -0- on line 11. If you <u>do</u> qualify for the joint filing credit, calculate it this way:

If your Ohio taxable income (line 5) is:	Your credit is:
\$25,000 or less	20% of line 10a
More than \$25,000,	
but not more than \$50,000	15% of line 10a
More than \$50,000,	
but not more than \$75,000	10% of line 10a
More than \$75,000	5% of line 10a
The credit is limited to a maximum of \$65	50.

**Example 2:** If your Ohio taxable income (line 5) is \$20,000 and the amount on line 10a is \$329, then the joint filing credit will be \$66:

\$329 – from line 10a x .20 – from table above

Joint filing credit = \$ 66 (rounded)

If you qualify for this credit, but you and your spouse do not each have a W-2 form showing \$500 or more of income, then you **must** include with the return a separate statement explaining the income that qualifies for this credit. You **must** show that each spouse has \$500 or more of qualifying income included in Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3) in order to take the joint filing credit.

#### **Line 14 – Manufacturing Equipment Grant**

For taxable years ending on or after July 1, 2005, the Ohio Revised Code section 5747.31 manufacturer's credit converts to a grant administered by the Ohio Department of Development. For taxable years ending before July 1, 2005, the credit continues to apply.

The manufacturer's grant applies to each sole proprietor who purchased new manufacturing machinery and equipment during the qualifying purchase period of July 1, 1995 to June 30, 2005. The manufacturer's grant also applies to each taxpayer having an interest in pass-through entities that purchased new manufacturing machinery and equipment during the qualifying purchase period of July 1, 1995 to June 30, 2005. In all cases, the taxpayer or the pass-through entity must have installed the new manufacturing machinery and equipment in Ohio no later than June 30, 2006.

The grant is claimed as a direct reduction to the taxpayer's 2010 Ohio income tax liability and is nonrefundable. The concepts, definitions and computations that apply to the credit also apply to the grant.

If the taxpayer's taxable year ended on or after July 1, 2005, the grant applies not only to the qualifying new manufacturing machinery and equipment purchased during the period of Jan. 1, 2005 to June 30, 2005, but also to qualifying equipment purchased in 2004 and earlier purchase years. Thus, for each taxpayer whose taxable year ended on or after July 1, 2005, the grant applies to (i) the 1/7 amounts from 2005 qualifying purchases, (ii) the 1/7 amounts from

pre-2005 qualifying purchases for which the taxpayer claimed the manufacturer's credit on prior years' income tax returns and (iii) unused credit carryforwards (limited to a three-year carryforward period).

If a C corporation elected S corporation status and at the time of the election the C corporation would have been able to claim the manufacturing credit or grant, then those individuals who owned the stock in the corporation at the time of the election can claim the grant for "unused" manufacturing credits. For purposes of claiming the grant, unused manufacturing credits include both the (i) unused 1/7 amounts that would have been available to the C corporation in each of the next six franchise tax years had the C corporation not made the "S" election and (ii) unused carryforward amounts that would have been available to the C corporation in each of the next three franchise tax years had the C corporation not made the "S" election.

**Note:** The grant applies only if both of the following conditions are met:

- The taxpayer files a grant request form with the taxpayer's 2010 individual Ohio income tax return. The grant request form is available on our Web site (tax.ohio.gov) and on the Ohio Department of Development's Web site (www.odod.state. oh.us); AND
- 2) The purchaser of the qualifying new manufacturing machinery and equipment filed a notice of intent with the Ohio Department of Development by the date of the taxpayer's timely filed Ohio tax return, including extensions, for the taxpayer's taxable year that included Sept. 30, 2005. However, a timely filed notice of the intent to claim the credit constitutes a timely filed notice of the intent to claim the grant.

#### **Line 16 – Interest Penalty**

If line 15 minus the sum of line 19 and your 2009 overpayment credited to 2010 is \$500 or less, enter -0- on line 16. If line 15 minus the sum of line 19 and your 2009 overpayment credited to 2010 is greater than \$500, you may owe an interest penalty. You must complete Ohio form IT/SD 2210 to determine if a penalty is due. This form is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.** 

**Note:** In December 2009, the Ohio Revised Code was amended to maintain 2009 and 2010 income tax rates at the 2008 levels. Underpayment of tax may result because employers withheld and/or taxpayers made estimated payments at the rates that were originally enacted for 2009. If so, the interest penalty otherwise imposed by Ohio Revised Code section 5747.09 will not apply. Ohio form IT/SD 2210 has been revised to eliminate penalty if withholdings and/or estimated payments were made based on the original 2009 rates.

#### Line 17 – Unpaid Ohio Use (Sales) Tax

Use line 17 of Ohio form IT 1040 to report the amount of unpaid use (sales) tax, if any, that you may owe from out-of-state purchases that you made in 2010 (for example, mail order or Internet purchases). Complete the worksheet on page 32 of the instructions. A detailed explanation of the Ohio use tax is on page 31.

If you did not make any out-of-state purchases during 2010, enter -0- on line 17. If you did make any out-of-state purchase during 2010 and if you paid <u>no</u> sales tax on that purchase, then you are required to complete the use tax worksheet on page 32 of the instructions to determine the amount of Ohio use tax you owe (which is the sales tax on that purchase).

#### Line 19 - Ohio Tax Withheld

Enter the total amount of Ohio income tax withheld. This is normally shown on your tax statement form (W-2, box 17; W-2G, box 14; or 1099-R, box 10). See the sample W-2 on page 15 and the sample W-2G and 1099-R on page 16 of the instructions.

- Place <u>legible state copies</u> of your W-2(s), W-2G(s) or 1099-R(s) on top of Ohio form IT 1040. Please do not staple, tape or glue.
- You cannot claim on the Ohio return any taxes withheld for another state, a city or a school district.
- If you are a direct or indirect investor in a pass-through entity, you <u>cannot</u> claim on this line taxes withheld on your behalf by a pass-through entity. For proper reporting of taxes withheld on your behalf by a pass-through entity, see line 21b below.

# Line 20 – 2009 Overpayment Credited to 2010, 2010 Estimated Payments and Any Other 2010 Tax Payments

Enter the total estimated income tax payments submitted with your 2010 Ohio form IT 1040ES, extension payment(s) made with Ohio form IT 40P, plus any overpayment you credited to 2010 from your 2009 Ohio form IT 1040, line 24.

- You <u>cannot</u> claim as an estimated payment a prior year's refund that you requested but did not receive. Instead, please contact us about any refund you requested but did not receive.
- If you are a direct or indirect investor in a pass-through entity, you <u>cannot</u> claim on this line estimated taxes paid by a passthrough entity. For proper reporting of the amount of tax paid on your behalf by a pass-through entity, see line 21b below.

#### Line 21a – Refundable Business Jobs Credit

If the Ohio Tax Credit Authority of the Ohio Department of Development (ODOD) has granted you this credit for 2010, you should enter the certified amount on line 21a. This amount is considered a payment that can be refunded in whole or in part if your total payments on line 22 exceed the amount shown on line 18. For further details about this credit, call the ODOD at 614-466-4551 or 1-800-848-1300.

#### Line 21b – Refundable Pass-Through Entity Credit

If you are a direct or indirect investor in a pass-through entity that filed and paid Ohio tax on Ohio form IT 4708 (Composite Income Tax Return for Certain Investors in a Pass-Through Entity) or Ohio form IT 1140 (Pass-Through Entity and Withholding Tax Return), you should enter the amount of Ohio tax paid on your behalf by the pass-through entity or trust. Investors and trust beneficiaries who claim this credit for taxes paid on their behalf **must include IRS K-1(s)**, which reflect the amount of Ohio tax paid. In addition, see line 32 of the instructions on page 22.

The K-1(s) should show the amount of your distributive share of income, the amount of Ohio tax paid, the legal name of the entity and the entity's federal employer identification number.

#### Line 21c – Historic Preservation Credit

Include a copy of the certificate that you received from the Ohio Department of Development (ODOD). For additional information,

visit the ODOD's Web site at www.development.ohio.gov/urban/OHPTC or call 614-995-2292 or 1-800-848-1300.

#### **Line 21d – Motion Picture Production Credit**

Include a copy of the certificate that you received from the Ohio Department of Development (ODOD). For additional information, visit the ODOD's Web site at **www.discoverohiofilm.com/Incentives.aspx** or call 614-644-5156 or 1-800-848-1300.

#### Line 25 - Donations



A donation will reduce the amount of the refund that you are due. If you decide to donate, this decision is final. If you do not want to donate, leave lines 25a-c blank. If you

do not have an overpayment on line 23 but you want to donate, you may do so by writing a check and mailing it directly to the fund. See page 33 of the instructions for more information.

#### Line 28 – Interest and Penalty Due

Except for certain military servicemembers (see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions), interest is due from April 18, 2011 until the date the tax is paid.

If you file your return after the unextended due date and you paid and/or will pay any tax after the unextended due date, you owe interest <u>unless</u> the refund, if any, shown on line 30 is more than any tax you paid after the unextended due date. Interest is due on late-paid tax even if the IRS has granted you a filing extension. The year 2011 interest rate is 4%.

Penalty may be due on late-filed returns and/or late-paid tax. For more information, see page 11 of the instructions.

#### Line 29 - Amount Due Plus Interest and Penalty

Add lines 27 and 28 to calculate the amount you owe.

- Do not mail cash.
- Make payment by electronic check or credit card (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions); OR
- Make your paper check or money order payable to Ohio Treasurer of State. Write your Social Security number on your paper check or money order and include Ohio form IT 40P (see page 7 or 47 of the instructions) and your payment with Ohio form IT 1040.

If you cannot pay the amount you owe, you still must file the return by April 18, 2011 to avoid the late filing penalty (but see "Income Taxes and the Military" on page 13 of the instructions). Also see "I'm Not Able To Pay By April 18, 2011..." on page 9.

#### Line 30 - Refund to Be Sent to You

This is your refund after any reduction on line 28. If line 28 is more than the overpayment shown on line 26, you will have an amount due. Enter this amount on line 29 and follow the instructions.



If you move after filing your tax return and are expecting a refund, please notify the post office servicing your old address and fill out a change-of-address form.

## **Adjustments or Credits**

Will you claim any adjustments on line 2 or will you claim a credit on lines 7 or 13 of your Ohio form IT 1040?



NO

Please continue to read the line instructions on pages 22-30.

**STOP!** You only have to complete and file pages 1 and 2 of Ohio form IT 1040.

### Schedule A - Adjustments

# Line 31 – Non-Ohio State or Local Government Interest and Dividends

Enter the total amount of interest and/or dividends you received from obligations or securities issued by non-Ohio state governments, their local governments and/or their authorities if the interest and/or dividends are not included in your federal adjusted gross income. Also include on this line the amortized portion of the original issue discount on such obligations and securities.

#### Line 32 – Pass-Through Entity Add-Back

Enter Ohio form IT 1140 taxes and Ohio form IT 4708 taxes, which should be shown on your IRS K-1(s) to the extent that those taxes were deducted in arriving at your federal adjusted gross income.

In addition, each taxpayer having an interest in a qualifying passthrough entity must also enter on this line the taxpayer's proportionate share of expenses and losses that the pass-through entity incurred with respect to the pass-through entity's direct or indirect transactions with the pass-through entity's 40% or more related members. This provision does not apply to the pass-through entity's sales of inventory to such related members to the extent that those losses are calculated in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 482. See Ohio Revised Code section 5733.40(A).

#### Line 33 - Other Additions

Enter a dollar amount for each line that applies to you:

- a) Enter interest or dividends on obligations of the United States government that are exempt from federal taxation but are not exempt from state taxation.
- b) Enter any reimbursement received during the taxable year of any amount deducted for college tuition and fees in any previous taxable year to the extent that the amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.
- c) Enter any loss resulting from the sale/disposition of Ohio public obligations to the extent that such losses have been deducted in determining federal adjusted gross income.
- d) Enter net withdrawals made from an Ohio medical savings account (line 44) for nonmedical purposes if the amount of the withdrawal was deducted on a previous year's Ohio income tax return. See the medical savings account worksheet on page 26 of the instructions. Also enter any lump sum distribution amount that you reported on IRS form 4972.

Miscellaneous Federal Tax Adjustments: Also enter on this line (i) any income or gain amount that was not included in your federal adjusted gross income (line 1) solely because of post-

Dec. 15, 2010 amendments to the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) any amount that you deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income solely because of post-Dec. 15, 2010 amendments to the Internal Revenue Code. For example, you must add back 100% of (i) total depreciation (Internal Revenue Code sections 167, 168 and 179) allowed over (ii) the total depreciation that you would have been able to claim under the Internal Revenue Code as it existed on Dec. 15, 2010. See Ohio Revised Code section 5701.11. **Note:** Federal tax adjustments from the federal Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization and Job Creation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-312, effective Dec. 17, 2010, must be reversed on this line.

- e) Enter reimbursements received in 2010 for any expenses that you deducted on a previously filed Ohio income tax return if the amount of the reimbursement was not included in federal adjusted gross income for 2010.
- f) If you received a distribution during 2010 reported to you on a 2010 IRS form 1099-Q from the CollegeAdvantage program and any portion of such distribution was <u>not</u> used to pay for qualified higher-education expenses and was <u>not</u> due to the beneficiary's death, disability or receipt of a scholarship, you may be required to include an adjustment on line 33f. Follow the instructions for items 1 through 3 below for such distributions.
  - You do not have to show on this line the amount of distributions relating to the cost of tuition credits or units that you purchased before Jan. 1, 2000.
  - 2. If you are the CollegeAdvantage account owner or beneficiary and a portion of the distribution reported to you on your CollegeAdvantage year 2010 form 1099-Q relates to original contributions or purchases by the account owner (or beneficiary) that are not excluded under item 1 above, then the nonearnings portion (usually the original contribution or purchase price unless the account has declined in value below these amounts) related to such portion of the distribution must be included in Ohio adjusted gross income to the extent that either the account owner or the beneficiary has taken an Ohio contribution deduction for such contributions or purchases in this or a prior taxable year. Add this adjustment to the total reported for line 33f.
  - 3. Include on line 33f the earnings portion of the distribution reported to you on IRS form 1099-Q to the extent that you have not otherwise included these earnings in Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3 on Ohio form IT 1040) for either the current taxable year or for any previous taxable year or years.

**Contribution Carryovers:** CollegeAdvantage account owners or beneficiaries should also reduce any contribution deduction carryovers to future years to the extent that

the nonearnings distributions in item 2 on page 22 of the instructions (i) exceed contribution deductions taken in this and prior years and (ii) are reflected in your contribution deduction carryover to future years' returns (see "Contribution Deduction" for line 41 on page 24 of the instructions).

g) Add 5/6 of the Internal Revenue Code section 168(k) bonus depreciation allowed under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on Dec. 15, 2010. Also add 5/6 of the excess of the Internal Revenue Code section 179 depreciation expense allowed under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on Dec. 15, 2010 over the amount of section 179 depreciation expense that would have been allowed based upon Internal Revenue Code section 179 in effect on Dec. 31, 2002. See our information release IT 2002-02 entitled "Ohio Bonus Depreciation Adjustments," which is available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.



Any income item amounts you deduct on lines 35-45g must be included in your federal adjusted gross income and must be included on line 1 of the Ohio income tax return.

You cannot deduct on Schedule A any item already deducted in arriving at the federal adjusted gross income amount you show on line 1 of the Ohio income tax return.

#### Line 35 - Federal Interest and Dividends

Enter interest and dividend income (included in line 1) from obligations issued by the United States government or its possessions/territories that are exempt from Ohio tax by federal law. Examples include U.S. savings bonds (Series E, EE, H or I), Treasury notes, bills and bonds, and Sallie Maes.

Examples of interest income that are **not** deductible:

- Interest paid by the IRS on a federal income tax refund.
- Interest income from Fannie Maes or Ginnie Maes.

