

2019 New Mexico Personal Income Tax (PIT) Form Packet

P.O. Box 25122, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-5122

NOTE: ELECTRONIC FILERS

For the 2019 tax year: **BOTH FILE** <u>AND</u> **PAY** your New Mexico Personal Income Tax on the Internet to **EXTEND YOUR DUE DATE** to April 30, 2020.

Taxpayers who do not both file and pay electronically MUST FILE BY APRIL 15, 2020.

How To Check the Status of Your Refund

The status of a refund is available at New Mexico's Taxpayer Access Point (TAP) website at <u>https://tap.state.nm.us</u>. Under **PERSONAL INCOME**, click **Where's My Refund**? Then enter your ID Type (Social Security Number or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number), ID number, and refund amount. You are not required to register to use this service.

When To Call About Your Refund

Before calling about your refund, please allow time for the Department to process your refund claim. Generally, electronically filed returns claiming a refund are processed in 6 to 8 weeks. A paper return claiming a refund takes 8 to 12 weeks to process. If sufficient time has passed for your return to be processed, access TAP for additional information or contact us at **1(866) 285-2996**. You may also contact your local district office, see below for details.

What You Need

When you call or visit us on the web, make sure to have a copy of your tax return and related information.

Local Taxation and Revenue Department Offices: Local tax offices can provide full service and information about New Mexico's taxes, programs and forms and specific information about your filing situation. If you have questions or require additional information, you may contact your local Taxation and Revenue Department Office.

ALBUQUERQUE:

Taxation & Revenue Department Bank of the West Building 5301 Central Ave., NE P.O. Box 8485 Albuquerque, NM 87198-8485

FARMINGTON:

Taxation & Revenue Department 3501 E. Main Street, Suite N P.O. Box 479 Farmington, NM 87499-0479

LAS CRUCES:

Taxation & Revenue Department 2540 S. El Paseo, Building #2 P.O. Box 607 Las Cruces, NM 88004-0607

ROSWELL:

Taxation & Revenue Department 400 North Pennsylvania, Suite 200 P.O. Box 1557 Roswell, NM 88202-1557

SANTA FE:

Taxation & Revenue Department 1200 South St. Francis Drive P.O. Box 5374 Santa Fe, NM 87502-5374

Legislative Changes

- Working Families Tax Credit increase. Beginning on January 1, 2019, the working families tax credit increases from 10 to 17 percent of the federal earned income tax credit amount. (2019 Legislative Session, House Bill 6)
- Deduction for Certain Dependents. For tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, and as long as the exemption amount pursuant to Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code is zero (0), a taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and files a return as a head of household or married filing jointly may claim a deduction from net income in an amount of \$4000 for certain dependents. (2019 Legislative Session, House Bill 6)
- Net Capital Gains Deduction. Beginning on January 1, 2019, the current 50% personal income tax deduction for capital gains is reduced to 40%.
- Personal Income Tax Bracket. A new top personal income tax bracket at a rate of 5.9% will go into effect if fiscal year 2020 recurring general fund revenue is not 5% or more above fiscal year 2019 recurring general fund revenue. (2019 Legislative Session, House Bill 6)

For a complete list of tax law changes enacted during 2019, see Publication B-100.32, *Legislative Summary 2019*.

Forms, instructions, publications, general information and brochures are available on the Department's Internet home page. Visit <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>, click on FORMS & PUBLICATIONS.

NEW MEXICO GROSS RECEIPTS TAX

IF YOU ARE SELF-EMPLOYED, RUN A BUSINESS OUT OF YOUR HOME, OR WORK FOR SOMEONE ELSE BUT DO NOT HAVE WAGE TAXES WITHHELD, you may be required to register with the Department for gross receipts tax. Businesses that sell or lease goods and other tangible property or perform services in New Mexico may be subject to New Mexico gross receipts tax. All businesses having a gross receipts tax reporting obligation must register with the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department to obtain a tax identification number, tax reporting forms and instructions. For more information please contact your local Taxation and Revenue Office.

Privacy Notification

The New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department requires taxpayers to furnish social security numbers as a means of taxpayer identification. All information supplied electronically by taxpayers is protected using encryption and fire walls. Taxpayer information on returns is protected in accordance with the confidentiality provisions of the Tax Administration Act (Section 7-1-8 NMSA 1978).

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-1 NEW MEXICO PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN CONTACTING THE DEPARTMENT

How To Check the Status of Your Refund

The status of a refund is available at the New Mexico's Taxpayer Access Point (TAP) website at <u>https://tap.</u> <u>state.nm.us</u>. Under **PERSONAL IN-COME**, click **Where's My Refund?** Then enter your ID Type (Social Security Number or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number), ID Number, and refund amount. You are not required to register with TAP in order to use this service.

When to Call

If you don't see the status of your refund using these methods, refer to the processing times below and try again later.

These times determine when you should be able to view the status of your refund.

- For electronically filed returns, please wait 6 to 8 weeks before calling the Department. Electronically filed returns are generally processed within this time frame.
- For paper returns or applications for a tax refund, please wait 12 weeks before calling the Department. Paper filed returns and applications for a tax refund are generally processed within 8 to 12 weeks.

Note: The New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department has substantially increased their enforcement efforts to combat IDENTITY THEFT and REFUND FRAUD. This enhanced review process could increase the time it takes to process your tax refund, and additional documentation may be required from you to verify your refund claim. Thank you for your patience and cooperation with our efforts to protect your identities and your tax dollars.

Phone Contact

If sufficient time has passed for your return to be processed, access TAP for additional information or contact us at (866) 285-2996. You may also contact your local district office. See front cover of this form packet.

What You Need

When you call or visit us on the web, make sure to have a copy of your tax return and related information.

Mailing Address

If you want to write us about your return, please address your letter to:

Personal Income Tax Correspondence Taxation and Revenue Department P. O. Box 25122 Santa Fe, NM 87504-5122

If you write us for information or to order forms after April 1, do not expect to receive the forms or a response before the due date of the PIT-1.

Email Contacts

The Taxation and Revenue Department provides several email contacts for you.

To send an email on a specific tax topic directly to the Department's specialists for that topic, go to <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top right of the page, click **CONTACT US**.

Email questions about your in-progress PIT return, the instructions, a return you already submitted, or your refund to <u>TRD-TaxReturnHelp@state.nm.us</u>.

For general questions about New Mexico taxes, send email to policy.office@state.nm.us.

Forms and Instructions

You can find personal income tax (PIT) forms and instructions on our website at <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top of the page, click **FORMS & PUB-LICATIONS**.

Online Services

The TAP website at <u>https://tap.state.</u> <u>nm.us</u> is a secure online resource that lets you electronically file your return for free:

- See information about your return, payment, and refund
- · Pay existing tax liabilities online
- · Check the status of a refund

- Change your contact information
- · Register a business

Other Places That Offer Help

Help preparing your tax return may be available from:

- Tax Help New Mexico. A free service for people whose household income is \$53,000 or less or thosewho are 65 years or older.
- American Association of Retired Persons (AARP).
- Some senior citizens' centers. Contact the center for dates and times.
- Some social service agencies. They either provide help or direct you to other free or low-cost tax preparation assistance programs.
- Software preparation services or a tax preparer.

For more information about tax help for senior citizens and low-income filers, please visit <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top of the page, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS**, select **Brochures** from the **Publications** folder.

- For the senior citizen brochure, click **Brochure #1**.
- For the low-income brochure, click **Brochure #2.**

WHO MUST FILE A PIT-1 RETURN

New Mexico's law says every person who meets **both** the following conditions must file a PIT-1:

- Every person who is a New Mexico resident or has income from New Mexico sources.
- Every person who is required to file a federal income tax return.

This section covers the following:

- New Mexico Residents;
- Non-Residents;
- Military Servicemembers;
- General Information About Military Servicemembers' Spouses;
- Non-resident Military Spouse Who Lives in New Mexico;
- Resident Military Spouse Who Lives in Another State; and
- Members of Indian Nations, Tribes, or Pueblos.

New Mexico Residents

If you are a New Mexico resident, you must file a New Mexico return if you meet **any** of the following conditions:

- You are required to file a federal return.
- You want to claim a refund of any New Mexico state income tax withheld from your pay.
- You want to claim any New Mexico rebates or credits.

Non-Residents

If you are a non-resident, including a foreign national or a person who resides in a state without income taxes, you must file in New Mexico when **both** the following are true:

- You are required to file a federal return.
- You have income from any New Mexico source whatsoever.

Military Servicemembers

If you are a member of the United States Armed Forces, your income may be taxable to New Mexico and you must file a resident return if **both** the following are true:

- You were domiciled in New Mexico at the time of enlistment.
- You have not changed your domicile for purposes of withholding state income tax from military pay.

NOTE: Military servicemembers may claim a deduction for military active duty pay included in federal adjusted gross income.

If your permanent home (domicile) was in New Mexico when you entered the military, and you kept New Mexico as your domicile for state withholding tax purposes, even if you are presently serving outside New Mexico, you must file a New Mexico resident return.

If your permanent home (domicile) was in New Mexico when you entered the military, but you have established domicile in another state and changed your legal residence for withholding state income tax, your military pay is not subject to New Mexico income tax.

If you are an enrolled member of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo, your military pay is exempt when your home of record is on the lands of that Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo and the legal residence for state withholding tax purposes has not been changed.

If you are a non-resident, a USPHS servicemember, and you earned income in New Mexico for USPHS active duty, your pay is exempt from New Mexico taxes.

General Information About Military Servicemembers' Spouses

Beginning with tax year 2018, the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act allows a military servicemember's spouse who moves to a state solely to be with their spouse who is there because of military orders, to keep their out-of-state residency status and domicile.

They may source their non-military wages, salaries, tips and other income from services performed to their chosen state of domicile instead of the state where the income is earned. For tax purposes, this can be either the domicile state that the servicemember claims or the state in which the servicemember's spouse has established domicile.

The following restrictions apply to servicemembers and their spouses:

- Servicemembers must have declared domicile in the other state.
- Servicemembers must be in the state in compliance with military orders.
- Servicemembers' spouses must be in the state solely to be with their spouses.

NOTE: Non-resident servicemembers must continue to allocate non-military income from services performed to the state where the income was earned.

Non-Resident Military Spouse Who Lives in New Mexico

If you are a non-resident of New Mexico who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse living in New Mexico, complete a New Mexico PIT-1 as a nonresident taxpayer and allocate on Schedule PIT-B income from services performed in New Mexico to your state of residence. See instructions for PIT-B.

A military servicemember's spouse eligible to claim an exempt New Mexico withholding status, based on the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act, must annually submit Form RPD-41348, *Military Spouse Withholding Tax Exemption Statement*, to the employer or payor responsible for withholding New Mexico tax.

Keep a copy of RPD-41348, signed by the employer or payor, in your tax records. Your employer or payor must sign a new RPD-41348:

- Annually or
- When servicemember's situation changes.

Do not submit RPD-41348 with your PIT-1 unless the Department requests a copy.

Resident Military Spouse Who Lives in Another State

If you are a resident of New Mexico who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse living in another state, complete PIT-1 as a resident taxpayer and allocate wages, salaries, tips, and other income from services performed on Schedule PIT-B, as if from New Mexico sources. Do this even if the income was earned in another state. For more details, see Form-41348, *Guidance for New Mexico Resident Military Spouses Claiming Relief From Another State's Income and Withholding Tax Requirements.*

To access forms for resident and non-resident military spouses, go to <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov/forms-publications.aspx</u> and select the following items in this order:

- Income Taxes;
- Personal Income Tax (PIT) Current Year;
- Other PIT-Related Forms,
- RPD-41348 Guidance, or
- RPD-41348

If you are a part-year or first-year New Mexico resident who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse, allocate income from services performed in New Mexico to New Mexico during periods when you were a resident of New Mexico.

Members of Indian Nations, Tribes, or Pueblos

The income of Indians who worked or lived on lands outside the Indian nations, tribes, or pueblos of which they are members is subject to New Mexico personal income tax.

You do not need to file a New Mexico income tax return if **both** the following are true:

- You are an enrolled member of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo who lived on the lands of the Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo where you are member.
- Your entire income was earned from work on those lands.

If you are the spouse of an enrolled member who lives and works within the boundaries of the member's nation, tribe, or pueblo, your income is taxable unless you are also a member of a New Mexico federally recognized Indian nation, tribe, band or pueblo.

Lands include formal and informal reservations, dependent Indian communities, and Indian allotments, whether restricted or held in trust by the United States.

Military Pay. If you are an enrolled member of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo who is a servicemember, your military pay is exempt when **both** the following are true:

- Your home of record is on the lands of that Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo.
- Your legal residence for state withholding tax purposes has not been changed.

Retirement or Pension. If you are an enrolled member who lives within the boundaries of your nation, tribe, or pueblo, and your retirement or pension is the result of employment on your Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo, your retirement or pension income is exempt.

You may not exempt retirement or pension income from employment off the lands of the nation, tribe, or pueblo.

DEFINITIONS

This section gives you definitions of the following terms:

- Domicile;
- · Resident;
- First-Year Resident;
- · Part-Year Resident; and
- Non-Resident.

For most taxpayers, your resident status for income tax purposes depends on:

- Where you were domiciled during the tax year, and
- Whether you were physically present in New Mexico for a total of 185 days or more during the tax year.

Domicile

Your domicile is the place you intend as your permanent home. It is the **state** where your permanent home is located and where you intend to return whenever you are away (as on vacation, business assignment, educational leave, or military assignment). **IMPORTANT:** You can have only one domicile.

Your New Mexico domicile is not changed until you can show that you have abandoned it and established a new domicile outside New Mexico.

A change of domicile must be **clear and convincing**. Easily controlled factors are **not** the primary factors to consider when deciding where you are domiciled.

IMPORTANT: Domicile is established differently for military spouses. See page 2.

If you move to a new location but intend to stay there only for a limited time (no matter how long), your domicile does not change. If your domicile is New Mexico and you go to a foreign country for a business or work assignment, or for study, research, or any other purpose, your domicile does not change unless you show that you definitely do not intend to return to New Mexico.

Resident

For purposes of the Income Tax Act, you are a New Mexico resident if **ei-ther** of the following are true:

- Your domicile was in New Mexico for the entire year **or**;
- You were physically present in New Mexico for a total of 185 days or more during the tax year, regardless of your domicile.

NOTE: If you moved to New Mexico during 2019 with the intent of making New Mexico your permanent place of residence, see *Definition of First-Year Resident* on the next page.

Residents include persons temporarily residing in New Mexico who plan to return to their out-of-state residence and who are physically present in New Mexico for 185 days or more. Some examples are students, people vacationing in New Mexico, and those temporarily assigned to work in New Mexico.

To determine whether you were physically present in New Mexico for a total of 185 days, count each day you were here for 24 hours.

For example, you reside in Texas but work in New Mexico and you were physically present in New Mexico for 185 partial days during the tax year. Because you were not here for 24 hours on any day, you are not a resident for New Mexico income tax purposes. The 185 days do not have to be consecutive.

If you are a military servicemember temporarily assigned to New Mexico and you established legal residence for purposes of income tax withholding **outside** New Mexico, you are not a resident.

If you are a spouse who accompanies the military servicemember to New Mexico, no longer qualifies under the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act of 2018, and is physically present in New Mexico for 185 days or more, you must report as a resident of New Mexico.

First-Year Resident

You are a first-year resident if **both** the following are true:

- You moved to New Mexico during 2019 with the intent of making New Mexico your permanent place of residence.
- You are still in New Mexico on December 31, 2019.

You need not have been physically present in New Mexico for at least 185 days.

If you are a former New Mexico resident who returned to New Mexico and you were a non-resident for at least one full tax year, you may file as a first-year resident.

First-year residents who change domicile during the year are not residents of New Mexico for income tax purposes for periods when the taxpayer's domicile is outside New Mexico.

Part-Year Resident

You are a New Mexico part-year resident if you meet **all** of these conditions:

- You were a New Mexico resident for part of the year.
- You were not physically present in New Mexico for 185 days or more.
- On December 31, you were no longer domiciled in New Mexico and you had moved to another state, intending to maintain domicile status in that other state.

Part-year residents who change domicile during the year are not residents of New Mexico for income tax purposes for periods when the taxpayer's domicile is outside New Mexico.

For example, if you moved to New Mexico during the tax year, intending to make New Mexico your permanent place of residence, your income is taxed as non-resident for the period before your move to New Mexico. Additionally, if you were a New Mexico resident for fewer than 185 days during the tax year, and before December 31 you moved to another state, intending to maintain domicile status in that other state, your income is non-resident income for periods after your move.

Non-Resident

You are a New Mexico non-resident if you were not domiciled in New Mexico for any part of the tax year **and** you were not physically present in New Mexico for at least 185 days.

Military servicemembers and their qualifying spouses who are temporarily assigned to New Mexico, but who have established residence in another state, are non-residents.

NOTE: Except for certain military servicemembers, certain military spouses, and first-year residents, in the **Residency status** box 1e on PIT-1, page 1, mark **R** if you were physically present in New Mexico for more than 185 days during the tax year. For income tax purposes you are a resident.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

This section describes the following topics to consider when you prepare your PIT-1:

- Residents Domiciled in Another State;
- Refunds, Rebates, and Credits;
- Non-Residents and Royalty Income;
- Representatives of Deceased Taxpayers;
- Pass-Through Entities and S Corporations;
- · Estates and Trusts;
- Community Property and Division of Income;
- · Married Filing Separately; and
- Innocent or Injured Spouse Relief.

Residents Domiciled in Another State

If you are required to file a New Mexico PIT-1 as a New Mexico resident, but you are also required to file and pay tax to another state because your domicile is in another state, complete Schedule PIT-B to allocate and apportion your income to New Mexico. Then, you can claim a credit for taxes paid to another state on PIT-1, line 20, for income taxed by both states.

Refunds, Rebates, and Credits

Even if you are not required to file a PIT-1, and if New Mexico income tax was withheld from your pay, the Department recommends that you file for a refund.

You also may qualify for one or more rebates or credits offered by New Mexico. Attach Schedule PIT-RC if you are eligible to claim any of the following:

- Low income comprehensive tax rebate;
- Property tax rebate for persons 65 or older;
- Additional low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents; or
- New Mexico child day care credit.

To qualify for these rebates or credits, you must meet **all** these requirements:

• You were a resident of New Mexico during the tax year.

- You were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during the tax year.
- You were **not** eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for the tax year.
- You were **not** an inmate of a public institution for more than six months of the tax year.

Additional eligibility requirements apply to other refundable rebates and credits. If you are eligible to claim any of the following, you may also use Schedule PIT-RC:

- Refundable medical care credit for persons 65 or older; or
- Special needs adopted child tax credit.

For details about eligibility requirements, see the item in the PIT-RC instructions.

Non-Residents and Royalty Income

If you are a non-resident and you elect to calculate tax on **gross** royalty income under \$5,000, instead of filing a complete PIT-1 and PIT-B, in the box on PIT-1, line 18a, mark **Y**.

This lets the Department know you have gross royalty income under \$5,000 from New Mexico sources; you do not have any other income sourced to New Mexico; and you elected to calculate New Mexico income tax due based on the **gross** royalty income you received.

To complete the PIT-1 return using this election, do the following:

- Complete lines 1 to 8.
- Leave lines 9 to 16a blank.
- On line 17, enter your total **gross** royalty income from New Mexico sources.
- Using the instructions, complete lines 18, 22 and 23, and then lines 27 to 42.

When you calculate your tax based on gross royalty income, you cannot reduce your income by the standard deduction or exemption amounts, or with any credits.

Representatives of Deceased Taxpayers

If a taxpayer dies before filing a return for 2019, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may need to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

IMPORTANT: If the deceased taxpayer is not required to be entered on the federal or New Mexico return, do not enter the deceased taxpayer's name.

If a taxpayer did not need to file a federal return, but New Mexico income tax was withheld, the representative must file a New Mexico return to claim a refund. If a joint federal income tax return was filed for the deceased taxpayer and the surviving spouse, file a joint New Mexico return.

Dates. The filing date for the return of a deceased taxpayer is the same as if the taxpayer had lived the entire year.

The person who files the return for the deceased enters the month, day, and year of death on PIT-1, line 4c or 4d. A copy of the death certificate is required to be submitted with the PIT-1.

Refunds. If the refund check must be made payable to someone other than the surviving spouse or to the estate of the taxpayer, enter the claimant's name and social security number on lines 4a and 4b. If the return shows an overpayment, and you are a courtappointed or certified personal representative requiring the refund made payable to you, enter your name and social security number on lines 4a and 4b.

If requesting the refund to be made payable to a person other than the taxpayer or to the estate of the taxpayer, you must attach **both of** the following to the taxpayer's refund claim:

- Form RPD-41083, Affidavit to Obtain Refund of New Mexico Tax Due a Deceased Taxpayer; and
- A copy of the death certificate or other proof of death.

Pass-Through Entities and S-Corporations

Partnerships and other pass-through entities, including limited liability partnerships (LLPs) and limited liability investment companies (LLICs), are not subject to New Mexico income tax. However, individual members of the LLP or LLIC are subject to New Mexico income tax.

If the entity has any partner or owner who is a New Mexico resident, or if the entity has any income from New Mexico sources, it must provide to each partner or owner the information necessary to file a New Mexico income tax return.

Beginning January 1, 2011, withholding from owners and from members or partners (both of which are also considered owners) of a pass-through entity (PTE) is required. PTEs are required to withhold, from the owner's share of the PTE's allocable net income earned in the year, at the rate of 4.9%. The pass-through entity pays and reports the withholding on Form RPD-41367, *Annual Withholding of Net Income From a Pass-Through Entity Detail Report*.

Certain exceptions apply to the withholding requirement. PTE records must maintain documentation to establish the PTE had reasonable cause for not withholding. A complete list of exceptions is provided in the instructions for RPD-41367.

A PTE must file the annual PTE return, and an S corporation must file the S-Corp return. For details, see the instructions for those returns.

Estates and Trusts

Estates and trusts are subject to New Mexico personal income tax. The fiduciary for an estate or trust files FID-1, *Fiduciary Income Tax Return*.

Even if the estate or trust itself was not required to file a FID-1, each beneficiary of the estate or trust must include the beneficiary's share of the estate or trust income on the New Mexico PIT-1. For details, see the instructions for FID-1.

Community Property and Division of Income

New Mexico is a community property state. Unless the property is separate property, all assets and liabilities acquired during a marriage are the community property of both spouses. Debt established during a marriage is the liability of both spouses, even after the marriage is dissolved. Debt established before or after a marriage is considered separate debt, and only 50% of community property may be pursued to clear separate debt.

When a couple files married filing separately, each spouse reports 50% of community income and all income generated from the separate property of the spouse who owns the property.

A spouse may not need to report half of certain combined community income (such as wages, salaries, professional fees, pay for professional services, partnership income, trade or business income, and social security benefits), if **all** the following conditions exist:

- You and your spouse lived apart all year.
- You and your spouse did not file a joint return.
- You and your spouse had wages, salaries, and professional fees that are community income.
- You and your spouse did not transfer (directly or indirectly) any wages, salaries, or professional fees between you and your spouse during any part of the year.

If you meet all of the above criteria, report half the total of all other types of community income (such as dividends, rents, royalties, or gains). For details, see FYI-310, *Community Property, Divorce, Separation and Your New Mexico Income Tax.*

FILING ON PAPER OR FILING ELECTRONICALLY

You can file your PIT-1 on paper or electronically. Both options are described here to help you choose the most convenient method. Publication FYI-310 is available at <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS**, then select **FYIs** from the **Publications** folder. Open the **300 Series- Income Taxes** folder to access FYI-310.

Married Filing Separately

Both your New Mexico return and your federal return must show a correct division of community and separate income and payments if **any** of the following are true:

- You are a married person filing separately.
- You were separated or divorced during the year.
- You are a married person filing jointly.
- You are claiming the exemption for income of persons 100 years or older.

If your income and payments are not evenly distributed, attach a copy of a statement showing the correct division of community and separate income and payments.

See also the PIT-B instructions for the allocation and apportionment rules for community property when:

- One spouse is a resident (but not both spouses).
- The couple is filing a joint return.
- The couple has income from sources both in and out of New Mexico.

Innocent or Injured Spouse Relief

If you believe your spouse is solely responsible to pay a joint federal tax liability due to an understatement of tax, divorce, or separation, you may be eligible to claim Innocent Spouse Relief, Separation of Liability, or Equitable Relief from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

If you file a joint tax return and you expect all or part of your portion of

= FILING METHODS

IMPORTANT: After completing your paper or electronic return, make a copy and keep it in a safe place.

Benefits of Filing Electronically

The Department encourages you to file electronically whenever possible.

the overpayment for community property to be applied to (to offset) your spouse's legally enforceable past-due liability, you may be eligible to claim Injured Spouse Relief from the IRS. For information, see IRS Publications 971, *Innocent Spouse Relief,* and 504, *Divorced or Separated Individuals.*

Although state law prohibits the Department from forgiving state taxes due, the Department Secretary has discretion to decline to bring collection action against an "innocent or injured spouse" when it is unfair to hold that spouse liable.

If the IRS grants relief in writing to you, you may provide that documentation to the Department and request the Department to decline to bring or to cease collection action against you to the extent the IRS granted the relief to you.

Additionally, you may request the Secretary not to bring collection action against you for **any** of the following:

- Liabilities established by your spouse, when the income that established the liability was not claimed as community property.
- Your spouse's separate debt, when you expect your part of community property to be offset to clear the debt.
- Business-related debt, when you can show you had no knowledge of the business and you did not benefit from the business, and the income from the business was not claimed as community property.

To request relief from the Department, submit a written request with proof that you qualify for relief to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department, P.O. Box 630, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0630, or to your local district office. The addresses of the district offices are listed inside the front cover of this packet. Do not attach to your PIT-1.

Electronic filing is fast and secure, and it provides these benefits:

- · You receive your refund faster.
- The state saves tax dollars in processing costs.
- Filing is free on the Department website.

• If you both file and pay electronically, your filing deadline is extended.

For more about deadlines, see *When* and *Where to File and Pay* on page 13.

WHERE TO GET PAPER TAX FORMS

PIT-1 forms and schedules can be filled out by hand and mailed to the Department. You can get these tax forms by downloading them from the Department website.

Downloading Forms and Instructions

To download tax forms, follow these steps:

- 1. Go to <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>.
- 2. In the black navigation bar at the top, click **INDIVIDUALS**.
- 3. On the left side, click **Personal Income Tax Forms**.

In Person

Ask for forms at the Department's local district offices. Use **CONTACTING THE DEPARTMENT** information listed on page 1 of these instructions. Some local libraries also may carry New Mexico tax form packets.

USING TAX SOFTWARE

Many companies sell software products with tax forms approved by the Department. You can buy these products to complete your income tax return on your personal computer. After completing the forms, you can electronically file or print and mail your tax return to the Department.

File Department-Approved Forms

Always submit your PIT-1 on official state forms provided or approved by the Department. If you use a software product to generate your forms, the Department must first have approved the software company's forms.

The Department approves forms from companies that follow our specifications and format requirements for the electronic file. Acceptance of a software company and its forms does not imply endorsement by the Department or assurance of the quality of the company's services. The Department:

• Does not review or approve the logic of specific software programs.

• Does not confirm calculations on forms produced by these programs.

The accuracy of the software program remains the responsibility of the software company, developer, distributor, or user.

For a list of companies and products with PIT-1 forms approved by the Department, follow these steps:

- 1. Go to www.tax.newmexico.gov.
- 2. In the black navigation bar at the top, click **TAX PROFESSIONALS**.
- Click Software Developers then select the document named Approved Software for Reproducing of 2019 Income Tax Forms.