For a more complete listing, see our information release IT 1992-01 entitled "Exempt Federal Interest Income," which is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

# Line 36 – Residents of Neighboring States and Nonresident Military Personnel and Their Spouses

Because of reciprocity agreements that Ohio has with the border states of Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, Michigan and Pennsylvania, you do not have to file an Ohio income tax return if the following two conditions apply:

- You were a full-year resident of one of these states; AND
- Your only source of income within Ohio was from wages, salaries, tips or other employee compensation.

If Ohio income tax was withheld on this income and you meet the two conditions set forth above, you can file an Ohio income tax return to get a full refund. Enter the amount from line 1 onto line 2 and onto line 36, Schedule A. Be sure to include page 3 of Ohio form IT 1040 when you send in your return.

**Exceptions:** Nonresidents and part-year residents must enter -0- on line 36 if either of the following circumstances applies:

 You were a part-year resident of Ohio or you had additional sources of income from Ohio or do not meet the two conditions set forth above. If so, you must file Ohio form IT 1040 and claim the nonresident/part-year resident credit on Schedule D; OR 2. The reciprocal agreements do not apply. These agreements do not apply to you if you own directly or indirectly at least 20% of a pass-through entity having nexus in Ohio. Ohio Revised Code section 5733.40(A)(7) reclassifies compensation from such pass-through entities to a distributive share of the income from the pass-through entity. You must claim the nonresident/part-year resident credit on Schedule D. Also, please see "How Should Full-Year Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Engaged in Business in Ohio Apportion Income?" on page 11 of the instructions.

Nonresident Military Personnel and Their Spouses. The Service-members Civil Relief Act of 2003, as amended in 2009, is a federal law that provides that a state cannot consider a servicemember or his/her spouse to be a resident or a nonresident simply because he/she is present in the state – or absent from the state – due to military orders of the servicemember. Additionally, the 2009 amendment to the act provides that the wage and salary income of the nonresident spouse of a servicemember is exempt from the income tax of the state in which the servicemember and spouse are stationed and living, provided that the servicemember and spouse are residents of the same state. This provision does not apply to taxable years prior to 2009.

Military payroll authorities will generally withhold income tax for the state of legal residence shown on the servicemember's federal form DD 2058. A servicemember who had state income tax withheld in error should have the military payroll authorities correct the state of legal residence shown on his/her federal form DD 2058. A servicemember's nonresident spouse who had Ohio income tax withheld and who claims exemption under the 2009 amendment to the *Servicemembers Civil Relief Act of 2003* should file an Ohio income tax return claiming a refund. Free e-filing of Ohio income tax forms is available at **tax.ohio.gov.** 

#### **Line 37 – Ohio Resident Military Personnel**

Ohio Revised Code section 5747.01(A)(24) provides that for taxable years beginning on and after Jan. 1, 2007 an Ohio resident servicemember can deduct active duty military pay and allowances that are included in federal adjusted gross income if those amounts are received for active duty service while the servicemember is stationed outside Ohio. Do not deduct on this line any other types of income such as civilian wages, interest, dividends and capital gains.

Please note that the Nov. 11, 2009, amendment to the *Service-members Civil Relief Act of 2003* described in line 36 does not apply to Ohio-domiciled spouses of servicemembers who reside with their spouses outside the state. These spouses are presumed to retain their Ohio domicile.

The term "stationed" refers to an Ohio resident servicemember's permanent duty station. For purposes of this exemption, "permanent duty station" has the same meaning as specified in Ohio Revised Code 5103.20, Article II, Subparagraph (U), that is, it means the military installation where an active duty servicemember - or, concerning this exemption, an Ohio resident servicemember in the National Guard or military reserve forces - is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary. Periods of training in which a servicemember, either individually or as part of a unit, departs from his/her permanent place of duty and then returns following the completion of the training, are not included in the definition of "stationed." However, periods of active duty outside Ohio for purposes other than training, or periods of training greater than 30 days outside Ohio, as described on page 24 of the instructions, qualify a servicemember for this exemption.

Military pay and allowances for Ohio resident servicemembers who are stationed inside Ohio, and their spouses, will continue to be subject to Ohio individual income tax. These amounts will also be subject to school district income tax if the servicemember was domiciled in a taxing school district – even if the servicemember did not reside in the school district at any time during the taxable year.

Examples of military pay and allowances that <u>do</u> qualify for this deduction include the following amounts, but only if the taxpayer receives the amounts while he/she is stationed outside Ohio:

- Military pay and allowances received while a member of the active component of the U.S. armed forces and assigned to a permanent duty station outside Ohio.
- Military pay and allowances received while a member of the active component of the U.S. Armed Forces, who is assigned to a permanent duty station inside Ohio, only for periods of duty outside Ohio for purposes other than training, or periods of training greater than 30 days outside Ohio.
- Military pay and allowances received while a member of the National Guard or the reserve components of the U.S. Armed Forces in an active duty status outside Ohio, or for periods of training greater than 30 days, outside Ohio.
- Military pay and allowances received while a member of a unit
  of the National Guard or the reserve components of the U.S.
  Armed Forces under federal mobilization orders under which
  the unit mobilizes for training at a non-Ohio location followed
  by an operational deployment to any non-Ohio location.
- Military pay and allowances received by cadets at the U.S. service academies, specifically the Military Academy, the Air Force Academy, the Coast Guard Academy and by midshipmen at the Naval Academy. Cadets and midshipmen are serving on active duty under the provisions of 38 United States Code section 101(21) and are eligible for this deduction for the pay they receive while stationed at these facilities to the extent that this pay is included in federal adjusted gross income (line 1 on Ohio form IT 1040). However, this deduction is not available for pay received for service in the Reserve Officer Training Corps.

Examples of military pay and allowances that do <u>not</u> qualify for this deduction are explained in our information release IT 2008-02 entitled "Military Taxpayer Guide to Taxable Income and Deductions," which is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

#### Line 39 - Disability and Survivorship Benefits

You **may** deduct the following:

- Benefits from an employee's disability plan paid as the result
  of a permanent physical or mental disability. Note that the
  disability must be (or presumed to be) permanent. "Disability"
  means a permanent physical or mental impairment that makes
  you unable to work for pay in jobs for which you are qualified
  by training and experience.
- Survivorship benefits paid from a qualified survivorship plan as the result of the death of a covered employee.

You may **not** deduct the following:

 Payments that otherwise qualify as retirement or pension benefits. Upon your reaching your plan's minimum retirement age, the disability benefits you receive under that plan become retirement or pension benefits and are no longer deductible as

- disability or survivorship benefits. If you are uncertain of the minimum retirement age under your plan, please contact your plan administrator for this information.
- Temporary wage continuation plans.
- Payments for temporary illnesses or injuries (for example, sick pay provided by an employer or third party).
- Pension payments that another individual was receiving but he/she died and you are now receiving these payments (pension continuation benefits). These amounts are not deductible survivorship benefits.

See Ohio Administrative Code (Ohio Rule) 5703-7-08 for additional information about this deduction. This rule is on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

# Line 40 – Social Security and Certain Railroad Retirement Benefits

Deduct the following benefits only to the extent that they are included in your federal adjusted gross income:

- Social Security benefits
- Tier I and Tier II railroad retirement benefits
- · Supplemental railroad retirement benefits
- Dual railroad retirement benefits
- · Railroad disability

# Line 41 – Tuition Investments in Ohio CollegeAdvantage Savings Plan

Contribution Deduction. You may deduct purchases of tuition units and contributions to the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority's CollegeAdvantage 529 Savings Plan, up to \$2,000 per beneficiary per year if these amounts do not qualify as a deduction on page 1 of IRS form 1040. Qualifying purchases exceeding the \$2,000 limitation may be deducted on future years' returns, subject to the annual \$2,000-per-beneficiary limitation, until all unused portions are deducted. Married taxpayers may deduct up to a maximum of \$2,000 per beneficiary whether their filing status is married filing jointly or married filing separately. You may not use any contribution deduction carryover to 2010 to the extent that the carryover has been reduced due to the recapture of contribution deductions (see line 33f of the instructions on page 22). Note: This deduction does not apply to investments in Internal Revenue Code section 529-qualified tuition plans offered by other states.

Adjustment for Earnings on Certain Distributions. The earnings portion of distributions from Internal Revenue Code section 529 programs can generally be excluded from federal adjusted gross income if the distribution is used solely to fund qualified higher-education expenses. If the earnings portion of a 2010 distribution from Ohio's CollegeAdvantage program is excluded from federal adjusted gross income (line 1 on this return), then no further adjustment is required on line 41.

For federal income tax purposes, however, there are certain situations where, due to the coordination of benefits from an Internal Revenue Code 529 program with other federal tax benefits for higher-education expenses (such as the federal Hope and Lifetime Learning Credits and Coverdell Education Savings Account distributions), the earnings on a distribution from the CollegeAdvantage program that are actually used to pay qualified higher-education expenses cannot be excluded from federal adjusted gross income. If any portion of the earnings reported to you on your 2010 IRS form 1099-Q from the CollegeAdvantage program is used to pay qualified higher-education expenses, and if because of certain

federal tax limitations such earnings are <u>not</u> excluded from your federal adjusted gross income, you can exclude such portion by adding it to the total included on line 41. **Note:** This special earnings exclusion only applies to distributions from the Ohio CollegeAdvantage program and not to distributions from Internal Revenue Code 529-qualified tuition plans offered by other states.

Adjustment for Distributions at a Loss. If a distribution reported to you on 2010 IRS form 1099-Q reflects a loss (the earnings in box 2 is negative), you can add this loss to your total on line 41 as a positive number if this loss is not deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income (line 1 on Ohio form IT 1040).

CollegeAdvantage is an Internal Revenue Code 529-qualified tuition program administered by the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority. For more information, please call 1-800-AFFORD-IT (1-800-233-6734) or visit the tuition trust Web site at www.collegeadvantage.com.

# Line 42 – Ohio National Guard Reimbursements and Benefits

Deduct on line 42 the following amounts, but only if (i) these amounts are in your federal adjusted gross income (line 1 on Ohio form IT 1040) and (ii) you have not already deducted these amounts elsewhere on Schedule A:

- Receipt of Ohio Adjutant General-authorized Ohio National Guard reimbursement for group life insurance premiums paid;
- Receipt of Ohio Adjutant General-authorized payment of death benefits received as a beneficiary of an active duty member of the Ohio National Guard who died while performing active duty.

### Line 43 – Unreimbursed Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums, Unsubsidized Health Care Insurance Premiums and Excess Health Care Expenses

There are several deductions included in this line:

- Unreimbursed premiums for subsidized and unsubsidized long-term care insurance plans and unreimbursed premiums for unsubsidized health care insurance plans;
- Excess medical expenses; AND
- Accident and health insurance premiums paid for certain dependent relatives.

**Unreimbursed Health Care Expenses.** Enter on line 1a, 1b or 1c of the worksheet below the costs for qualifying health care expenses. Some examples of qualifying health care expenses include **unreimbursed** costs for the following:

	Health Care Expenses V	Vorksl	neet for Lin	e 43	
	Do not include on this worksheet any am gross income under a cafeteria plan o				
b. E a a	inter the unreimbursed health care expenses you paid				
c. E ir	eduction on line 29 of IRS form 1040 Inter the unreimbursed premiums you paid for long-term care insurance. See Note 1 below	1c			
2a. E	inter the amount from line 1c above  During the year, were you eligible to participate in any subsi- ized health insurance plan or Medicare? See Note 2 below.				
-	Yes. Enter -0- on line 2b, unless Note 3 below applies.  No. Enter on line 2b the unreimbursed premiums you paid for unsubsidized dental, vision and health care insurance. See Note 3 below	2b			
	add lines 2a and 2b and enter the total on both lines 2c and 2d ine 1d minus line 2c; if less than -0-, enter -0- on this line				2d
4. E C 5. S	inter your federal adjusted gross income (from line 1 of your phio form IT 1040). If less than -0-, enter -0- on this line	4 5	x 7.5%		
6. N	fultiply line 4 by line 5 and enter hereine 3 minus line 6. If less than -0-, enter -0				7
	inter the amount paid for health insurance coverage for certain on the ine 2d plus line 7 plus line 8. Enter this amount on line 43 of Sch	-	•		
Notes:	1. Do not enter on lines 1b or 1c any amount included on line 1a.				

- 2. A subsidized health insurance plan is a plan where your employer, your spouse's employer, a retirement plan or Medicare pays any portion of the total premium for health insurance coverage
- 3. If you or your spouse were eligible to participate in a Medicare and/or a subsidized health insurance plan for only a portion of the year, you may enter on line 2b the dental, vision and health care insurance premiums that you paid for that portion of the year during which you and your spouse were <u>not</u> eligible to participate in a Medicare and/or a subsidized health insurance plan.
- 4. Amount entered on line 8 must be included in federal adjusted gross income, line 37, and not previously excluded by adjustments on the federal 1040 return that occur prior to the federal adjusted gross income.

- 1a: Prescription medicine or insulin
  - Hospital costs and nursing care
  - Medical, dental and vision examinations and treatment by a certified health professional
  - Eyeglasses, hearing aids, braces, crutches and wheelchairs
- 1b: Insurance premiums for health care insurance plans (including both unsubsidized and subsidized plans, Medicare premiums and supplemental Medicare insurance)
- 1c: Premiums for long-term care insurance

**Note:** You must reduce the health care insurance premiums amount you enter on worksheet line 1b by the amount of the self-employed health insurance deduction that you claimed on line 29 on IRS form 1040.

Unreimbursed Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums and Unsubsidized Health Care Insurance Premiums. Enter on line 2a of the worksheet on page 25 of the instructions the amount you paid during 2010 for unreimbursed long-term care insurance premiums for you, your spouse and your dependents. Enter on line 2b the unreimbursed premiums you paid for unsubsidized health care insurance premiums for you, your spouse and your dependents.

An <u>unsubsidized health care insurance plan</u> is a plan for which your current or former employer or your spouse's current or former employer does <u>not</u> pay for any part of the plan's costs and does <u>not</u> reimburse you or your spouse for any part of the plan's costs. Most people who receive wage or salary income from an employer participate in one or more subsidized plans; such plans are not unsubsidized health care insurance plans. If you are unsure, check with your employer.

**Example 1:** Sue has a health care insurance plan through her employer. She has \$50 deducted from her paycheck each month to pay for her portion of her health care insurance premium costs. Her employer contributes \$450 each month toward the health care insurance premium costs that total \$500 each month. This is a subsidized plan, so Sue is **not** participating in an unsubsidized health care insurance plan. Sue cannot use her \$50 monthly payment on lines 2a and 2b of the worksheet, but she can include this amount on line 1b.

**Note:** If you are eligible for Medicare coverage, you <u>cannot</u> use line 2b of the worksheet to report any unsubsidized health care insurance plan premiums paid while you were eligible for Medicare coverage.

**Example 2:** Sue is retired and qualifies for Medicare for the entire year. She pays \$50 each month for supplemental health insurance and \$20 each month for Medicare B premiums. Sue cannot use her \$50 or \$20 monthly payments on line 2b of the worksheet, but she can include these amounts on line 1b.

Accident and Health Insurance Premiums for Certain Relatives. You may be able to take a deduction for accident and health insurance premiums that you paid for yourself, your spouse and your "dependents," as defined on page 12 of the instructions. If you answer "yes" to any of the three questions below, you are not eligible to take this deduction:

- During the year, were you eligible to participate in any subsidized health insurance plan? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- 2. Did you claim the self-employed health insurance deduction on line 29 of IRS form 1040? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- 3. During the year, were you eligible for medical care coverage through Medicare or Medicaid? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If you answered "No" to all three of the above questions, you wil
need to answer the following question: Did you claim an itemized
deduction on your federal income tax return for any portion of the
accident and health insurance premiums paid? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes," enter the amount, if any, of the accident and health insurance premiums for which you did <u>not</u> take an itemized deduction on your federal income tax return: \$\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is the maximum amount of your accident and health insurance premium deduction. Enter this amount on line 8 of the worksheet on page 25.