CAUTION: Submit only high-quality, printed, original PIT-1 forms and schedules to the Department. A poor print or photocopy of a form from an approved software product or from our website delays processing your return and your refund, credit, or rebate.

Check the Print Quality

When using any computer-generated PIT form, you must comply with the printing and legibility requirements of the software company. If your printer can clearly print a logo, it can print a quality tax form.

IMPORTANT: File Returns on Approved State Forms.

Always submit 2019 Personal Income Tax Returns on official state forms provided by or approved by the Department. Never submit a return with a form that has been **photocopied** or **photo shopped** as it will not be accepted.

ABOUT ELECTRONIC FILING

The Department offers two ways to file your PIT-1 electronically. Each way lets you file either a refund return or a tax-due return. You can file through the Department website or through the Federal/State Electronic Filing Program.

For details, see Using the Federal/ State Electronic Filing Program (Fed/ State) later in this section.

Restrictions

Depending on the electronic filing

software, certain restrictions may apply to who may file and the types of returns eligible for electronic filing. The Department and IRS websites listed in this section provide information about your PIT electronic filing options, including details about Internet browser requirements.

If you plan to have a professional tax preparer file your return electronically, you may want to contact the preparer for more information about electronically filing.

USING THE DEPARTMENT WEBSITE

If you have access to the Internet from a personal computer, free electronic filing is available on the Department's website. However, if any of these situations is true, you cannot use the website:

- You are a fiscal year filer.
- You are married filing jointly, and you or your spouse are dependents of another taxpayer.
- You have income from sources inside and outside New Mexico and you are claiming an additional amount of tax on a lump-sum distribution by filing federal Form 4972 and Schedule PIT-B.

In these situations, you must file on paper or electronically with an alternative software product.

To file your return on the Department website, follow these steps:

- 1. Logon or create a TAP account at <u>https://tap.state.nm.us</u>.
- 2. In the Accounts tab, select PIT Account under ACCOUNTS.
- 3. In the **Recent Periods** tab, select 12/31/2019 under **RECENT PE-RIODS**.
- 4. On the right side of the screen, select File, Change, or Print Return under I WANT TO.
- 5. After you complete all your entries, click **Submit** to file.
- 6. Enter your password and click **OK** to display your confirmation number.
- 7. Print the page showing your confirmation number as proof and verification that you filed online.

Click **Print** to print a copy of your return for your records.

IMPORTANT: Do not mail the confirmation page or the return you filed online to the Department.

For help with TAP, send email to <u>TRD-Customerassistance@state.nm.us</u>.

Refunds

If you are due a refund, you may choose to receive a check or have the refund deposited directly into your checking or savings account.

The Department is not responsible for the misapplication of a direct deposit refund caused by the error, negligence, or malfeasance on the part of the taxpayer.

Paying Your Taxes

If you owe tax, you will be given the option to pay your tax once you are finished filing your return through TAP. You may use a credit card for an online payment. You can also pay by electronic check, or mail a check or money order to the Department with a PIT-PV Payment Voucher.

NOTE: A convenience fee is applied for using a credit card. The State of New Mexico uses this fee, calculated on the transaction amount, to pay charges from the credit card companies. There is no charge for an electronic check.

Make your check or money order payable to New Mexico Taxation and

Revenue Department. Mail the PIT-PV with your payment to the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department, P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390.

USING THE FEDERAL/STATE ELECTRONIC FILING PROGRAM

The Fed/State program, administered by the IRS, lets you electronically file your federal and state tax returns together or separately. You can file a Fed/State return through an online home tax filing program on a personal computer or through a professional tax preparer.

Fed/State Online Home Filing Program

This method of filing requires access to the Internet, where you can reach companies that offer Fed/State e-file services and tax preparation software. You can also buy over-the-counter software to file your taxes online.

Partnership Agreements

To encourage electronic filing, the IRS has partnership agreements with many companies. On the IRS website is a list of companies that provide tax preparation software and Fed/State e-file opportunities, with descriptions of their products, services, and costs. The IRS e-file provider page also lists the companies that participate in free Internet filing for low income and other qualified individuals.

IMPORTANT

If you use one of the IRS partner

— REQUIRED FORMS AND ATTACHMENTS

PIT-1 REQUIRED

Regardless of the federal return and schedules you file, **every person** required to file a New Mexico personal income tax return must complete and file a PIT-1 *New Mexico Personal Income Tax Return*.

Depending on your residency status and your personal situation, you may be required to attach other forms and schedules to your PIT-1. These forms and schedules are described next.

PIT-S FOR OVER 5 DEPENDENTS OR OTHER DEPENDENTS

If you have more than five qualifying

software companies, make sure they support New Mexico 2019 personal income tax electronic filing. Additional charges may apply to more complex returns. You can, however, go to TAP at <u>https://tap.state.nm.us</u> to file your state return at no charge.

For more information about the companies that participate in the Fed/State e-file program, visit the IRS website at <u>www.irs.gov</u>.

Do Not Combine IRS and State Payments

When paying your taxes through the Fed/State program, make separate payments to the IRS and to the State of New Mexico. Do not combine your payments to the IRS and to the state. Follow the online instructions to make sure your payment goes to the proper taxing authority.

IMPORTANT: Fed/State program payment processing does not support payments from savings accounts.

Filing by a Professional Tax Preparer

The Fed/State electronic filing service is also available through tax professionals who meet IRS and Department qualifications for acceptance into the Fed/State program. Ask professional tax preparers whether they have Fed/ State approval.

NOTE: Professional preparers usually charge for their services.

dependents or other dependents, file a PIT-S, *Supplemental Schedule for Dependents and Other Dependents in Excess of Five*. Enter the first five dependents and other dependents on PIT-1, line 8. Enter additional entries on Schedule PIT-S.

PIT-ADJ TO ADJUST INCOME

If you are required or eligible to make New Mexico adjustments to your income, complete and attach Schedule PIT-ADJ, *Schedule of Additions, Deductions, and Exemptions,* to your PIT-1.

If you have any of the following addi-

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tions to federal adjusted gross income, file PIT-ADJ:

- Interest and dividends from federal tax-exempt bonds;
- A federal net operating loss carryover;
- Contributions refunded when closing a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account;
- Certain contributions rolled out of a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account, or;
 - •A charitable deduction claimed

Attachments Required to Claim PIT-RC Rebates and Credits

To claim these PIT-RC credits	Attach PIT-RC and
Additional low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents	If the address on your PIT-1 return is not a Los Alamos or Santa Fe County address, attach a copy of your property tax statement for the Los Alamos or Santa Fe County property.
New Mexico child day care credit	PIT-CG, <i>New Mexico Caregiver's Statement</i> from each caregiver and copy of the <i>Caregiver Worksheet</i> .
Special needs child adoption credit - dur- ing the first year of claiming the credit for each child,	Certification from the Children Youth and Families Department or a licensed child placement agency that the adopted individual meets the definition of a "difficult-to-place-child" as defined in the Adoption Act (Subsection B of Section 32A-5-44 NMSA 1978). The classification is based on physical or mental impairment or emotional disturbance that is at least moderately disabling. The individual may be over 18 years of age.

on federal Schedule A for a donation of land to private non-profit or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes from which you were allowed the New Mexico land conservation tax credit.

If you received **any** of the following income not taxable by New Mexico, or if you qualify for **any** of the following deductions or exemptions, file PIT-ADJ:

- You have interest and dividend income on New Mexico state and local bonds.
- You have a New Mexico net operating loss carryover.
- You have interest income from U.S. Government obligations.
- You have Railroad Retirement income not taxable by New Mexico.
- You have Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act sick pay.
- You, your spouse, or both are members of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo and your income was wholly earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo of which the individual is an enrolled member while domiciled on that reservation, tribe, or pueblo.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 100 or over and not dependents of another taxpayer.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over or blind, and your adjusted gross income is not over \$51,000 for a joint return; \$28,500 for a single taxpayer; or \$25,500 for

married taxpayers filing separately.

- You have federally taxable contributions to or distributions from a New Mexico medical care savings account.
- You contribute to a New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan.
- You have net capital gains for which you can claim a deduction of up to\$1,000 or 40% of your net capital gains, whichever is greater.
- You have armed forces wages or salary from active duty service.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over, and you have unreimbursed or uncompensated medical care expenses of \$28,000 or more for yourself, your spouse, or dependents.
- You, your spouse, or dependents have expenses related to donating human organs for transfer to another person.
- You received a reimbursement from the New Mexico National Guard servicemember's life insurance reimbursement fund.
- You were required to include in your federal adjusted gross income taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income tax (see federal Schedule1, line 1).
- You are a non-resident, a USPHS servicemember, and you earned income in New Mexico for USPHS active duty pay.

PIT-RC TO CLAIM REFUNDABLE CREDITS

If you want to claim **any** of the following refundable credits, see *Attachments Required to Claim PIT-RC Rebates and Credits* table above and file PIT-RC, *New Mexico Rebate and Credit Schedule*:

- Low income comprehensive tax rebate,
- Property tax rebate for low income persons 65 or older,
- Additional low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents,
- · New Mexico child day care credit,
- Refundable medical care credit for persons 65 or older, **or**
- Special needs adopted child tax credit.

PIT-B TO ALLOCATE AND APPOR-TION INCOME

To allocate and apportion income received from employment, business, or property sources located inside and outside New Mexico, file PIT-B, *Schedule of New Mexico Allocation and Apportionment of Income*, with your PIT-1.

PIT-D TO DONATE OVERPAYMENT

If you want to contribute to one or more voluntary contribution funds from an overpayment on your return, file PIT-D, *Schedule for New Mexico Voluntary Contributions*.

Attachments Required to Claim PIT-CR Business-Related Tax Credits

To claim these PIT-CR credits	Attach PIT-CR and these items (If you are claiming over five credits, also attach PIT-CR Supplemental.)
Affordable housing tax credit	RPD-41301, <i>Affordable Housing Tax Credit Claim Form</i> , and a copy of voucher(s) issued by Mortgage Finance Authority (MFA).
Angel investment credit	RPD-41320, <i>Angel Investment Credit Claim Form</i> and copy of the certificate of eligibility from New Mexico Economic Development Department.
Advanced energy tax credit	RPD-41334, Advanced Energy Tax Credit Claim Form.
Agricultural biomass tax credit	RPD-41361, <i>Agricultural Biomass Tax Credit Claim Form</i> and copy of certificate of eligibility from Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department.
Business facility rehabilitation credit	PIT-5, <i>Qualified Business Facility Rehabilitation Credit</i> , and certificate of completion issued by New Mexico Economic Development Department.
Electronic card-reading equipment tax credit	Complete and notarize RPD-41246, <i>Income Tax Credit for Electronic Identification Card Reader Purchase and Use Statement</i> .
Film production tax credit (approved)	RPD-41228, Film Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
Foster youth employment tax credit	RPD-41390, Foster Youth Employment Tax Credit Claim Form.
Geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit	RPD-41346, <i>Geothermal Ground-Coupled Heat Pump Tax Credit Claim Form</i> and copy of certificate of eligibility from New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department.
Job mentorship tax credit	For each qualified student you employed during the tax year, an RPD-41280, <i>Job Mentorship Tax Credit Certificate</i> , and a RPD-41281, <i>Job Mentorship Tax Credit Claim Form</i> .
Land conservation incentives credit	RPD-41282, <i>Land Conservation Incentives Tax Credit Claim Form</i> , and copy of letter received from Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department certifying treatment as a qualified donation.
Preservation of cultural property credit	PIT-4, <i>Preservation of Cultural Properties Credit</i> , Part 2 approval from New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Committee.
Rural job tax credit	RPD-41243, Rural Job Tax Credit Claim Form.
Rural health care practitioners tax credit	RPD-41326, <i>Rural Health Care Practitioner Tax Credit Claim Form</i> and copy of certificate of eligibility from New Mexico Department of Health.
Renewable energy production tax credit	RPD-41227, Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
Solar market development tax credit	RPD-41317, <i>Solar Market Development Tax Credit Claim Form</i> and certification letter from New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department.
Sustainable building tax credit	RPD-41329, Sustainable Building Tax Credit Claim Form.
New film production tax credit	RPD-41228, Film Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
New sustainable building tax credit	RPD-41383, New Sustainable Building Tax Credit Claim Form.
New Mexico film partners new film pro- duction tax credit.	RPD-41228, Film Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
Technology jobs and research and devel- opment tax credit	RPD-41386, Technology Jobs And Research and Development Tax Credit Claim Form.

PIT-CR TO CLAIM NON-REFUNDABLE CREDITS

If you want to claim any of the business related credits, file PIT-CR, *New Mexico Business-Related Income Tax Credit Schedule*. If you are claiming more than five credits, also file PIT-CR Supplemental, *New Mexico Supplemental Business-Related Income Tax Credit Schedule*. See credits table, *Attachments Required to Claim PIT-CR Business - Related Tax Credits* on page 10.

PAYMENT VOUCHERS

When paying by check or money order, make sure to use the correct payment voucher. Indicate the correct tax year of the return to which you want the payment to apply.

The Department supports the fast and secure filing of electronic payments with PIT-PV, PIT-EXT, and PIT-ES, described next.

To print copies of vouchers, go to <u>http://www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top of the page, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS** then select the following items in this order:

- Income Taxes,
- Personal Income Tax (PIT) Current Year,
- Personal Income Tax Return Forms, and then click the voucher you want to print

For more information, see *Payment Vouchers for PIT-1* on page 13 of these instructions.

PIT-PV, Personal Income Tax Payment Voucher

If your return shows a balance due and you choose to pay by mail or delivery to one of our local offices, you must complete the PIT-PV payment voucher and include it with your check or money order. Also include PIT-PV when submitting your payment with your return.

IMPORTANT: On all checks and money orders, write your social security number, **PIT-PV**, and the tax year.

PIT-EXT, Personal Income Tax Extension Payment Voucher

If you expect your return to show a

balance due and you have obtained either a federal automatic extension or a New Mexico extension, use the PIT-EXT payment voucher to make an extension payment by mail or delivery.

When you have an extension of time to file your return, and if you file your return and pay the tax shown on the return by the extended due date, the Department waives (through the extension period) penalty for failure to file and pay.

However, even if you obtain the extension, interest continues to accrue. If you expect to owe more tax when you file your 2019 return and you want to avoid accrual of interest, make a payment using the 2019 PIT-EXT payment voucher.

PIT-ES, Estimated Tax Payment Voucher

To make estimated tax payments by mail or delivery, complete a PIT-ES payment voucher. Include the voucher with your check or money order.

IMPORTANT: On all checks and money orders, write your social security number, **PIT-ES**, and the correct tax year for the quarter. For example, when filing your fourth quarter estimated tax payment for tax year 2019 due January 15, 2020, make sure the tax year is 2019 on the PIT-ES.

Never combine payments of tax due on your 2019 return and 2020 estimated income tax liability on the same check or money order. If you combine payments, it is likely they will not be credited to your account in the way your want.

IMPORTANT: When using a payment voucher, make sure you use the correct one (PIT-PV, PIT-EXT, or PIT-ES) and make sure the voucher shows the correct tax year of the return to which you want the payment to apply.

PIT-X FOR AMENDED RETURNS

Any change to New Mexico taxable income, credits, or rebates, and changes to federal taxable income require an amended New Mexico PIT-X for the same year. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, but not after December 31, 2019, file an amended return on the 2019 PIT-X, *Personal Amended Income Tax Return*.

If your New Mexico amended return reports changes as the result of filing an amended federal return, attach copies of the applicable federal forms and schedules. In all cases, indicate the reason for amending your return on PIT-X, page 2.

NOTE: The law requires you to file an amended New Mexico return within 180 days of the date an adjustment to your federal return becomes final.

What To Submit With PIT-X

When submitting an amended return, you must also submit **all** Schedules PIT-S, PIT-ADJ, PIT-CR, PIT-RC, PIT-B, and PIT-D to support your entries on the PIT-X, even if they did not change from the original version.

Unless you are amending your New Mexico return to change the amount of withholding reported, you do not need to file forms W-2 and other income and withholding information returns (such as 1099-MISC and RPD-41359).

IMPORTANT: Carefully follow the PIT-X instructions.

OTHER FORMS OR ATTACHMENTS YOU MIGHT NEED TO FILE

This section describes the forms and attachments you might need to file with your PIT-1. The two tables on pages 9 and 10, Attachments Required to Claim PIT-RC Rebates and Credits, and, Attachments Required to Claim PIT-CR Business-Related Tax Credits, lists the requirements for other rebates and tax credits. The following items are also described in this section:

- All annual information returns and withholding statements
- Refund for a deceased taxpayer
- Statement of division of community and separate income and payments
- Unused New Mexico net operating loss carryforward from a previous year
- RPD-41272 to use alternative method for penalty

- PIT-110 for non-resident income adjustment
- Schedule CC for non-resident using alternative tax method
- PIT-8453 for electronic filing and transmittal
- RPD-41338 to waive preparer filing requirement

Federal Income Tax Return

The Department may require you to furnish a true and correct copy of your federal income tax return and its attachments after you file your return. Generally, you do not attach your federal return to your PIT-1.

If, however, you have a combined loss of over \$40,000, from one or more of the following federal forms and schedules, attach to Form PIT-1, your federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, and Schedules showing the loss or losses taken on Form 1040 or 1040SR.

- Federal Schedules C or C-EZ for business income or loss
- Federal Schedule D for capital gains or loss
- Federal Schedule E for rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, income
- Federal 1040, Schedule F for farm income or loss
- Federal Form 4797, Other gains or losses

All Annual Information Returns and Withholding Statements

Attach to your PIT-1 a copy of each of your annual information returns and withholding statements showing income and New Mexico income tax withheld. Include all federal Forms W-2, 1099, 1099-MISC, 1099-R, and W-2G, and New Mexico Form(s) RPD-41359, Annual Statement of Pass-Through Entity Withholding, and RPD-41285, Annual Statement of Withholding of Oil and Gas Proceeds.

Credit for Taxes Paid to Another State

If you are claiming the credit for tax paid to another state on PIT-1, line 20, attach the other state's income tax return and the Worksheet for Computation of Allowable Credit for Taxes Paid to Other States by New Mexico Residents, page 28, to your PIT-1 return.

Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

When requesting a refund for a deceased taxpayer, enter the date of death on the PIT-1 form and the refund will automatically be made payable to the taxpayer's spouse or, if no spouse, to the estate of the deceased taxpayer. If a refund should be made payable to a person other than the surviving spouse or to the estate of the deceased, use RPD-41083, Affidavit to Obtain Refund of New Mexico Tax Due a Deceased Taxpayer. In all cases, provide a copy of a death certificate or other proof of death.

Statement of Division of Community and Separate Income and Payments

If your income and payments are not evenly distributed, and if **any** of the following are true, attach a statement reflecting a correct division of community and separate income and payments:

- You and your spouse are filing separate returns.
- You divorced during 2019.
- You or your spouse, but not both, claim the exemption for income of persons 100 years or older.
- You or your spouse, but not both, are residents of a community property state.

Community property states are New Mexico, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin.

Unused New Mexico Net Operating Loss Carryforward from a Previous Year

To apply an unused New Mexico net operating loss carryforward amount from a previous year, use RPD-41369, *Net Operating Loss Carryforward Schedule*, to show the tax year when each net operating loss occurred. List on the schedule each loss for each tax year for which the loss was carried forward, including 2019.

RPD-41272 to Use Alternative Method for Penalty

If you qualify for and have elected to use an alternative method of computing penalty on estimated payments, and you marked the box on PIT-1, line 35, complete and attach 2019 RPD-41272, 2019 Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty.

PIT-110 to Adjust Non-Resident Income

If you are a non-resident whose job is located in New Mexico but requires temporary assignment outside New Mexico, complete and attach PIT-110, *Adjustments to New Mexico Income*.

Schedule CC for Non-Residents Using the Alternative Tax Method

If you are a non-resident who qualifies to pay tax using an Alternative Tax Method, complete and attach Schedule CC, *Alternative Tax* Schedule. Schedule CC is for taxpayers who:

- Have no business activities in New Mexico other than sales,
- Do not own or rent real estate in New Mexico, **and**
- Have annual gross sales in or into New Mexico of \$100,000 or less.

PIT-8453 for Electronic Filing and Transmittal

Paid tax preparers, Electronic Return Originators (EROs), or other thirdparty transmitters who electronically transmit New Mexico personal income tax returns on behalf of taxpayers, use a tax software program, or file through the New Mexico website, must complete PIT-8453, 2019 Individual Income Tax Declaration for Electronic Filing and Transmittal. These transmitters must maintain in their records the taxpayers' signatures.

PIT-8453 authorizes electronic transmission of the tax return, authenticates the electronic part of the return, and under certain circumstances provides a transmittal for additional supporting documentation.

Generally, you do not need to send PIT-8453 to the Department. To find out when to submit PIT-8453 to the Department, see the instructions for PIT-8453.

RPD-41338 to Waive Preparer Filing Requirement

If you do not want your tax preparer to file your tax return by Depart-

ment-approved electronic media, use RPD-41338, *Taxpayer Waiver for Preparers Electronic Filing Requirement*. To avoid the penalty of \$5 per return imposed on the paid tax return preparer, your tax preparer must mark the box in the **Paid preparer's use only** section on PIT-1, page 2. The mark shows that your preparer has your RPD-41338 on file. The requirement to make sure returns are filed by Department-approved electronic media applies only to a 2019 New Mexico PIT-1 filed in calendar year 2020. For more details, see the instructions for the **Paid preparer's use only** section on page 33 of these instructions.

Tax Credit for Certain Venture Capital Investments

If your federal adjusted gross income includes a "qualified diversifying business net capital gain" from the sale of "qualified diversifying business stock" on or after July 1, 2000, and you are in full compliance with all provisions of the New Mexico Venture Capital Investment Act, contact (505) 827-1746 for details on claiming the tax credit allowed by the act.

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE AND PAY =

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE

File your return as soon as you have all the necessary information. The deadlines for filing electronic returns and paper returns are different as described next.

NOTE: For a faster refund, file your return electronically.

Electronic Returns and Payments

If you file a calendar year return and pay your tax online, your filing deadline is **April 30, 2020**. All other taxpayers must file by **April 15, 2020**. To avoid penalty or interest, you must electronically file your return **and** electronically pay your tax. You can file the return and pay at different times and still qualify for the extended due date.

For a description of electronic filing and payment methods, see *About Electronic Filing* on pages 7 and 8.

Paper Returns To Mail

File paper returns no later than the deadline of **April 15, 2020**. For fiscal year taxpayers, the due date is the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of your fiscal year.

If you file or pay late, you may need to pay interest and penalties. See *Interest and Penalities* on page 14.

IMPORTANT: The **April 30, 2020** deadline applies only when **both** the return and the payment are filed electronically. For taxpayers that file online on a fiscal basis, your filing deadline is last day of the 4th month after year end.

Determining a Timely Mailing Date for Paper Returns

If the U.S. Postal Service postmark on the envelope bears a date on or before the due date, a mailed New Mexico income tax return and tax payment are timely. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a state or national legal holiday, the tax return is timely when the postmark bears the date of the next business day.

If the date recorded or marked by a private delivery service is on or before the due date, delivery through a private delivery service is timely.

Where To Mail Paper Returns and Payments

Mail refund returns and returns **with-out** a payment attached to:

NM Taxation and Revenue Dept. P.O. Box 25122 Santa Fe, NM 87504-5122

Mail returns **with** a payment and voucher attached or payments and vouchers **without** a return to:

NM Taxation and Revenue Dept. P.O. Box 8390 Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390

HOW TO PAY

Select the most convenient way to pay your taxes. You can pay with an electronic check, a credit card, a paper check, or a money order. See *Paying Your Taxes* on page 8.

Separate Tax Due Payment and Estimated Payment

Do not combine a payment for tax due on your 2019 return with a pay-

ment for your 2020 estimated income tax liability on the same check. If you combine a tax due payment with an estimated tax payment in a check or money order, it is likely they will not be properly credited to your account.

Mailing a Payment and Voucher

Do the following when mailing any payment by check or money order:

- Make it payable to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department
- Write your social security number, **PIT-PV**, and **2019 PIT-1** on it.
- Mail the voucher with your payment.

IMPORTANT: Mail a voucher **only** when you are making a payment.

Payment Vouchers for PIT-1

Whether you submit your payment with or without your tax return, complete PIT-PV, *Personal Income Tax Payment Voucher* and submit it with your payment. If you are making an extension or estimated payment, use either a PIT-EXT or PIT-ES voucher (described next) to submit your payment.

Vouchers to Use for Extension or Estimated Payments

If you make an extension payment, complete PIT-EXT, *Personal Income Tax Extension Payment Voucher*. Submit the voucher with your payment.

If you make an estimated payment, complete PIT-ES, *Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher*. Submit the voucher with your payment.

IMPORTANT: The PIT-ES and your check or money order must indicate

the correct tax year to apply the estimated payment to.

NOTE: If your payment voucher has a scanline (a very long row of numbers) at the bottom 1 and 1/2 inch of the voucher, do not write in the area around the scanline.

For more information about payment vouchers, see page 11 of these instructions.

EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE

New Mexico recognizes and accepts an IRS automatic six-month extension of time to file. If you filed federal Form 4868, Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File U.S. Individual Income Tax Return for tax year 2019, October 15, 2020 is the extended due date for calendar-year filers.

How To Request Additional Time To File Your PIT-1

If you expect to file your federal return by the original due date **or** by the six-

INTEREST

Even if you receive an extension of time to file, interest accrues on income tax that is not paid on or before the due date of your return.

IMPORTANT: Interest is a charge for the use of money and by law it cannot be waived.

Interest is computed on a daily basis at the rate established for individual income tax purposes by the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

The IRC rate, which changes quarterly, is announced by the IRS in the last month of the previous quarter. The annual and daily interest rates for each quarter are posted on our website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/Indi-viduals/penalty-interest-rates.aspx.

IMPORTANT: Because the Department bills you for any penalty or interest due on your return, you do not need to calculate the amount of penalty or interest due. When you pay your principal tax liability, penalty and interest stop accruing.

month automatic extension allowed by the IRS, but you need additional time to file your New Mexico return, request an extension of time by submitting New Mexico Form RPD-41096, *Application for Extension of Time to File.* You must submit RPD-41096 on or before the April 15, 2020 due date.

Show Extension on PIT-1

To show you were approved for an extension, mark the extension box on PIT-1, line 6a. Then enter the date the extension expires in 6b.

On PIT-1, line 31 (**Other Payments**), report the amount of any payments you made towards the tax due.

IMPORTANT: Do not attach a copy of a federal extension request that is automatically granted, or a copy of an approved state extension.

To extend your deadline beyond the six months, you are required to obtain an

INTEREST AND PENALTIES

Refunds and Interest

If you are due a refund, you may be entitled to interest on your overpayment at the same rate charged for underpayments, but only under certain conditions.

For a 2019 PIT-1, filed in calendar year 2020, the Department pays no interest in these situations:

- When it makes the refund within 55 days of the date of your claim for refund;
- When the interest is less than \$1.00;
- When it cannot process your return (see Processing Requirements described next); or
- If the interest is for a refund of any credits claimed for the Investment Credit Act, Laboratory Partnership with Small Business Tax Credit Act, Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit Act, Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, Rural Job Tax Credit, or High Wage Job Tax Credit

additional extension through the IRS or the state. If the IRS grants you an **additional** extension to the automatic six-month extension, attach a copy of the approved **additional** extension.

For military servicemembers deployed in a combat zone who qualify for a federal or state extension, see the special instructions about required attachments and other information in publication FYI-311, *Military Extensions for New Mexico Personal Income Tax.*

Interest Continues to Accrue

An extension of time to file your return does **not** extend your time to pay. If tax is due, interest continues to accrue. If you expect to owe more tax when you file your 2019 return, make an extension payment to avoid the accrual of interest. Complete and submit a PIT-EXT payment voucher with your payment.