If "No," you may be able to deduct the full amount of unreimbursed accident and health insurance premiums that you paid. Enter this amount on line 8 of the worksheet on page 25.

#### Line 44 – Ohio Medical Savings Account

You may be able to deduct the amount of funds you deposited into a medical savings account. If filing a joint return, your spouse may also be able to deduct his/her funds deposited into his/her medical savings account. For 2010 the maximum amount of deposited funds you may be able to deduct is \$4,197. If filing a joint return, each spouse may deduct up to \$4,197 of funds deposited into his/her account for a maximum joint deduction of \$8,394. Any investment income or interest earned on the funds deposited into a medical savings account is also deductible **if the income or interest is included in your federal adjusted gross income** (line 1 of your Ohio form IT 1040). **Note:** You must reduce the amount of this deduction by any amount that you claimed on line 25 of your IRS form 1040.

To determine if you are eligible for this deduction, complete the medical savings account worksheet below. For further information, please see "What Is a Medical Savings Account and What Are the Qualifications?" on page 11 of the instructions.

# Medical Savings Account Worksheet for Lines 33d and 44

- 2. If joint return, amount your spouse contributed to a separate account during 2010, but no more than \$4,197......2.
- Amount of medical savings account earnings included on line 1 of your 2010 Ohio form IT 1040 ......3.
- 4. Subtotal (add lines 1, 2 and 3) ......4.
- 5. 2010 withdrawals from the account for non-medical purposes ......5.
- If line 5 is less than line 4, subtract line 5 from line 4 and enter here and on line 44 of Schedule A of Ohio form IT 1040 .................6. \_
- 7. If line 4 is less than line 5, subtract line 4 from line 5 and enter here ......7.

**Note for lines 1 and 2:** Do not show on either line any contribution to medical savings accounts if the contribution is excluded from box #1 on your IRS form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement.

**Note for line 5:** If any prior year contribution exceeded the deductible limit for that year, please contact the Ohio Department of Taxation's Personal Income Tax Division's legal counsel at 1-800-282-1780 to help you determine the amount you should enter on line 5 of this worksheet.

**Note for line 7:** Add the amount you show on this line, plus any lump sum distribution add-backs and miscellaneous income tax adjustments. Enter this amount on line 33d of Schedule A of Ohio form IT 1040.

**Example:** Bob and Sue file a joint tax return for 2010. Bob contributed \$2,000 to his medical savings account while Sue contributed \$5,000 to hers. Bob's account earned \$120 in interest and Sue's earned \$300, which were included in their federal adjusted gross income. These amounts are not deductible in arriving at federal adjusted income. They are entitled to a medical savings account deduction of \$6,617 (\$2,000 for Bob's contribution, \$4,197 for Sue's contribution and the combined interest income of \$420).

#### Line 45 – Other Deductions

Enter a dollar amount for each line that applies.

- a) Deduct the amount of employer wage and salary expenses that you did not deduct for federal income tax purposes because you instead claimed the federal targeted jobs tax credit or the work opportunity tax credits.
- b) Deduct interest income earned from Ohio public obligations and Ohio purchase obligations if the interest income was included in your federal adjusted gross income. You can also deduct any gains resulting from the sale or disposition of Ohio public obligations to the extent that the gain was included in your federal adjusted gross income.
- c) Deduct refunds or reimbursements of expenses you originally deducted on a prior year federal income tax return if the following conditions are met:
  - The refund or reimbursement was included in your federal adjusted gross income on your 2010 federal income tax return, form 1040, line 21; AND
  - The expense for which you were refunded or reimbursed was deducted as an itemized deduction on Schedule A of a prior year federal income tax return.

**Example:** Sue claimed an itemized deduction of \$500 for medical expenses on her 2009 federal income tax return. In 2010 she received a medical expense reimbursement for \$200 from her insurance company, and she reported the \$200 on line 21 of her 2010 federal income tax return. Sue is entitled to deduct the \$200 reimbursement on line 45c of this return.

- d) Enter on this line any amount of income that you paid back in a subsequent year if that amount meets the following three requirements:
  - For federal income tax purposes you claimed either (i) an itemized deduction on Schedule A of your 2010 federal income tax return for the amount repaid OR (ii) a tax credit on your 2010 federal income tax return based upon the amount repaid; AND
  - You do not deduct this amount on any other line on your Ohio tax return for this year or any other year; AND
  - In the year you received the income, the income did not qualify for either the resident or nonresident/part year resident credits on Schedules C or D on your Ohio income tax return.

**Miscellaneous Federal Tax Adjustments:** Also enter on this line (i) any income or gain amount that was included in your federal adjusted gross income (line 1) solely because of post-Dec. 15, 2010 amendments to the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) any amount that you were not able to deduct in arriving at federal adjusted gross income but you would have been able to deduct under the Internal Revenue Code in effect on post-Dec. 15, 2010. See Ohio Revised Code section 5701.11.

e) Deduct on this line up to \$10,000 of qualified organ donation expenses you incurred during the taxable year. If your filing status is married filing jointly, each of you can deduct on this line up to \$10,000 of qualified organ donation expenses you each incurred during the taxable year. "Qualified organ donation expenses" means unreimbursed travel and lodging expenses that you incur in connection with your donation, to another human being, of your human liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung or any portion of your human bone marrow.

Please note that you can claim this deduction only once for all taxable years. If you claim the deduction for this year, you cannot claim this deduction in any subsequent year. If your filing status is married filing jointly and if you and your spouse both claim the deduction for this year, both you and your spouse cannot claim this deduction in any subsequent year. However, if your filing status is married filing jointly but only one spouse claims this deduction for this year, the other spouse can claim the deduction in a subsequent year, regardless of your spouse's filing status in that subsequent year.

You can also deduct matching contributions that you made to another person's Individual Development Account when the account has been established by a county department of human services. For further information, contact your local county department of human services.

- f) Deduct 1/5 of the Internal Revenue Code sections 168(k) and 179 depreciation adjustments you added back on each of your last five years' Ohio income tax returns. You can take this deduction even if you no longer directly or indirectly own the asset. See our information release IT 2002-02 entitled "Ohio Bonus Depreciation Adjustments," which is available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.
- g) Military Retirement Income and Military Injury Relief Fund Amounts

**Military Retirement Income.** Taxpayers who retired from service in the active or reserve components of the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard or National Guard can deduct their military retirement income to the extent that income is not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income.

Taxpayers who served in the military and receive a federal civil service retirement pension are also eligible for a limited deduction if any portion of their federal retirement pay is based on credit for their military service. These retirees can deduct only the amount of their federal retirement pay that is attributable to their military service.

If you are eligible for this limited deduction, refer to your federal civil service retirement benefit handbook to determine the number of years of your military service. Divide the number of years of military service by the total number of years of combined military service and civilian employment with the U.S. government. Take this fraction and multiply it by the amount of your federal civil service pension you have included on line 1 of this return. The resulting number is the amount of your federal civil service pension that you can deduct on line 45g.

**Example:** Included on line 1 of Ohio form IT 1040 is \$60,000, which the taxpayer received as a federal civil service pension.

The taxpayer has 15 years of military service and 45 years of combined military service and civilian employment with the U.S. government. The fraction is 15/45 = 1/3. The taxpayer can deduct \$20,000 on line 45g: 1/3 X \$60,000.

If you do not have your federal civil service retirement handbook, contact the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM) at 1-888-767-6738 or TDD 1-800-878-5707. You can also e-mail OPM at retire@opm.gov or use its Web site at www.opm.gov/retire to request the booklet. Please be sure to specify that you want a replacement booklet (there are other types). An OPM customer service representative will tell you how much military and total service time you have in your retirement calculation and can mail you a screen print or short form letter with the information.

The military retirement income also applies to such amounts received by the surviving spouse or the former spouse of each military retiree who is receiving payments under the survivor benefit plan.

Please note that we may later ask you for a copy of the divorce agreement and federal form 1099-R as verification for the deduction. **Note:** Child support receipts, regardless of the source, are not included in federal adjusted gross income, so you cannot deduct these amounts.

Military Injury Relief Fund. Also enter on this line military injury relief fund amounts you reported on line 1 (federal adjusted gross income). You do not have to include in federal adjusted gross income, and you cannot enter on line 45g, those military injury relief fund amounts you received on account of physical injuries or psychological injuries, such as post-traumatic stress disorder, if those injuries are a direct result of military action in Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom. But you must include on lines 1 and 45g any other military injury relief fund amounts you received.

#### Schedule B – Nonbusiness Credits

#### Line 48 – Retirement Income Credit

To qualify for the Ohio retirement income credit, you <u>must</u> meet all of the following:

- You received retirement benefits, annuities or distributions that were made from a pension, retirement or profit-sharing plan; AND
- You received this income because you have retired; AND
- This income is included in your Ohio adjusted gross income on line 3. Note: Social Security and railroad retirement benefits required to be shown on line 40 and military retirement income required to be shown on line 45g do not qualify for this credit.

#### The Amount of the Credit is as Follows:

Amount of qualifying retirement	Line 48
income received and included in	retirement
Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3) during the taxable year:	income credit for taxable year:
500 or less	\$ 0

\$500 or less\$	0	
More than \$500, but not more than \$1,500\$	25	
More than \$1,500, but not more than \$3,000\$	50	
More than \$3,000, but not more than \$5,000\$	80	
More than \$5,000, but not more than \$8,000\$	130	
More than \$8,000\$	200	

**The Maximum Credit Per Return is \$200.** If you are filing a joint return, combine the total qualifying retirement income for both spouses to determine the credit from the table above.

**Note:** Retirement buy-out amounts, attrition buy-out amounts and other similar amounts reported on IRS form W-2 qualify for this credit **only** if the amounts are paid under a retirement plan.

**Example:** Bob and Sue are retired and file a joint return. Bob has \$5,000 in qualifying retirement income included in Ohio adjusted gross income on line 3. Sue has \$2,000 in qualifying retirement income included in Ohio adjusted gross income on line 3. The total of the two qualifying retirement incomes is \$7,000. The table above shows a credit of \$130 for retirement income of more than \$5,000, but not more than \$8,000. They are entitled to claim on line 48 an Ohio retirement income credit of \$130.

#### Line 49 – Senior Citizen Credit

You can claim a \$50 credit if you were 65 or older before Jan. 1, 2011. If you are filing a joint return, only one credit of \$50 is allowed even if you and your spouse are both 65 or older.

If you take or have previously taken the lump sum distribution credit, you cannot take the \$50 senior citizen credit on this year's return or any future year's return.

#### Line 50 - Lump Sum Distribution Credit

This credit is available only to individuals 65 or older before Jan. 1, 2011. If you received a lump sum distribution from a pension, retirement or profit-sharing plan, whether on account of retirement or separation from employment, and if you are 65 or older, you may be able to take advantage of a special tax treatment that uses the \$50 senior citizen tax credit multiplied by your expected remaining life years.

If the answers to questions 1 through 6 below are all "Yes," you can claim the lump sum distribution credit. If you answer "No" to any of the questions, you do not qualify for this credit.

- 1. Were you 65 or older before Jan. 1, 2011?
- 2. Was the lump sum distributed from a qualified employee benefit plan (pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, Keogh, Internal Revenue Code 401(k), STRS, PERS, SERS, etc.)?
- 3. Was the distribution made from all of the employer's qualified plans of one kind in which the employee had funds?
- 4. Was the distribution for the full amount credited to the employee?
- 5. Was the distribution paid within a single taxable year?
- 6. Was the distribution made because the employee died, quit, retired, or was laid off or fired?

If you take this credit, you <u>cannot</u> take the \$50 senior citizen's credit on this year's return or on any future year's return. For more information, see page 2 of Ohio form LS WKS, which is available on our Web site at tax.ohio.gov.

**Note 1:** Retirement buy-out amounts, attrition buy-out amounts and other similar amounts reported on IRS form W-2 do <u>not</u> qualify for this credit.

**Note 2:** Distributions from university retirement plans and from government-sponsored deferred compensation plans do **not** qualify for this credit because these plans are not described in Internal Revenue Code section 401(a).

#### Line 51 - Child Care and Dependent Care Credit

If your Ohio adjusted gross income (line 3) is less than \$40,000 and if you made payments that qualified for the federal child care and/or dependent care credit, you are entitled to this credit. Complete the worksheet below to calculate the amount of credit you may claim.

**Note:** If line 3 on page 1 of the Ohio form IT 1040 is \$40,000 or more, you are **not** entitled to this credit.

#### 2010 Child Care and Dependent Care Worksheet for Line 51 1. Enter the amount from line 9 of IRS form 2441, Child and Dependent Care Expenses ...... 1. \_ 2. If line 3 of your Ohio form IT 1040 is less than \$20,000, enter 100% on this line. If line 3 of your Ohio IT 1040 is equal to or greater than \$20,000, but less than \$40,000, enter 25% on this line. All others enter -0- on this line......2. X % 3. Multiply line 1 of this worksheet by the rate shown on line 2. Enter this amount here and on line 51 (Schedule B) on

#### Line 52 – Lump Sum Retirement Credit

Lump sum distributions that you received on account of retirement from a qualified retirement plan may qualify for the lump sum retirement credit. A lump sum distribution is one where you receive your entire balance from a qualified pension, retirement or profit-sharing plan during one taxable year. If you received income in a lump sum distribution during 2010 or are entitled to an unused retirement income exclusion from an earlier year, then you will need special instructions on how to compute your tax credit.

For more information, see page 1 of Ohio form LS WKS, which is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov.** 

**Note 1:** Retirement buy-out amounts, attrition buy-out amounts and other similar amounts reported on IRS form W-2 do <u>not</u> qualify for this credit.

**Note 2:** Distributions from university retirement plans and from government-sponsored deferred compensation plans do <u>not</u> qualify for this credit because these plans are not described in Internal Revenue Code section 401(a).

#### Line 54 - Displaced Worker Training Credit

Ohio law provides a credit for amounts you pay for qualified displaced worker training. Qualified displaced worker training is any training or education that improves your chances of getting a new job after you have lost your previous job. Displaced worker training includes apprenticeships, internships and educational classes. Use the worksheet below.

Displaced Worker Training Credit Worksheet for Line 54 Such training qualifies for this credit only if you can check "Yes" for questions 1, 2 and 3 below. Your spouse on this return if (i) your spouse can also answer "Yes" to all of the questions and (ii) you file a joint return	
<ol> <li>Did you lose your job because the place where you worked either permanently closed or moved, or becau your employer abolished your job or shift? (Note: Abolishment of job or shift does not include layoffs resulting from seasonal employment, temporary plant closings for retooling, etc.)</li> <li>During the 12-month period beginning when you lost your job, did you pay for any displaced worker training?</li> <li>While you were receiving displaced worker training, were you either unemployed or working no more than hours per week?</li> <li>If you and/or your spouse checked "Yes" to all of the questions above, complete the worksheet below training during the 12-month period beginning expense you paid during 2009 and 2010 for displaced work training during the 12-month period beginning when you lost your job. Do not include any amount that we reimbursed to you.</li> <li>Enter one-half of the amount on line 1</li></ol>	Iting
<ol> <li>Enter the amount of displaced worker training credit, if any, that you claimed on line 54, Schedule B of layear's Ohio form IT 1040</li> <li>Subtract line 4 from line 3 (but not less than -0-). If your filing status is single, qualifying widow(er), maried filing separately or head of household, stop here. Line 5 is your displaced worker training credit this amount on line 54, Schedule B of Ohio form IT 1040</li> </ol>	last 4 mar- edit.
If your filing status is married filing jointly and your spouse also answered "Yes" to the three question at the top of this worksheet, please complete the remainder of this worksheet.  6. Enter the amount of displaced worker training expenses your spouse paid during 2009 and 2010 for displace worker training during the 12-month period beginning when he/she lost his/her job. Do not include any amount that was reimbursed to him/her	ons  aced ount 6 7 8
10. Subtract line 9 from line 8 (but not less than -0-)	10

#### Line 55 – Ohio Political Contributions Credit

You can claim a credit against your tax for contributions of money you made during the year to the campaign committee of candidates for any of the following Ohio offices:

- Governor
- Secretary of state
- Treasurer of state
- Chief justice of the Ohio Supreme Court
- Ohio Board of Education
- Ohio House of Representatives
- · Lieutenant governor
- Auditor of state
- Attorney general
- Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court
- Ohio Senate

The amount of the credit is the lesser of the combined total cash contributions you made during the year or \$50 (\$100 for married filing joint returns).

#### Line 56 - Adoption Credit

You can claim a credit against your tax if you adopted a minor child (under 18 years of age) during the taxable year. The amount of credit is \$1,500 per child adopted. This is a one-time credit per child. Any unused amounts can be carried forward for up to two years. The adoption must be final and recognizable under Ohio law in the year for which you first claim the credit.

#### Schedule C – Ohio Resident Credit

#### Line 58 - Income Subjected to Tax by Other States

If you were an Ohio resident during 2010 and you had income subjected to tax by other states or the District of Columbia, you may qualify for the Ohio resident tax credit. The credit is the <u>lesser</u> of lines 60 or 61.

This line amount is the portion of your Ohio adjusted gross income subjected to a tax on income in other states or the District of Columbia while you were a resident of Ohio, less related deductions allowed in computing federal adjusted gross income and increased or decreased by related adjustments on Schedule A of the Ohio form IT 1040.



**Limitation:** Do <u>not</u> include income for which you have directly or indirectly deducted or were entitled to deduct in computing federal adjusted gross income, any state income tax paid on that income. See our information release IT 2006-02 entitled "Inapplicability of Ohio

Resident Credit with Kentucky Corporate Income Tax," which is on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

Do <u>not</u> include wages, salaries, tips or commissions earned by full-year Ohio residents in Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, Michigan or Pennsylvania and certain income earned by military nonresidents that is shown on line 36. This income is not taxed and does not qualify for the credit.

#### **Line 60 – Determining the Factor**

The factor must be four digits to the right of the decimal. Do <u>not</u> round to the nearest ten-thousandth. **Example:** Enter .435762 as .4357.

#### Line 61 - Other States' Income Tax

Enter the amount of 2010 income tax, less all related nonrefundable credits other than withholding, estimated tax payments and carryforwards from previous years, paid to other states or the District of Columbia. In general, this amount will be the amount shown on the line on the other state's income tax return that is equivalent to line 15 of Ohio form IT 1040.



**Limitation:** Do <u>not</u> include income for which you have directly or indirectly deducted or were entitled to deduct in computing federal adjusted gross income, any state income tax paid on that income.

#### Schedule D – Nonresident/ Part-Year Resident Credit

#### Line 63 – Income Not Earned or Received in Ohio

Enter the portion of Ohio adjusted gross income from line 3 that was not earned and received in Ohio. You must complete and include Ohio form IT 2023 (which is available on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**) to calculate this credit unless your only income from Ohio sources were wages reported on your W-2(s) and you and/or your family members do not directly or indirectly own the business that paid you those wages.

Do <u>not</u> include on this line pass-through entity distributive shares of income allocated or apportioned to Ohio. Do <u>not</u> include on this line any amount shown on line 46.

**Note:** Retirement buy-out amounts, attrition buy-out amounts and other similar amounts reported on your W-2(s) should <u>not</u> be included on this line to the extent that such amounts are based upon employment or previous employment within Ohio. Do not include on this line any severance pay, termination pay, final pay or "golden parachute" amounts if you (i) earned in Ohio any portion of such amounts and/or (ii) were employed in Ohio by the payor or the payor's affiliate prior to or at the time of your receipt of such amounts.

#### **Line 65 – Determining the Factor**

The factor must be four digits to the right of the decimal. Do <u>not</u> round to the nearest ten-thousandth. **Example:** Enter .435762 as .4357.

#### Schedule E – Nonrefundable Business Credits

Business owners may be entitled to claim on Ohio Schedule E one or more nonrefundable business credits. These credits include the following:

- Credit for contributions to candidates for Ohio statewide office or General Assembly
- Job retention credit
- · Credit for selling alternative fuel
- Job training credit
- Credit for eligible new employees in an enterprise zone
- Credit for certified ethanol plant investments
- · Credit for purchases of grape production property
- Technology investment credit
- Enterprise zone day care and training credits
- Ohio historic preservation credit nonrefundable portion

**Note:** You can obtain Ohio Schedule E from our Web site at **tax. ohio.gov** or by contacting one of the offices listed on page 49 of the instructions.

# Unpaid Sales/Use Tax Explanation and Instructions for Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ, Line 14 and IT 1040, Line 17

TIP: This line will be -0- if you made no catalog, Internet or out-of-state purchases. If you do have catalog, Internet or out-of-state purchases, many out-of-state retailers already collect sales/use tax on your purchase. Your receipt will show it as a sales tax amount. If the retailer charges you sales tax on your purchase, you do <u>not</u> have to use the Ohio income tax return to pay additional use tax to Ohio. Use line 14 on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 17 on IT 1040 to pay your Ohio sales/use tax for those purchases on which you did <u>not</u> pay any state sales tax to the out-of-state retailer at the time you made your purchase.

Use line 14 on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 17 on IT 1040 to report the amount of unpaid sales/use tax (if any) on out-of-state purchases that you made if you used, stored or consumed in Ohio the item or service you purchased (for example, Internet, television/radio ads, catalog purchases or purchases made directly from an out-of-state company) and for which you paid <u>no</u> sales tax on that purchase(s). Please complete the use tax worksheet on page 32 of the instructions to determine if you owe this tax.

**Note:** If you report your Ohio use tax on your income tax return, any unpaid portion of the total tax is subject to collection, including penalty and interest, under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5747. If you previously paid your Ohio use tax by filing Ohio form VP USE, then you do not have to report the use tax on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 17 of IT 1040.

#### Ohio's Use Tax

Ohio's use tax has been part of our tax laws since 1936. The use tax rate is equal to the sales tax rate in your county. Every state with a sales tax also has a companion use tax. The use tax laws were passed to eliminate the disadvantage to Ohio retailers when Ohio shoppers buy from out-of-state sellers who do not collect Ohio sales tax.

#### Who Benefits From the Tax?

- ✓ You and Our Schools: One-third of Ohio's sales and use tax supports our elementary and secondary schools. The remaining two-thirds pays for state services – higher education, parks, public safety, etc.
- County Governments and Transit Authorities: The sales and use tax is the largest source of financing for the local criminal justice system and public transportation systems.

✓ Ohio Retailers: The use tax protects Ohio jobs and helps Ohio retailers by keeping prices competitive with out-of-state merchants who don't collect sales tax.

#### Can You Give Me an Example?

If you buy a taxable item or service from an out-of-state retailer and pay no sales tax, Ohio requires you to pay the Ohio use tax if you will use, store or consume the item or service in Ohio. The use tax applies when you buy from catalog or Internet retailers. The use tax rate is equal to the sales tax rate in the Ohio county where you will use, store or consume the item or service.

**Example:** Rita lives in Tuscarawas County. She orders a new bedspread from the Catalog Linen Company based in New York. The price is \$125. The catalog company collects no sales tax. Rita is liable for paying Ohio's use tax:

Taxable purchase: \$125

Ohio + Tuscarawas County use tax rate = 6.5%

Use tax:  $$125 \times .065 = $8.13$ 

Round this \$8.13 use tax amount to the nearest whole dollar: \$8

Rita would enter \$8 on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or line 17 of IT 1040.

# What if I Have Already Paid Tax on My Out-of-State Purchase?

If you previously paid to another state sales tax on the purchase or if you have previously paid your Ohio use tax by filing Ohio form VP USE, then you do not have to report on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or on line 17 of IT 1040 any use tax on that purchase.

#### I Owe Ohio Use Tax – How Do I Pay It?

You can pay your use tax when you file your Ohio income tax return. Complete the worksheet on page 32 of the instructions.

If you do not have to file an Ohio income tax return (see page 9 of the instructions) but you owe Ohio use tax, you must file Ohio form VP USE to pay the tax. This form is on our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov**.

#### Worksheet to Calculate Use Tax for Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ, Line 14 and IT 1040, Line 17

If during 2010 you made any out-of-state purchase of goods or services that you used, stored or consumed in Ohio (e.g., Internet, television/radio ads, catalog purchases or purchases made directly from an out-of-state company) and if you paid <u>no</u> sales tax in any state on that purchase, you are required to complete this worksheet to determine the Ohio use tax that you owe on that purchase. Please complete the following worksheet to determine if you owe any Ohio use tax (which is the Ohio sales tax on your out-of-state purchase). For additional information, see page 31 of the instructions.

<ul> <li>a. During 2010 did you make any of the purchases described above?</li> <li>No – STOP – You do not need to report on your Ohio income tax return any Ohio use tax. Enter -0- on line e below and on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ and on line 17 of IT 1040.</li> <li>Yes – Complete line b of this worksheet to determine if you owe Ohio use tax on your purchase(s).</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>b. Did the retailer charge you sales tax (Ohio or any other state) on your out-of-state purchase(s)?</li> <li>Yes - STOP - You do not owe any Ohio use tax. Enter -0- on line e below and on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ and on line 17 of IT 1040.</li> <li>No - You owe Ohio use tax on your purchase(s). Complete lines c, d and e of this worksheet.</li> </ul>			
c. Enter the total of your out-of-state purchases on which you paid no sales tax and no Ohio use tax.	\$	.00	)
d. Enter your county use tax rate. Please use the decimal rates below to calculate your use tax.	Χ.		_
e. Multiply line c by line d. This is the amount of Ohio use tax that <u>you owe</u> on your out-of-state purchase(s). Write the amount here (round to the nearest dollar) and on line 14 of Ohio form IT 1040EZ or on line 17 of IT 1040. This amount is part of your income tax liability.	\$	.00	)

#### **County Sales and Use Tax Rates**

State and county sales and use tax rates changed during the year. The following chart reflects sales and use tax rates in effect on Oct. 1, 2010. You can access our Web site at **tax.ohio.gov** for specific tax rates in effect at the time of your purchase.

	Rate			Ra	ate		Rate		
County	Decimal	Percent	County	Decimal	Percent	County	Decimal	Percent	
Adams	0650 0675	7.00% 6.50% 6.75% 6.50%	Hamilton Hancock Hardin Harrison	0650 0700	6.50% 6.50% 7.00% 7.00%	Ottawa Paulding Perry Pickaway	0700	6.75% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00%	
Athens	0700 0700	6.75% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00%	Henry Highland Hocking Holmes	0700 0675	7.00% 7.00% 6.75% 6.50%	Pike Portage Preble Putnam	0675	7.00% 6.75% 7.00% 7.00%	
ButlerCarrollChampaign	0650 0700	6.25% 6.50% 7.00% 7.00%	Huron Jackson Jefferson Knox	0700 0700	7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 6.50%	Richland Ross Sandusky Scioto	0700	6.75% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00%	
Clermont	0700	6.50% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00%	Lake	0700	6.25% 7.00% 7.00% 7.50%	Seneca Shelby Stark Summit	0700	7.00% 7.00% 6.00% 6.50%	
Crawford Cuyahoga Darke Defiance	0775 0700	7.00% 7.75% 7.00% 6.50%	Logan Lorain Lucas Madison	0625 0675	7.00% 6.25% 6.75% 6.75%	Trumbull Tuscarawas Union Union (COTA)	0650 0675	6.50% 6.50% 6.75% 7.25%	
Delaware Delaware (COTA) Erie Fairfield	0725 0650	6.75% 7.25% 6.50% 6.50%	Mahoning Marion Medina Meigs	0650 0650	6.75% 6.50% 6.50% 6.50%	Van Wert Vinton Warren Washington	0700	7.00% 7.00% 6.50% 7.00%	
Fairfield (COTA) Fayette Franklin Fulton	0700 0675	7.00% 7.00% 6.75% 7.00%	Mercer	0675 0700	7.00% 6.75% 7.00% 7.00%	Wayne	0700 0650	6.25% 7.00% 6.50% 7.00%	
Gallia	0650 0650	6.75% 6.50% 6.50% 7.00%	Morgan Morrow Muskingum Noble	0700 0700	7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00%				

### Donations that Apply to Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ, Lines 18a-c and IT 1040, Lines 25a-c

A donation will reduce the amount of the refund that you are due. If you decide to donate, this decision is final. You cannot change your mind and later ask for your donations to be refunded. If you do not want to donate, do not enter an amount on lines 18a-c on Ohio form IT 1040EZ or lines 25a-c on IT 1040.

Because your tax return is confidential, we cannot release your name to the fund administrators, but the administrators extend appreciation to those who donate. Please note that your donation may be tax deductible on the year 2011 federal income tax return.

**Military Injury Relief** – Use Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 18a or IT 1040, line 25a to donate to the Military Injury Relief Fund. The Military Injury Relief Fund provides grants to individuals injured while in active service as a member of the United States armed forces while serving under Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom.

If you do not have an overpayment on Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 17 or IT 1040, line 23, but you want to donate to provide grants to such individuals, you may do so by writing a check payable to Ohio Treasurer of State – ODJFS and mailing it to:

Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Military Injury Relief Fund P.O. Box 182367 Columbus, OH 43218-2367

**Wildlife Species and Endangered Wildlife** – Use Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 18b or IT 1040, line 25b to donate to help all of Ohio's wildlife. The Division of Wildlife uses these funds to establish habitat and protect open spaces for wildlife. Past donations have helped to

restore populations of endangered species. Your generous donation will continue to help support Ohio's native wildlife – a natural treasure!

If you do not have an overpayment on Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 17 or IT 1040, line 23, but you wish to donate to provide grants to protect Ohio's natural heritage, you may do so by writing a check payable to the "Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Special Account" and mailing it to:

Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of Wildlife 2045 Morse Road, Building G-2 Columbus, OH 43229-6693

Natural Areas/Endangered Species – Use Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 18c or IT 1040, line 25c to donate to play an important role in protecting Ohio's nature preserves by contributing to the preservation of endangered species and rare habitat. Your donations are needed to manage natural areas, improve public facilities and provide educational opportunities. Help create a rich and lasting legacy for all Ohioans.