For returns filed for any year before the 2019 calendar year, the Department pays no interest in these situations:

- When it makes the refund within 120 days of the date of your claim for refund;
- When the interest is less than \$1.00; or
- When it cannot process your return (described next).

Processing Requirements

For processing to take place, your return must show your name and social security number, and your return must be signed. Your return must also comply with all the instructions for the return and contain all attachments required by the instructions.

Negligence Penalty for Late Filing or Late Payment

If you file late and owe tax, or if you do not pay your tax when due, you receive a penalty of 2% of the tax due for each month or part of a month you do not file the return or you do not pay the tax, up to a maximum of 20%.

PIT-1

This penalty applies when your failure to timely file or pay is due to negligence or disregard of the rules and regulations, but without intent to defraud.

PENALTIES FOR FRAUDULENT RETURNS AND OTHER REASONS

This section covers civil and criminal penalties for fraudulent returns, penalties for underpayment of estimated tax and returned checks, and penalties related to tax preparers.

Civil Penalties

In the case of failure to pay when due any amount of required tax, with willful intent to evade or defeat any tax, the Department charges a civil penalty of 50% of the tax due. The minimum penalty is \$25.

Any person who willfully causes or attempts to cause the evasion of another person's obligation to report and pay tax may be assessed a civil penalty in an amount equal to the amount of the tax, penalty, and interest attempted to be evaded.

Criminal Penalties

A person who willfully attempts to evade or defeat any tax or the payment of the tax is guilty of a felony. Upon conviction, that person may be fined between \$1,000 and \$10,000, or imprisoned between one and five years, or both, together with paying the costs of prosecution. This penalty is in addition to other penalties provided by law.

Any person who willfully, with intent to evade or defeat the payment or collection of any tax:

- Falsifies any return, statement, or other document;
- Willfully assists, procures, advises, or counsels the filing of a false return, statement, or document;
- Files any return electronically, knowing the information on the return is not true and correct as to every material matter; **or**
- Removes, conceals, or releases or aids in the removal, concealment, or release of any property on which levy is authorized by the Department.

is guilty of a felony and subject to criminal penalties. Upon conviction, criminal penalty may be imposed of not more than \$5,000, or imprisonment of not less than six months or more than three years, or both, together with costs of prosecution.

Penalty for Underpayment of Estimated Tax

If your tax liability for 2019 is \$1,000 or more and your 2019 withholding does not equal the "Required Annual Payment" of (1) 100% of the prior year tax liability **or** (2) 90% of the current year tax liability, you may be subject to penalty.

The law provides some exceptions to the penalty. For information about exceptions, see the instructions for the PIT-ES payment voucher.

If you have not timely made the required annual payments, the Department calculates and assesses penalty on underpayment of estimated tax. If you believe the penalty to be in error, you may provide additional information.

Penalty for underpayment of estimated tax accrues at the same rate as interest on an underpayment of tax. The penalty for underpayment of estimated tax may exceed the maximum 20% that applies to underpayment penalty. Penalty on underpayment of estimated tax is computed on a daily basis, at the rate established for individual income tax purposes by the IRC.

Returned Check Penalty

A check that is not paid by a financial institution does not constitute payment. A penalty of \$20 is assessed for a bad check in addition to other penalties that may apply to a late payment.

Failure of Paid Tax Preparers to Conform to Certain Requirements

A penalty of \$25 per return or claim for refund is assessed to paid preparers who:

- Fail to sign a tax return or claim for refund, **or**
- Fail to include their identifying numbers.

IMPORTANT: The law provides for a penalty of \$500 per item against any tax preparer who endorses or otherwise negotiates, either directly or through an agent, any refund check issued to a taxpayer.

Paid Tax Preparers Requirement to Ensure Returns are Filed Electronically Paid tax practitioners who prepare more than 25 New Mexico personal income tax returns must ensure that each return is submitted by Department-approved electronic media, unless the taxpayer requests otherwise. A \$5 penalty per return is assessed for personal income tax preparers who fail to comply with this requirement.

To avoid a penalty of \$5 per return imposed on the paid tax return preparer, the tax preparer must ensure the return is filed by Department-approved electronic media **or** must keep a signed Form RPD-41338, *Taxpayer Waiver for Preparers Electronic Filing Requirement,* on file **and** mark the box in the **Paid preparer's use only** section on PIT-1, page 2.

An electronically transmitted return can be transmitted through the Department website or transmitted through the Internet using approved third-party software or online program.

The requirement to ensure the return is filed by Department-approved electronic media applies only to a 2019 New Mexico PIT-1 filed in calendar year 2020. For more details about this requirement, see the instructions for the **Paid preparer's use only** section on page 33 of these instructions.

YOUR RIGHTS

The Tax Administration Act governs how the Department administers the Income Tax Act and gives you specific rights and responsibilities.

To help avoid tax problems, keep accurate tax records and stay current with tax law changes. Information in these instructions and other Department publications help you do both.

While you can resolve most tax problems informally, it is important to understand you must exercise certain rights provided to you under law within specific time frames. If the Department makes an adjustment to your return, the Departments sends you a notice explaining the adjustment and the procedures to use if you disagree.

KEEP COPIES OF YOUR TAX RECORDS AND RETURNS

Remember to keep a copy of your completed income tax return for at least 10 years after you file it. Keep copies of accounting books and other financial records, schedules, statements, or other supporting documents.

Privacy Notification

The Department requires taxpayers to furnish social security numbers (SSNs) as a means of taxpayer identification. All information supplied electronically by taxpayers is protected using encryption and fire walls. Taxpayer information on returns is protected in accordance with the confidentiality provisions of the Tax Administration Act (Section 7-1-8 NMSA 1978).

For details about the rights of the Department and the Secretary of the Department to collect and maintain personal information, including mandatory disclosure of SSNs in the manner required by tax regulations, instructions, and forms, see Section 7-1-12 NMSA 1978 and 3.1.1.15 NMAC.

The Department uses this personal information primarily to determine and administer state tax liabilities. The

YOUR RIGHTS UNDER THE TAX LAW

Verification, Correction, and Disputes At any time after filing your return, your return may be subject to further review, verification, or correction. If the

review, verification, or correction. If the Department adjusts your tax return or assesses additional tax, the Department sends you a copy of Publication FYI-406, *Your Rights Under the Tax Laws.* FYI-406 outlines your rights and obligations. The publication tells you how to dispute a Department action.

Where To Get FYI-406

Publication FYI-406 is available at <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS**, then select **FYIs** from the **Publications** folder. Open the **400 Series- Tax Administration** folder to access **FYI-406**.

Refunds

If the Department denies your claim for refund in whole or in part, you may file

ABOUT YOUR TAX RETURN INFORMATION

information is used for certain tax offset and exchange-of-tax information authorized by law, and for any other purpose authorized by law.

1099-G and 1099-INT Information Returns

Federal law requires New Mexico to report to the IRS all New Mexico income tax refunds and interest paid to taxpayers on these refunds. New Mexico is required to report the same information to you on a Form 1099.

The amount reported on Forms 1099-G and 1099-INT may or may not be federally taxable to you. To find out if you need to report the amount as income for federal income tax purposes, consult your tax preparer, the federal income tax form instructions, or IRS Publication 525, *Taxable and Nontaxable Income*.

Federal/State Tax Agreement

Under authority of federal and New Mexico laws, the Department and the IRS are parties to a federal/state agreement for the mutual exchange of tax information.

Every year New Mexico participates in a program that matches New Mexico return information with federal return a protest with the Department within 90 days of either mailing or service of the denial, or you may file a lawsuit with the Santa Fe District Court.

If the Department does not take action on your claim within 180 days of receiving your claim, you may elect to treat the refund claim as denied for purposes of protesting or filing an action in district court.

If the Department requests additional relevant documentation from you, the claim is not complete unitil the documentation is received within the specified time period. The date the complete claim is submitted will determine when the 180 days begin. If you do not provide the additional requested relevant documentation, the claim for refund remains incomplete and will not be processed.

information. If you receive a notice from the Department telling you about a difference between state and federal information or about a non-filed return, it is to your advantage to respond promptly and provide information to clear your record.

If you do not respond within 60 days, the Department presumes the notice is correct and issues an assessment of tax due for the amount of underpaid tax, plus interest and penalty.

Treasury Offset Program

If an assessment of New Mexico personal income tax is established, the Department may submit your unpaid debt to the Treasury Offset Program. This "offset" is authorized by federal law and allows the U.S. Department of the Treasury to reduce or withhold any of your federal income tax refund by the amount of your debt.

Outside Collection Agencies

The Department is authorized to contract with outside collection agencies for collection of tax obligations that are at least 120 days past due. Contracted agencies are subject to the same privacy laws and requirements as the Department.

WHAT TO KNOW AND DO BEFORE YOU BEGIN ===

ABOUT FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS

Many New Mexico income tax laws are based on federal income tax laws. These instructions point out the differences and explain items unique to New Mexico law. No instructions are given when a line requires addition or subtraction, or when the instructions for an item are written on the form.

CAUTION: In these instructions, references to line numbers on federal forms are provided as a convenience. They are based on information available to the Department when the Department delivers New Mexico forms to the printing contractor. The Department is not responsible for changes or errors in these references.

GETTING READY

Follow these steps before you start filling out your PIT-1:

- 1. Prepare your federal return. Even if you are not required to file a federal return, complete a sample federal return before you prepare your New Mexico return. Much of the information requested on the PIT-1 is the same.
- 2. Collect all forms and schedules you are required to file, publications you need to reference, and all your tax records.

For example, to claim a deduction, exemption, or tax credit on Schedule PIT-ADJ, Schedule PIT-CR, or Schedule PIT-RC, collect all the schedules and make sure you have the appropriate records, approvals, and certifications. Some of the additional items you need are named on the schedule lines.

IMPORTANT: Submit only original, official PIT-1 and schedules.

For a description of different forms and schedules, see *Required Forms and Attachments* on PIT-1 instructions on page 8 and *Other Forms or Attachments You Might Need to File* on page 11. To find out where to get the forms and schedules you need, see *Contacting the Department* on page 1.

 Read the next section, Valid Identification Number Required, to learn PIT-1 about social security numbers (SSNs) and Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs).

4. To get basic information about common tax situations, read *Common Items To Know About To Prepare Your PIT-1* on this page.

VALID IDENTIFICATION NUMBER REQUIRED

Enter your name and SSN on all forms, schedules, and correspondence you send to the Department. The Department cannot accept a return without a valid identification number. New Mexico requires you to use the same name and taxpayer identification number required by the IRS.

Make sure the name(s) of the taxpayer, spouse, and all dependents listed on your income tax return and SSN(s) agree with the individual's social security card. If the name is not correct, contact the Social Security Administration. You can find contact information on their website address at <u>www.ssa.gov</u>.

If You Do Not Have An SSN

Resident or non-resident foreign nationals who do not have and who are not eligible to obtain an SSN may obtain a federal ITIN. To apply for an ITIN, file federal Form W-7 with the IRS. Enter this ITIN in place of an SSN everywhere the SSN is required.

For forms and information about the ITIN program, contact the IRS or visit their website at <u>www.irs.gov</u>.

Non-Resident Alien Spouse

The IRS requires a non-resident alien spouse to have either an SSN or an ITIN in **any** of these situations:

- You file a joint return.
- You file a separate return and claim an exemption for your spouse.
- Your spouse is filing a separate return.

Deceased Dependent Child

A dependent child who was born and died in 2019 is not required to have an SSN. If you did not obtain an SSN, on line 8, column 2 (Dependent's SSN), enter all **9**s and attach a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital records. The document(s) must show the child was born alive.

COMMON ITEMS TO KNOW ABOUT TO PREPARE YOUR PIT-1

This section gives you basic information about these common items to help you prepare your PIT-1:

- Spouse situations
- Types of income
- Winnings
- Taxes withheld or paid
- Frequently claimed rebates and credits

SPOUSE-RELATED SITUATIONS

If any of the following situations applies to you, **and** your income and payments are not evenly distributed, prepare and attach a statement reflecting a correct division of community and separate income and payments:

- You are married and filing separate returns.
- You were divorced in 2019.
- You are claiming the exemption for income of persons 100 years or older.
- You or your spouse, but not both, are a resident of a community property state.

TYPES OF INCOME

The following type of income are covered next:

- Salary, wages, or tips;
- Sick pay, tuition or IRA distribution, annuity, pension or retirement pay, or social security benefits;
- Public assistance or Supplemental Security Income (SSI); and
- Other income.

Salary, Wages, or Tips

If you received salary, wages, or tips in 2019, collect all your 2019 wage and tax statements. If you have not received your wage and tax statements by February 15 or if a statement you receive is incorrect, contact your employer. If New Mexico tax was withheld in error on your wages, salary, or tips, and you had no income tax responsibility to New Mexico on that income, obtain a letter from your employer or payor with the following information:

- Explanation of the cause of the error; and
- Statement that no New Mexico income tax was due on the income reported.

Sick Pay, Tuition or IRA Distribution, Annuity, Pension or Retirement Pay, or Social Security Benefits

If in 2019 you received sick pay; a distribution from a New Mexico-approved qualified state tuition program or an IRA distribution; an annuity; a pension, Railroad Retirement, other retirement pay; or social security benefits, whether or not income tax was withheld on the payments, collect all your federal Form(s) 1099-R, RRB-1099 and SSA-1099.

If New Mexico tax was withheld in error on your annuity or pension, and you had no income tax responsibility to New Mexico on that income, provide a copy of the state income tax return for the state in which you are domiciled or other information showing residency in another state.

If you did not have tax withheld but would like to have it withheld in the future, contact the payor. See the *Withholding on Certain Government Pensions* on this page for contact information for those pensions.

Public Assistance or Supplemental Security Income

If you received public assistance from Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or a similar program, from welfare benefits, or SSI during 2019, collect your records showing the amounts you received.

Other Income

If you received any other income in 2019, whether or not taxable, such as an insurance settlement, a scholarship or grant, VA benefits, income from an inheritance or trust, gifts of cash or marketable property, alimony and separate maintenance or child support, collect your records showing the amounts.

WINNINGS

If you had gambling or lottery winnings, whether or not income tax was withheld on the winnings, you need your 2019 federal Form W-2G or a record of winnings not required to be reported on a Form W-2G. If your winnings were offset by losses reported in the itemized deductions on your federal return, the Department may request documentation from you to substantiate the deduction.

TAXES WITHHELD OR PAID

This section covers the following tax situations:

- Tax withheld from oil and gas proceeds;
- Tax withheld by a pass-through entity;
- Estimated tax payments you paid to New Mexico; and
- Income taxes you paid to another state.

Tax Withheld from Oil and Gas Proceeds

If tax was withheld from your oil and gas proceeds from an oil or gas well located in New Mexico, obtain a copy of your federal Form 1099-MISC or New Mexico Form RPD-41285, *Annual Statement of Withholding of Oil* and Gas Proceeds.

Tax Withheld By Pass-Through Entity

If tax was withheld by a pass-through entity (PTE) from your share of the net income earned by a PTE, obtain a copy of federal Form 1099-MISC or a copy of New Mexico Form RPD-41359, Annual Statement of Pass-Through Entity Withholding.

Estimated Tax Payments to New Mexico

If you made New Mexico estimated tax payments during the year, collect your records showing the amounts and dates of your payments. If you applied an overpayment from your 2018 return to your 2019 estimated taxes, make sure to include that amount in your total.

Income Taxes Paid To Another State

If you paid income taxes to another state on income that also is taxable in New Mexico, you need a copy of that state's return. For you to be eligible for the credit, both states must require the same income to be taxable in their state.

FREQUENTLY CLAIMED REBATE AND CREDIT

Property Tax Rebate

To claim the property tax rebate for persons age 65 or older, or the low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents, collect your records of the property tax billed for 2019 and/or the rent you paid on your principal place of residence.

Child Day Care Credit

To claim the child day care credit, get Form PIT-CG, *New Mexico Caregiver's Statement*, from each person who provided child day care during 2019.

WITHHOLDING ON CERTAIN GOVERNMENT PENSIONS

Retired members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marines, Coast Guard, U.S. Civil Service, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the U.S. Public Health Service may request that New Mexico income tax be withheld from their retirement pay by contacting the appropriate retirement pay office below:

U.S. Military Retirement/Annuitant Pay

Defense Finance and Accounting Service (800) 321-1080 www.dod.mil

U.S. Coast Guard

PPC Retiree and Annuitant Services Branch

(800) 772-8724 www.uscg.mil/ppc/ras/

(Also for retired members of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration)

U.S. Public Health Service

Commissioned Corps Compensation 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 4-50 Rockville, MD 20857 (800) 638-8744 or (301) 594-2963

All Other Federal Retirees

U.S. Office of Personnel Management Retirement Operations Center (888) 767-6738 (202) 606-0500 or (202) 606-1800 www.opm.gov/retire

PIT-1

= LINE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM PIT-1

WHAT TO DO NEXT

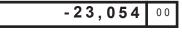
Fill in your return using the line instructions that start on this page. When you finish filling in your PIT-1, see *Before Filing Your Return* on page 34.

Important Guidelines

Review the following items before making your entries:

- Consider first preparing a working PIT-1 so you can make mistakes and notes on it. After you complete the draft, you can neatly transfer the correct entries from your working copy to a clean PIT-1.
- Type or print using blue or black ink. Do not use a pencil.
- Complete all required information on your form. Failure to do this delays processing your return and may cause errors when the Taxation and Revenue Department performs calculations during processing.
- Leave blank all spaces and boxes that do not apply to you. Do not draw lines through or across areas you leave blank.
- Round all numbers and enter only whole dollar amounts. For example, enter \$10.49 as \$10 and \$10.50 as \$11.
- Write numbers clearly and legibly to reduce processing errors and increase efficiently. Use the boxes on the form as a guide for your handwritten entries.
- Do not use dollar signs (\$), decimal points (.), or any punctuation marks or symbols other than a comma (,).
- To show a loss on PIT-1, line 9, place a minus sign (-) immediately to the left of the loss amount. Do not use brackets or parentheses.

For example, if your federal adjusted gross income is negative \$23,053.75, the money field entry for a loss on your PIT-1, line 9 looks like this:



TOP OF PAGE 1

The top of page 1 shows your filing period. All information on your return (except your mailing address) is for cal-

endar year January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019, or for your fiscal year.

If you are filing for a fiscal year, on the two lines under December 31, 2019, enter the month, day, and year your tax year began and the month, day, and year it ended. Calendar year filers leave these lines blank.

Your tax year must match the tax year of your federal return. Do not file short year returns unless allowed by the Internal Revenue Service.

LINES 1 AND 2

Name and Social Security Number Clearly enter your name and social security number (SSN) and if applicable, the name and SSN of your spouse in exactly the same order as on your federal return. Even if you are married filing separately, your spouse's name and SSN is required.

No Social Security Number?

If you or your spouse do not have an SSN, you may be eligible for a federal Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) from the IRS. If you or your spouse do not have an SSN, but do have an ITIN assigned by the IRS, enter the ITIN everywhere the SSN is required.

For details about the ITIN and its requirements, see *If You Do Not Have An SSN* on page 17 of these instructions.

Make sure all names and SSNs or ITINs are legible, complete, and correct.

IMPORTANT: You must provide your own SSN or ITIN, and if applicable, your spouse's SSN or ITIN, or your return is not complete and the Department cannot process it.

Blind Taxpayers

If you or your spouse, if applicable, are blind for federal income tax purposes, mark **X** in boxes 1c and 2c.

NOTE: The Department may request proof at a later date that you or your spouse, if applicable, are blind for

federal income tax purposes. Do not attach the proof to your return.

65 Years of Age or Older

If you or your spouse, if applicable, are age 65 years or older on the last day of the tax year, mark **X** in boxes 1d or 2d.

Residency Status

In boxes 1e and 2e, enter **R**, **N**, **F**, or **P** to indicate your residency status and, if applicable, your spouse's residency status. Use **R** for resident, **N** for non-resident, **F** for first-year resident, and **P** for part-year resident as defined next:

- **Resident**. New Mexico full-year residents and individuals who were physically present in New Mexico for 185 days or more during the tax year, but were not first-year residents or certain military servicemembers and their qualifying spouses, mark **R** in the box.
- First-Year Resident. If you moved into New Mexico during the tax year with the intent of establishing domicile in New Mexico, and you were still in New Mexico on December 31, 2019, mark F in the box. You are a first-year resident whether or not you were physically present in New Mexico for fewer than 185 days or more during the tax year.
- **Part-Year Resident.** If you were physically present in New Mexico for fewer than 185 days during the tax year, and you were domiciled in New Mexico during part of the tax year but not on the last day of the tax year, mark **P** in the box.
- Non-Resident. If you were physically present in New Mexico for fewer than 185 days and you were not domiciled in New Mexico during any part of the year, mark **N** in the box.
- Military Servicemembers. If you are a military servicemember, including a USPHS servicemember, you and your qualifying spouse are temporarily assigned to New Mexico, and you have established residency outside New Mexico, mark **N** in the box.

For more information about residency and about military servicemembers, see pages 2 to 4.

NOTE: New Mexico's law says every person with income from New Mexico sources who is required to file a federal income tax return must file a personal income tax return in New Mexico. This includes non-residents who have income from any New Mexico source (including wages, rents, royalties, businesses, and estates). Even foreign nationals and persons who reside in states that do not have income taxes must file in New Mexico when they have a federal filing requirement and income from any New Mexico source whatsoever.

Date of Birth

In 1f, and if applicable, 2f, enter date(s) of birth in **MM/DD/CCYY** format. For example, if your birthdate was on July 20, 1952, enter 07/20/1952.

LINE 3

Address

If your mailing address is new or has changed, mark **X** in box 3a.

If you move **after** filing your return and you expect a refund, notify both of the following about your change of address:

- The post office serving your old address; and
- The Department.

This helps in forwarding your refund or any other correspondence related to your tax return to your new address.

You may change your address online using TAP on the Department's website. You must login to TAP to change your address. To report a change of address by mail, use Form RPD-41260, *Personal Income Tax Change of Address Form*. Your original signature is mandatory for a change of address.

In 3b, clearly enter your address. Make sure it is an address where you can receive mail and that it is legible, complete, and correct.

If you have a foreign address, enter the street address, city name and postal

code in the appropriate line. Also complete the spaces for the foreign province and/or state and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the foreign postal code, the province or state, and country. Do not abbreviate the country name.

LINE 4

Deceased Taxpayer or Spouse and Any Claimant

If the taxpayer or the spouse named on the return died before you file this return, on lines 4c and 4d, enter the date of death in **MM/DD/CCYY** format. For example, if the death was on June 13, 2019, enter 06/13/2019. Attach a copy of the death certificate or other proof of death.

If the refund must be made payable to a person other than the surviving spouse, or to the estate of the taxpayer, on line 4a enter the claimant's name, and on line 4b enter the claimant's SSN. You must also attach Form RPD-41083, *Affidavit to Obtain Refund* of New Mexico Tax Due a Deceased Taxpayer.

For more information, see *Representatives of Deceased Taxpayers* on page 5 of these instructions.

LINE 5

Exemptions

Deduction amounts for personal exemptions are suspended for tax years 2018 through 2025 by the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

New Mexico uses the same definitions and qualifications pursuant to Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code to determine exemption amounts and whether someone is your dependent or other dependent. Eligibility remains important for determining who may claim credits and other tax benefits on PIT-1 and other required forms and attachments. The total in this line item will include you, your spouse if filing a joint return, your qualifying dependents, and your qualifying other dependents.

See instructions for Form 1040 or 1040SR for definitions for 2019.

IMPORTANT: If you, or your spouse, if married filing jointly, **qualify** as an other dependent of another individual for federal income tax purposes, exclude yourself or that spouse from the total in line 5. Whether or not you or that spouse were actually claimed as an other dependent on the other individual's federal return, do not include yourself or that spouse in the total in line 5.

To determine the amount to enter on line 5, complete the below *Worksheet* for Computing the Amount on Line 5 of the PIT-1 Return.

LINE 6

Extension of Time to File

If you have a federal or New Mexico extension of time to file, mark **X** in box 6a and enter the date the extension expires in 6b.

If you were granted a federal automatic six-month extension (through October 15th) or you received approval for a New Mexico extension, do **not** attach either of the following:

- A copy of federal Form 4868, *Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File U.S. Individual Income Tax Return; or*
- New Mexico Form RPD-41096, Application for Extension of Time to File.

Worksheet for Computing the Amount on Line 5 of the	PIT-1 Return
 Yourself. Enter "1" if you can't be claimed as an other dependent, otherwise, enter "0". 	
 Spouse. Enter "1" if married filing jointly and can't be claimed as an other dependent, otherwise, enter "0". 	
3. Enter total number of dependents and other dependents as reported on your federal return. If none, enter "0".	
4. Total. Add lines 1, 2, and 3. Enter here and on line 5.	

If you are granted a federal extension for more than six months, or granted a New Mexico extension for military personnel deployed in a combat zone, special instructions and attachments are required.

For more information, see *Extension of Time to File* on page 14 of these instructions.

IMPORTANT: An extension of time to file your return does **not** extend your time to pay.

LINE 7 Filing Status

Show your filing status by marking **X** in the box to the left of the filing status. Use the same filing status on your PIT-1 that you used on your federal return. If you did not file a federal return, use the filing status you would have used for federal income tax purposes.

New Mexico is a Community Property State

Both your New Mexico return and your federal return **must** reflect a correct division of community and separate income and payments in these cases:

- Married persons filing separately or divorced during 2019;
- Married persons filing jointly and claiming the exemption for income of persons 100 years or older; and
- Married persons allocating and apportioning income inside and outside New Mexico.

If your income and payments are not evenly distributed, attach a copy of a statement reflecting a correct division of community and separate income and payments. Include your spouse's or former spouse's name and SSN on the statement.

NOTE: Even if you did not file a federal return, attach the statement explaining the division of community income and payments to your PIT-1 return.

For details, see Publication FYI-310, Community Property, Divorce, Separation and Your New Mexico Income Tax.

Requirements for Items 3 and 4 If you mark **X** in item 3, *Married filing* separately, your spouse's name and SSN are required on lines 2a and 2b. If you mark **X** in item 4, *Head of Household*, on the line below item 4, enter the name of the person who qualifies you as head of household **if** that person is a child and not eligible to be included as a qualified dependent or other dependent under federal regulations.

LINE 8

Dependents and Other Dependents

Enter the name, SSN, and date of birth of each dependent and other dependent you reported on your federal return. If you have more than five qualifying dependents and other dependents, enter the name, SSN, and date of birth of the first five qualifying dependents and other dependents on PIT-1, line 8, and the remaining qualifying dependents and other dependents on 2019 Schedule PIT-S. Attach Schedule PIT-S to your 2019 PIT-1 return.

NOTE: Enter **only** qualifying dependents and other dependents allowed on your federal return. Do **not** include yourself or your spouse on line 8 or Schedule PIT-S.

Who is a Qualifying Dependent or Other Dependent?

New Mexico uses the same definitions and qualifications as the IRS to determine if someone is a qualified dependent or other dependent. To find out who you may claim as a dependent or other dependent, see the instructions for federal Form 1040 and 1040SR.

IMPORTANT: To avoid processing delays, do **not** use Schedule PIT-S unless the five dependent and other dependent lines are filled in on PIT-1, line 8, and you need additional lines.

About the Three Columns

In column 1, make sure the name agrees with the individual's social security card or ITIN.

In column 2, enter your dependent's or other dependent's correct SSN or, if your dependent or other dependent is not eligible to obtain an SSN, enter the correct ITIN required by the IRS. To find out how to apply for an ITIN, visit the IRS website at <u>www.irs.gov</u>. If your qualified dependent child was born and died in 2019, and you did not obtain an SSN, enter all **9**s and attach a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital records. The document must show the child was born alive.

In column 3, enter your dependent's date of birth in **MM/DD/CCYY** format. For example, if your child was born April 16, 2012, enter 04/16/2012.

LINE 9

Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Enter the federal adjusted gross income as reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 8b.

Royalty Income of Non-Residents

Non-resident taxpayers who elect to calculate tax on **gross** royalty income under \$5,000 using special procedures instead of filing a complete PIT-1 and a PIT-B, skip PIT-1, lines 9 through 16a.

On line 17, enter your total **gross** royalty income from New Mexico sources. Calculate the tax by applying the gross royalty income to the tax rate tables. In the box on PIT-1, line 18a, enter **Y** instead of **R** or **B**. Then follow the instructions for lines 22 and 23, and lines 27 through 42.

For more information, see *Non-Residents and Royalty Income* on page 5 of these instructions.

Federal Return Attachments Required

Generally, you do not attach your federal return to your PIT-1. If, however, you have a combined loss of over \$40,000, from one or more of the following federal forms and schedules, attach to Form PIT-1, your federal Form 1040 or 1040SR and schedules showing the loss or losses taken on Form 1040 or 1040SR.

- Federal Schedules C or C-EZ for business income or loss;
- Federal Schedule D for capital gains or loss;
- Federal Schedule E for rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, income;
- Federal Schedule F for farm income or loss; and

Worksheet for Calculating the Amount on Line 10 of the PIT-1 Return		
1. Enter the amount of state and local income taxes claimed on federal Schedule A, line 5a.	\$	
2. Enter the total amount of state and local taxes on federal Schedule A, line 5d.	\$	
3. Divide line 1 by line 2. Round to 4 decimal places.		
4. Enter the amount of state and local taxes claimed on federal Schedule A, line 5e.	\$	
5. Multiply line 4 by line 3.	\$	
6. Enter the lesser of line 4 and line 5. If they are the same, enter that number here.	\$	
 Enter the standard deduction amount you could have claimed on federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 9, if you had not itemized your federal allowable deductions. 	\$	
 Enter your total itemized deductions from federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 9. Also enter this amount on PIT-1, line 12, and mark the box on line 12a. 	\$	
9. Subtract line 7 from line 8. If less than zero, please enter 0.	\$	
10.Enter the lesser of lines 6 and 9. Also enter this amount on PIT-1, line 10.	\$	

• Federal Form 4797, Other gains or losses.

LINE 10

Itemized State and Local Tax Deduction

If you itemized deductions on your 2019 federal income tax return, on your PIT-1 Return you must add back all or part of the amount shown for **Taxes You Paid (state and local)** on federal Schedule A, line 5a.

The amount to enter on line 10 is bound by the following two conditions:

- The amount on line 10 of the worksheet cannot be larger than the difference between your itemized deduction and the federal standard deduction amount you would have qualified for had you not itemized.
- If the total amount of the itemized deduction for state and local taxes on line 5e of federal Schedule A, is limited by the new thresholds as a result of the changes made by the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, your state and local tax deduction add-back for state

tax purposes is also reduced. The add-back amount on line 10 is proportioned by a percentage equal to the amount on line 5d of your federal Schedule A, before the limitation is applied.

To determine the amount to enter on line 10, complete the above *Worksheet* for Computing the Amount on Line 10 of the PIT-1 Return.

LINE 11 Total Additions to Federal Adjusted Gross Income

If you completed Schedule PIT-ADJ, lines 1 to 5, enter the **Total Additions** from PIT-ADJ, line 5.

If any of the following are true, you are required to complete and attach Schedule PIT-ADJ:

- You received interest and dividends from federally tax-exempt bonds.
- You have a federal net operating loss carryover.
- You had contributions refunded when closing a New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan account.

- You had certain contributions rolled out of a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account.
- You claimed a charitable deduction on federal Schedule A for a donation of land to private non-profit or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes from which you were allowed the New Mexico land conservation tax credit.

For information about calculating the additions, see the 2019 PIT-ADJ, lines 1 to 5 instructions.

LINE 12 Federal Standard or Itemized Deduction Amount

If you did not itemize deductions on your 2019 federal return, enter the allowable federal standard deduction from federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 9. If you itemized deductions on your 2019 federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, do the following:

- Enter the allowable federal itemized deductions you reported on Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 9.
- Mark box 12a.

IMPORTANT: Mark box 12a only if you itemized your deductions on Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 9.

Charitable Deduction of Land

If you claim a charitable deduction in your federal itemized deductions on federal Schedule A for a donation of land to private non-profit or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes from which you were approved for the New Mexico land conservation tax credit, you must add back the charitable deduction amount included in your itemized deductions on federal Schedule A. To determine the amount of the charitiable deduction to add back, see the Schedule PIT-ADJ, line 4 line instructions.

LINE 13

Deduction for Certain Dependents

Beginning tax year 2019, as long as the exemption amount pursuant to Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code is zero (0), a taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and files a return as a head of household

1.	Add the number of dependents and other dependents entered on PIT-1, line 8.			
2.	Add the number of dependents and other dependents entered on PIT-S. If none, enter "0"			
3.	Total dependents. Add lines 1 and 2.			
4.	Qualified dependents. Subtract "1" from total dependents entered in line 3 to arrive at the number of qualified de- pendents allowed to include in the deduction.			
5.	Multiply the qualified dependents entered in line 4 by \$4000. Enter the amount here and on PIT-1, line 13.	\$		

or married filing jointly may claim a deduction from net income in an amount of \$4000 for certain dependents.

To calculate the deduction for PIT-1, line 13, complete the above *Worksheet for Calculating Deduction for Certain Dependents*.

LINE 14

New Mexico Low- and Middle-Income Tax Exemption

A New Mexico income tax exemption is allowed for low- and middle-income taxpayers. All taxpayers, including residents, part-year residents, firstyear residents, and non-residents may claim this exemption in full. The maximum is \$2,500 for each qualified exemption for income tax purposes. The amount varies according to filing status and adjusted gross income.

To claim the exemption, the amount on PIT-1, line 9 must be equal to or less than any of the following:

- \$36,667 (if single)
- \$27,500 (if married filing separately)
- \$55,000 (if married filing jointly, qualified widow(er), or head of household)

To calculate the exemption, use *New Mexico Low- and Middle-Income Tax Exemption Worksheet* on page 24.

LINE 15 Total Deductions and Exemptions from Federal Income

If you completed PIT-ADJ, lines 6 to 22, on PIT-1, line 15, enter the **Total Deductions and Exemptions** from PIT-ADJ, line 22.

You are required to complete and attach Schedule PIT-ADJ if any of the following are true:

- You have interest and dividend income on New Mexico state and local bonds.
- You have a New Mexico net operating loss carryover.
- You have interest income from U.S. Government obligations.
- You have Railroad Retirement income not taxable by New Mexico.
- You, your spouse, or both are members of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo and your income was wholly earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo of which the individual is an enrolled member while domiciled on that land, reservation, tribe, or pueblo.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 100 or over **and** not a dependent of another taxpayer.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over or blind, and your adjusted gross income is not over \$51,000 for a joint return; \$28,500 for a single taxpayer; or \$25,500 for married taxpayers filing separately.
- You have a New Mexico Medical Care Savings Account.
- You contribute to a New Mexico-

approved Section 529 college savings plan.

- You have net capital gains for which you can claim a deduction of up to \$1,000 or 40% of your net capital gain deduction, whichever is greater.
- You have armed forces wages or salary from active duty service.
- You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over, and you have unreimbursed or uncompensated medical care expenses of \$28,000 or more for yourself, your spouse, or dependents.
- You, your spouse, or dependents have expenses related to donating human organs for transfer to another person.
- You received a reimbursement from the New Mexico National Guard Service Member's Life Insurance Reimbursement Fund.
- You were required to include, in your federal adjusted gross income, taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income tax (federal Schedule 1, line 1).
- You are a non-resident U.S. Public Health Service (USPHS) service member and you received active duty pay.

For details about calculating total deductions and exemptions, see the 2019 PIT-ADJ, lines 6 to 21 instructions.

LINE 16

Medical Care Expense Deduction

If you file a New Mexico PIT-1, you may claim a deduction for medical care expenses paid during the tax year for you, your spouse, or a dependent. Eligible filers include out-of-state residents with income tax responsibility to New Mexico. This deduction is available through December 31, 2024.

Deduction Amount

To determine the deduction amount to enter, use *Worksheet for Calculating Medical Care Expense Deduction* and the instructions on page 25.

You may claim the medical care expense deduction in an amount equal

New Mexico Low- and Middle-Income Tax Exemption Worksheet

Complete this worksheet to determine your New Mexico low- and middle-income tax exemption for PIT-1, line 14. Do not attach this worksheet to your PIT-1. Keep a copy in your records.

You are eligible to claim the New Mexico low- and middle-income tax exemption if:		
Your filing status is	and your federal adjusted gross income is	
Single	\$36,667 or less	
Married filing jointly or surviving spouse	\$55,000 or less	
Head of household	\$55,000 or less	
Married filing separately	\$27,500 or less	

1.	Enter the amount reported on PIT-1, line 9. If your federal adjusted gross income is greater than the amount listed in the table above for your filing status, do not complete this form because you do not qualify for this exemption.	1.
2.	 If your filing status on PIT-1, line 7 is: Single, enter \$20,000. Married filing jointly or qualified widow(er), enter \$30,000. Head of household, enter \$30,000. Married filing separately, enter \$15,000. 	2.
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is negative, enter zero here, skip line 4, and enter zero on line 5	3.
4.	 If your filing status on PIT-1, line 7 is: Single, enter 0.15. Married filing jointly or qualified widow(er), enter 0.10. Head of household, enter 0.10. Married filing separately, enter 0.20. 	4.
5.	Multiply line 3 by line 4 and enter the result	5.
6.	Subtract line 5 from \$2,500	6.
7.	Enter the number of exemptions * reported on PIT-1, line 5	7.
8.	Multiply line 6 by line 7. Enter this amount here and on PIT-1, line 14	8.

* Exemptions include the taxpayer, spouse, dependents, and other dependents reported on federal Form 1040 or 1040SR for federal income tax purposes. See PIT-1, line 5, instructions on page 20 for more details.

Worksheet for Calculating Medical Care Expense Deduction

1. Determine your eligible medical care expenses paid
during the tax year and enter here. IMPORTANT: Also
enter this amount on line 16a1. <u>\$</u>

3. Multiply line 1 by line 2. Enter on PIT-1, line 16......3. \$

Medical Care Expenses		
	Surviving Spouses and Ma	rried Individuals Filing Joint Returns
lf Adjuste	ed Gross Income Is	Percentage of Paid Medical Expenses
Not over	\$30,000	25%
From	\$30,001 to \$70,000	15%
Over	\$70,000	10%
:	Single Individuals and Marı	ried Persons Filing Separate Returns
lf Adjuste	ed Gross Income Is	Percentage of Paid
Not over	¢15.000	Medical Expenses 25%
From	\$15,000 \$15,001 to \$35,000	15%
Over	\$35,000	10%
	Hoad	of Household
	neau	ornousenoid
lf Adjuste	ed Gross Income Is	Percentage of Paid Medical Expenses
Not over	\$20,000	25%
From	\$20,001 to \$50,000	15%

to the percentage of medical care expenses paid during the tax year based on your filing status and adjusted gross income. See the above *Medical Care Expenses* table.

\$50,000

Over

IMPORTANT: You must complete both lines 16 and 16a or the Department will deny your deduction.

Married Couples Filing Separately

Married couples filing separately may claim only those expenses personally incurred. The other spouse may not claim any expenses already claimed or planned to claim by the spouse incurring the expense.

Requirement 1: Provider Must Be Licensed or Certified to Practice in New Mexico

When medical expenses are incurred for services provided by a medical doctor, osteopathic physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractic physician, or psychologist, the person providing the service must be licensed or certified to practice in New Mexico. In the medical expenses incurred to calculate the medical care expense deduction, you cannot include expenses paid to a provider who does not meet this requirement.

10%

An exception to the requirement for the doctor to be licensed or certified in New Mexico applies when medical expenses are for qualified long-term care services as defined in Section 7702B (c) of the IRC.

Requirement 2: Claim Only Unreimbursed and Uncompensated Expenses Not In Federal Itemized Deduction Amount

For purposes of the medical care expense deduction, you may claim only unreimbursed and uncompensated medical expenses **not** included in your itemized deduction amount on federal Schedule A. You may include on line 16 medical care expenses not included in the itemized deduction amount that are part of the federal 10% of adjusted gross income.

Ineligible Expenses

Reimbursed and compensated insurance premiums, like those paid with pre-tax dollars under cafeteria and similar benefit plans, are ineligible.

Do not claim payments to a veterinarian or veterinary clinic or any other expenses for family pets or other animals. These expenses are ineligible.

Eligible Expenses

Some of the expenses you may include are the following:

- 1. Amounts paid as premiums under Part B of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare),
- 2. Amounts paid for a qualified longterm care insurance contract defined in Section 7702B(b) of the IRC, **and**
- 3. Unreimbursed insurance premiums and co-payments not deducted for federal purposes.

NOTE: Premiums paid with pre-tax dollars through payroll deductions are not eligible.

Additional Exemption and Tax Credit

If you or your spouse are at least 65 years old and you paid unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses over \$28,000 during 2019, you may **also** be eligible to claim an exemption of \$3,000 and a tax credit of \$2,800. For details, see the instructions for PIT-ADJ, line 17 and PIT-RC, line 23.

Definitions

The following definitions apply for purposes of this deduction:

- "Health care facility" means a hospital, outpatient facility, diagnostic and treatment center, rehabilitation center, free-standing hospice, physician's office, or other similar facility, regardless of location, where medical care is provided and which is licensed by any governmental entity;
- "Medical care" means the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, or care for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body;

Worksheet for Calculating Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions

1.	Taxable income from PIT-1, line 171.
2.	Amount of lump-sum income reported for purposes of 10-year tax option or capital gains election on federal Form 49722.
3.	MULTIPLY line 2 by 0.20 and enter3.
4.	ADD lines 1 and 34
5.	Enter the tax from the tax rate tables * on the amount on line 45
6.	Enter the tax from the tax rate tables * on the amount on line 16
7.	SUBTRACT line 6 from line 5 and enter difference7.
8.	MULTIPLY the amount on line 7 by 5. (This is the additional averaged tax due on the lump-sum income.) Enter on PIT-1, line 19
	*Use the rate tables from the PIT-1 instructions, starting on page 1T of 2019 Tax Look Up Table.

"Medical care expenses" means amounts paid for:

a. The diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, or care for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body, if **provided by a physician or in a health care facility**. Cosmetic surgery is not eligible;

b. Prescribed drugs or insulin, and oxygen. A "prescribed drug" is a drug or biologically active substance for use in or on humans that requires a prescription or administration by a person licensed to do so. Costs for over-the-counter drugs are not eligible. Prescribed drugs for animals are not eligible;

c. Qualified long-term care services as defined in Section 7702B (c) of the Internal Revenue Code;

d. Insurance covering medical care, including amounts you paid as premiums under part B of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare) or for a qualified long-term care insurance contract defined in Section 7702B (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the insurance or other amount is income for the tax year;

e. Nursing services, regardless of where the services are rendered, if provided by a practical nurse or a professional nurse licensed to practice in the state according to the Nursing Practice Act; f. Specialized treatment or the use of special therapeutic devices if a physician prescribes the treatment or device, and the patient can show that the expense was incurred primarily for the prevention or alleviation of a physical or mental defect or illness. "Special therapeutic devices" include corrective eyeglasses, contact lenses and hearing aids prescribed by a physician. However, expenses for guide dogs are excluded;

g. Care in an institution other than a hospital, such as a sanitarium or rest home, if the principal reason for the presence of the person in the institution is to receive the medical care available. If the meals and lodging are a necessary part of such care, the cost of the meals and lodging are "medical care expenses";

 "Physician" means a medical doctor, osteopathic physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractic physician or psychologist licensed or certified to practice in New Mexico.

Keep Documentation of Expenses

Keep full documentation of all medical care expenses for which you claim a deduction. Receipts are necessary if you are selected for audit or verification of deductions claimed.

IMPORTANT: Do not send your documentation with your tax return.

LINE 16a

Unreimbursed and Uncompensated Medical Care Expenses

Enter the total of qualifying unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses you used to calculate your medical care expense deduction claimed on line 16.

LINE 17

New Mexico Taxable Income

Add lines 9, 10, and 11, then subtract lines 12, 13,14, 15, and 16. If the result is negative, enter zero. This is your New Mexico taxable income.

NOTE: Line 18 shows your New Mexico tax due based on your calculation of New Mexico taxable income amount on line 17.

Non-Residents Using Gross Royalty Income

If you are a non-resident and you elect to calculate tax on **gross** royalty income under \$5,000 using special procedures instead of filing a complete PIT-1 and PIT-B, enter your **gross** royalty income from New Mexico sources on PIT-1, line 17 and enter **Y** in box 18a.

Calculate your tax by applying the tax rate tables to the **gross** royalty income.

NOTE: Only complete PIT-1 lines 1 to 8, 17, 18a, 22, 23, and 27 to 42. For more information, see *Non-Residents and Royalty Income* on page 5 of these instructions.

LINE 18

New Mexico Tax

Unless you qualify for Schedule CC, calculate your New Mexico tax by using one of these methods and then complete line 18a:

- If you have income from sources inside and outside New Mexico, use your entry on PIT-B, line 14 or;
- Use the rate tables from the PIT-1 instructions, starting on page 1T.

About PIT-B and the Rate Tables

If you have income from sources inside and outside New Mexico, complete PIT-B to calculate your tax. Otherwise, use the tax rate tables.

If you use the rate tables, make sure

to use the taxable income amount on line 17.

About Schedule CC

If you qualify to file Schedule CC, *Alternative Tax Schedule*, enter **only** the amount from Schedule CC, line 3 on line 18. Schedule CC is for taxpayers who:

- Have no business activities in New Mexico other than sales,
- Do not own or rent real estate in New Mexico, **and**
- Have annual gross sales in or into New Mexico of \$100,000 or less.

LINE 18a

Rate Table Indicator

In the box on line 18a, enter **R** or **B** to show the source for calculating your tax:

- **R** = Rate tables
- **B** = Schedule PIT-B

NOTE: Non-residents may enter **Y** if a non-resident electing to use the special method for computing tax on gross royalty income. See the instructions for line 17 for more information.

LINE 19

Additional Amount for Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions

If you received a lump-sum payment and you are using the special federal 10-year tax option on federal Form 4972, you are eligible to use New Mexico's averaging method.

If you did not use the federal averaging methods available on federal Form 4972, you are not eligible to use the New Mexico averaging method. To calculate your New Mexico averaged tax, use *Worksheet for Calculating Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions,* on page 26. Take the amount on line 8 of the worksheet, and enter it on PIT-1, line 19 for tax on lump-sum distributions.

If You File Schedule PIT-B

If you have income sources inside and outside New Mexico and file PIT-B, on PIT-B, line 3, allocate to New Mexico the part of the lump-sum distribution you received while you were a resident.

If you are a full-year resident or a

resident because you were physically present in New Mexico for 185 days or more, you must allocate to New Mexico the lump-sum distribution you received during the entire year. If you are a first-year resident or a part-year resident, allocate only the amount of lump-sum distribution you received while a resident of New Mexico.

IMPORTANT: If you used PIT-B to calculate New Mexico tax liability on line 18, and you also used the federal special tax option and New Mexico averaging methods to calculate tax on a lump-sum distribution on line 19, do **not** add line 19 when completing PIT-1, line 22 as instructed. Instead subtract the sum of lines 20 and 21 from the amount you entered on PIT-1, line 18. Skip line 19.

You do not need to add PIT-1, line 19 when completing PIT-1, line 22 because the New Mexico part of line 19 (lump-sum distributions) is included in PIT-B, line 14.

LINE 20

Credit for Taxes Paid to Another State

A **resident** of New Mexico who must pay tax to another state on income that is also taxable in New Mexico may take a credit against New Mexico tax for tax paid to the other state.

IMPORTANT: This credit is for tax that another state imposes on any part of income that by law is included in New Mexico net income. When calculating the allowable credit, do **not** include tax withheld. If the specific item of income is not subject to taxation in both states, no credit is available.

The credit may not be more than:

- The New Mexico tax liability due on your PIT-1,
- The tax you paid to the other state.
- The amount of New Mexico income tax liability calculated on the part of income taxed in both states.

Complete the worksheet on page 28 and attach all of the following to your PIT-1:

• A copy of the worksheet(s), and

• Income tax return(s) from the other state(s).

Income on Schedule PIT-B

Income allocated or apportioned outside New Mexico on PIT-B does not qualify for credit for taxes paid to another state on that same income.

"State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or any political subdivision of a foreign country. "State" does not include the central governments of foreign countries.

Income tax you paid to any municipality, county, or other political subdivision of a state, or to any central government of a foreign country, does not count toward the credit.

IMPORTANT: If you file a Schedule PIT-B, a credit for tax paid to another state is only allowed when you enter income that must be allocated or apportioned to New Mexico in PIT-B, column 2. Income that is **not** required to be allocated or apportioned to New Mexico does **not** qualify for the credit for taxes paid to another state.

Example 1. A New Mexico resident's interest earned from an investment in Arizona is allocated to New Mexico on PIT-B, column 2. The resident can claim the credit for taxes paid to another state when the interest income is:

- Required to be allocated to New Mexico and
- Taxed in Arizona.

Example 2. A New Mexico resident allocates rental income from property located outside of New Mexico on PIT-B. The resident cannot claim credit for tax paid to another state because the resident did not include that income on PIT-B, column 2.

NOTE: Effective for retirement income received after December 31, 1995, federal law prohibits any state from taxing certain retirement income (mainly pension income) unless you are resident of, or domiciled in, that state. For example, if you receive a

Na	me of other state	COLUMN 1 from the New Mexico return	COLUMN 2 from the other state's return
1.	Enter amount of tax due to the state on the return	1	1
2.	Enter taxable income on which you calculated the tax on line 1. If applicable, enter the state's taxable income after applying the state's allocation and apportionment percentage. For New Mexico, this is from PIT-1, line 17 (New Mexico Taxable Income) multiplied by the New Mexico percentage, if any, on PIT-B, line 12.	2	2
3.	DIVIDE line 1 by line 2. This is the average effective tax rate on the state's income. Calculate to four decimal places (for example, 0.0517)	3	3
4.	From each state's return, enter the part of income subject to tax in both states, but not more than the amount on line 2. Note :The amount in column 1 will be the same as the amount in column 2	4	4
5.	MULTIPLY line 3 by line 4	5	5
5.	Enter the lesser of line 5, column 1 and line 5, column 2, but not more than the amount in column 1, line 1. This is the credit allowed for tax paid to the other state	6	-
nu	ter the amount from line 6 of this worksheet on your 2019 PIT-1, lir Iltiple states, total the amounts on line 6 from the worksheets you co 2019 PIT-1, line 20.		

- 28 -

pension from your former California employer and you now reside in New Mexico, California may not tax your retirement income. Because you are now a New Mexico resident, your retirement income is taxable in New Mexico.

New Mexico Taxpayers with Permanent Home in Other States

Some taxpayers have permanent homes in other states, **and** they are physically present in New Mexico for at least 185 days during the tax year. If you are one of these taxpayers, you must file as a resident of New Mexico.

Allocate your income to New Mexico as a resident on PIT-B. If you qualify, you may take a credit for taxes paid to your home state on PIT-1, line 20.

LINE 21

Business-Related Income Tax Credits Applied

The business-related income tax credits you may be eligible to claim against your New Mexico personal income taxes are on the table, *Attachments Required to Claim PIT-CR Business -Related Tax Credits* on page 10.

If you are eligible, do the following:

- Complete PIT-CR.
- From PIT-CR, line A, enter the total amount you claimed and applied to your tax due in PIT-1, line 21,
- From PIT-CR, line B, enter the total amount of tax credit that may be refunded to you, on PIT-1, line 26. See instructions for line 26,
- Attach Schedule PIT-CR (and any required forms or documentation to support your claim) to your PIT-1.

For information about these credits, see the instructions for PIT-CR.

LINE 22

Net New Mexico Income Tax

To find your net New Mexico income tax in all cases, except the PIT-B situation described next, do the following:

- 1. Add lines 18 and 19.
- 2. Add lines 20 and 21.
- 3. From the result of step 1, subtract the result of step 2. This amount cannot be less than zero.

Calculation When Using PIT-B and Claiming Additional Amount of Tax on Lum-Sum Distributions

Although PIT-1, line 22 says to add line 19, do not add line 19 if **both** of the following are true:

- For PIT-1, line 18, you used PIT-B to calculate your New Mexico tax liability.
- For PIT-1, line 19, you used the New Mexico averaging method to calculate tax on a lump-sum distribution.

If both are true, calculate your net New Mexico income tax for line 22 by following these steps:

- 1. Add lines 20 and 21.
- 2. From the amount on line 18, subtract the result of step 1.

In this case, you do not add PIT-1, line 19 when completing PIT-1, line 22. The New Mexico part of line 19 (lump-sum distribution) is already included in PIT-B, line 14.

LINE 24

Total Claimed on Rebate and Credit Schedule

If you claim any of the following special New Mexico rebates or refundable credits, complete and attach PIT-RC to your PIT-1:

- Low income comprehensive tax rebate;
- Property tax rebate (for low-income persons 65 or older);
- Additional low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents;
- Child day care credit;
- Refundable medical care credit for persons 65 years of age or older and;
- Special needs adopted child tax credit.

LINES 25 and 25a Working Families Tax Credit

If you were a New Mexico resident during any part of 2019 and you file a PIT-1, you may claim the working families tax credit. The credit is 17% of the earned income credit (EIC) for which you are eligible the same tax year. The EIC is a refundable federal income tax credit for low income working individuals and families. The credit reduces the amount of federal tax you may owe and may increase your refund from the IRS.

If you qualify for the working families tax credit, and the credit exceeds your income tax liability for the tax year of the claim, you may receive a refund.

IMPORTANT: You must complete both lines 25 and 25a, or the credit will be denied.

On line 25a, enter the amount of EIC you reported on your 2019 federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, Line 18a.

To calculate the entry for line 25, multiply the amount on line 25a by 0.17 (17%) and round the result to the nearest dollar.

For More Information

To see all the requirements for claiming the EIC, read the rules in the federal 1040 or 1040SR tax package or see IRS Publication 596, *Earned Income Credit (EIC)*. You may also read about the EIC on the IRS website at <u>www.</u> <u>irs.gov</u> and download the publication from the site.

LINE 26

Refundable Business-Related Income Tax Credits

From PIT-CR, line B, enter the total amount of your refundable part of the following tax credits.

- Film Production Tax Credit,
- Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit, and
- Technology Jobs and Research and Development (Additional) Tax Credit.

Line 26 shows the refundable amount of business-related income tax credits you may claim.

LINE 27

New Mexico Income Tax Withheld Except for income from oil and gas proceeds and income from pass-through entities (covered in lines 28 and 29), enter the total of all your other New Mexico income tax withheld. These are shown on your annual withholding A payment for gross receipts tax, withholding tax, compensating tax, or any other type of tax due to the State of New Mexico is not a payment towards your personal income tax liability. Do not include these payments as "tax withheld," "estimated," or "other" payments on your PIT-1.

statements, including Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 1099, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC. Attach a copy of the forms to your PIT-1.

Payments You Cannot Include

Do not include income tax withheld from your share of the net income of a pass-through entity or from oil and gas proceeds.