If you do not have an overpayment on Ohio form IT 1040EZ, line 17 or IT 1040, line 23, but you wish to donate to protect Ohio's natural areas, you may do so by writing a check payable to the "Natural Areas and Endangered Species Fund" and mailing it to:

Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of Natural Areas and Preserves 2045 Morse Road, Building C-3 Columbus, OH 43229-6693

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If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your lir	ne 5 amount	is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
Un	to \$1,00	0		\$3,000			\$6,000			\$9,000			\$12,000	
\$0	\$50	\$0	\$3,000	\$3,050	\$19	\$6,000	\$6,050	\$43	\$9,000	\$9,050	\$80	\$12,000	\$12,050	\$141
50	100	0	3,050	3,100	19	6,050	6,100	44	9,050	9,100	81	12,050	12,100	142
100	150	1	3,100	3,150	19	6,100	6,150	44	9,100	9,150	82	12,100	12,150	144
150	200	1	3,150	3,200	20	6,150	6,200	45	9,150	9,200	82	12,150	12,200	145
200	250	1	3,200	3,250	20	6,200	6,250	46	9,200	9,250	83	12,200	12,250	146
250	300	2	3,250	3,300	20	6,250	6,300	46	9,250	9,300	83	12,250	12,300	147
300	350	2	3,300	3,350	21	6,300	6,350	47	9,300	9,350	84	12,300	12,350	149
350	400	2	3,350	3,400	21	6,350	6,400	48	9,350	9,400	85	12,350	12,400	150
400	450	3	3,400	3,450	21	6,400	6,450	48	9,400	9,450	85	12,400	12,450	151
450	500	3	3,450	3,500	21	6,450	6,500	49	9,450	9,500	86	12,450	12,500	152
500	550	3	3,500	3,550	22	6,500	6,550	49	9,500	9,550	87	12,500	12,550	154
550	600	4	3,550	3,600	22	6,550	6,600	50	9,550	9,600	87	12,550	12,600	155
600	650	4	3,600	3,650	22	6,600	6,650	51	9,600	9,650	88	12,600	12,650	156
650	700	4	3,650	3,700	23	6,650	6,700	51	9,650	9,700	88	12,650	12,700	157
700	750	4	3,700	3,750	23	6,700	6,750	52	9,700	9,750	89	12,700	12,750	159
750	800	5	3,750	3,800	23	6,750	6,800	53	9,750	9,800	90	12,750	12,800	160
800	850	5	3,800	3,850	24	6,800	6,850	53	9,800	9,850	90	12,800	12,850	161
850	900	5	3,850	3,900	24	6,850	6,900	54	9,850	9,900	91	12,850	12,900	162
900	950	6	3,900	3,950	24	6,900	6,950	54	9,900	9,950	91	12,900	12,950	163
950	1,000	6	3,950	4,000	25	6,950	7,000	55	9,950	10,000	92	12,950	13,000	165
	\$1,000			\$4,000			\$7,000		9	510,000			\$13,000	
\$1,000	\$1,050	\$6	\$4,000	\$4,050	\$25	\$7,000	\$7,050	\$56	\$10,000	\$10,050	\$93	\$13.000	\$13,050	\$166
1,050	1,100	ъо 7	4,050	4,100	φ25 25	7,000	7,100	ъзо 56	10,050	10,100	<del>9</del> 93	13,050	13,100	167
1,100	1,150	7	4,030	4,150	25	7,030	7,100	57	10,030	10,100	94	13,100	13,150	168
1,150	1,130	7	4,150	4,200	26	7,150	7,130	57 57	10,150	10,130	95	13,150	13,130	170
1,200	1,250	8	4,200	4,250	26	7,100	7,250	58	10,200	10,250	97	13,200	13,250	171
1,250	1,300	8	4,250	4,300	26	7,250	7,300	59	10,250	10,300	98	13,250	13,300	172
1,300	1,350	8	4,300	4,350	27	7,300	7,350	59	10,300	10,350	99	13,300	13,350	173
1,350	1,400	8	4,350	4,400	27	7,350	7,400	60	10,350	10,400	100	13,350	13,400	175
1,400	1,450	9	4,400	4,450	27	7,400	7,450	61	10,400	10,450	102	13,400	13,450	176
1,450	1,500	9	4,450	4,500	28	7,450	7,500	61	10,450	10,500	103	13,450	13,500	177
1,500	1,550	9	4,500	4,550	28	7,500	7,550	62	10,500	10,550	104	13,500	13,550	178
1,550	1,600	10	4,550	4,600	28	7,550	7,600	62	10,550	10,600	105	13,550	13,600	180
1,600	1,650	10	4,600	4,650	29	7,600	7,650	63	10,600	10,650	107	13,600	13,650	181
1,650	1,700	10	4,650	4,700	29	7,650	7,700	64	10,650	10,700	108	13,650	13,700	182
1,700	1,750	11	4,700	4,750	29	7,700	7,750	64	10,700	10,750	109	13,700	13,750	183
1,750	1,800	11	4,750	4,800	30	7,750	7,800	65	10,750	10,800	110	13,750	13,800	185
1,800	1,850	11	4,800	4,850	30	7,800	7,850	66	10,800	10,850	112	13,800	13,850	186
1,850	1,900	12	4,850	4,900	30	7,850	7,900	66	10,850	10,900	113	13,850	13,900	187
1,900	1,950	12	4,900	4,950	30	7,900	7,950	67	10,900	10,950	114	13,900	13,950	188
1,950	2,000	12	4,950	5,000	31	7,950	8,000	67	10,950	11,000	115	13,950	14,000	189
	\$2,000			\$5,000			\$8,000		\$	11,000			\$14,000	
\$2,000	\$2,050	\$13	\$5,000	\$5,050	\$31	\$8,000	\$8,050	\$68	\$11,000	\$11,050	\$117	\$14,000	\$14,050	\$191
2,050	2,100	13	5,050	5,100	32	8,050	8,100	69	11,050	11,100	118	14,050	14,100	192
2,100	2,150	13	5,100	5,150	32	8,100	8,150	69	11,100	11,150	119	14,100	14,150	193
2,150	2,200	13	5,150	5,200	33	8,150	8,200	70	11,150	11,200	120	14,150	14,200	194
2,200	2,250	14	5,200	5,250	33	8,200	8,250	70	11,200	11,250	121	14,200	14,250	196
2,250	2,300	14	5,250	5,300	34	8,250	8,300	71	11,250	11,300	123	14,250	14,300	197
2,300	2,350	14	5,300	5,350	35	8,300	8,350	72	11,300	11,350	124	14,300	14,350	198
2,350	2,400	15	5,350	5,400	35	8,350	8,400	72	11,350	11,400	125	14,350	14,400	199
2,400	2,450	15	5,400	5,450	36	8,400	8,450	73	11,400	11,450	126	14,400	14,450	201
2,450	2,500	15	5,450	5,500	36	8,450	8,500	74	11,450	11,500	128	14,450	14,500	202
2,500	2,550	16	5,500	5,550	37	8,500	8,550	74	11,500	11,550	129	14,500	14,550	203
2,550	2,600	16	5,550	5,600	38	8,550	8,600	75	11,550	11,600	130	14,550	14,600	204
2,600	2,650	16	5,600	5,650	38	8,600	8,650	75	11,600	11,650	131	14,600	14,650	206
2,650	2,700	17	5,650	5,700	39	8,650	8,700	76	11,650	11,700	133	14,650	14,700	207
2,700	2,750	17	5,700	5,750	40	8,700	8,750	77	11,700	11,750	134	14,700	14,750	208
2,750	2,800	17	5,750	5,800	40	8,750	8,800	77	11,750	11,800	135	14,750	14,800	209
2,800	2,850	17	5,800	5,850	41	8,800	8,850	78	11,800	11,850	136	14,800	14,850	210
2,850	2,900	18	5,850	5,900	41	8,850	8,900	78	11,850	11,900	138	14,850	14,900	212
2,900	2,950	18	5,900	5,950	42	8,900	8,950	79	11,900	11,950	139	14,900	14,950	213
2,950	3,000	18	5,950	6,000	43	8,950	9,000	80	11,950	12,000	140	14,950	15,000	214

If your lin	ie 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
	\$15,000			\$18,000		•	21,000		(	24,000			\$27,000	
	<u> </u>	0045		<u> </u>				<b>10 -</b>		· · · · ·	0510			4000
\$15,000	\$15,050	\$215	\$18,000	\$18,050	\$307	\$21,000	\$21,050	\$405	\$24,000	\$24,050	\$516	\$27,000	\$27,050	\$628
15,050	15,100	217	18,050	18,100	309	21,050	21,100	407	24,050	24,100	518	27,050	27,100	630
15,100	15,150	218	18,100	18,150	310	21,100	21,150	409	24,100	24,150	520	27,100	27,150	631
15,150	15,200	219	18,150	18,200	312	21,150	21,200	411	24,150	24,200	522	27,150	27,200	633
15,200	15,250	221	18,200	18,250	314	21,200	21,250	413	24,200	24,250	524	27,200	27,250	635
15,250	15,300	222	18,250	18,300	315	21,250	21,300	414	24,250	24,300	526	27,250	27,300	637
15,300	15,350	224	18,300	18,350	317	21,300	21,350	416	24,300	24,350	528	27,300	27,350	639
15,350	15,400	225	18,350	18,400	318	21,350	21,400	418	24,350	24,400	529	27,350	27,400	641
15,400	15,450	227	18,400	18,450	320	21,400	21,450	420	24,400	24,450	531	27,400	27,450	643
15,450	15,500	229		-		21,450	21,500	422	24,450	24,500	533	27,450	27,500	644
			18,450	18,500	321		-			-				
15,500	15,550	230	18,500	18,550	323	21,500	21,550	424	24,500	24,550	535	27,500	27,550	646
15,550	15,600	232	18,550	18,600	324	21,550	21,600	426	24,550	24,600	537	27,550	27,600	648
15,600	15,650	233	18,600	18,650	326	21,600	21,650	427	24,600	24,650	539	27,600	27,650	650
15,650	15,700	235	18,650	18,700	327	21,650	21,700	429	24,650	24,700	541	27,650	27,700	652
15,700	15,750	236	18,700	18,750	329	21,700	21,750	431	24,700	24,750	542	27,700	27,750	654
15,750	15,800	238	18,750	18,800	331	21,750	21,800	433	24,750	24,800	544	27,750	27,800	656
15,800	15,850	239	18,800	18,850	332	21,800	21,850	435	24,800	24,850	546	27,800	27,850	657
15,850	15,900	241	18,850	18,900	334	21,850	21,900	437	24,850	24,900	548	27,850	27,900	659
15,900	15,950	242	18,900	18,950	335	21,900	21,950	439	24,900	24,950	550	27,900	27,950	661
15,950	16,000	244	18,950	19,000	337	21,950	22,000	440	24,950	25,000	552	27,950	28,000	663
		477		•	551	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		770			552	21,300	20,000	000
	\$16,000			\$19,000		\$	22,000			25,000			\$28,000	
\$16,000	\$16,050	\$246	\$19,000	\$19,050	\$338	\$22,000	\$22,050	\$442	\$25,000	\$25,050	\$554	\$28,000	\$28,050	\$665
16,050	16,100	247	19,050	19,100	340	22,050	22,100	444	25,050	25,100	555	28,050	28,100	667
				-			-							
16,100	16,150	249	19,100	19,150	341	22,100	22,150	446	25,100	25,150	557	28,100	28,150	668
16,150	16,200	250	19,150	19,200	343	22,150	22,200	448	25,150	25,200	559	28,150	28,200	670
16,200	16,250	252	19,200	19,250	344	22,200	22,250	450	25,200	25,250	561	28,200	28,250	672
16,250	16,300	253	19,250	19,300	346	22,250	22,300	452	25,250	25,300	563	28,250	28,300	674
16,300	16,350	255	19,300	19,350	348	22,300	22,350	453	25,300	25,350	565	28,300	28,350	676
16,350	16,400	256	19,350	19,400	349	22,350	22,400	455	25,350	25,400	567	28,350	28,400	678
16,400	16,450	258	19,400	19,450	351	22,400	22,450	457	25,400	25,450	568	28,400	28,450	680
16,450	16,500	259	19,450	19,500	352	22,450	22,500	459	25,450	25,500	570	28,450	28,500	681
16,500	16,550	261	19,500	19,550	354	22,500	22,550	461	25,500	25,550	572	28,500	28,550	683
16,550	16,600	263	19,550	19,600	355	22,550	22,600	463	25,550	25,600	574	28,550	28,600	685
16,600	16,650	264	19,600	19,650	357	22,600	22,650	465	25,600	25,650	576	28,600	28,650	687
16,650	16,700	266	19,650	19,700	358	22,650	22,700	466	25,650	25,700	578	28,650	28,700	689
16,700	16,750	267	19,700	19,750	360	22,700	22,750	468	25,700	25,750	579	28,700	28,750	691
				-			-							
16,750	16,800	269	19,750	19,800	361	22,750	22,800	470	25,750	25,800	581	28,750	28,800	693
16,800	16,850	270	19,800	19,850	363	22,800	22,850	472	25,800	25,850	583	28,800	28,850	694
16,850	16,900	272	19,850	19,900	365	22,850	22,900	474	25,850	25,900	585	28,850	28,900	696
16,900	16,950	273	19,900	19,950	366	22,900	22,950	476	25,900	25,950	587	28,900	28,950	698
16,950	17,000	275	19,950	20,000	368	22,950	23,000	478	25,950	26,000	589	28,950	29,000	700
	\$17,000		9	\$20,000		9	23,000		9	26,000			\$29,000	
								A			A =			<b>A</b>
\$17,000	\$17,050	\$276	\$20,000	\$20,050	\$369	\$23,000	\$23,050	\$479	\$26,000	\$26,050	\$591	\$29,000	\$29,050	\$702
17,050	17,100	278	20,050	20,100	371	23,050	23,100	481	26,050	26,100	592	29,050	29,100	704
17,100	17,150	280	20,100	20,150	372	23,100	23,150	483	26,100	26,150	594	29,100	29,150	706
17,150	17,200	281	20,150	20,200	374	23,150	23,200	485	26,150	26,200	596	29,150	29,200	707
17,200	17,250	283	20,200	20,250	376	23,200	23,250	487	26,200	26,250	598	29,200	29,250	709
17,250	17,300	284	20,250	20,300	377	23,250	23,300	489	26,250	26,300	600	29,250	29,300	711
17,300	17,350	286	20,300	20,350	379	23,300	23,350	490	26,300	26,350	602	29,300	29,350	713
17,350	17,400	287	20,350	20,400	381	23,350	23,400	492	26,350	26,400	604	29,350	29,400	715
17,400	17,450	289	20,400	20,450	383	23,400	23,450	494	26,400	26,450	605	29,400	29,450	717
17,450	17,500	290	20,400	20,430	385	23,450	23,500	496	26,450	26,500	607	29,450	29,500	719
17,450		290		-						26,550			29,550	719
	17,550		20,500	20,550	387	23,500	23,550	498	26,500		609	29,500		
17,550	17,600	293	20,550	20,600	389	23,550	23,600	500	26,550	26,600	611	29,550	29,600	722
17,600	17,650	295	20,600	20,650	390	23,600	23,650	502	26,600	26,650	613	29,600	29,650	724
17,650	17,700	297	20,650	20,700	392	23,650	23,700	503	26,650	26,700	615	29,650	29,700	726
17,700	17,750	298	20,700	20,750	394	23,700	23,750	505	26,700	26,750	617	29,700	29,750	728
17,750	17,800	300	20,750	20,800	396	23,750	23,800	507	26,750	26,800	618	29,750	29,800	730
17,800	17,850	301	20,800	20,850	398	23,800	23,850	509	26,800	26,850	620	29,800	29,850	732
17,850	17,900	303	20,850	20,900	400	23,850	23,900	511	26,850	26,900	622	29,850	29,900	733
17,900	17,950	304	20,900	20,950	402	23,900	23,950	513	26,900	26,950	624	29,900	29,950	735
17,950	18,000	306	20,950	21,000	403	23,950	24,000	515	26,950	27,000	626	29,950	30,000	737
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If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If vour lin	e 5 amount	is:	If vour lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If vour lin	e 5 amount	is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	,	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
	\$30,000			\$33,000			\$36,000			39,000			\$42,000	
\$30,000	\$30,050	\$739	\$33,000	\$33,050	\$850	\$36,000	\$36,050	\$961	\$39,000	\$39,050	\$1,073	\$42,000	\$42,050	\$1,194
30,050	30,100	741	33,050	33,100	852	36,050	36,100	963	39,050	39,100	1,075	42,050	42,100	1,196
30,100	30,150	743	33,100	33,150	854	36,100	36,150	965	39,100	39,150	1,076	42,100	42,150	1,199
30,150	30,200	744	33,150	33,200	856	36,150	36,200	967	39,150	39,200	1,078	42,150	42,200	1,201
30,200	30,250	746	33,200	33,250	858	36,200	36,250	969	39,200	39,250	1,080	42,200	42,250	1,203
30,250	30,300	748	33,250	33,300	859	36,250	36,300	971	39,250	39,300	1,082	42,250	42,300	1,205
30,300	30,350	750	33,300	33,350	861	36,300	36,350	973	39,300	39,350	1,084	42,300	42,350	1,207
30,350	30,400	752	33,350	33,400	863	36,350	36,400	974	39,350	39,400	1,086	42,350	42,400	1,209
30,400	30,450	754	33,400	33,450	865	36,400	36,450	976	39,400	39,450	1,087	42,400	42,450	1,212
30,450	30,500	756	33,450	33,500	867	36,450	36,500	978	39,450	39,500	1,089	42,450	42,500	1,214
30,500	30,550	757	33,500	33,550	869	36,500	36,550	980	39,500	39,550	1,091	42,500	42,550	1,216
30,550	30,600	759	33,550	33,600	871	36,550	36,600	982	39,550	39,600	1,093	42,550	42,600	1,218
30,600	30,650	761	33,600	33,650	872	36,600	36,650	984	39,600	39,650	1,095	42,600	42,650	1,220
30,650	30,700	763	33,650	33,700	874	36,650	36,700	986	39,650	39,700	1,097	42,650	42,700	1,222
30,700	30,750	765	33,700	33,750	876	36,700	36,750	987	39,700	39,750	1,099	42,700	42,750	1,225
30,750	30,800	767	33,750	33,800	878	36,750	36,800	989	39,750	39,800	1,100	42,750	42,800	1,227
30,800	30,850	769	33,800	33,850	880	36,800	36,850	991	39,800	39,850	1,102	42,800	42,850	1,229
30,850	30,900	770	33,850	33,900	882	36,850	36,900	993	39,850	39,900	1,104	42,850	42,900	1,231
30,900	30,950	772	33,900	33,950	884	36,900	36,950	995	39,900	39,950	1,104	42,900	42,950	1,233
30,950	31,000	774	33,950	34,000	885	36,950	37,000	997	39,950	40,000	1,108	42,950	43,000	1,235
		,,,			555			551			1,100			.,200
\$	31,000			\$34,000			\$37,000			40,000			\$43,000	
\$31,000	\$31,050	\$776	\$34,000	\$34,050	\$887	\$37,000	\$37,050	\$998	\$40,000	\$40,050	\$1,110	\$43,000	\$43,050	\$1,238
31,050	31,100	778	34,050	34,100	889	37,050	37,100	1,000	40,050	40,100	1,112	43,050	43,100	1,240
31,100	31,150	780	34,100	34,150	891	37,100	37,150	1,002	40,100	40,150	1,113	43,100	43,150	1,242
31,150	31,200	782	34,150	34,200	893	37,150	37,200	1,004	40,150	40,200	1,115	43,150	43,200	1,244
31,200	31,250	783	34,200	34,250	895	37,200	37,250	1,006	40,200	40,250	1,117	43,200	43,250	1,246
31,250	31,300	785	34,250	34,300	897	37,250	37,300	1,008	40,250	40,300	1,119	43,250	43,300	1,248
31,300	31,350	787	34,300	34,350	898	37,300	37,350	1,010	40,300	40,350	1,121	43,300	43,350	1,251
31,350	31,400	789	34,350	34,400	900	37,350	37,400	1,011	40,350	40,400	1,123	43,350	43,400	1,253
31,400	31,450	791	34,400	34,450	902	37,400	37,450	1,013	40,400	40,450	1,125	43,400	43,450	1,255
31,450	31,500	793	34,450	34,500	904	37,450	37,500	1,015	40,450	40,500	1,127	43,450	43,500	1,257
31,500	31,550	795	34,500	34,550	906	37,500	37,550	1,017	40,500	40,550	1,129	43,500	43,550	1,259
31,550	31,600	796	34,550	34,600	908	37,550	37,600	1,019	40,550	40,600	1,132	43,550	43,600	1,261
31,600	31,650	798	34,600	34,650	909	37,600	37,650	1,021	40,600	40,650	1,134	43,600	43,650	1,263
31,650	31,700	800	34,650	34,700	911	37,650	37,700	1,023	40,650	40,700	1,136	43,650	43,700	1,266
31,700	31,750	802	34,700	34,750	913	37,700	37,750	1,024	40,700	40,750	1,138	43,700	43,750	1,268
31,750	31,800	804	34,750	34,800	915	37,750	37,800	1,024	40,750	40,800	1,140	43,750	43,800	1,270
31,800	31,850	806	34,800	34,850	917	37,800	37,850	1,028	40,800	40,850	1,142	43,800	43,850	1,272
31,850	31,900	808	34,850	34,900	919	37,850	37,900	1,020	40,850	40,900	1,144	43,850	43,900	1,272
31,900	31,950	809	34,900	34,950	921	37,900	37,950	1,030	40,900	40,950	1,144	43,900	43,950	1,274
31,950	32,000	811	34,950	35,000	922	37,950	38,000	1,032	40,950	41,000		43,950	44,000	1,279
		011			922			1,034			1,149			1,279
	\$32,000			\$35,000			\$38,000			41,000			\$44,000	
\$32,000	\$32,050	\$813	\$35,000	\$35,050	\$924	\$38,000	\$38,050	\$1,036	\$41,000	\$41,050	\$1,151	\$44,000	\$44,050	\$1,281
32,050	32,100	815	35,050	35,100	926	38,050	38,100	1,037	41,050	41,100	1,153	44,050	44,100	1,283
32,100	32,150	817	35,100	35,150	928	38,100	38,150	1,039	41,100	41,150	1,155	44,100	44,150	1,285
32,150	32,200	819	35,150	35,200	930	38,150	38,200	1,041	41,150	41,200	1,157	44,150	44,200	1,287
32,200	32,250	821	35,200	35,250	932	38,200	38,250	1,043	41,200	41,250	1,160	44,200	44,250	1,289
32,250	32,300	822	35,250	35,300	934	38,250	38,300	1,045	41,250	41,300	1,162	44,250	44,300	1,292
32,300	32,350	824	35,300	35,350	935	38,300	38,350	1,047	41,300	41,350	1,164	44,300	44,350	1,294
32,350	32,400	826	35,350	35,400	937	38,350	38,400	1,049	41,350	41,400	1,166	44,350	44,400	1,296
32,400	32,450	828	35,400	35,450	939	38,400	38,450	1,050	41,400	41,450	1,168	44,400	44,450	1,298
32,450	32,500	830	35,450	35,500	941	38,450	38,500	1,052	41,450	41,500	1,170	44,450	44,500	1,300
32,500	32,550	832	35,500	35,550	943	38,500	38,550	1,054	41,500	41,550	1,173	44,500	44,550	1,302
32,550	32,600	833	35,550	35,600	945	38,550	38,600	1,056	41,550	41,600	1,175	44,550	44,600	1,305
32,600	32,650	835	35,600	35,650	947	38,600	38,650	1,058	41,600	41,650	1,177	44,600	44,650	1,307
32,650	32,700	837	35,650	35,700	948	38,650	38,700	1,060	41,650	41,700	1,179	44,650	44,700	1,309
32,700	32,750	839	35,700	35,750	950	38,700	38,750	1,062	41,700	41,750	1,173	44,700	44,750	1,311
32,750	32,800	841	35,750	35,800	952	38,750	38,800	1,063	41,750	41,800	1,183	44,750	44,800	1,313
32,800	32,850	843	35,800	35,850	954	38,800	38,850	1,065	41,800	41,850	1,186	44,800	44,850	1,315
32,850	32,900	845	35,850	35,900	956	38,850	38,900	1,067	41,850	41,900	1,188	44,850	44,900	1,318
32,900	32,950	846	35,900	35,950	958	38,900	38,950	1,067	41,900	41,950	1,190	44,900	44,950	1,310
32,950	33,000	848	35,950	36,000	960	38,950	39,000	1,009	41,950	42,000	1,190	44,950	45,000	1,320
52,850	55,000	040	55,850	30,000	300	50,850	55,000	1,071	+1,500	4∠,000	1,132	44,830	45,000	1,022