Do not include any payment you made for gross receipts tax, withholding tax, compensating tax, or any other type of tax due to the State of New Mexico. These payments are not payments towards your personal income tax liability. They are not considered "tax withheld," "estimated," or "other" payments on your PIT-1.

Tax Withheld in Error

If New Mexico tax was withheld in error on your wages, salary, or tips, and you had no income tax responsibility to New Mexico on that income, obtain a letter from your employer or payor. The letter must include both of the following:

- Explain the cause of the error.
- State that no New Mexico income tax was due on the income reported. If New Mexico tax was withheld in error on your pension or annuity, and you had no income tax responsibility to New Mexico on that income, provide one of the following:
- A copy of the state income tax return for the state in which you are domiciled; or
- Other information showing your residency in an other state.

LINE 28

New Mexico Income Tax Withheld From Oil and Gas Proceeds

Enter the total of all New Mexico income tax withheld from oil and gas proceeds as shown on your annual withholding statements, 1099-MISC, **and** RPD-41285, *Annual Statement of Withholding of Oil and Gas Proceeds.* Attach a copy of the forms to your PIT-1.

LINE 29

New Mexico Income Tax Withheld From a Pass-Through Entity

Enter the total New Mexico income tax withheld from the net income of passthrough entities (PTEs) as shown on your annual withholding statements, 1099-MISC, or Form RPD-41359, *Annual Statement of Pass-Through Entity Withholding*. Attach a copy of the form(s) to your PIT-1.

LINE 30

2019 Estimated Income Tax Payments

Enter the total of New Mexico estimated tax payments you made for 2019 as shown in your records. Include all of the following:

- Estimated payments you made with PIT-ES payment vouchers;
- Your last installment payment, even if you pay it in 2020; and
- Overpayments from your 2018 return that you applied to your 2019 taxes.

Do not include any of the following payments:

- Extension payments you made with PIT-EXT payment vouchers;
- Any return payments you made with PIT-PV payment vouchers; and
- PIT-EXT or PIT-PV payments you made through the Department website.

NOTE: Report extension and return payments on PIT-1, line 31.

DIFFERENT NAME OR SSN

If you made any estimated payments using a different name or SSN, attach a schedule to your return showing how you made each estimated payment.

Example. Before her marriage in August 2019, a taxpayer made two estimated tax payments in her name and SSN only. She made two additional estimated tax payments after the marriage, but they showed her new spouse's name, and SSN.

She enters the total of all estimated payments on PIT-1, line 30. She also attaches a schedule that shows the name(s) and SSN(s) reported with each estimated tax payment.

IMPORTANT: A payment for gross receipts tax, withholding tax, compensating tax, or any other type of tax due to the State of New Mexico is not a payment towards your personal income tax liability. Do not include these payments as "tax withheld," "estimated," or "other" payments on your PIT-1.

LINE 31

Other Payments

Enter the total payments you made toward your 2019 personal income tax liability that are not included on line 30, including:

- Extension payments you made with PIT-EXT payment vouchers;
- Return payments you made with PIT-PV payment vouchers;
- PIT-EXT or PIT-PV payments you made through the Department website.

IMPORTANT: You do not need to include any payments you attach to your return or payments you submit after you file the return.

LINE 32

Total Payments and Credits

Add lines 24 through 31, and enter the total here.

LINE 33

Tax Due/Amount You Owe

If line 23 is greater than line 32, the difference is the amount of tax you owe. Subtract line 32 from line 23, enter the difference here.

LINE 34 Popalty

Penalty on Underpayment of Estimated Tax

This line is only for taxpayers who owe an underpayment penalty. Leave the line blank in these situations:

- You do not owe an underpayment penalty.
- You owe an underpayment penalty and you want the Department to calculate the penalty for you.

If you want to calculate the penalty, enter the amount of penalty on the underpayment of estimated tax you owe.

For details about calculating penalty, see the instructions for PIT-ES, *Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher*. The rate is subject to change quarterly.

Department Process for Penalty Due

The Department sends you a bill or if you are due a refund, reduces your refund by the amount of the penalty due.

LINE 35

Special Method Allowed for Calculation of Underpayment of Estimated Tax Penalty

Generally, taxpayers who pay penalty on underpayment of estimated tax using the standard method of computing penalty on underpayment of estimated tax, do not need to make an entry in the box on line 35 or file RPD-41272. However, if you owe penalty for underpayment of estimated payments, and you qualify for one of the special methods, you will need to file this form. By using one of the special methods to calculate underpayment of estimated tax, you may be able to reduce or eliminate penalty if you qualify.

To use a special method, you must meet two requirements and then enter a number from 1 to 5 in the box on line 35 to identify the method.

Two Requirements for Using a Special Method

You can use a special method if **both** the following are true:

- You owe penalty for underpayment of estimated personal income tax using the standard method of calculating the penalty.
- You qualify for a special penalty calculation method, which reduces the amount of penalty due.

Identify the Special Method You Use

If both conditions described are true,

enter 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 in the box on line 35 to indicate the method you elect to calculate your underpayment penalty. To use the special penalty calculation, the Department requires you to complete and attach Form RPD-41272, 2019 Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty, to your PIT-1.

For a description of the calculation methods and the meaning of the entries 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, see RPD-41272 or the instructions for PIT-ES, *Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher*.

Leave the box blank when:

- You owe penalty on underpayment of estimated tax using the standard method of calculating the underpayment penalty, and you do not qualify for one of the special methods, and
- You do not owe penalty on underpayment of estimated tax.

LINE 36 Penalty

If you file late and owe tax, or if you do not pay the tax on or before the date your return is due, enter penalty here.

Calculate penalty by multiplying the unpaid amount of tax due on line 33 by 0.02 (2%). Then multiply this product by the number of months or partial months for which your return or payment is late. The result cannot exceed 20% of the tax due.

If you want the Department to calculate the penalty and send you the bill, leave the line blank.

LINE 37

Interest

If you do not pay the income tax due on or before the original due date of your return, even if you receive an extension of time to file, add interest.

If you want the Department to calculate interest for you, leave the line blank. The Department calculates the interest and sends you a bill for interest due.

IMPORTANT: When you pay your principal tax liability, interest stops ac-

cruing. Because it stops accruing, you do not need to calculate the amount of interest due on your return past the date you pay the principal tax.

Interest Calculated on a Daily Basis

Interest is calculated on a daily basis at the rate established for individual income tax purposes by the IRC.

Formula to Calculate Daily Interest

Tax due x daily interest rate for the quarter x number of days late = interest due.

Interest Changes Quarterly

The IRC rate, which changes quarterly, is announced by the IRS in the last month of the previous quarter. The annual and daily interest rates for each quarter are posted on our website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/Indi-viduals/penalty-interest-rates.aspx.

LINE 38

Tax, Penalty, and Interest Due

Add lines 33, 34, 36, and 37 and then enter the total amount due.

LINES 39 through 42 Overpayment/Refund

If line 23 is less than line 32, you have an overpayment. Subtract line 23 from line 32, and enter the difference on line 39.

If you have penalty or interest due from lines 34, 36, or 37, reduce your overpayment by the sum of the amounts in those lines. If you owe penalty or interest the Department will reduce your overpayment by penalty and interest amounts.

You can handle your overpayment in any or a combination of the following ways:

- You can use it for voluntary fund contributions. To do this, enter the amount you wish to contribute on line 40 and attach Schedule D to your PIT-1. For information, see Schedule D, *New Mexico Voluntary Contributions Schedule*.
- You can apply your overpayment to your 2019 estimated tax. To do this, enter the overpayment amount you wish to carry forward to the next year, on line 41.

You can have the Department refund all or part of your overpayment to you. To do this, enter the amount on line 42.

Important: An overpayment credited toward your 2019 estimated tax cannot be refunded until you have filed your 2019 tax return in 2020.

Unless you attach to your return a signed statement asking for a refund of one dollar or less, the Department does not refund that amount.

Receiving a Paper Check in the Mail

If you request an amount to be refunded to you on line 42, and you leave the **Refund Express** section blank (below line 42 and described next), the Department mails a paper check to the address on your return.

REFUND EXPRESS SECTION

Use the **Refund Express** section (below line 42) to request a direct deposit of your refund. If you request an amount to refund to you on line 42, the Department can refund your tax by depositing it directly into your bank account with **Refund Express**.

IMPORTANT: This is **only** available for deposits to the taxpayer's account. You may not request deposit of refunds into another person's account.

The Department is not responsible for the misapplication of a direct deposit refund caused by the error, negligence, or malfeasance on the part of the taxpayer.

Receiving a Direct Deposit

To receive a direct deposit, complete all the information requested in the

Refund Express section:

- RE.1 Bank routing number
- RE.2 Account number
- · RE.3 Checking or savings account
- RE.4 Location question

IMPORTANT: All fields are required. Failure to complete all four fields properly causes denial of your request. In that case, the Department mails you a paper check. The Department also mails you a paper check if your bank does not accept your **Refund Express** information.

Bank Routing Number

The routing number identifies your bank. If the first two digits are not a number from 01 to 12 or 21 to 32, the system rejects the direct deposit and issues you a check. On the sample check below the routing number is 211500151.

IMPORTANT: A bank routing number must have nine digits.

If your check states it is payable through a bank different from the financial institution where you have your checking account, do **not** use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line RE.1.

Bank Account Number

Your account number can be up to 17 characters. Include hyphens, but omit spaces and special symbols. On line RE.2, enter the account number from left to right leaving unused boxes blank. On the sample check below, the account number is 2015551517. Do **not** include the check number in your account number.

CAUTION: Some financial institutions do not allow deposit of a joint refund into an individual account. If a financial institution refuses a direct deposit, the Department is not responsible.

Will This Refund Go To or Through An Account Located Outside the United States?

To comply with federal banking rules, you must indicate whether the refund will go to or through an account outside the United States in question RE.4. If it is, you may not use this refund delivery option. You may use a different bank account or leave the Refund Express portion blank and a paper check will be mailed to the address on the return.

A financial institution is located within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States if it is:

- · located within the United States;
- located on a United States military base; or
- located in American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico or the U.S. Virgin Islands.

If you answer this question incorrectly, your refund may be delayed, rejected or frozen by the National Automated Clearing House Association (NACHA) or the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC).

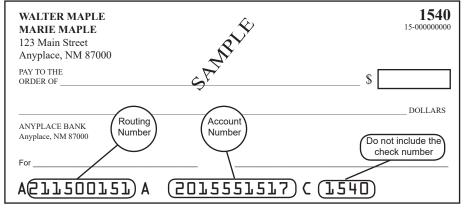
Benefits of Using Refund Express

These are some of the benefits of using **Refund Express**:

- Avoid delays that may occur in mailing a check. Refund Express does not guarantee that you will received your refund check earlier. Only that, when the check is issued, it will reach the bank more quickly.
- Your payment is more secure. A paper check can get lost or stolen.
- Direct deposit is more convenient. You save yourself a trip to the bank.
- A direct deposit saves tax dollars. It costs less than a check.
- Direct depost is environmentally friendly. Refunds deposited directly into your account save paper.

PAID PREPARERS USE ONLY SECTION

Anyone you pay to prepare your return must enter the following information in



the **Paid preparer's use only** section on PIT-1, page 2:

- Signature (by hand or any other method of electronic signature acceptable to the IRS) and date;
- The firm's name or, if you are selfemployed, your name;
- New Mexico 11-digit CRS number (see next paragraph);
- Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN);
- Federal Employer Tax Identification Number, if applicable;
- · Phone number; and
- Indicator for Form RPD-41338.

About the CRS Number

A paid preparer who is not required to have a New Mexico CRS identification number is not required to complete this field. Generally, persons are required to obtain a CRS identification number if **any** of the following are true:

- They perform services in New Mexico.
- They have an employee or a business location in New Mexico.
- They sell property in New Mexico.
- They lease property employed in New Mexico.

RPD-41338, Right To Waive Electronic Filing Requirement

A taxpayer whose return is prepared by another person may elect to waive the tax preparer's requirement to file by electronic media.

If you do not want your preparer to file your return by Department-approved electronic media, the preparer must do the following:

- Keep on file a signed Form RPD-41338, *Taxpayer Waiver for Preparers Electronic Filing Requirement.*
- In the Paid preparer's use only section, mark X in the box to indicate the preparer has an RPD-41338 on file for you. Do not submit RPD-41338 to the Department with your return.

Preparer Who Does Not Charge You

If someone prepares your return and does not charge you, that person does not sign the return. However, the De-

partment recommends that you make sure to keep a record of:

- The name of the person who prepared your return and
- The person's phone number or other contact information.

This information is important in case questions come up after filing your return.

For more information about paid preparers and requirements that apply to them, see *Interest and Penalties* on page 15.

COLLECTION OF DEBTS FROM YOUR REFUND

If you owe other taxes to the Department, the Department keeps all or part of your overpayment. The Department applies that amount to your liability. By law, the Department is required to transfer all or part of your overpayment to certain claimant agencies if you owe a debt for any of the following:

- past due child support;
- medical support liabilities;
- educational assistance loans made under the Educational Assistance Act;
- TANF liabilities;
- SNAP liabilities;
- unemployment compensation;
- district court liabilities;
- magistrate court liabilites;
- Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court liabilities;
- municipal court liabilities;
- workers' compensation liabilities;
- educational assistance loans made with the New Mexico Higher Education Department.

The Department refunds any amount over your liability and debt to you.

IMPORTANT: If you receive notification that all or part of your refund was transferred to a claimant agency and you want to protest that action, contact the agency. The addresses and phone numbers are provided here for your convenience. If your refund was transferred to a claimant agency in error, that agency is required to correct the error and issue you a refund.

Child Support

Human Services Department Child Support Enforcement Division P.O. Box 25110 Santa Fe, NM 87504 (505) 827-7206, fax (505) 827-7285 (800) 288-7207 in state (800) 585-7631 out of state

New Mexico Educational Assistance Foundation

Loan Servicing Department Collections P.O. Box 27020 Albuquerque, NM 87125 (505) 345-3371

Medical/TANF/SNAP Assistance

Human Services Department Accounts Receivable Bureau Restitution Unit P.O. Box 2348 Santa Fe, NM 87504-2348 (800) 431-4593

Unemployment Assistance

New Mexico Department of Workforce Solutions Unemployment Insurance Benefit Payment Control P.O. Box 1928 Albuquerque, NM 87103 (877) 664-6984

Administrative Office of the Courts

(for information on specific courts) Warrant Enforcement Division 237 Don Gaspar, Room 25 Santa Fe, NM 87501 (575) 524-5860 or (505) 896-9494

Workers' Compensation Assistance

Workers' Compensation Administration Financial Management Bureau P.O. Box 27198 Albuquerque, NM 87125-7198 2410 Centre Ave. SE Albuquerque, NM 87106 (505) 841-6000

New Mexico Higher Education Department

2044 Galisteo Street, Suite 4 Santa Fe, NM 87505-2100 (505) 476-8400

PAYING YOUR TAX LIABILITY

You can pay your tax liability through the Internet or by mail. Please see

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE AND PAY on page 13 of these instructions

BEFORE FILING YOUR RETURN

Now that you have completed your PIT-1, use the checklist on page 35 and follow these final steps:

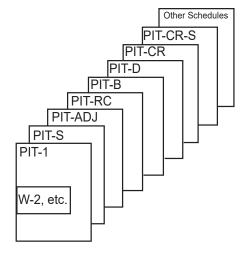
- 1. Check the figures and your arithmetic on your PIT-1 and on all your attachments. Make sure these are original, official PIT-1 form and schedules.
- 2. If you created a working PIT-1, use blue or black ink to carefully transfer your figures onto the clean PIT-1 you plan to submit.
- 3. At the bottom of page 2, sign and date your PIT-1. If you are married and filing a joint return, both spouses must sign the return.

NOTE: Parents of minor children, guardians of dependent taxpayers, surviving spouses, or estate administrators must sign the tax return on behalf of the minor child, dependent, or deceased taxpayer. Print or type the relationship under the signature.

IMPORTANT: If you do not sign your return, the Department cannot process it.

- 4. Below the signature, the taxpayer and, if married filing joint, the spouse, is required to enter their state issued driver's license or state issued identification card number and a two digit state code identifying the state issuing the identification number. Also enter the expiration date of driver's license or state issued identification number. These identification numbers will be used as an additional level of verification to help protect your personal information from identity theft and fraudulent returns. If the taxpayer and, if married filing joint, the spouse does not have a current state issued driver's license or state issued identification card number, write "NONE" in the spaces provided. If the taxpayer and, if married filing joint, the spouse do not wish to provide a state issued driver's license or state issued identification card, write "DECLINED" in the spaces provided.
- 5. Below the signature(s), enter your phone number and email address.

- 6. If you paid a preparer, the preparer must sign your return.
- If your return shows tax due on line 38, complete the PIT-PV payment voucher.
- 8. Assemble your return (and payment voucher if your return shows tax due) as shown for most efficient processing.



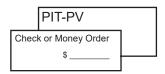
PIT-1 Followed by Schedules in This Order

- 2019 PIT-1
- 2019 Schedule PIT-S, if required
- 2019 Schedule PIT-ADJ, if required
- 2019 Schedule PIT-RC, if required
- 2019 Schedule PIT-B, if required
- 2019 Schedule PIT-D, if desired
- 2019 Schedule PIT-CR, if required
- 2019 Schedule PIT-CR-S, if required
- Other required schedules or attachments

IMPORTANT: Do not use staples or tape to assemble your return.

If making a payment, place the payment and voucher at the front of the return, in this order.

- Payment (check or money order)
- PIT-PV Payment Voucher



IMPORTANT: Do not staple or tape your payment to the payment voucher.

9. Make a copy of your original return and attachments, and keep it in a safe place in case you need to refer to it later. If someone prepares your return for you, get a copy for your records.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FILING YOUR RETURN

The Department encourages all taxpayers to file electronically whenever possible. Electronic filing is fast, safe, and secure. It provides the fastest turnaround for a refund and saves tax dollars. A return filed electronically costs less than a paper return.

Taxpayers who file and pay electronically receive a filing deadline extension of April 30, 2020. For all other taxpayers, the filing deadline is April 15, 2020.

Filing Checklist

- Are name(s) and address complete, correct, and legible?
- Are SSNs legible, accurate, and entered on both pages of each form or schedule where indicated?
- □ If filing married filing separately, are your spouse's name and SSN included?
- Did you include W-2 forms and other income and withholding information returns that show New Mexico income and tax withheld?
- If PIT-1, line 11 or line 15 has an entry, did you include Schedule PIT-ADJ?
- If PIT-1, line 21 and line 26 has an entry, did you include Schedule PIT-CR?
- □ If PIT-1, line 24 has an entry, did you include Schedule PIT-RC and, if required, did you answer questions A, B, C, and D on PIT-RC?
- □ If required, did you include Schedule PIT-B?
- □ If PIT-1, line 40 has an entry, did you include Schedule PIT-D?
- Have you checked the arithmetic on your forms? Are all required fields complete and correct?
- Did you remember **not to staple or tape** the forms and attachments?
- □ Is the return properly signed and dated? Is a contact phone number and email address included at the bottom of PIT-1, page 2?
- Is the state issued driver's license or state issued identification card number, expiration date, and two digit state code identifying the issuing state entered below the signature of the taxpayer and, if married filing joint, the spouse? If you do not have a state issued driver's license or state issued identification card, write NONE in this field. If you do not wish to provide a state issued driver's license or state issued identification card, write DECLINED in this field.

Did you prepare the original forms for mailing to the Department and make a copy of **all** documents for your records?

- If tax is due, did you prepare a PIT-PV payment voucher and check or money order for the full amount to mail to P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390? Are SSNs and **2019 PIT-1** written on your check? Did you make your check or money order payable to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department?
 NOTE: The Department supports fast filing electronic payments with an E-Check or credit card at https://tap.state.nm.us.
- □ If you are due a refund, did you make sure the address on the front of your PIT-1 is where you want your refund mailed?
- If you must make estimated tax payments for tax year 2019, did you mail a PIT-ES payment voucher and check or money order to P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390? Did you write all SSNs and **2019 PIT-ES** on your check? Did you make your check or money order payable to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department?

REMINDER

Write your correct social security number (SSN) on ALL forms, schedules, payments, and correspondence.

New Mexico Taxpayer Bill of Rights

Most tax transactions happen without incident. In an imperfect world, however, occasional disagreements occur through misunderstanding, mathematical error, missed deadlines, misplaced papers, high volume of transactions and many other situations. Over the years the Legislature and the Department have established ways to handle difficulties according to the provisions of the state tax code. Following are some of your rights. Should you wish to consult the law itself, you will find it in Sections 7-1-4.1 through 7-1-4.3 NMSA 1978:

- The right to available public information and prompt and courteous tax assistance;
- The right to representation and advice by counsel or other qualified representatives at any time during your interactions with the department according to provisions of Section 7-1-24 NMSA 1978, or with the Administrative Hearings Office in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Hearings Office Act;
- The right to have audits, inspections of records and meetings conducted at a reasonable time and place according to Section 7-1-11 NMSA 1978;
- The right to simple, non-technical information explaining procedures, remedies and rights during audit, protest and collection proceedings under the Tax Administration Act;
- The right to receive an explanation of audit results and the basis for audits, assessments or denials of refunds that identify tax, interest or penalty due;
- The right to seek review through formal or informal proceedings of findings or unfavorable decisions arising from determinations during audit or protest procedures according to Section 7-1-24 NMSA 1978 and the Administrative Hearings Office Act;

- The right to have your tax information kept confidential unless otherwise specified by law in Sections 7-1-8.1 through 7-1-8.10 NMSA 1978;
- The right to an abatement of an assessment of taxes incorrectly, erroneously or illegally made (Section 7-1-28 NMSA 1978) and a right to seek a compromise of an asserted tax liability. When the Secretary of Taxation and Revenue in good faith doubts that you owe us what we claim you owe, you also have the right to seek a compromise if one exists in your particular case (Section 7-1-20 NMSA 1978);
- The right to clear information of the consequences if a tax assessment is not paid, secured, protested or otherwise provided for according to Section 7-1-16 NMSA 1978. If you become a delinquent taxpayer, upon notice of delinquency you have the right to timely notice of collection actions that require sale or seizure of your property under the Tax Administration Act, and
- The right to pay your tax obligations by installment payment agreements according to the provisions of Section 7-1-21 NMSA 1978.

Confidentiality Provisions:

Statutes regulating the confidentiality of your taxes continue to be strict. The Legislature included language in Section 7-1-8 NMSA 1978 requiring the Department to answer questions about whether a taxpayer is registered to do business in this state or is registered for other tax programs, but it does not allow employees to reveal whether you have filed a return. A hearing officer's written ruling on questions of evidence or procedure according to the provisions of the Administrative Hearings Office Act may be made public, but not the name and identification number of the taxpaver requesting the ruling. Now included in public record are the monthly gasoline tax reports of numbers of gallons of gasoline and ethanol-blended fuels received and deducted, and the tax paid by each filer or payer of the tax. Identities of rack operators, importers, blenders, suppliers or distributors and the number of gallons of gasoline and other fuels are public record. The Department may make known to the Gaming Control Board the tax returns of license applicants and their affiliates.

Audit Provisions:

We must provide you with written, dated notice that an audit is about to begin on a specific date. and the notice must tell you which tax programs and reporting periods will be covered. We must issue a second notice, which states any outstanding records or books of account requested and not yet received, between 60 and 180 days after the audit begins. If you do not produce the records within 90 days, the department can issue an assessment of tax on the basis of the information as it stands. If you need additional time, you must submit a specific request in writing. Interest on outstanding liabilities accrues if the department does not issue an assessment within 180 days of the notice of outstanding records or books, or within 90 days after time has expired under your request for additional time; however, you are entitled to an abatement of interest for the period of time after vou have complied with department requests and the department has not acted on the audit.

Administrative Hearing Procedures:

A hearing officer may not engage or participate in any way in the enforcement or formulation of general tax policy other than to conduct hearings. You may request the Chief Hearing Officer of the Administrative Hearings Office determine if a hearing officer has engaged or participated in the enforcement or formulation of tax policy and if the hearing officer's activities have affected his or her impartiality. The Chief Hearing Officer may designate another hearing officer for the matter. Hearing officers may not communicate unilaterally about a matter you have protested while that matter is still pending. The chief hearing officer may appoint another hearing officer if that occurs. You may request a written ruling on any contested question of evidence in matters in which you have filed a pending written protest. You also may request that two or more protests on related issues be combined and heard jointly, and the hearing officer shall grant the request unless it creates an unreasonable burden on the department.

Credit Claims:

The Department has 180 days from the filing date to approve or deny a statutory tax credit. If it does not act, the credit is approved. The Secretary decides whether a refund of tax due you may be offset against your other tax liabilities, and you will receive notice that the refund will be made accordingly. You are entitled to interest until the tax liability is credited with the refund amount. Please see the paragraph above on "Audit Provisions" for interest due you if the department does not offset a refund or credit against your other tax liabilities within the prescribed time. The Department may make a direct refund of overpaid taxes to the taxpayer without requiring the taxpayer to file a refund claim. The Department does not have to pay interest on credits or refunds if it applies the amount to a tax interception program, to an estimated payment, or to offset prior liabilities of the taxpayer.

Awarding of Costs and Fees:

If you prevail in an administrative or court proceeding brought by you or against you after July 1, 2003, under the Tax Administration Act, you may be entitled to a judgment or a settlement for reasonable administrative costs connected to the action.

Penalty:

The department may not assess penalty against you if you fail to pay tax when due because of a mistake of law made in good faith and on reasonable grounds. If the Secretary determines that it is unfair to hold a spouse or former spouse liable for payment of unpaid taxes, the Secretary may decline to take action against the spouse or former spouse of the person who actually owes the tax. In extreme cases of delinquency under Section 7-1-53 NMSA 1978 the Department may enjoin a taxpayer from continuing in business after a hearing and until the delinquency is cleared.

How To Check the Status of Your Refund

To obtain the status of your refund you may:

- Go to the Department website at <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u> and click on "Where is my refund?" You will need your SSN or ITIN, and the refund amount to see the status.
- You may also log in to your Taxpayer Access Point account to get more information.

When to Call

If you don't see the status of your refund using these methods, refer to the processing times below and try again later.

- These times determine when you should be able to view the status of your refund. For electronically filed returns, please wait 6 to 8 weeks before calling the Department. Electronically filed returns are generally processed within this time frame.
- For paper returns or applications for a tax refund, please wait 12 weeks before calling the Department. Paper filed returns and applications for a tax refund are generally processed within 8 to 12 weeks.

If sufficient time has passed for your refund to be processed, and you are still not able to review the status of your refund, contact us at (866) 285-2996.

Note: The New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department has substantially increased their enforcement efforts to combat IDENTITY THEFT and REFUND FRAUD. This enhanced review process could increase the time it takes to process your tax refund, and additional documentation may be required from you to verify your refund claim. Thank you for your patience and cooperation with our efforts to protect your identities and your tax dollars.

What You Need

When you call or visit us on the web, make sure to have a copy of your tax return and related information.

SCHEDULE OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND EXEMPTIONS

GENERAL INFORMATION

If either of the following apply to you, complete PIT-ADJ:

- You are required to make certain additions to your federal adjusted gross income.
- You are eligible to take certain deductions and exemptions from your federal adjusted gross income.

The PIT-ADJ is required for you to claim certain additions, deductions, or exemptions. This schedule shows your total additions (line 5) and your total deductions and exemptions (line 22).

Enter these totals on your PIT-1 Return to calculate your New Mexico taxable income. After completing PIT-ADJ, attach it to your PIT-1 Return.

If the additions, deductions, or exemptions on this schedule do not apply to you, **DO NOT** complete this schedule and do not attach it to the PIT-1 return.

IMPORTANT: Do not add any amounts to Schedule PIT-ADJ that are not listed on this schedule. If an item is not listed, it is not a valid New Mexico addition, exemption, or deduction for this schedule. Do not submit a statement instead of this schedule. The Taxation and Revenue Department does not accept statements instead of the Schedule PIT-ADJ.

Additions to Federal Adjusted Gross Income (Lines 1–4)

You are required to report the following additions to your federal adjusted gross income on Schedule PIT-ADJ:

- Line 1. Interest and dividends from federal tax-exempt bonds.
- Line 2. A net operating loss carryover.
- Line 3. Contributions refunded when closing, or certain contributions rolled out of, a New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan account.
- Line 4. A charitable deduction claimed on federal Schedule A Line 12, for a donation of land to private

non-profit or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes from which you were allowed the New Mexico land conservation tax credit.

Each addition is described in detail later in these instructions.

Deductions and Exemptions from Federal Adjusted Gross Income (Lines 6–21)

Use PIT-ADJ to claim the following deductions and exemptions:

- Line 6. New Mexico tax-exempt interest and dividend income.
- Line 7. A New Mexico net operating loss carryforward.
- Line 8. Interest on U.S. government obligations.
- Line 9. Railroad retirement income or Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act sick pay not taxable by New Mexico.
- Line 10. You, your spouse, or both are members of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo, and the income of the member was wholly earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo of which one of you is a member while domiciled on that land, reservation, or pueblo. If either you or your spouse are not a member of an Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo, your income is taxable even when earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo.
- Line 10a and 10b. Please enter the name of the Indian nation, tribe or pueblo of which you or your spouse is a member.
- Line 11. You, your spouse, or both are age 100 or over, and not dependents of another taxpayer.
- Line 12. You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over or blind, and adjusted gross income is not over \$51,000 for a joint return; \$28,500 for a single taxpayer; or \$25,500 for married taxpayers filing separately.
- Line 13. Federally taxable contributions to or distributions from a New Mexico Medical Care Savings Account.

- Line 14. Contributions to a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan.
- Line 15. Net capital gains deduction.
- Line 16. Active duty pay for United States armed forces.
- Line 17. You, your spouse, or both are age 65 or over, and claiming unreimbursed or uncompensated medical care expenses of \$28,000 or more for yourself, your spouse, or dependents.
- Line 18. Expenses related to donating human organs to another person.
- Line 19. Reimbursement from the New Mexico National Guard Service Member's Life Insurance Reimbursement Fund.
- Line 20. Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes included from your federal adjusted gross income (federal Schedule 1, line 1).
- Line 21. Active duty pay of a non-resident U.S. Public Health Service (USPHS) member.

Each deduction and exemption is described in detail later in these instructions.

PREPARING YOUR SCHEDULE PIT-ADJ

Complete your PIT-1 and then follow these steps to prepare and complete Schedule PIT-ADJ.

1. In the PIT-1 instructions, page 19, read *Important Guidelines*. This section gives helpful guidelines for completing schedules and forms.

2. Make sure you have all necessary records, approvals, and certifications for the PIT-ADJ.

3. On the 2019 Schedule PIT-ADJ, enter the primary taxpayer's name and social security number from lines 1a and 1b of your PIT-1 return. Make sure the name and number are correct and readable.

4. Using the detailed instructions for each line on the next pages, complete the 2019 Schedule PIT-ADJ.

5. Double-check the figures on your 2019 Schedule PIT-ADJ. Be sure your arithmetic is correct and make sure all entries are complete and correct.

6. If line 11 is applicable, make sure you correctly marked the boxes.

7. Transfer the total on line 5 of this schedule to PIT-1, line 11.

8. Transfer the total on line 22 of this schedule to PIT-1, line 15.

9. Attach your completed PIT-ADJ, along with any other required attachments to your PIT-1 return. For other possible attachments, look for **Attach** headings in the instructions for lines 6, 7, 9,11, 17, and 19.

DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS FOR EACH LINE

ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Interest and dividend income from federal tax-exempt bonds

Enter your interest and dividend income from all state and municipal bonds excluded from your federal adjusted gross income. This includes all federally tax-exempt interest and dividends reported on federal Form 1040 or 1040SR from state and municipal obligations.

NOTE: Use line 6 of PIT-ADJ to claim the deduction for interest and dividends of obligations exempt from New Mexico taxable income.

LINE 2

Federal net operating loss carryover

A positive number is required on this line. From federal Schedule 1, line 8 (**Other income**), enter the amount of any federal net operating loss carryforward or carryback.

By making this entry, you are adding the federal net operating loss taken on your federal return to the income you reported on PIT-1, line 9. The rules for applying a net operating loss deduction to New Mexico taxable income are different from federal rules. To compute the New Mexico net operating loss carryforward, see line 7 later in these instructions.

LINE 3

Contributions refunded when closing a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account and certain contributions rolled out of a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account Enter the amount of qualified contributions refunded to you or rolled over during the tax year from a New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan account only if the contributions were deducted on an earlier New Mexico personal income tax return and if any of the following are true:

- You closed a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account, and received a refund of the contributions. In this case, enter the amount of contributions refunded.
- You rolled over contributions from a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account to a non-New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account. In this case, enter the amount of those contributions.

Do not include:

- Earnings refunded to the investor.
- Earnings rolled over from a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account to a non-New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan.
- Qualified distributions from the Section 529 college savings plan account.

For more information, see Brochure #6, *New Mexico Income Tax and Your Education Trust (529) Plan* on the Department's website.

LINE 4

Charitable deduction amount claimed on federal Schedule A, Line 12, for a donation of land to private non-profit or public conservation agencies for conservation pur-

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poses from which you were allowed the New Mexico Land Conservation Tax Credit

If both of the following are true, you must add back the charitable deduction amount included in the itemized deductions claimed on your federal Schedule A:

- You donated land to private nonprofit or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes from which you claimed a New Mexico land conservation incentives tax credit.
- You claimed a charitable deduction for the same contribution in the federal itemized deductions on your federal personal income tax return.

If both are true, enter the charitable deduction amount claimed on federal Schedule A, from which you were allowed the New Mexico land conservation tax credit.

DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS FROM FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LINE 6

New Mexico tax-exempt interest and dividends

Enter the total interest or dividend income you received from the following investments:

- State and local bonds exempt from New Mexico taxable income, including the State of New Mexico or its agencies, institutions, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions;
- Obligations of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, or Northern Mariana Islands;
- Federally taxable bonds issued by the State of New Mexico; **and**
- Mutual funds, unit investment trusts, or simple trusts invested in obligations of the State of New Mexico or its agencies, institutions, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, or from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, or Northern Mariana Islands.

You may deduct only the amount shown on the annual statement provided by the mutual fund, unit investment trust, or simple trust as flowing through to the investor from this investment income.

NOTE: You may not deduct interest and dividends from IRAs. IRAs invested in obligations of the State of New Mexico or its agencies, institutions, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, or from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, or Northern Mariana Islands do not qualify as a simple trust.

Attach An Explanation

If the amount on line 6 is more than the amount on line 1, attach an explanation to your return.

LINE 7

New Mexico net operating loss carryforward

If you have an unused New Mexico net operating loss carryforward from a previous year, enter the carryforward amount to apply against New Mexico taxable income for 2019.

All New Mexico net operating losses must flow from a federal net operating loss. You cannot have a New Mexico net operating loss without a federal net operating loss.

Unlike a federal net operating loss carryforward, a New Mexico net operating loss incurred cannot be carried back and if incurred on or after January 1, 2013, may be carried forward for 19 years or until the total amount of the loss carryover has been used, whichever occurs first. For a net operating loss that was incurred in tax years beginning before January 1, 2013, a New Mexico net operating loss may be carried forward for only five years. Refer to regulation 3.3.1.13(E) NMAC 1978, if the net operating loss was incurred in a tax year beginning prior to January 1, 1991.

The first year you can apply a New Mexico net operating loss is:

- If you filed your return on time, you can apply it the following tax year, or
- You can apply it the first tax year that begins after the date you file a return establishing the loss.

PIT-ADJ

Calculation

To calculate the carryforward amount from a New Mexico net operating loss recognized in a previous year, follow these steps:

1. Add the next two amounts.

- The federal net operating loss as defined by Section 172(c) of the Internal Revenue Service for the tax year of the loss.
- Any interest received on U.S. government obligations less related expenses reported on your New Mexico tax return for the tax year of the loss.
- 2. From the total in step 1, subtract any loss used in earlier tax years.

Attach Form RPD-41369

To show the tax year when each New Mexico net operating loss occurred and how the loss was used for each tax year, for which the loss was carried forward, attach to your return Form RPD-41369, *Net Operating Loss Carryforward Schedule*.

LINE 8

Interest received on U.S. government obligations

Enter the interest you received from U.S. government obligations, including any of the following:

- U.S. savings bonds
- Treasury bills
- Notes issued by the Federal Home Loan Banks (do not include dividends)
- U.S. government obligations from your share of income from partnerships, S corporations, or limited liability companies, or a distribution from a unit investment or simple trust

Deduct Dividends

You may deduct dividends from mutual funds invested in U.S. government obligations according to the percentage of the total fund invested in U.S. government obligations.

To deduct these dividends, the fund must give investors statements showing the amount of interest income from investments in U.S. government obligations.

Do Not Deduct As Interest

Interest from the Government National

Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), or Federal National Home Loan Mortgage Association (Freddie Mac), is not deductible as interest on U.S. government obligations.

LINE 9

Taxable Railroad Retirement Act annuities and benefits, and taxable Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act sick pay

If your taxable Railroad Retirement Act annuities and benefits, or your taxable Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act sick pay were part of your federal taxable income, enter the total of those amounts.

Attach Forms RRB-1099 and RRB-1099-R

You may receive one or both of these forms from the the Railroad Retirement Board. Attach the form(s) you receive to your return.

LINES 10, 10a, and 10b

Income of a member of a New Mexico federally-recognized Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo that was wholly earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo of which the individual is an enrolled member while domiciled on that land, reservation, or pueblo

If you, your spouse, or both, were enrolled members of a New Mexico federally-recognized Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo, your income is exempt from federal adjusted gross income if:

- You lived on the land of the Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo of membership when you earned the income, **and**
- You earned the income on the lands of that nation, tribe, or pueblo.

You must meet both conditions.

IMPORTANT: Income (including retirement or pension income) earned **off** the lands of your own or your spouse's nation, tribe, or pueblo is subject to New Mexico income tax no matter where you live.

When Armed Forces Pay and Retirement or Pension Income is Exempt Armed forces pay of an enrolled member is exempt only for times when the home of record is on the member's own Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo lands.

Retirement or pension income is exempt only when the retirement or pension is the result of employment **on** the member's Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo.

On line 10, enter the amount of qualifying income. On lines 10a and 10b, enter the name of your and, if applicable, your spouse's Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo.

NOTE FOR LINES 10 AND 11: You may not claim combined exemptions and deductions for more than 100% of income. If you claim rebates and credits on PIT-RC, you must also include amounts exempted or deducted on PIT-ADJ, lines 10 and 11 as income when calculating modified gross income. For more information, see the instructions for PIT-RC.

LINE 11 and BOXES 11a and 11b Income of persons age 100 years or older

To qualify for this income exemption both of the following must be true:

- The taxpayer or spouse must be 100 years or older (a centenarian) at the end of the tax year for which you claim the exemption.
- Someone else cannot claim the centenarian as a dependent.

If you qualify, mark the box or boxes on lines 11a and 11b.

IMPORTANT: If you do not mark the box or boxes, the Department denies this exemption.

See the previous NOTE FOR LINES 10 AND 11.

Unmarried Centenarians. If you are an unmarried centenarian, you do not need to file a return unless you want to claim rebates and credits available for low income filers.

Married Centenarians. New Mexico is a community property state, and rules are different for married centenarians.

If you are a married centenarian filing jointly or separately, you may exempt **half** of all community income and **all** of your separate income.

Attach A Statement

If you report an exemption for more or less than 50% of total joint income, attach a statement to your return showing a correct division of community property along with separate income and payments.

Not allowed are combined exemptions and deductions for more than 100% of income.

IMPORTANT: If you claim rebates and credits on Schedule PIT-RC, include this exempt income in calculating modified gross income on that schedule. See the instructions for Schedule PIT-RC.

For more information, see Bulletin *B-300.03, PIT Exemption for Centenarians*, at <u>http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/</u>. At the top, click **FORMS & PUBLICA-TIONS**, then select Bulletins from the Publications folder. Open the 300 Series-Income Taxes folder to access *B-300.3*.

You may not claim the centerian exemption AND the deduction for 65 and older or blind.

LINE 12

Exemption for persons age 65 or older, or blind

You may be eligible for an exemption of up to \$8,000 based on your filing status and your federal adjusted gross income from PIT-1, line 9, if:

- You are 65 or older, or
- You are not yet 65, but considered blind for federal income tax purposes.

Find the column in Table 1 that matches your filing status. Then find the row that includes your federal adjusted gross income. Read across to the last column for the exemption amount.

When both persons in a married couple are either 65 or older **or** blind on the last day of the tax year, the amount in the table applies to **each** taxpayer on a joint return.

Mark Correct Boxes on PIT-1 Return

If you or your spouse are 65 years of age or older, on page 1 of PIT-1 mark boxes **1d** and **2d**. If you or your

TABLE 1. Exemptions for Persons 65 or Older or Blind (see line 12 instructions)							
	ig Jointly, Head of ualifying Widow(er)		Single	Married F	iling Separately	Amount for each taxpayer 65 or	
Adjusted Gross Income PIT-1 Return, Line 9			Gross Income Return, Line 9		l Gross Income Return, Line 9	older, or blind, for federal income tax purposes	
	But not Over		But not Over		But not Over		
\$0	\$30,000	\$ 0	\$18,000	\$ 0	\$15,000	\$ 8,000	
30,001	33,000	18,001	19,500	15,001	16,500	7,000	
33,001	36,000	19,501	21,000	16,501	18,000	6,000	
36,001	39,000	21,001	22,500	18,001	19,500	5,000	
39,001	42,000	22,501	24,000	19,501	21,000	4,000	
42,001	45,000	24,001	25,500	21,001	22,500	3,000	
45,001	48,000	25,501	27,000	22,501	24,000	2,000	
48,001	51,000	27,001	28,500	24,001	25,500	1,000	
51,001		28,501		25,501		0	

spouse are blind for federal income tax purposes, mark boxes **1c** and **2c**. If the boxes are not marked correctly, the Department denies this exemption on the Schedule PIT-ADJ.

The Department at some time may request proof that you or, if applicable, your spouse are blind for federal purposes. Do not attach the proof to your return.

NOTE: The Department allows only one deduction per person. You cannot take deductions for being both 65 or older **and** blind.

EXAMPLE: A married couple files jointly and both people are 65 or older. Their federal adjusted gross income is \$35,000. According to Table 1, the exemption amount is \$12,000 or \$6,000 x 2.

If the same couple is also blind, the exemption is still \$12,000.

EXAMPLE: A married couple files jointly. The primary taxpayer is 65 and the spouse is 45 and blind. Their federal adjusted gross income is \$28,000. According to Table 1, the exemption is \$16,000 or \$8,000 x 2.

LINE 13

Exemption for New Mexico medical care savings account

If you or your spouse are enrolled in a New Mexico Medical Care Savings Account (NMMSA) established by an employer, and during 2019 you made or received contributions to the account or made or received distributions from the account, you may be entitled to claim a New Mexico medical care savings account exemption.

An NMMSA is a tax-exempt trust or custodial account set up by a self-employed individual or a small employer who maintains a high-deductible individual or family health plan. The funds from the NMMSA are used to pay the employee's unreimbursed medical care expenses. To qualify for the exemption, the qualified contributions or distributions must be included in your federal taxable income.

When You Can Claim This Exemption

If the following are included in your federal adjusted gross income, they are exempt from New Mexico income tax and reported on line 13:

- · Principal contributed to an NMMSA
- Interest earned on an NMMSA
- Money paid for eligible medical expenses from funds in an NMMSA
- Money advanced to the employee by the employer for eligible medical expenses, according to the Medical Care Savings Account Act

Do not include excess contributions, unqualified distributions, or money rolled over into another NMMSA.

When You Cannot Claim This Exemption

Generally, qualified contributions and earnings are excluded, exempted, or deducted from federal adjusted gross income and distributions paid for eligible medical expenses are excluded, exempted, or deducted from federal taxable income. If your qualified contribution or distribution is excluded, exempted, or deducted from federal taxable income, you may not claim the exemption from New Mexico taxable income.

LINE 14

Deduction for contributions to a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan

The New Mexico Education Trust Fund is an account in one of the New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plans.

You can deduct contributions you made to the fund during the tax year for each beneficiary. Contributions include the principal and earnings of amounts rolled over to a New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan account from a non-New Mexicoapproved Section 529 college savings plan.

A taxpayer and spouse who file separate returns (filing status is married filing separately) may each claim one-half of the deduction allowed on a joint return. **NOTE:** You may only deduct contributions to a Section 529 plan established and approved by the New Mexico Education Trust Board. See Brochure #6, New Mexico Income Tax and Your Education Trust (529) Plan, on the Department's website.

LINE 15

Net capital gains deduction

You may deduct all or part of your net capital gains reported and claimed on your federal tax return. You may deduct the greater of:

- 100% of your net capital gains, not to exceed \$1,000; or
- 40% of your net capital gains.

A taxpayer and spouse who file separate returns (filing status is married filing separately) may each claim only one-half of the net capital gains deduction allowed on a joint return.

IMPORTANT: You may not claim the net capital gains deduction in addition to credit provided by the Venture Capital Investments Act.

LINE 16

Active duty pay for United States armed forces.

Armed forces includes the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard. "Active duty," as defined in 37 USC 101, means full-time duty in active service. It includes the following:

- · Full-time training duty
- · Annual training duty
- Full-time National Guard duty
- Attendance, while in active service, at a school designated as a service school by law or by the Secretary of the service

If pay, wages, or salaries paid to you or your spouse for U.S. Armed Forces active duty service was included in your federal adjusted gross income on your PIT-1 return, line 9, enter the amount here.

This exemption applies to residents and to non-residents of New Mexico.

NOTE: If you recieved active duty pay from the U.S. Public Health Service (USPHS), do not enter the income on this line. See the instructions for line 21.

Income Inside and Outside the State

If you have income from inside and outside New Mexico, also see the instructions for 2019 Schedule PIT-B, lines 1 and 11.

LINE 17

Medical care expense exemption for persons age 65 years or older

If you or your spouse are 65 years of age or older, and you paid unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses of \$28,000 or more during tax year 2019, you may be eligible to claim an exemption of \$3,000.

If you meet the following qualifications and your expenses are allowed (see the next paragraph), enter \$3,000 on line 17 to claim the exemption:

- This exemption is for medical care expenses for the care of any combination of you, your spouse, or your dependents.
- The exemption is allowed for outof-state residents with an income tax responsibility to New Mexico.

Types of Medical Expenses Allowed

The types of medical expenses you may include are described in PIT-1 instructions for line 16, page 24, with one exception. You may **include** unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses included in the itemized deductions on federal Schedule A.

The unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses used to compute this exemption include all qualified expenses used to calculate the refundable medical care credit for persons 65 or older reported on Schedule PIT-RC, line 23.

You may also include unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses used to compute the medical care expense deduction claimed on PIT-1, line 16.

Attach PIT-RC

If you are eligible to claim this exemption, you are also eligible to claim the refundable medical care credit for persons 65 years or older reported on Schedule PIT-RC, line 23. This gives you an additional tax benefit. To claim that tax credit, complete and attach Schedule PIT-RC to your return.

LINE 18 Deduction for organ donationrelated expenses

"Human organs" are defined as all or part of a heart, liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow.

Enter any human organ donationrelated expenses, not to exceed \$10,000. This includes your or your dependent's lost wages, lodging, and travel expenses incurred during the tax year.

A taxpayer and spouse who file separate returns (filing status is married filing separately) may each claim only one-half of the deduction (or exemption) allowed on a joint return.

LINE 19

New Mexico National Guard member life insurance reimbursements tax exemption

If you receive a reimbursement from the National Guard Service Member's Life Insurance Reimbursement Fund, you may claim a personal income tax exemption in the amount of the reimbursement.

The New Mexico Office of Military Affairs issues the reimbursement and sends each recipient a Form 1099-MISC for the reimbursement.

Attach Form 1099-MISC

If you claim a New Mexico National Guard member life insurance reimbursements tax exemption, attach Form 1099-MISC to your return to support your exemption.

LINE 20

Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes from federal Schedule 1, line 1. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, a deduction is allowed for the amount you entered on the current year federal Schedule 1, line 1, for **Taxable refunds, credits or offsets of state and local income taxes.**

To qualify, you must have itemized your deductions and included these refunds, credits, or offsets in adjusted gross income on a prior year federal Schedule A. You are required to report the taxable refunds credits or offsets of state and local income taxes on the current year (2019) federal Schedule 1.

LINE 21

Non-resident U.S. Public Health Service members' active duty pay

Enter the amount of income earned in New Mexico for active duty in the USPHS only if you are a non-resident of New Mexico. If you changed residency or domicile to or from New Mexico during the tax year, enter only the pay you earned while you were a non-resident of New Mexico.

This exemption applies only to nonresidents of New Mexico.

Income Inside and Outside the State

If you have income from inside and outside New Mexico, also see the instructions for 2019 Schedule PIT-B, lines 1 and 11.

The spouse who moves to New Mexico for the sole purpose of being with their spouse, who is on active duty with the U.S. Public Health Service, may be eligible to allocate and apportion their income from services performed to their state of domicile. In the instructions for PIT-B, see *Income and Residency of Military Servicemember's Spouse*.

2019 PIT-1 NEW MEXICO PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN For the year January 1 - December 31, 2019

or fiscal year beginning $_{\underline{F,1}}$

ending _{F.2} If amending use Form 2019 PIT-X.

Print your name (first, middle, last)	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER Age 65 Residency Blind or over status Taxpaver's date of birth
1a	Blind or over status Taxpayer's date of birth
Print your spouse's name (first, middle, last). If married filing separately, include spouse.	Spouse's date of birth
2a	2b 2c 2d 2e 2f
3a If the address is new or changed, mark this box.	4. If a deceased taxpayer's refund must be made payable to a person other died before this to the inductor of death died before this to the inductor of death
Mailing Address (Number and street)	than the taxpayer or spouse named on this return, enter below the name date of death. Spouse's date of death
3b	and social security number of that 4d
City State Postal/ZIP Code	RPD-41083.
3c If foreign address, enter country Foreign province and/or state	4a Residency status: For taxpayer and spouse
3d	Name (1e and 2e), enter:
	Ab N if NON-RESIDENT
5 reported on federal Form 1040. If you are a dependents or other dependent of another taxpayer, enter 00. (See instructions)	F if FIRST-YEAR RES. P if PART-YEAR RES.
EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE.	
^{6a} If you have a federal or state extension, mark the box and enter the extension date.	7. FILING STATUS. Mark only one box.
8. DEPENDENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS. As listed on you	
(You must report the first 5 dependents and other dependents in this table. Use Schedule Column 1 Column 2	
First name Last name Dependent's SSN	Date of birth (MM/DD/CCYY) (3) Married filing separately (Enter spouse's name and social security number in 2a and 2b.)
	(4) Head of household (Enter name of person
	qualifying you as head of household if that person is not counted as a qualified dependent on your federal return.)
	(4a)
	(5) Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child
9. FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME. (from federal Form 1040	J or 1040SR, line 8b)
10. If you itemized your federal deduction amount, enter the amount of federal Form 1040, Schedule A, line 5a. See the worksheet in the ir	
11. Total Additions to federal adjusted gross income (PIT-ADJ, line 5).	Attach PIT-ADJ
12. Federal standard or itemized deduction amount (from federal Form	
12a. If you itemized, mark the box	
13. Deduction for certain dependents. See the worksheet in the instruct	tions [13]
14. New Mexico low- and middle-income tax exemption. See PIT-1 inst	ructions 14
15. Total Deductions and Exemptions from federal income (PIT-ADJ, lir	ne 22). Attach PIT-ADJ
16. Medical care expense deduction. See PIT-1 instructions	
You must complete both lines 16 and 16a or the deduction will be denied.	- [10]
16a. Unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses	·······16a
17. NEW MEXICO TAXABLE INCOME. Add lines 9, 10 and 11, then su Cannot be less than zero.	ubtract lines 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 = 17
18. New Mexico tax on amount on line 17 or from PIT-B, line 14	
18a. From Rate Table = R . From PIT-B, line 14 = B	18a
19. Additional amount for tax on lump-sum distributions. See PIT-1 inst	
20. Credit for taxes paid to another state. You must have been a New M	
part of the year. Include a copy of other state's return . See PIT-1 21. Business-related income tax credits applied, from Schedule PIT-CF	
22. NET NEW MEXICO INCOME TAX. Add lines 18 and 19, then subtr	- 21
than zero	

Electronic filers: If you file your New Mexico Personal Income Tax return online and also pay tax due online, your due date is April 30, 2020. All others must file by April 15, 2020. See PIT-1 instructions for details.

Continue on the next page.

2019 PIT-1 (page 2) NEW MEXICO PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN



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YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

Do not submit a **photocopy** of this form to the Department. Submit only original forms and keep a copy for your records. If submitting this return by mail, send to:

New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department P. O. Box 25122 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-5122

23.	The amount on line 22 from page 1				23
	Total claimed on rebate and credit schedule (PIT-RC, I				24
	Working families tax credit. (You must complete both lir	,		+	25
	5a. The amount of federal earned income credit (EIC)	· · · ·	,		
~~	reported on your 2019 federal income tax return				26
	Refundable business-related income tax credits from a	- ,		÷.	27
27.	New Mexico income tax withheld. Attach annual stat New Mexico income tax withheld from oil and gas prod		•	+	28
28. 29.	New Mexico income tax withheld from a pass-through				29
30.	2019 estimated income tax payments. See PIT-1 instru	,		-	30
31.	Other Payments				31
	TOTAL PAYMENTS AND CREDITS. Add lines 24 thro			=	32
	TAX DUE. If line 23 is greater than line 32, enter the			_	33
55.	TAX DOL. IT fille 2013 greater than fille 32, enter the				
34.	Penalty on underpayment of estimated tax. If you wan	t penalty computed for y	you, leave blank	+	34
35.	Special method allowed for calculation of underpayment underpayment of estimated tax and you qualify, enter		5 7 1 7		35.
36.	Penalty. See PIT-1 instructions. If you want penalty co	mputed for you, leave b	lank	+	36
	Interest. See PIT-1 instructions. If you want interest co			+	37
38.	TAX, PENALTY, AND INTEREST DUE. Add lines 33,	34, 36, and 37		=	38
39	OVERPAYMENT. If line 23 is less than line 32, enter	the difference here			39
	Refund voluntary contributions (PIT-D, line 17). Attacl			-	40
40.		IIFII- U			
41.	Amount from line 39 you want applied to your 2020 E	stimated Tax		-	41
42.	AMOUNT TO BE REFUNDED TO YOU. Line 39 minu	s lines 40 and 41		=	42
!!	REFUND EXPRESS !! HAVE IT DIRECTLY DEPOSITE QUESTIONS IN THIS BLOCK.		ose one. WILL THIS REFUND	GO T	st answer this question. TO OR THROUGH AN ACCOUNT UNITED STATES? If yes, you may not
RE.1	Routing number:	Checking	Mark X by your choice.		
RE.2	Account number:	Savings	RE.4 YES		NO
l de	clare I have examined this return, including accompanyi	ing schedules and state	Paid preparer's use only:		
	ts, and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true,				
Your	signature	Date	Signature of preparer		Date
Drive	r's License, State ID No. or enter "NONE" or "DECLINED" State	Expiration Date			
			P.1 Firm's name (or yours, if self-	emp	loyed)
Spou	se's signature	Date	P.2 NM CRS identification numbe	r _	
_			P.3 Preparer's PTIN		
Spous	se's Driver's License, State ID No. or enter "NONE" or "DECLINED" State	Expiration Date	P.4 FEIN		
(lf f	ling jointly, BOTH must sign even if only one had incom	ne.)	P.5 Preparer's phone number		44000 is an file
Тах	payer's phone number		Mark this box if Form RI		
	payer's email address				

2019 PIT-S NEW MEXICO SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE FOR DEPENDENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS IN EXCESS OF FIVE



Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

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Use Schedule PIT-S ONLY if you have more than five federal qualifying dependents and other dependents. Enter on 2019 Form PIT-1, line 8, the name, social security number (SSN), and date of birth of your first five qualifying dependents and other dependents. For the remaining qualifying dependents and other dependents, enter the name, SSN, and date of birth on 2019 Schedule PIT-S. Attach this Schedule PIT-S to your 2019 Form PIT-1. Enter only the qualifying dependents and other dependents who are allowed on your federal return. Do not include yourself or, if filing a joint return, your spouse. New Mexico uses the same definitions and qualifications as the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to determine if someone is a qualified dependent or other dependent. To make this determination, see the instructions for federal Form 1040 or 1040SR or visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

Line 8. DEPENDENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS (continued from Form 2019 PIT-1) Enter each dependent's and other dependent's name as listed on your federal form.					
First name	Column 1 Last name	Column 2 Dependent's/Other Dependent's	Column 3 Date of birth (MM/DD/CCYY)		
First name	Last name	Dependent's social security number			
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					
I					
13.					
14.					
15.					
16.					
17.					
1					
18.					
19.					
20.					