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If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If vour lin	e 5 amoun	t is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If vour lin	e 5 amount	t is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
	\$45,000			\$48,000			\$51,000		•	54,000		;	\$57,000	
\$45,000	\$45,050	\$1,324	\$48,000	\$48,050	\$1,454	\$51,000	\$51,050	\$1,584	\$54,000	\$54,050	\$1,713	\$57,000	\$57,050	\$1,843
45,050	45,100	1,326	48,050	48,100	1,456	51,050	51,100	1,586	54,050	54,100	1,716	57,050	57,100	1,845
45,100	45,150	1,328	48,100	48,150	1,458	51,100	51,150	1,588	54,100	54,150	1,718	57,100	57,150	1,848
45,150	45,200	1,331	48,150	48,200	1,460	51,150	51,200	1,590	54,150	54,200	1,720	57,150	57,200	1,850
45,200	45,250	1,333	48,200	48,250	1,463	51,200	51,250	1,592	54,200	54,250	1,722	57,200	57,250	1,852
45,250	45,300	1,335	48,250	48,300	1,465	51,250	51,300	1,595	54,250	54,300	1,724	57,250	57,300	1,854
45,300	45,350	1,337	48,300	48,350	1,467	51,300	51,350	1,597	54,300	54,350	1,726	57,300	57,350	1,856
45,350	45,400	1,339	48,350	48,400	1,469	51,350	51,400	1,599	54,350	54,400	1,729	57,350	57,400	1,858
45,400	45,450	1,341	48,400	48,450	1,471	51,400	51,450	1,601	54,400	54,450	1,731	57,400	57,450	1,861
45,450	45,500	1,344	48,450	48,500	1,473	51,450	51,500	1,603	54,450	54,500	1,733	57,450	57,500	1,863
45,500	45,550	1,346	48,500	48,550	1,476	51,500	51,550	1,605	54,500	54,550	1,735	57,500	57,550	1,865
45,550	45,600	1,348	48,550	48,600	1,478	51,550	51,600	1,603	54,550	54,600	1,737	57,550	57,600	1,867
1						1				-				
45,600	45,650	1,350	48,600	48,650	1,480	51,600	51,650	1,610	54,600	54,650	1,739	57,600	57,650	1,869
45,650	45,700	1,352	48,650	48,700	1,482	51,650	51,700	1,612	54,650	54,700	1,742	57,650	57,700	1,871
45,700	45,750	1,354	48,700	48,750	1,484	51,700	51,750	1,614	54,700	54,750	1,744	57,700	57,750	1,874
45,750	45,800	1,357	48,750	48,800	1,486	51,750	51,800	1,616	54,750	54,800	1,746	57,750	57,800	1,876
45,800	45,850	1,359	48,800	48,850	1,488	51,800	51,850	1,618	54,800	54,850	1,748	57,800	57,850	1,878
45,850	45,900	1,361	48,850	48,900	1,491	51,850	51,900	1,620	54,850	54,900	1,750	57,850	57,900	1,880
45,900	45,950	1,363	48,900	48,950	1,493	51,900	51,950	1,623	54,900	54,950	1,752	57,900	57,950	1,882
45,950	46,000	1,365	48,950	49,000	1,495	51,950	52,000	1,625	54,950	55,000	1,755	57,950	58,000	1,884
9	\$46,000		9	49,000			\$52,000			55,000			\$58,000	
		04.007			A			04.007		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	04.757		· · · · · ·	04.007
\$46,000	\$46,050	\$1,367	\$49,000	\$49,050	\$1,497	\$52,000	\$52,050	\$1,627	\$55,000	\$55,050	\$1,757	\$58,000	\$58,050	\$1,887
46,050	46,100	1,370	49,050	49,100	1,499	52,050	52,100	1,629	55,050	55,100	1,759	58,050	58,100	1,889
46,100	46,150	1,372	49,100	49,150	1,501	52,100	52,150	1,631	55,100	55,150	1,761	58,100	58,150	1,891
46,150	46,200	1,374	49,150	49,200	1,504	52,150	52,200	1,633	55,150	55,200	1,763	58,150	58,200	1,893
46,200	46,250	1,376	49,200	49,250	1,506	52,200	52,250	1,636	55,200	55,250	1,765	58,200	58,250	1,895
46,250	46,300	1,378	49,250	49,300	1,508	52,250	52,300	1,638	55,250	55,300	1,768	58,250	58,300	1,897
46,300	46,350	1,380	49,300	49,350	1,510	52,300	52,350	1,640	55,300	55,350	1,770	58,300	58,350	1,900
46,350	46,400	1,382	49,350	49,400	1,512	52,350	52,400	1,642	55,350	55,400	1,772	58,350	58,400	1,902
46,400	46,450	1,385	49,400	49,450	1,514	52,400	52,450	1,644	55,400	55,450	1,774	58,400	58,450	1,904
46,450	46,500	1,387	49,450	49,500	1,517	52,450	52,500	1,646	55,450	55,500	1,776	58,450	58,500	1,906
46,500	46,550	1,389	49,500	49,550	1,519	52,500	52,550	1,649	55,500	55,550	1,778	58,500	58,550	1,908
46,550	46,600	1,391	49,550	49,600	1,521	52,550	52,600	1,651	55,550	55,600	1,781	58,550	58,600	1,910
46,600	46,650	1,393	49,600	49,650	1,523	52,600	52,650	1,653	55,600	55,650	1,783	58,600	58,650	1,913
46,650	46,700	1,395	49,650	49,700	1,525	52,650	52,700	1,655	55,650	55,700	1,785	58,650	58,700	1,915
46,700	46,750	1,398	49,700	49,750	1,527	52,700	52,750	1,657	55,700	55,750	1,787	58,700	58,750	1,917
46,750	46,800	1,400	49,750	49,800	1,530	52,750	52,800	1,659	55,750	55,800	1,789	58,750	58,800	1,919
46,800	46,850	1,402	49,800	49,850	1,532	52,800	52,850	1,662	55,800	55,850	1,791	58,800	58,850	1,921
46,850	46,900	1,404	49,850	49,900	1,534	52,850	52,900	1,664	55,850	55,900	1,794	58,850	58,900	1,923
46,900	46,950	1,406	49,900	49,950	1,536	52,900	52,950	1,666	55,900	55,950	1,796	58,900	58,950	1,926
46,950	47,000	1,408	49,950	50,000	1,538	52,950	53,000	1,668	55,950	56,000	1,798	58,950	59,000	1,928
	· ·	,			,			,			,			,
	\$47,000		•	50,000			\$53,000			56,000			\$59,000	
\$47,000	\$47,050	\$1,411	\$50,000	\$50,050	\$1,540	\$53,000	\$53,050	\$1,670	\$56,000	\$56,050	\$1,800	\$59,000	\$59,050	\$1,930
47,050	47,100	1,413	50,050	50,100	1,543	53,050	53,100	1,672	56,050	56,100	1,802	59,050	59,100	1,932
47,100	47,150	1,415	50,100	50,150	1,545	53,100	53,150	1,675	56,100	56,150	1,804	59,100	59,150	1,934
47,150	47,200	1,417	50,150	50,200	1,547	53,150	53,200	1,677	56,150	56,200	1,807	59,150	59,200	1,936
47,200	47,250	1,419	50,200	50,250	1,549	53,200	53,250	1,679	56,200	56,250	1,809	59,200	59,250	1,939
47,250	47,300	1,421	50,250	50,300	1,551	53,250	53,300	1,681	56,250	56,300	1,811	59,250	59,300	1,941
47,300	47,350	1,424	50,300	50,350	1,553	53,300	53,350	1,683	56,300	56,350	1,813	59,300	59,350	1,943
47,350	47,400	1,426	50,350	50,400	1,556	53,350	53,400	1,685	56,350	56,400	1,815	59,350	59,400	1,945
47,400	47,450	1,428	50,400	50,450	1,558	53,400	53,450	1,688	56,400	56,450	1,817	59,400	59,450	1,947
47,450	47,500	1,430	50,450	50,500	1,560	53,450	53,500	1,690	56,450	56,500	1,820	59,450	59,500	1,949
47,500	47,550	1,432	50,500	50,550	1,562	53,500	53,550	1,692	56,500	56,550	1,822	59,500	59,550	1,951
47,550	47,600	1,434	50,550	50,600	1,564	53,550	53,600	1,694	56,550	56,600	1,824	59,550	59,600	1,954
47,600	47,650	1,437	50,600	50,650	1,566	53,600	53,650	1,696	56,600	56,650	1,826	59,600	59,650	1,956
47,650	47,700	1,439	50,650	50,700	1,569	53,650	53,700	1,698	56,650	56,700	1,828	59,650	59,700	1,958
47,700	47,750	1,441	50,700	50,750	1,571	53,700	53,750	1,701	56,700	56,750	1,830	59,700	59,750	1,960
47,750	47,730	1,443	50,750	50,800	1,571	53,750	53,800	1,701	56,750	56,800	1,832	59,750	59,800	1,962
47,730	47,850	1,445	50,750	50,850	1,575	53,800	53,850	1,705	56,800	56,850	1,835	59,800	59,850	1,964
47,850	47,830	1,445	50,850	50,650	1,575	53,850	53,900	1,703	56,850	56,900	1,837	59,850	59,900	1,967
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47,900	47,950	1,450	50,900	50,950	1,579	53,900	53,950	1,709	56,900 56,050	56,950	1,839	59,900	59,950	1,969
47,950	48,000	1,452	50,950	51,000	1,582	53,950	54,000	1,711	56,950	57,000	1,841	59,950	60,000	1,971