If you need additional space, attach multiple Schedules PIT-S.

You must attach Schedule PIT-S to Form PIT-1 or the Department will deny your additional exemptions.

2019 PIT-ADJ NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS, AND EXEMPTIONS



We cannot accept statements instead of this schedule.

Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

Taxpayers who are required to make certain additions or who are eligible to take certain deductions or exemptions from federal adjuste	∋d gross
income to compute New Mexico taxable income must complete this schedule. Please refer to the instructions when completing this sc	hedule.

NEW MEXICO ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

1.	Interest and dividends from federal tax-exempt bonds		1
2.	Federal net operating loss carryover. See PIT-ADJ instructions.	+	2
3.	Contributions refunded when closing a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan account and certain contributions rolled out of a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings		
4.	plan account Charitable deduction amount claimed on federal Schedule A, Line 12, for a donation of land to	+	3
	private non-profit or public conservation agencies, for conservation purposes, from which you were		
	allowed the New Mexico Land Conservation Tax Credit.	+	4
5.	TOTAL ADDITIONS. Add lines 1 through 4. Also enter on Form PIT-1, line 11		5
		=	
NEV	V MEXICO DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS FROM FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME		
6.	New Mexico tax-exempt interest and dividends		6
_			
7.	New Mexico net operating loss. See PIT-ADJ instructions. Attach Form RPD-41369.	+	7
8.	Interest received on U.S. Government obligations	+	8
9.	Taxable Railroad Retirement Act annuities and benefits, and taxable Railroad Unemployment Insurance		0
	Act sick pay. Attach Forms RRB-1099 and RRB-1099-R.	+	9
10.	Income of a member of a New Mexico federally-recognized Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo that was wholly earned on the lands of the reservation or pueblo of which the individual is an enrolled		
	member while domiciled on that land, reservation, or pueblo	+	10
	Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo.		
	10b. My spouse is enrolled as a member of the Indian nation, tribe, or pueblo.		
11.	Income of persons age 100 years or older. If you or your spouse is age 100 or older, you must mark the boxes to claim your exemption.		
	11a. 100 or older 11b. Spouse 100 or older	+	11
12.	Exemption for persons age 65 or older, or blind		
	· · · ·	+	12
13.	Exemption for New Mexico medical care savings account. See PIT-ADJ instructions.	+	13
14.	Deduction for contributions to a New Mexico-approved Section 529 college savings plan	+	
15.	Net capital gains deduction. See PIT-ADJ instructions.	+	14
16.	Active duty pay for United States armed forces. See PIT-ADJ instructions.		
	Medical care expense exemption for persons age 65 years or older	+ +	16
		+	17
18.	Deduction for organ donation-related expenses	+	18
19.	New Mexico National Guard member life insurance reimbursements tax exemption	+	19
20.	Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes from federal Form 1040, Schedule 1	+	20
21.	Non-resident U.S. Public Health Service members' active duty pay	+	21
22.	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS. Add lines 6 through 21. Enter here and on Form PIT-1, line 15		
	Attach this Schedule PIT-ADJ to your Personal Income Tax Return, Form PIT-1.	=	22

2019 PIT-RC NEW MEXICO REBATE AND CREDIT SCHEDULE

This schedule may be used by individuals who qualify for one or more refundable rebates and credits offered by New Mexico. Include Schedule PIT-RC with your personal income tax return, Form PIT-1.



Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

SECTION I: QUALIFICATIONS FOR REBATES AND CREDITS REPORTED IN SECTIONS II TO V. Complete Section I to claim the following rebates and credits in Sections II through V. IMPORTANT: To claim any refundable tax credits in Section VI, you do not need to complete Section I.

Persons with Modified Gross Income of:

\$22,000 or less may qualify for the low income comprehensive tax rebate (Section II)

\$16,000 or less who are age 65 or older may qualify for the property tax rebate (Section III)

\$24,000 or less who live in Los Alamos or Santa Fe County ONLY may qualify for additional low income property tax rebate (Section IV) \$30,160 or less may qualify for the New Mexico child day care credit (Section V)

FOR COMPLETE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS, READ REBATE AND CREDIT SCHEDULE INSTRUCTIONS.

Qualifications for Credits and Rebates Reported in Sections II to V. You and your spouse, if applicable, must mark the box to indicate whether the statement is true. If the statement is not true, leave the box blank. If you are not married, leave the boxes in the spouse column blank. A. I was a resident of New Mexico during any part of the tax year					
A. I was a resident of New Mexico during any part of the tax year					ether the
1. Number of exemptions from Form PIT-1, line 5	В. С.	In 2019, I was physically present in New Mexico for at least six months In 2019, I was NOT eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for income tax purposes	TRUE	··· TRUE ··· TRUE ··· TRUE	
 2. a. Enter number of household members who DO NOT qualify. If all exemptions qualify, leave blank	С	ALCULATE ALLOWABLE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AND EXTRA EXEMPTIONS			
See PIT-RC instructions. 2b = b. Subtract 2a from 1. Number of allowable household members. 2b = c. Extra Exemption: Enter 1 if you or your spouse (if married filing jointly) are blind for federal income tax purposes. Enter 2 if you and your spouse (if married filing jointly) are blind. 2c + d. Add lines 2b and 2c 2d =	1.	Number of exemptions from Form PIT-1, line 5	1		
 c. Extra Exemption: Enter 1 if you or your spouse (if married filing jointly) are blind for federal income tax purposes. Enter 2 if you and your spouse (if married filing jointly) are blind. d. Add lines 2b and 2c e. If you are 65 or older, enter 2. f. If married filing jointly and your spouse is 65 or older, enter 2. f. If married filing jointly and your spouse is 65 or older, enter 2. f. If you checked filing status (3) married filing separately on your Form PIT-1, enter the number of exemptions, 	2.		2a	-	
tax purposes. Enter 2 if you and your spouse (if married filing jointly) are blind. 2c + d. Add lines 2b and 2c 2d = e. If you are 65 or older, enter 2. 2e + f. If married filing jointly and your spouse is 65 or older, enter 2. 2f + g. Add lines 2d, 2e, and 2f 2g = h. If you checked filing status (3) married filing separately on your Form PIT-1, enter the number of exemptions, =		b. Subtract 2a from 1. Number of allowable household members	2b	=	
 e. If you are 65 or older, enter 2			2c	+	
f. If married filing jointly and your spouse is 65 or older, enter 2		d. Add lines 2b and 2c	2d	=	
g. Add lines 2d, 2e, and 2f 2g = h. If you checked filing status (3) married filing separately on your Form PIT-1, enter the number of exemptions,		e. If you are 65 or older, enter 2		+	
g. Add lines 2d, 2e, and 2f 2g = h. If you checked filing status (3) married filing separately on your Form PIT-1, enter the number of exemptions,		f. If married filing jointly and your spouse is 65 or older, enter 2		+	
		g. Add lines 2d, 2e, and 2f	2g	=	
				+	

CALCULATE MODIFIED GROSS INCOME. Modified gross income, generally, is all income of the taxpayer and household members, both taxable and nontaxable, and undiminished by losses. See instructions for types of income you do not need to include in modified gross income. NOTE: If married filing separately, be sure to include your spouse's income.

4. Wages, salaries, tips, etc		4
5. Social security benefits, pensions, annuities, and Railroad Retirement	+	5
6. Unemployment and workers' compensation benefits	+	6
7. Public assistance, TANF and Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	+	7
8. Net profit from business, farm, or rentals. If a loss, enter zero. DO NOT enter a negative number	+	8
9. Capital gains undiminished by capital losses	+	9
10. Gifts of cash or marketable tangible items received. (You must give the items a reasonable value.)	+	10
11. All other income such as interest, dividends, gambling winnings, insurance settlements, scholarships,		
grants, VA benefits, trust income and inheritance, alimony, and child support	+	11
12. Modified Gross Income. Add lines 4 through 11. Enter the total on line 12 and on line 13 of page 2.		
(Total must equal or exceed Federal Adjusted Gross Income from Form PIT-1, line 9)	=	12

2019 PIT-RC (page 2) NEW MEXICO REBATE AND CREDIT SCHEDULE



YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

SECTION II: LOW INCOME COMPREHENSIVE TAX REBATE
(If line 13 is MORE than \$22,000, DO NOT complete line 14.)

13. Enter Modified Gross Income from line 12	13
a. Enter Total Exemptions from line 3	
14. Low income comprehensive tax rebate. On Table 1 in the instructions, find the Modified Gross Income range that includes the amount on line 13, then move across to the column that matches the number of exemptions on line 13a. Married couples filing separately must divide the result by two.	13a
SECTION III: PROPERTY TAX REBATE FOR PERSONS 65 OR OLDER. (If line 13 is more than \$16,000, DO NOT complete this section.)	
15. PROPERTY OWNED. Tax billed for the calendar year on principal place of residence	15
 16. PROPERTY RENTED a. Amount of rent paid during the tax year for principal place of residence	16a
b. If the amount entered on line 16a includes rent a government entity paid on your behalf, mark here 16b	104
c. Multiply line 16a by 0.06 and enter the amount here	16c
17. REBATE AMOUNT a. Add lines 15 and 16c and then enter the total here	17a
b. Find the Modified Gross Income range, on Table 2 in the instructions, that corresponds to the amount on line 13.	
Read across the table to the Column showing your maximum property tax liability and enter the amount here	17b
c. Property tax rebate. Subtract line 17b from 17a.	
Do not enter more than \$250, or if married filing separately, more than \$125	17c
SECTION IV: ADDITIONAL LOW INCOME PROPERTY TAX REBATE for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County 18.LA Los Alamos residents only. (If line 13 is over \$24,000, DO NOT complete this section.) 18.SF Santa F 18. REBATE AMOUNT 18.SF Santa F	· H
a. PROPERTY OWNED only. Tax billed for the calendar year on principal place of residence	18a
b. Find the Modified Gross Income range, on Table 3 in the instructions, that corresponds to the amount on line 13.	
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here	18b %
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here.	
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here	18b %
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here.	
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175 SECTION V: NEW MEXICO CHILD DAY CARE CREDIT. If Modified Gross Income on line 13 is \$30,160 or less, use the worksheet in the instructions to calculate your available child day care credit. Attach the worksheet	
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175	18c
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175	18c
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175	18c
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175	18c
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175 SECTION V: NEW MEXICO CHILD DAY CARE CREDIT. If Modified Gross Income on line 13 is \$30,160 or less, use the worksheet in the instructions to calculate your available child day care credit. Attach the worksheet and Forms PIT-CG. 19. Enter either the total of Column G on the worksheet or \$1,200, WHICHEVER IS LESS 20. Number of qualified dependents under age 15 receiving child day care. 21. Enter the portion of the federal child care credit applied against your federal tax from federal Schedule 3, line 2	18c
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175 SECTION V: NEW MEXICO CHILD DAY CARE CREDIT. If Modified Gross Income on line 13 is \$30,160 or less, use the worksheet in the instructions to calculate your available child day care credit. Attach the worksheet and Forms PIT-CG. 19. Enter either the total of Column G on the worksheet or \$1,200, WHICHEVER IS LESS 20. Number of qualified dependents under age 15 receiving child day care. 21. Enter the portion of the federal child care credit applied against your federal tax from federal Schedule 3, line 2	18c
 Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175 SECTION V: NEW MEXICO CHILD DAY CARE CREDIT. If Modified Gross Income on line 13 is \$30,160 or less, use the worksheet in the instructions to calculate your available child day care credit. Attach the worksheet and Forms PIT-CG. 19. Enter either the total of Column G on the worksheet or \$1,200, WHICHEVER IS LESS 20. Number of qualified dependents under age 15 receiving child day care. 21. Enter the portion of the federal child care credit applied against your federal tax from federal Schedule 3, line 2. 22. New Mexico child day care credit. Subtract line 21 from line 19. Married couples filing separately must divide the result by two. 	18c
Read across the table to the Column showing your property tax rebate percentage and enter here. c. Multiply line 18a by line 18b and enter here. Do not enter more than \$350, or if married filing separately, more than \$175 SECTION V: NEW MEXICO CHILD DAY CARE CREDIT. If Modified Gross Income on line 13 is \$30,160 or less, use the worksheet in the instructions to calculate your available child day care credit. Attach the worksheet and Forms PIT-CG. 19. Enter either the total of Column G on the worksheet or \$1,200, WHICHEVER IS LESS 20. Number of qualified dependents under age 15 receiving child day care. 21. Enter the portion of the federal child care credit applied against your federal tax from federal Schedule 3, line 2	18c

2019 PIT-B NEW MEXICO ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME SCHEDULE



Print your name (first, middle, last)	YOUR SOC	IAL SECURITY NUMBER
Taxpayers who allocate and apportion income from both inside and outside instructions when completing this schedule. Include the Schedule PIT-B with		
For first-year and part-year resident taxpayers, enter the period of reside	ncy. A. From	B. through
If your spouse's residency period is different, enter the period of residence for your spouse. If additional periods of residency apply, write them in the space below this line.	-	D. through
If the taxpayer or spouse is a military servicemember's spouse qualifying Residency Relief Act, is not a resident of New Mexico, and is allocating ir Mexico to their state of residence, mark the appropriate box.		Taxpayer Spouse E. F.

NOTE: RESIDENT TAXPAYERS INCLUDING PERSONS PHYSICALLY PRESENT 185 DAYS OR MORE IN NEW MEXICO MUST ALLOCATE ALL INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS ON LINES 1, 2, 3, AND 7 IN FULL TO NEW MEXICO.

A	LOCATION OF NONBUSINESS INCOME		Column 1 Total Federal Income	Column 2 New Mexico Income
1.	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. If non-resident military personnel, see PIT-B instructions 1 1a. If you used Form PIT-110 to calculate line 1, Column 2, mark this box 1a	1		
2.		2		
3.	Pensions, annuities, social security, and lump-sum distributions	3		
4.	Rents and royalties	4		
5.	Gains or losses from the sale or exchange of property	5		
6.	Income or losses from pass-through entities	6		
7.	All other income not included in lines 1 through 6 and line 8	7		

APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS AND FARM INCOME (For line 8. If none, go to line 9.)

8.	Business and farm income. To determine the amount for Column 2, complete					
	worksheet PIT-B, page 2. See the instructions	8	Τ			
						•
9.	ADD lines 1 through 8 and enter the amount here	9	Τ			
						-
10.	Federal adjustments to income. In Column 1, enter the figure from federal					
	Schedule 1, line 22. For Column 2, see the PIT-B instructions	10				
11.	Total income. Line 9 minus line 10. Column 1 must be equal to or					
	greater than Federal Adjusted Gross Income (Form PIT-1, line 9)	11				
	If non-resident military personnel, see the PIT-B instructions.					
12.	DIVIDE the amount on line 11, Column 2 by the amount on line 11, Column 1, showing 4 de	cima	al	places.		
	(Cannot be less than zero. If greater than 1, enter 100.0000.)				[1	2%
13.	Using the tax rate tables, find the tax applicable to PIT-1, line 17. If an amount for tax on lun	ıp-s	sun	n		
	distributions is shown on PIT-1, line 19, add it to the tax and enter the result here				13	
	MULTIPLY line 12 by line 13. Enter the amount here and on PIT-1, line 18, and then in the b					
	mark B to indicate the tax came from PIT-B		••••		14	

2019 PIT-B (page 2) NEW MEXICO ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME SCHEDULE



YO	JR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER BUS		BUSINESS TAX IDE	NTIFICATION NUMBER
	G.		H. FEIN	
			I. CRS	
	WORKSHEET FOR APPORTIC Complete a wor See worksheet instructions for def	ksheet for each business o	or farm.	_
1.	PROPERTY FACTOR	Column 1 Total Everywhere	Column 2 New Mexico	Column 3 Factor
	 Average value of real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used during the tax period 			
	b. DIVIDE Column 2 by Column 1, showing 4 decimal pla	ces		1b%
2.	PAYROLL FACTOR			
	a. Compensation paid by taxpayer	2a		
	b. DIVIDE Column 2 by Column 1, showing 4 decimal pla	ces		
3.	SALES FACTOR			
	a. Total sales, excluding non-business income	3a]
	b. DIVIDE Column 2 by Column 1, showing 4 decimal pla	ces		3b%
4.	Total of lines 1b, 2b, and 3b			4·%
	a. Count of factors	4a		
5.	DIVIDE line 4 by the number of factors entered in line 4a, sh	nowing 4 decimal places		5·%
	MULTIPLY the line 8, Column 1 amount on PIT-B, page 1 by line 8, Column 2. If you have more than one business or farm ness or farm, and enter the sum of the results on PIT-B, line	, complete a worksheet for each bus	siness or farm, calculate	the result for each busi-
	lave you changed your reporting of any class or t	ype of allocated or apportion	ed income from the	way it was reported in
	a prior taxable year? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No			
	his entity submitted written notification of its elect			
	income for tax year ending 7	The effective date of the elect	tion is K. Month/Day/Y	See instructions.
	Mark the box indicating the special method electe	d. Manufacturers	Headquar	ters Operation

2019 PIT-D NEW MEXICO VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS SCHEDULE



Print your name (first, middle, last)

PRIMARY SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

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Use this Schedule PIT-D to contribute any of your tax refund to any of New Mexico's voluntary contribution funds. Total fund contributions may not exceed the amount on Form PIT-1, line 39. If you are not due a refund but want to contribute to any of the funds, do not mail your contributions to the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department. Send your contribution directly to the addresses listed in the instructions for Schedule PIT-D.

Please consider your contribution to any of the funds carefully because, if you change your mind or amend your return, no part of your contribution is refundable. The Department will deduct your contribution from your refund and transfer your contributions to the appropriate funds. If the contributions exceed the refund due, no contributions will be made or deducted from your refund. For more information about these contributions, see the instructions for Schedule PIT-D.

1.	Overpayment amount from Form PIT-1, line 39	
2.	NEW MEXICO HOUSING TRUST FUND Contribution to support affordable housing programs	2
3.	SHARE WITH WILDLIFE Contribution	3
4.	VETERANS' STATE CEMETERY FUND Contribution to increase the size of the Santa Fe National Cemetery	4
5.	NEW MEXICO SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION FUND Contribution	5
6.	NEW MEXICO FOREST RE-LEAF PROGRAM Contribution to provide grants to communities in New Mexico for planting trees on public lands	6
7.	NATIONAL GUARD MEMBER AND FAMILY ASSISTANCE Contribution to help members, and their families, of the New Mexico National Guard	7
8.	KIDS 'N PARKS TRANSPORTATION GRANT PROGRAM Contribution	8
9.	AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS RESEARCH FUND Contribution to help fund research for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (Lou Gehrig's disease)	9
10.	VIETNAM VETERANS MEMORIAL Contribution	10
11.	NEW MEXICO POLITICAL PARTIES Contribution. To contribute, enter the number of the state political party to which you choose to make a \$2 donation. The spouse's contribution is allowed on a jointly-filed return only. 1 for the New Mexico Democratic Party 2 for the New Mexico Democratic Party 3 for the Libertarian Party of New Mexico 4 for the Green Party of New Mexico 5 for the Better for America Party of New Mexico 6 for the Constitution Party of New Mexico	
Ente	er total political party contributions. (Allowable amounts are \$2 or \$4, otherwise leave blank)	11
	VETERANS ENTERPRISE FUND Contribution	12
13.	LOTTERY TUITION FUND Contribution	13
14.	HORSE SHELTER RESCUE FUND Contribution to help fund horse rescues and homeless horses in New Mexico	14
15.	ANIMAL CARE AND FACILITY FUND Contribution to carry out the statewide dog and cat spay and neuter program	15
16.	SUPPLEMENTAL SENIOR SERVICES Contribution	16
17.	SEXUAL ASSAULT EXAMINATION KIT PROCESSING FUND Contribution.	17
18.	TOTAL OF VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS. ADD lines 2 through 17.	18

2019 PIT-CR NEW MEXICO BUSINESS-RELATED INCOME TAX CREDIT SCHEDULE



Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

Use this schedule to claim the business-related income tax credits listed on this form that you may take against New Mexico personal income taxes. If applicable, you may also claim the refundable portion of approved tax credits using this schedule. On your Personal Income Tax Return (PIT-1), line 21, enter the total tax credits you claimed on line A of this schedule to apply to tax due. On PIT-1, line 26, enter the total refundable part of the tax credits claimed on line B of this schedule. Be sure to attach the appropriate backup documentation to support each tax credit. When claiming these credits, you must attach Schedule PIT-CR to your PIT-1. To calculate the amount you may claim for any tax year, refer to the claim form for the credit, or if no claim form, refer to the instructions. The sum of credits claimed on this PIT-CR and the credit for taxes paid to another state you claimed on PIT-1, line 20, may not exceed the sum of PIT-1, lines 18 and 19. For a complete description of the credits, see the PIT-CR instructions and FYI-106, *Claiming Business-Related Tax Credits for Individuals and Businesses.*

Credit Type Code	Credit Name and Attachments Required to Claim Credit Non-Refundable (Credits may be claimed in column C only.)
A01	Affordable housing tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41301 and MFA investment vouchers.
A02	Angel investment credit. Attach Form RPD-41320 and certificate of eligibility.
A04	Advanced energy tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41334 and approval letter.
A05	Agricultural biomass tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41361 and certificate of eligibility.
B01	Business facility rehabilitation credit. Attach Form PIT-5 and certificate of completion
E01	Electronic card-reading equipment tax credit. Attach notarized Form RPD-41246.
F02	Foster youth employment personal income tax credit. Attach RPD-41390.
G01	Geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41346 and certificate of eligibility.
J01	Job mentorship tax credit. Attach Forms RPD-41281 and RPD-41280.
L01	Land conservation incentives credit. Attach Form RPD-41282 and approval letter of qualified donation.
P01	Preservation of cultural property credit. Attach Form PIT-4, certification letter and Part 2 approval.
R01	Rural job tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41243.
R02	Rural health care practitioners tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41326 and certification.
S01	Solar market development tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41317 and certification.
S02	Sustainable building tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41329 and letter of eligibility.
S03	New sustainable building tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41383 and letter of eligibility.
V01	Veteran employment tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41372.
	Refundable (Credits may be applied against tax due in column C and refunded in column D)
F01	Film production tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41228.
F03	New film production tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41228.
F04	New Mexico film partners new film production tax credit. Attached Form RPD-41228.
R03	Renewable energy production tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41227 and certificate of eligibility.
T02	Technology jobs and research and development (additional) tax credit. Attach Form RPD-41386.

	<u>Column A</u> Credit Type Code	<u>Column B</u> Credit Approval Number	<u>Column C</u> Amount of Credit Applied To Tax Due	<u>Column D</u> Amount of Credit To Refund
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
Α.		to tax liability due		
	Enter the sum of	f column C. Also enter this amou	unt on PIT-1, line 21.	
	If you are claimin	ng more than 5 credits, include t	the amounts from your PIT-CR Suppl	emental schedule.

B. TOTAL portion of tax credits to refund (credit types F01, F03, F04, R03 and T02) Enter the sum of column D. Also enter this amount on PIT-1, line 26.

If you are claiming more than 5 credits, include all refundable amounts of credit types F01, F03, F04, RO3 and T02 from PIT-CR Supplemental schedule.

2019 PIT-CR Supplemental NEW MEXICO SUPPLEMENTAL BUSINESS-RELATED INCOME TAX CREDIT SCHEDULE



Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

If you are claiming more than five tax credits on your New Mexico Personal Income Tax Return (PIT-1), use this PIT-CR Supplemental Schedule. Claim the first five on Schedule PIT-CR and then claim the sixth and any additional credits on a supplemental schedule. The credit type codes and names are listed on PIT-CR.

	<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>	<u>Column C</u>	<u>Column D</u>
	Credit Type	Credit Approval	Amount of Credit	Amount of
_	Code	Number	Applied To Tax Due	Credit To Refund
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				
14.				
15.				
16.				
17.				
18.				
19.				
20.				
Tet	al annihad an thi		[]	
IOt		s sheet of column C. Include this amoun		
				[]
Por		its to refund (credit types F01) f column D. Include this amount	, F03, F04, R03 and T02) t to total of line B on PIT-CR	

If you need more space, use multiple PIT-CR Supplemental Schedules.

You must attach PIT-CR and all PIT-CR supplemental schedules to your PIT-1. If they are not attached, the Department denies any additional tax credit claims.

2019 PIT-PV New Mexico Personal Income Tax Payment Voucher

Use this voucher if making a payment with or for your 2019 tax return.

YOUR FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
SPOUSE'S FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	SPOUSE'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
ADDRESS (Number & Street)	CITY, STATE AND	
ADDRESS (Number & Street)	CIT, STATE AND	
Maka wawa ahaak ar manay ardar nayahla ta		
Make your check or money order payable to:		
New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department	AMOUNT ENGLOOFD	
	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	00
Mail normant and usuahay ta		
Mail payment and voucher to:		
New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department		
P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390		
P.O. DOX 0390, Saina Pe, NW 0/504-0390		

(PLEASE CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE)

2019 PIT-EXT New Mexico Personal Income Tax Extension Payment Voucher

Use this voucher if you obtained a federal or state extension and you expect to owe tax.

······································		··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
YOUR FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
SPOUSE'S FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	SPOUSE'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
ADDRESS (Number & Street)	CITY, STATE AND	ZIP CODE
Make your check or money order payable to: New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department Mail payment and voucher to:	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390		

(PLEASE CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE)

2019 PIT-ES - 4th Quarterly Payment

New Mexico Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher

Use this voucher if making a 4th guarter estimated tax payment for your 2019 return.