If your lin	e 5 amoun	t is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If your line	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amoun	t is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
		Onio tax.			OIIIO tax.			Ollio tax.			Ollio tax.			Ollio tax.
	\$60,000			\$63,000		5	66,000		5	69,000			\$72,000	
\$60,000	\$60,050	\$1,973	\$63,000	\$63,050	\$2,103	\$66,000	\$66,050	\$2,233	\$69,000	\$69,050	\$2,363	\$72,000	\$72,050	\$2,492
60,050	60,100	1,975	63,050	63,100	2,105							72,050	72,100	2,495
1	,				-	66,050	66,100	2,235	69,050	69,100	2,365			
60,100	60,150	1,977	63,100	63,150	2,107	66,100	66,150	2,237	69,100	69,150	2,367	72,100	72,150	2,497
60,150	60,200	1,980	63,150	63,200	2,109	66,150	66,200	2,239	69,150	69,200	2,369	72,150	72,200	2,499
60,200	60,250	1,982	63,200	63,250	2,112	66,200	66,250	2,241	69,200	69,250	2,371	72,200	72,250	2,501
60,250	60,300	1,984	63,250	63,300	2,114	66,250	66,300	2,244	69,250	69,300	2,373	72,250	72,300	2,503
60,300	60,350	1,986	63,300	63,350	2,116	66,300	66,350	2,246	69,300	69,350	2,376	72,300	72,350	2,505
60,350	60,400	1,988	63,350	63,400	2,118	66,350	66,400	2,248	69,350	69,400	2,378	72,350	72,400	2,508
60,400	60,450	1,990	63,400	63,450	2,120	66,400	66,450	2,250	69,400	69,450	2,380	72,400	72,450	2,510
60,450	60,500	1,993	63,450	63,500	2,122	66,450	66,500	2,252	69,450	69,500	2,382	72,450	72,500	2,512
60,500	60,550	1,995	63,500	63,550	2,125	66,500	66,550	2,254	69,500	69,550	2,384	72,500	72,550	2,512
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60,550	60,600	1,997	63,550	63,600	2,127	66,550	66,600	2,257	69,550	69,600	2,386	72,550	72,600	2,516
60,600	60,650	1,999	63,600	63,650	2,129	66,600	66,650	2,259	69,600	69,650	2,389	72,600	72,650	2,518
60,650	60,700	2,001	63,650	63,700	2,131	66,650	66,700	2,261	69,650	69,700	2,391	72,650	72,700	2,520
60,700	60,750	2,003	63,700	63,750	2,133	66,700	66,750	2,263	69,700	69,750	2,393	72,700	72,750	2,523
60,750	60,800	2,006	63,750	63,800	2,135	66,750	66,800	2,265	69,750	69,800	2,395	72,750	72,800	2,525
60,800	60,850	2,008	63,800	63,850	2,138	66,800	66,850	2,267	69,800	69,850	2,397	72,800	72,850	2,527
60,850	60,900	2,010	63,850	63,900	2,140	66,850	66,900	2,270	69,850	69,900	2,399	72,850	72,900	2,529
60,900	60,950	2,012	63,900	63,950	2,142	66,900	66,950	2,272	69,900	69,950	2,401	72,900	72,950	2,531
60,950	61,000	2,014	63,950	64,000	2,144	66,950	67,000		69,950	70,000	2,404	72,950	73,000	2,533
,		2,014	00,900	04,000	۷, ۱44			2,274	08,800	10,000	2,404		•	۷,۰۰۰
	\$61,000			\$64,000		•	67,000		•	570,000			\$73,000	
\$61,000	\$61,050	\$2,016	\$64,000	\$64,050	\$2,146	\$67,000	\$67,050	\$2,276	\$70,000	\$70,050	\$2,406	\$73,000	\$73,050	\$2,536
61,050	61,100	2,019	64,050	64,100	2,148	67,050	67,100	2,278	70,050	70,100	2,408	73,050	73,100	2,538
61,100	61,150	2,021	64,100	64,150	2,151	67,100	67,150	2,280	70,100	70,150	2,410	73,100	73,150	2,540
61,150	61,200	2,023	64,150	64,200	2,153	67,150	67,200	2,282	70,150	70,200	2,412	73,150	73,200	2,542
61,200	61,250	2,025	64,200	64,250	2,155	67,200	67,250	2,285	70,200	70,250	2,414	73,200	73,250	2,544
61,250	61,300	2,027	64,250	64,300	2,157	67,250	67,300	2,287	70,250	70,300	2,417	73,250	73,300	2,546
61,300	61,350	2,029	64,300	64,350	2,159	67,300	67,350	2,289	70,300	70,350	2,419	73,300	73,350	2,549
61,350	61,400	2,032	64,350	64,400	2,161	67,350	67,400	2,291	70,350	70,400	2,421	73,350	73,400	2,551
61,400	61,450	2,034	64,400	64,450	2,164	67,400	67,450	2,293	70,400	70,450	2,423	73,400	73,450	2,553
61,450	61,500	2,036	64,450	64,500	2,166	67,450	67,500	2,295	70,450	70,500	2,425	73,450	73,500	2,555
61,500	61,550	2,038	64,500	64,550	2,168	67,500	67,550	2,298	70,430	70,550	2,427	73,500	73,550	2,557
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61,550	61,600	2,040	64,550	64,600	2,170	67,550	67,600	2,300	70,550	70,600	2,430	73,550	73,600	2,559
61,600	61,650	2,042	64,600	64,650	2,172	67,600	67,650	2,302	70,600	70,650	2,432	73,600	73,650	2,562
61,650	61,700	2,045	64,650	64,700	2,174	67,650	67,700	2,304	70,650	70,700	2,434	73,650	73,700	2,564
61,700	61,750	2,047	64,700	64,750	2,176	67,700	67,750	2,306	70,700	70,750	2,436	73,700	73,750	2,566
61,750	61,800	2,049	64,750	64,800	2,179	67,750	67,800	2,308	70,750	70,800	2,438	73,750	73,800	2,568
61,800	61,850	2,051	64,800	64,850	2,181	67,800	67,850	2,311	70,800	70,850	2,440	73,800	73,850	2,570
61,850	61,900	2,053	64,850	64,900	2,183	67,850	67,900	2,313	70,850	70,900	2,443	73,850	73,900	2,572
61,900	61,950	2,055	64,900	64,950	2,185	67,900	67,950	2,315	70,900	70,950	2,445	73,900	73,950	2,575
61,950	62,000	2,057	64,950	65,000	2,187	67,950			70,950	71,000		73,950	74,000	2,577
	•	2,037			2,107		68,000	2,317			2,447			2,311
	\$62,000			\$65,000		•	\$68,000		•	71,000			\$74,000	
\$62,000	\$62,050	\$2,060	\$65,000	\$65,050	\$2,189	\$68,000	\$68,050	\$2,319	\$71,000	\$71,050	\$2,449	\$74,000	\$74,050	\$2,579
62,050	62,100	2,062	65,050	65,100	2,192	68,050	68,100	2,321	71,050	71,100	2,451	74,050	74,100	2,581
62,100	62,150	2,064	65,100	65,150	2,194	68,100	68,150	2,324	71,100	71,150	2,453	74,100	74,150	2,583
62,150	62,200	2,066	65,150	65,200	2,196	68,150	68,200	2,326	71,150	71,200	2,456	74,150	74,200	2,585
62,200	62,250	2,068	65,200	65,250	2,198	68,200	68,250	2,328	71,200	71,250	2,458	74,200	74,250	2,588
62,250	62,300	2,070	65,250	65,300	2,200	68,250	68,300	2,330	71,250	71,300	2,460	74,250	74,300	2,590
62,300	62,350	2,073	65,300	65,350	2,202	68,300	68,350	2,332	71,300	71,350	2,462	74,300	74,350	2,592
62,350	62,400	2,075	65,350	65,400	2,205	68,350	68,400	2,334	71,350	71,400	2,464	74,350	74,400	2,594
62,400	62,450	2,077	65,400	65,450	2,207	68,400	68,450	2,337	71,400	71,450	2,466	74,400	74,450	2,596
62,450	62,500	2,079	65,450	65,500	2,209	68,450	68,500	2,339	71,450	71,500	2,469	74,450	74,500	2,598
62,500	62,550	2,079	65,500	65,550	2,211	68,500	68,550	2,339	71,430	71,550	2,409	74,430	74,550	2,601
62,550	62,600	2,083	65,550	65,600	2,213	68,550	68,600	2,343	71,550	71,600	2,473	74,550	74,600	2,603
62,600	62,650	2,086	65,600	65,650	2,215	68,600	68,650	2,345	71,600	71,650	2,475	74,600	74,650	2,605
62,650	62,700	2,088	65,650	65,700	2,218	68,650	68,700	2,347	71,650	71,700	2,477	74,650	74,700	2,607
62,700	62,750	2,090	65,700	65,750	2,220	68,700	68,750	2,350	71,700	71,750	2,479	74,700	74,750	2,609
62,750	62,800	2,092	65,750	65,800	2,222	68,750	68,800	2,352	71,750	71,800	2,482	74,750	74,800	2,611
62,800	62,850	2,094	65,800	65,850	2,224	68,800	68,850	2,354	71,800	71,850	2,484	74,800	74,850	2,614
62,850	62,900	2,096	65,850	65,900	2,226	68,850	68,900	2,356	71,850	71,900	2,486	74,850	74,900	2,616
62,900	62,950	2,099	65,900	65,950	2,228	68,900	68,950	2,358	71,900	71,950	2,488	74,900	74,950	2,618
62,950	63,000	2,101	65,950	66,000	2,231	68,950	69,000	2,360	71,950	72,000	2,490	74,950	75,000	2,620
52,550	55,500	<u>-, 101</u>	50,550	55,500	-,-01	50,550	55,500	2,000	, 1,550	, 2,000	۷,−50	1 4,000	. 0,000	-,020

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If your line	e 5 amount Less than:	IS: Ohio tax:	If your lin At least:	e 5 amount Less than:	Ohio tax:	If your line At least:	e 5 amount Less than:	IS: Ohio tax:	If your lin	e 5 amount Less than:	t IS: Ohio tax:	If your lin At least:	e 5 amount Less than:	Ohio tax:
	\$75,000	Jillo tax.		\$78,000	Jino tax.		81,000	onio tax.		84,000	Jino tax.		\$87,000	Jino tax.
\$75,000	\$75,050	\$2,622	\$78,000	\$78,050	\$2,752	\$81,000	\$81,050	\$2,884	\$84,000	\$84,050	\$3,032	\$87,000	\$87,050	\$3,180
75,050	75,100	2,624	78,050	78,100	2,754	81,050	81,100	2,886	84,050	84,100	3,035	87,050	87,100	3,183
75,100	75,150	2,626	78,100	78,150	2,756	81,100	81,150	2,889	84,100	84,150	3,037	87,100	87,150	3,185
75,150	75,200	2,629	78,150	78,200	2,758	81,150	81,200	2,891	84,150	84,200	3,040	87,150	87,200	3,188
75,200	75,250	2,631	78,200	78,250	2,761	81,200	81,250	2,894	84,200 84,250	84,250 84,300	3,042 3,045	87,200	87,250	3,190
75,250 75,300	75,300 75,350	2,633 2,635	78,250 78,300	78,300 78,350	2,763 2,765	81,250 81,300	81,300 81,350	2,896 2,899	84,300	84,350	3,043	87,250 87,300	87,300 87,350	3,193 3,195
75,350	75,400	2,637	78,350	78,400	2,767	81,350	81,400	2,901	84,350	84,400	3,049	87,350	87,400	3,198
75,400	75,450	2,639	78,400	78,450	2,769	81,400	81,450	2,904	84,400	84,450	3,052	87,400	87,450	3,200
75,450	75,500	2,642	78,450	78,500	2,771	81,450	81,500	2,906	84,450	84,500	3,054	87,450	87,500	3,203
75,500	75,550	2,644	78,500	78,550	2,774	81,500	81,550	2,909	84,500	84,550	3,057	87,500	87,550	3,205
75,550	75,600	2,646	78,550	78,600	2,776	81,550	81,600	2,911	84,550	84,600	3,059	87,550	87,600 87,650	3,208
75,600 75,650	75,650 75,700	2,648 2,650	78,600 78,650	78,650 78,700	2,778 2,780	81,600 81,650	81,650 81,700	2,913 2,916	84,600 84,650	84,650 84,700	3,062 3,064	87,600 87,650	87,650 87,700	3,210 3,213
75,700	75,750	2,652	78,700	78,750	2,782	81,700	81,750	2,918	84,700	84,750	3,067	87,700	87,750	3,215
75,750	75,800	2,655	78,750	78,800	2,784	81,750	81,800	2,921	84,750	84,800	3,069	87,750	87,800	3,218
75,800	75,850	2,657	78,800	78,850	2,787	81,800	81,850	2,923	84,800	84,850	3,072	87,800	87,850	3,220
75,850	75,900	2,659	78,850	78,900	2,789	81,850	81,900	2,926	84,850	84,900	3,074	87,850	87,900	3,223
75,900	75,950	2,661	78,900	78,950	2,791	81,900	81,950	2,928	84,900	84,950	3,077	87,900	87,950	3,225
75,950	76,000	2,663	78,950	79,000	2,793	81,950	82,000	2,931	84,950	85,000	3,079	87,950	88,000	3,227
\$	\$76,000		;	\$79,000		•	82,000		,	85,000		;	\$88,000	
\$76,000	\$76,050	\$2,665	\$79,000	\$79,050	\$2,795	\$82,000	\$82,050	\$2,933	\$85,000	\$85,050	\$3,082	\$88,000	\$88,050	\$3,230
76,050	76,100	2,668	79,050	79,100	2,797	82,050	82,100	2,936	85,050	85,100	3,084	88,050	88,100	3,232
76,100	76,150	2,670	79,100	79,150	2,800	82,100	82,150	2,938	85,100	85,150	3,087	88,100	88,150	3,235
76,150 76,200	76,200 76,250	2,672 2,674	79,150 79,200	79,200 79,250	2,802 2,804	82,150 82,200	82,200 82,250	2,941 2,943	85,150 85,200	85,200 85,250	3,089 3,091	88,150 88,200	88,200 88,250	3,237 3,240
76,250	76,300	2,676	79,250	79,300	2,804	82,250	82,300	2,946	85,250	85,300	3,094	88,250	88,300	3,242
76,300	76,350	2,678	79,300	79,350	2,808	82,300	82,350	2,948	85,300	85,350	3,096	88,300	88,350	3,245
76,350	76,400	2,681	79,350	79,400	2,810	82,350	82,400	2,951	85,350	85,400	3,099	88,350	88,400	3,247
76,400	76,450	2,683	79,400	79,450	2,813	82,400	82,450	2,953	85,400	85,450	3,101	88,400	88,450	3,250
76,450	76,500	2,685	79,450	79,500	2,815	82,450	82,500	2,955	85,450	85,500	3,104	88,450	88,500	3,252
76,500 76,550	76,550 76,600	2,687 2,689	79,500 79,550	79,550 79,600	2,817 2,819	82,500 82,550	82,550 82,600	2,958 2,960	85,500 85,550	85,550 85,600	3,106 3,109	88,500 88,550	88,550 88,600	3,255 3,257
76,600	76,650	2,691	79,600	79,650	2,821	82,600	82,650	2,963	85,600	85,650	3,111	88,600	88,650	3,260
76,650	76,700	2,694	79,650	79,700	2,823	82,650	82,700	2,965	85,650	85,700	3,114	88,650	88,700	3,262
76,700	76,750	2,696	79,700	79,750	2,826	82,700	82,750	2,968	85,700	85,750	3,116	88,700	88,750	3,265
76,750	76,800	2,698	79,750	79,800	2,828	82,750	82,800	2,970	85,750	85,800	3,119	88,750	88,800	3,267
76,800	76,850	2,700	79,800	79,850	2,830	82,800	82,850	2,973	85,800	85,850	3,121	88,800	88,850	3,270
76,850 76,900	76,900 76,950	2,702 2,704	79,850 79,900	79,900 79,950	2,832 2,834	82,850 82,900	82,900 82,950	2,975 2,978	85,850 85,900	85,900 85,950	3,124 3,126	88,850 88,900	88,900 88,950	3,272 3,274
76,950	77,000	2,704	79,900	80,000	2,836	82,950	83,000	2,980	85,950	86,000	3,129	88,950	89,000	3,274
	\$77,000	2,. 0.			2,000			2,000			-,			0,2
	· ·	<b>40.700</b>		\$80,000	<b>#</b> 0.000		83,000	<b>#0.000</b>		86,000	<b>CO 404</b>		\$ <b>89,000</b> \$89,050	¢2.270
\$77,000 77,050	\$77,050 77,100	\$2,709 2,711	\$80,000 80,050	\$80,050 80,100	\$2,839 2,841	\$83,000 83,050	\$83,050 83,100	\$2,983	\$86,000 86,050	\$86,050 86,100	\$3,131 3,134	\$89,000 89,050	89,100	\$3,279 3,282
77,100	77,100	2,711	80,100	80,150	2,843	83,100	83,150	2,985 2,988	86,100	86,150	3,134	89,100	89,150	3,284
77,150	77,200	2,715	80,150	80,200	2,845	83,150	83,200	2,990	86,150	86,200	3,138	89,150	89,200	3,287
77,200	77,250	2,717	80,200	80,250	2,847	83,200	83,250	2,993	86,200	86,250	3,141	89,200	89,250	3,289
77,250	77,300	2,720	80,250	80,300	2,849	83,250	83,300	2,995	86,250	86,300	3,143	89,250	89,300	3,292
77,300	77,350	2,722	80,300	80,350	2,851	83,300	83,350	2,998	86,300	86,350	3,146	89,300	89,350	3,294
77,350	77,400	2,724	80,350	80,400	2,854	83,350	83,400	3,000	86,350	86,400	3,148	89,350 89,400	89,400 89,450	3,297 3,299
77,400 77,450	77,450 77,500	2,726 2,728	80,400 80,450	80,450 80,500	2,856 2,858	83,400 83,450	83,450 83,500	3,002 3,005	86,400 86,450	86,450 86,500	3,151 3,153	89,450	89,500	3,302
77,500	77,550	2,730	80,500	80,550	2,860	83,500	83,550	3,003	86,500	86,550	3,156	89,500	89,550	3,304
77,550	77,600	2,733	80,550	80,600	2,862	83,550	83,600	3,010	86,550	86,600	3,158	89,550	89,600	3,307
77,600	77,650	2,735	80,600	80,650	2,864	83,600	83,650	3,012	86,600	86,650	3,161	89,600	89,650	3,309
77,650	77,700	2,737	80,650	80,700	2,867	83,650	83,700	3,015	86,650	86,700	3,163	89,650	89,700	3,312
77,700	77,750	2,739	80,700	80,750	2,869	83,700	83,750	3,017	86,700 86,750	86,750	3,166	89,700 89,750	89,750 89,800	3,314 3,316
77,750 77,800	77,800 77,850	2,741 2,743	80,750 80,800	80,800 80,850	2,871 2,874	83,750 83,800	83,800 83,850	3,020 3,022	86,800	86,800 86,850	3,168 3,171	89,800	89,850	3,319
77,850	77,900	2,745	80,850	80,900	2,876	83,850	83,900	3,022	86,850	86,900	3,173	89,850	89,900	3,321
77,900	77,950	2,748	80,900	80,950	2,879	83,900	83,950	3,027	86,900	86,950	3,176	89,900	89,950	3,324
77,950	78,000	2,750	80,950	81,000	2,881	83,950	84,000	3,030	86,950	87,000	3,178	89,950	90,000	3,326

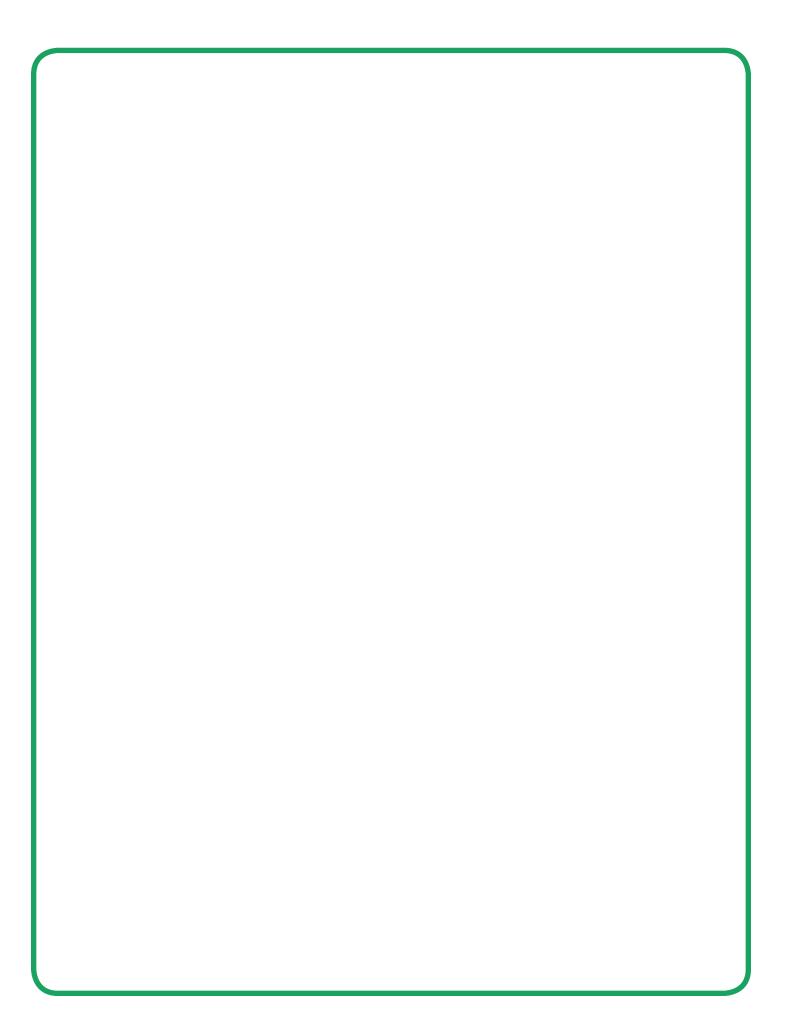
If your lin	ie 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	is:	If your lin	ie 5 amount	is:	If your lin	ie 5 amount	is:	If your lin	e 5 amount	t is:
At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:	At least:	Less than:	Ohio tax:
:	\$90,000		;	\$92,000			\$94,000			\$96,000		;	\$98,000	
\$90,000	\$90,050	\$3,329	\$92,000	\$92,050	\$3,428	\$94,000	\$94,050	\$3,527	\$96,000	\$96,050	\$3,626	\$98,000	\$98,050	\$3,724
90,050	90,100	3,331	92,050	92,100	3,430	94,050	94,100	3,529	96,050	96,100	3,628	98,050	98,100	3,727
90,100	90,150	3,334	92,100	92,150	3,433	94,100	94,150	3,532	96,100	96,150	3,630	98,100	98,150	3,729
90,150	90,200	3,336	92,150	92,200	3,435	94,150	94,200	3,534	96,150	96,200	3,633	98,150	98,200	3,732
90,200	90,250	3,339	92,200	92,250	3,438	94,200	94,250	3,537	96,200	96,250	3,635	98,200	98,250	3,734
90,250	90,300	3,341	92,250	92,300	3,440	94,250	94,300	3,539	96,250	96,300	3,638	98,250	98,300	3,737
90,300	90,350	3,344	92,300	92,350	3,443	94,300	94,350	3,541	96,300	96,350	3,640	98,300	98,350	3,739
90,350	90,400	3,346	92,350	92,400	3,445	94,350	94,400	3,544	96,350	96,400	3,643	98,350	98,400	3,742
90,400	90,450	3,349	92,400	92,450	3,448	94,400	94,450	3,546	96,400	96,450	3,645	98,400	98,450	3,744
90,450	90,500	3,351	92,450	92,500	3,450	94,450	94,500	3,549	96,450	96,500	3,648	98,450	98,500	3,747
90,500	90,550	3,354	92,500	92,550	3,452	94,500	94,550	3,551	96,500	96,550	3,650	98,500	98,550	3,749
90,550	90,600	3,356	92,550	92,600	3,455	94,550	94,600	3,554	96,550	96,600	3,653	98,550	98,600	3,752
90,600	90,650	3,359	92,600	92,650	3,457	94,600	94,650	3,556	96,600	96,650	3,655	98,600	98,650	3,754
90,650	90,700	3,361	92,650	92,700	3,460	94,650	94,700	3,559	96,650	96,700	3,658	98,650	98,700	3,757
90,700	90,750	3,363	92.700	92,750	3,462	94,700	94.750	3,561	96,700	96,750	3,660	98,700	98,750	3,759
90,750	90,800	3,366	92,750	92,800	3,465	94,750	94,800	3,564	96,750	96,800	3,663	98,750	98,800	3,762
90,800	90,850	3,368	92,800	92,850	3,467	94,800	94,850	3,566	96,800	96,850	3,665	98,800	98,850	3,764
90,850	90,900	3,371	92,850	92,900	3,470	94,850	94,900	3,569	96,850	96,900	3,668	98,850	98,900	3,766
90,900	90,950	3,373	92,900	92,950	3,472	94,900	94,950	3,571	96,900	96,950	3,670	98,900	98,950	3,769
90,950	91,000	3,376	92,950	93,000	3,475	94,950	95,000	3,574	96,950	97,000	3,673	98,950	99,000	3,771
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	\$91,000	<b>.</b>		\$93,000	•		\$95,000			\$97,000			\$99,000	
\$91,000	\$91,050	\$3,378	\$93,000	\$93,050	\$3,477	\$95,000	\$95,050	\$3,576	\$97,000	\$97,050	\$3,675	\$99,000	\$99,050	\$3,774
91,050	91,100	3,381	93,050	93,100	3,480	95,050	95,100	3,579	97,050	97,100	3,677	99,050	99,100	3,776
91,100	91,150	3,383	93,100	93,150	3,482	95,100	95,150	3,581	97,100	97,150	3,680	99,100	99,150	3,779
91,150	91,200	3,386	93,150	93,200	3,485	95,150	95,200	3,584	97,150	97,200	3,682	99,150	99,200	3,781
91,200	91,250	3,388	93,200	93,250	3,487	95,200	95,250	3,586	97,200	97,250	3,685	99,200	99,250	3,784
91,250	91,300	3,391	93,250	93,300	3,490	95,250	95,300	3,588	97,250	97,300	3,687	99,250	99,300	3,786
91,300	91,350	3,393	93,300	93,350	3,492	95,300	95,350	3,591	97,300	97,350	3,690	99,300	99,350	3,789
91,350	91,400	3,396	93,350	93,400	3,494	95,350	95,400	3,593	97,350	97,400	3,692	99,350	99,400	3,791
91,400	91,450	3,398	93,400	93,450	3,497	95,400	95,450	3,596	97,400	97,450	3,695	99,400	99,450	3,794
91,450	91,500	3,401	93,450	93,500	3,499	95,450	95,500	3,598	97,450	97,500	3,697	99,450	99,500	3,796
91,500	91,550	3,403	93,500	93,550	3,502	95,500	95,550	3,601	97,500	97,550	3,700	99,500	99,550	3,799
91,550	91,600	3,405	93,550	93,600	3,504	95,550	95,600	3,603	97,550	97,600	3,702	99,550	99,600	3,801
91,600	91,650	3,408	93,600	93,650	3,507	95,600	95,650	3,606	97,600	97,650	3,705	99,600	99,650	3,804
91,650	91,700	3,410	93,650	93,700	3,509	95,650	95,700	3,608	97,650	97,700	3,707	99,650	99,700	3,806
91,700	91,750	3,413	93,700	93,750	3,512	95,700	95,750	3,611	97,700	97,750	3,710	99,700	99,750	3,809
91,750	91,800	3,415	93,750	93,800	3,514	95,750	95,800	3,613	97,750	97,800	3,712	99,750	99,800	3,811
91,800	91,850	3,418	93,800	93,850	3,517	95,800	95,850	3,616	97,800	97,850	3,715	99,800	99,850	3,813
91,850	91,900	3,420	93,850	93,900	3,519	95,850	95,900	3,618	97,850	97,900	3,717	99,850	99,900	3,816
91,900	91,950	3,423	93,900	93,950	3,522	95,900	95,950	3,621	97,900	97,950	3,719	99,900	99,950	3,818
91,950	92,000	3,425	93,950	94,000	3,524	95,950	96,000	3,623	97,950	98,000	3,722	99,950	100,000	3,821
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### 2010 Income Tax Table 2 for Ohio Forms IT 1040EZ and IT 1040

The income tax tables reflect a 0.9% reduction compared to taxable year 2009.

Taxpayers with Ohio taxable income of \$100,000 or more must use this table. You must round your tax to the nearest dollar.

		le Income Z or line 5 on form IT 1040)	<b>2010 Ohio Tax</b> (enter on line 6 on form IT 1040EZ or line 6 on form IT 1040)								
0	_	\$ 5,050			0.618%	of Ohio taxable income					
\$ 5,050	_	\$ 10,100	\$ 31.21	plus	1.236%	of the amount in excess of \$ 5,050					
\$ 10,100	_	\$ 15,150	\$ 93.63	plus	2.473%	of the amount in excess of \$ 10,100					
\$ 15,150	-	\$ 20,200	\$ 218.52	plus	3.091%	of the amount in excess of \$ 15,150					
\$ 20,200	_	\$ 40,350	\$ 374.62	plus	3.708%	of the amount in excess of \$ 20,200					
\$ 40,350	_	\$ 80,700	\$ 1,121.78	plus	4.327%	of the amount in excess of \$ 40,350					
\$ 80,700	_	\$100,900	\$ 2,867.72	plus	4.945%	of the amount in excess of \$80,700					
\$100,900	_	\$201,800	\$ 3,866.61	plus	5.741%	of the amount in excess of \$100,900					
more than	_	\$201,800	\$ 9,659.28	plus	6.240%	of the amount in excess of \$201,800					



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