YOUR FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
SPOUSE'S FIRST NAME AND INITIAL	LAST NAME	SPOUSE'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
ADDRESS (Number & Street)	CITY, STATE AND	ZIP CODE
Make your check or money order payable to: New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department Mail payment and voucher to:	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390

2020 PIT-ES New Mexico Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher

SPOUSE'S FIRST NAME AND IN	IITIAL	LAST NAME	SPOUSE'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
ADDRESS (Number & Street)		CITY, STATE	E AND ZIP CODE
Make your check or money or	der payable to:		
New Mexico Taxation and Reve Mail payment and vou		AMOUNT ENCLOSE	D , ,
New Mexico Taxation and Reve P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM	enue Department	(PLEASE CUT ALONG DOTTED LI	NE)
2020 PIT-ES		Personal Income Estimat	5
 2nd Quarterly Payment YOUR FIRST NAME AND INITIA 	Use this voucher if	f making a 2nd quarter estimated tax p LAST NAME	ayment for your 2020 return. YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
SPOUSE'S FIRST NAME AND IN	NITIAL	LAST NAME	SPOUSE'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
ADDRESS (Number & Street)		CITY, STAT	E AND ZIP CODE
Make your check or money or New Mexico Taxation and Reve		AMOUNT ENCLOSE	D 00
Mail payment and you	chor to:		
Mail payment and vou New Mexico Taxation and Reve	enue Department		
New Mexico Taxation and Reve P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM	enue Department M 87504-8390	(PLEASE CUT ALONG DOTTED LI	
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New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department P.O. Box 8390, Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-RC NEW MEXICO REBATE AND CREDIT SCHEDULE

GENERAL INFORMATION

You can find general information about Form PIT-RC, *New Mexico Rebate and Credit Schedule*, on this page and the next page (pages 1 RC and 2 RC).

The instructions later in this document provide additional, specific eligibility requirements for each rebate and credit. Instructions are given for lines when additional guidance is helpful or if the item is unique to New Mexico.

SECTIONS I TO V

To claim any of the rebates or credits reported in Sections II to V, you must answer the questions in SECTION I.

Basic Qualifications

To claim any refundable rebates and credits in Sections II to V, you must meet all these qualifications:

- You must have been a resident of New Mexico during the tax year.
- You must have been physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during the tax year (except to claim the child day care credit).
- You were not eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for the tax year.
- You were not an inmate of a public institution for more than six months of the tax year.

Allowable Household Members and Extra Exemptions, Lines 1 to 3

To claim the Section II, Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate, you must calculate total allowable household members and extra exemptions. In Section I, complete lines 1 to 3 to calculate the total so you can claim this rebate.

NOTE: New Mexico uses the same definitions and qualifications as the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to determine if someone is your dependent. For dependent definitions and qualifications, see federal Form 1040 or 1040SR instructions.

Modified Gross Income, Line 12

Eligibility for all rebates and credits in Sections II through V depends on Modified Gross Income, line 12.

Modified gross income is different from federal adjusted gross income, federal taxable income, or New Mexico taxable income. For details, see *What is Modified Gross Income?* on page 3 RC.

SECTION VI

To claim the refundable tax credits in Section VI, you do not need to meet the basic qualifications for Sections I to V. You also do not need to complete Section I. For details about Section VI, see page 10 RC, and the instructions for lines 23 and 24 later in this document.

SECTION VII

All claimants must complete line 25.

PREPARING YOUR SCHEDULE PIT-RC

Follow these steps to prepare and complete Schedule PIT-RC:

- 1. Prepare your federal return. Even if you are not required to file a federal return, it is easier to complete the PIT-RC after you fill out a sample federal return.
- 2. In the PIT-1 instructions, read page 19, *What To Do Next*.
- 3. Refer to the table on the next page to find the information you need to support the rebates and credits you can claim.
- 4. Complete PIT-RC by using the instructions starting on page 3 RC.
- 5. Check these entries on your PIT-RC:
 - Make sure your arithmetic is correct.
 - When required, make sure you limited your calculations to the maximum amount allowed for the rebate or credit.
 - On pages 1 and 2, make sure your name and social security number are correct.
 - If you are claiming one or more rebates and credits in Sections II to V, make sure Section I is complete and that you answered all required questions.

Modi	fied Gross Income Limitations for 2019	Refundable Tax Credits in Section VI
If your modified gross income is:	You may qualify for:	 Refundable medical care credit for persons age 65 o
\$22,000 or less	Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate (Section II)	older
\$16,000 or less	Property Tax Rebate, if you are 65 or older (Section III)	Special needs adopted child
\$30,160 or less	New Mexico Child Day Care Credit (Section V)	tax credit
Los A	lamos or Santa Fe County Residents Only	
\$24,000 or less	Low Income Property Tax Rebate for Los Alamos or	
	Santa Fe County Residents (Section IV)	

If you received any of the following in 2019	You need
Salary or wages	All 2019 wage and tax statements
An annuity, pension, retirement pay, IRA distributions, Railroad Retirement or sick pay, or social security benefits	Federal Form(s) 1099-R, RRB-1099, and SSA-1099
Gambling or lottery winnings	Records of the amounts and, if issued to you, Form W-2G
Public assistance from Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), New Mexico Works Act or similar program, welfare benefits, or Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	Records of the amounts you received
Any other income—whether or not taxable—such as an insurance settlement, a scholarship or grant, VA benefits, income from an inheritance or trust, gifts of cash or marketable property, alimony, or child support	Records of the amounts you received
To claim the following rebates and credits	You need
Low Income Property Tax Rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County Residents	Records of property tax billed for 2019 on your principal place of residence in Los Alamos or Santa Fe County.
Property Tax Rebate For Persons 65 or Older	Records of the property tax billed for 2019 or rent paid on your principal place of residence.
New Mexico Child Day Care Credit	Form PIT-CG, <i>New Mexico Caregiver's Statement</i> , from each person who provided child day care during 2019.
Refundable Medical Care Credit for Persons 65 or Older	Receipts and records of your qualifying expenses. See instructions for line 23.
Special Needs Adopted Child Tax Credit for a qualifying adopted child during the first year of your claim	Copy of certificate issued by New Mexico Human Services Department or the licensed child placement agency for each child you adopted that year. See instructions for line 24.

- If you claim the additional low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County residents in Section IV, make sure you mark the box indicating the county where you reside.
- 6. Transfer the amount on line 25 to your PIT-1, line 24. Make sure you copy the amount correctly.
- 7. Submit the PIT-RC and other required documents with your PIT-1.

TOP OF PAGE 1

Enter the primary taxpayer's name and social security number exactly as they appear on your PIT-1 return.

If you are claiming rebates and credits under Sections II to V, complete all of Section I to avoid denial of the rebate or credit. If you are only claiming refundable tax credits in Section VI, skip Sections I to V.

SECTION I

Qualifications for Credits and Rebates Reported in Sections II to V If statement A, B, C, or D is true for you, mark the **TAXPAYER** box(es). If you are married filing jointly, mark the true statements in the **SPOUSE** box(es). If you are not married, leave those boxes blank. If a statement is false, leave the box blank.

Statement A. If you were a resident of New Mexico during any part of the tax year, mark the box. If married filing jointly and if both spouses were residents of New Mexico during the tax year, mark both boxes.

Statement B. If you were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during 2019, mark the box. If married filing jointly and if both spouses were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during 2019, mark both boxes.

Statement C. If you were **not** a dependent, or if you do **not** qualify as a dependent of another person for federal income tax purposes, mark the box. If you are married filing jointly and if both spouses were **not** eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for income tax purposes in 2019, mark both boxes.

If you were a dependent of another taxpayer, you do not qualify:

- For any rebates
- For the child day care credit
- As a household member, for purposes of rebates or credits

Whether or not you were actually claimed as a dependent on another person's federal return, you qualify as a dependent.

If you are a dependent with a spouse who was not a dependent of another taxpayer, your spouse may still qualify to claim rebates or credits. **Statement D.** If you were **not** an inmate of a public institution for more than six months in 2019, mark the box. If married filing jointly and if both spouses were **not** inmates of a public institution for more than six months in 2019, mark both boxes.

If you were an inmate of a public institution for more than six months, you do not qualify for rebates or credits, and you do not qualify as a household member for purposes of rebates or credits. If you were an inmate and your spouse was not an inmate, your spouse may still qualify to claim rebates or credits.

LINES 1 TO 3

Calculate Allowable Household Members and Extra Exemptions

Use lines 1 to 3 to calculate household members and extra exemptions for Section II so that you can claim the low income comprehensive tax rebate.

LINE 1

Number of Exemptions

Enter the number of exemptions from PIT-1, line 5. This includes you, your spouse if filing a joint return, your qualifying dependents, and your qualifying other dependents as reported on your federal return.

LINES 2 and 3

Allowable Household Members and Extra Exemptions for Purposes of Claiming Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebates

LINE 2a. Enter the number of household members who DO NOT qualify. If all household members qualify, leave this field blank.

Household members who do not

qualify: You or your spouse must meet the general qualifications listed below, or all members of your household do not qualify. You or your spouse must:

- be a resident of New Mexico during the tax year;
- be physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during 2019;
- be neither eligible to be claimed, nor actually claimed, as a depen-

dent of another taxpayer for 2019, and;

• not be an inmate of a public institution for more than six months during 2019.

If either you or your spouse meet the general qualifications, but not both, then the non-qualifying spouse is not eligible.

Dependents who are non-residents of New Mexico DO NOT qualify as a household member for purposes of claiming the Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate. Include nonresident dependents on line 2a of Schedule PIT-RC. Dependents who are residents of New Mexico, but are not physically present in New Mexico for six months, qualify as household members for purposes of claiming the Low-Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate.

Example 1. A married couple filing a joint return reports six exemptions (which includes their four children) on PIT-RC, line 1. One spouse lived out of state for seven months of the tax year, and the other spouse lived in New Mexico with their four children. Because the out-of-state spouse was not physically present in New Mexico for at least six months, the couple makes these entries:

- Line 1 is 6.
- Line 2a is 1.

The allowable household members on line 2b is 6 - 1 = 5. These 5 exemptions are for the spouse who lives in New Mexico with the couple's four children. Five household members are allowed when claiming the low income comprehensive tax rebate.

If both taxpayers lived out of state for seven months, no household members qualify for the rebate as shown with these entries:

- Line 1 is 6.
- Line 2a is 6.
- Line 2b is 0.

The allowable household members on line 2b is 6 - 6 = 0.

Example 2. The taxpayer qualifies for tax rebates, but has a dependent who is out of state temporarily to attend school. The dependent is still a resident of New Mexico. Although the dependent may be out of state for most of the year, the taxpayer may claim a rebate counting that dependent as a household member.

Example 3. If a citizen of another country is a resident of New Mexico, that person may claim the tax rebates. If the citizen's spouse, children, or other dependents are not residents of New Mexico, the citizen cannot claim a rebate based on exemptions for them.

LINE 2c

If you **or** your spouse (if filing a joint return), but not both, are blind as defined for federal income tax purposes, enter **1**.

If you **and** your spouse are blind as defined for federal income tax purposes, enter **2**.

LINES 2e and 2f

Additional special exemptions are available if **you** or **your spouse** (if filing a joint return) are age 65 or older on the last day of the tax year. Enter **2** on the lines that apply.

LINE 2h

If you and your spouse are filing separately, you must subtract the number of household members and extra exemptions your spouse claimed on the spouse's Schedule PIT-RC, line 2g.

LINES 3

Combine the total of lines 2g and 2h and enter the amount on line 3.

LINES 4 TO 12

Calculate Modified Gross Income

Before you complete lines 4 to 12, read New Mexico's definition of modified gross income that follows.

What is Modified Gross Income?

Modified gross income (also called MGI) is unique to New Mexico law. In general, modified gross income is **all** income and other compensation you receive from **all** sources (regardless of whether that income is taxable by the U.S. Government or the State of

New Mexico) for you, your spouse, and your dependents.

You may not reduce modified gross income by deductions or offset modified gross income by losses allowed for income tax purposes under the New Mexico Income Tax Act or under the Internal Revenue Code.

When calculating modified gross income, include the modified gross income of the taxpayer and all household members. Even if you are married and filing separate returns, the total modified gross income of both spouses must appear in the calculation.

Because the following items are excluded from the definition of modified gross income, you **do not** need to report any of them:

- Money lent to you that you are legally bound to repay
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits or Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) vouchers
- Payments by any party or by Medicare or any similar plan for hospital, dental, medical, or drug expenses whether or not the payment is made directly to the insured/recipient or to a third-party provider, and whether or not a premium is paid
- Money received during the year as low income or property tax rebates or as child day care credit
- Medical care payments made by Medicaid, the State Human Services Department, the County Indigent Hospital Claims Fund, Champus, Veterans Administration (VA), or Workers' Compensation
- Rent subsidies, weatherization, energy, and housing rehabilitation benefits, such as Section 8 housing assistance
- Stipends paid to foster grandparents
- Free room and board when not considered compensation

LINE 4

Enter your wages, salaries, tips, etc. If your wages, salaries, tips, etc. were exempt or deducted from federal adjusted gross income on Schedule PIT-ADJ, you must include them on line 4 to calculate your modified gross income.

LINE 5

Enter the gross amount of social security benefits, pensions, annuities, and Railroad Retirement benefits. If Medicare or other deductions were taken out of pensions or annuities, show the full pension or annuity amount before deductions.

LINE 6

Enter your unemployment benefits from all sources and any workers' compensation benefits you received. Do not include medical benefits.

LINE 7

Enter the amount you received from public assistance, TANF or a similar program, general assistance benefits, and SSI. Do not include medical care benefits, rent subsidies, weatherization, energy, or housing rehabilitation benefits.

LINE 8

Enter your net profit from business, farm, or rentals. This includes income from self-employment. If it is a loss, enter zero. If you have more than one business, farm, or rental property, you **may not** offset the loss of one business, farm, or rental against the profit of another business, farm, or rental or against any other source of income.

LINE 9

Enter your gross capital gains. Do not reduce them by capital losses. Include in capital gains any gain on the sale of a personal residence in 2019 that is deferred or not subject to federal income tax.

LINE 10

Enter all gifts of cash or marketable tangible items no matter who gave them to you. You must give a reasonable value to the gifts.

LINE 11

Enter all income not included on lines 4 to 10, regardless of whether it is taxable as federal or state income. This income may include, but is not limited to:

- Interest, including interest from U.S. Government obligations and interest on state and municipal bonds
- Dividends
- Gross gambling, gaming, and lottery winnings from any source without reducing winnings by any losses
- Insurance or court settlements
- Scholarships, fellowships, prizes, awards, or grants
- Other cash prizes and awards
- VA benefits
- Income from an estate or trust
- Alimony, separate maintenance, and child support payments
- Receipt of contribution withdrawals from deferred compensation plans
- Royalties from any source
- Distributions from employee stock ownership plans or other employee benefit plans, except for medical benefits
- Income from discharge of indebtedness not involving bankruptcy
- Value of a legacy, devise, bequest, or inheritance received
- Distributions from partnerships, S corporations, or similar passthrough entities
- Amounts received from endowment contracts
- The value of room and board received as compensation
- All ordinary gains from dealing in or selling property
- Cost-of-living, moving, or other allowances received as compensation.

SECTION II

Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate

LINE 14

To qualify for this rebate, all of the following must be true:

- You have a modified gross income of \$22,000 or less.
- You were a resident of New Mexico during the tax year.
- You were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months in 2019.

	TA	ABLE 1. 2019	Low Income Co	omprehensive	Tax Rebate Tal	ole	
Modified Gross Income from PIT-RC, Line 13 Number of Exemptions from PIT-RC, Line 13a							
	But Not Over	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more
\$ 0	\$ 500	\$ 120	\$ 160	\$ 200	\$ 240	\$ 280	\$ 320
501	1,000	135	195	250	310	350	415
1,001	1,500	135	195	250	310	350	435
1,501	3,500	135	195	250	310	350	450
3,501	4,500	135	195	250	310	355	450
4,501	5,000	125	190	240	305	355	450
5,001	5,500	115	175	230	295	355	430
5,501	6,000	105	155	210	260	315	410
6,001	7,000	90	130	170	220	275	370
7,001 8,000		80	115	145	180	225	295
8,001 9,000		70	105	135	170	195	240
9,001	10,000	65	95	115	145	175	205
10,001	11,000	60	80	100	130	155	185
11,001	12,000	55	70	90	110	135	160
12,001	14,000	50	65	85	100	115	140
14,001	15,000	45	60	75	90	105	120
15,001	16,000	40	55	70	85	95	110
16,001	17,000	35	50	65	80	85	105
17,001	18,000	30	45	60	70	80	95
18,001	19,000	25	35	50	60	70	80
19,001	20,000	20	30	40	50	60	65
20,001	21,000	15	25	30	40	50	55
21,001	22,000	10	20	25	35	40	45

- You are not eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another tax-payer for 2019.
- You were not an inmate of a public institution for more than six months in 2019.

To find the amount of your low income comprehensive tax rebate, follow these steps:

- 1. In the left column of Table 1, 2019 Low Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate Table, find the line that includes the modified gross income you entered on line 13.
- 2. Read across to the column that shows the number of exemptions you calculated on line 13a. This amount is your low income comprehensive tax rebate.
- All taxpayers, other than married couples filing separate returns, enter this rebate amount on PIT-RC, line 14. Married couples filing

separate returns divide this amount by 2 and then enter the result on PIT-RC, line 14.

NOTE: Include your rebate amount on PIT-RC, line 25.

SECTION III

Property Tax Rebate for Persons 65 or Older

This rebate is for property tax billed or rent paid during tax year 2019 on your principal place of residence in New Mexico. The property tax rebate cannot exceed \$250 or, for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, the rebate cannot exceed \$125.

IMPORTANT: No property tax rebate is available for property that is not subject to property tax.

To qualify for a rebate all of the following must be true:

• You have a modified gross income

of \$16,000 or less.

- You were age 65 or older on the last day of the tax year.
- You were a resident of New Mexico during the tax year.
- You were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months in 2019.
- You are not eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for 2019.
- You were not an inmate of a public institution for more than six months in 2019.

What is Principal Place of Residence?

For purposes of the property tax rebate for persons 65 or older, principal place of residence is the dwelling and related structures—whether owned or rented—and only the amount of surrounding land reasonably necessary to use the dwelling as a home. The surrounding land may not exceed five acres.

TABLE 2. 2019 Maximum Property Tax Liability Table Modified Gross Income from PIT-RC, Line 13 Modified Gross Income from PIT-RC, Line 13 Maximum Property Maximum Property Tax Liability Tax Liability But Not Over But Not Over \$ 0 \$ 1,000 \$ 20 \$ 8,001 \$ 9,000 \$60 25 1,001 9,001 75 2,000 10,000 30 2,001 90 3,000 10,001 11,000 35 105 3,001 4,000 11,001 12,000 4,001 5,000 40 120 12,001 13,000 45 5,001 6,000 13,001 14,000 135 6,001 7,000 50 14,001 150 15,000 55 7,001 8,000 180 15,001 16,000

If you have more acreage than is reasonably necessary to maintain a dwelling, adjust the amount of property tax billed to reflect the principal place of residence only. You may use only this smaller amount to calculate the tax rebate.

Example. If a taxpayer's principal place of residence is located on 25 acres, include the total amount of property tax billed for the house alone plus the part of the land that is reasonably necessary to maintain the residence, but not more than 5 acres.

If only one acre is reasonably necessary to maintain the residence, divide the tax due on the land by the total number of acres for which property tax was billed.

Add the property tax billed on the home to the amount of property tax billed on the land. The total is the amount of property tax billed. Use this total amount to calculate your rebate.

LINE 15

Complete line 15 only if you own your principal place of residence and you were billed property tax. The property tax you claim on line 15 is only that part of the annual property tax billed for the period you lived there.

For the definition of "principal place of residence," see *What is Principal Place of Residence?* beginning on page 5 RC.

Changes in Your Principal Place of Residence

If you paid rent for your principal place of residence for part of the year, and you were billed property tax for your principal place of residence for the other part of the year, you can claim both for the parts of the year you lived in the residence.

If you were billed property tax on your manufactured home and you also paid rent for your lot or space, you can claim both.

LINE 16

Complete line 16 only if you rented your principal place of residence in 2019.

LINE 16a

Complete line 16a **only** if you paid rent on your principal place of residence.

Enter the total amount of rent you paid during 2019, including any rent subsidy paid by a government entity to your landlord.

LINE 16b

If a government entity paid a subsidy, mark an **X** in box 16b.

LINE 16c

Multiply line 16a by 0.06, and enter the product in 16c.

LINE 17

This rebate is for the property tax billed during tax year 2019. The property tax rebate may not exceed \$250 or, for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, the rebate may not exceed \$125. **IMPORTANT:** Make sure to include the amount on line 17c in the amount on PIT-RC, line 25.

LINE 17b

To find your maximum property tax liability, follow these steps:

- 1. On Table 2, 2019 Maximum Property Tax Liability Table, find the Modified Gross Income range for the amount you entered on PIT-RC, line 13.
- 2. Read across the table to the **Maximum Property Tax Liability** column, and enter the amount on line **17b**.

LINE 17c

Subtract the amount on line 17b from the amount on line 17a. Enter the amount of the difference on line 17c.

If the amount is less than zero, enter **0**. If the amount is \$250 or over, enter **\$250** (the maximum allowed).

Married Couples Filing Separately

Married couples filing separate returns calculate the property tax rebate in a different way than other taxpayers.

Subtract line 17b (maximum property tax liability) from line 17a (allowable amount of property tax billed and rent paid), and then divide the difference by 2. Enter this amount on line 17c. If the amount is less than zero, enter **0**. If the amount is \$125 or over, enter **\$125** (the maximum allowed).

SECTION IV

Additional Low Income Property Tax Rebate for Los Alamos and Santa Fe County Residents Only

This low income property tax rebate is for property tax paid during tax year 2019 on your principal place of residence (defined later in this section) in Los Alamos or Santa Fe County. This property tax rebate may not exceed \$350 or, for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, \$175.

IMPORTANT: No property tax rebate is available for property that is not subject to property tax.

No Age Limit

You do not need to be 65 or older to be eligible for this rebate. If you are a Los Alamos or Santa Fe County resident who is age 65 or older on the last day of the tax year, you may be eligible for this rebate **and** the property tax rebate for persons 65 or older on line 17c.

Requirements

To qualify for the rebate, all of the following must be true:

- You have a principal place of residence in Los Alamos or Santa Fe County.
- You have a modified gross income of \$24,000 or less.
- You were a resident of New Mexico during the tax year.
- You were physically present in New Mexico for at least six months in 2019.

- You were not eligible to be claimed as an other dependent of another taxpayer for 2019.
- You were not an inmate of a public institution for more than six months in 2019.

Mailing Address Not In Counties

If the mailing address on your 2019 PIT-1 return is not a Los Alamos or Santa Fe County address, you must attach a property tax statement to your return.

Definition of "Principal Place of Residence" For This Rebate

For the purposes of the low income property tax rebate for Los Alamos and Santa Fe Country residents only, principal place of residence is the dwelling and related structures the taxpayer owns and occupies, and only that amount of surrounding land reasonably necessary to use the dwelling as a home. The surrounding land may not exceed five acres. For purposes of this credit, a principal place of residence does not include rented land or structures.

If you have more acreage than is reasonably necessary to maintain a dwelling, adjust the amount of property tax billed to reflect the principal place of residence only. You are required to use this smaller amount to calculate the tax rebate.

Boxes 18

Mark either the Los Alamos County box or the Santa Fe County box to in-

Table 3. 2019 Low Income Property Tax Rebate Tablefor Los Alamos or Santa Fe County Residents Only						
Modified Gross Income from PIT-RC, Line 13 Property Tax Rebate Percentage						
	But Not Over	(of property tax liability)				
\$0	\$ 8,000	75%				
8,001	10,000	70%				
10,001	12,000	65%				
12,001	14,000	60%				
14,001	16,000	55%				
16,001	18,000	50%				
18,001	20,000	45%				
20,001	22,000	40%				
22,001	24,000	35%				

dicate the county where your principal place of residence was located and for which you are claiming the additional low income property tax rebate.

LINE 18a

For property you own that is your principal place of residence, enter the tax billed for the calendar year.

LINE 18b

To find the percentage of your property tax rebate, follow these steps:

- 1. On Table 3, 2019 Low Income Property Tax Rebate Table for Los Alamos or Santa Fe County Residents Only, find the Modified Gross Income range that includes the amount you entered on PIT-RC, line 13.
- 2. Read across to the **Property Tax Rebate Percentage** column, and enter this percentage on line 18b.

LINE 18c

Multiply the percentage on line 18b (property tax rebate percentage) by the amount on line 18a (allowable property tax billed). Enter the product on line 18c.

If the amount is less than zero, enter **0**. If the amount is \$350 or over, enter **\$350** (the maximum allowed).

Married Couples Filing Separately

Married couples filing separate returns calculate the property tax rebate in a different way than other taxpayers.

Multiply 18a by 18b, and then divide the product by 2. Enter this amount on line 18c.

If the amount is less than zero, enter **0**. If the amount is \$175 or over, enter **\$175** (the maximum allowed).

Example. The property tax billed to Los Alamos Resident A on her principal place of residence was \$800 for calendar year 2019. On line 18a, Resident A enters \$800. Because her modified gross income for 2019 was \$19,000, Resident A enters on line 18b the property tax rebate percentage of 45%. To calculate line 18c, Resident A multiplies \$800 by 0.45 (45%). The result is \$360, but because the maximum rebate allowable is \$350, she enters \$350 on line 18c.

IMPORTANT: Include the amount on line 18c in the amount on PIT-RC, line 25.

SECTION V

New Mexico Child Day Care Credit

The child day care credit may not exceed \$1,200 or, for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, \$600.

Married individuals maintaining a household for one or more qualifying dependents, but filing separate returns for a tax year, may each claim only half the credit allowed on a joint return.

To qualify for the credit, all of the following must be true:

- You have a modified gross income of \$30,160 or less.
- You were a resident of New Mexico during any part of the tax year.
- You provided over half the cost of maintaining a household for one or more qualifying dependents for the part of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit (either separately or jointly with a spouse).
- You were gainfully employed for the part of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit.
- You were not a recipient of public assistance under TANF, the New Mexico Works Act, or a similar program during the part of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit.
- You have not been reimbursed or compensated for the amount of child day care expense for which you are claiming the credit.

Reimbursed or compensated child day care expenses, like those paid with pre-tax dollars under cafeteria and similar benefit plans, are also ineligible.

Residency Requirement

If you qualify as a first-year, full-year, or part-year resident of New Mexico, you may claim the child day care credit. For definitions of residency, see PIT-1 instructions, page 3, *Definitions*.

Public Assistance

The Department checks with appropriate state agencies to verify if you are receiving public assistance.

Caregiver Qualifications

You cannot claim a credit for amounts paid to a caregiver unless all of the following are true for the caregiver:

- If an individual, the caregiver was at least 18 years old when providing the care.
- The caregiver provided the day care service in New Mexico.
- The caregiver provided day care for less than 24 hours daily.
- You or your spouse could not claim the caregiver as a dependent for federal income tax purposes.

Married Couples Filing Separately

If spouses file a joint return, both must have been gainfully employed unless one was disabled for the part of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit. Couples who maintain a household for one or more qualifying dependents, but file separate returns for a tax year, may each claim only half the credit allowed for a joint return.

Keep Copies of Your Receipts

In case you are selected for audit or verification of the expenses you claim, make sure to keep copies of all your receipts with your records.

Definitions for Child Day Care Credit

"Qualifying depdendent" means a person under the age of 15 at the end of the tax year who has received the services of a caregiver. "Dependent" includes a child of divorced or legally separated parents when the taxpayer meets all requirements for claiming a federal child care credit.

"Gainfully employed" means working for others for compensation, either full-time or part-time, or being selfemployed. Actively seeking employment or school attendance does not qualify as gainful employment.

"Cost of maintaining a household" means the expenses for operating the principal place of residence for the mutual benefit of its occupants. These expenses include property taxes, mortgage interest, rent, utility charges, upkeep and repairs, property insurance, and food. Cost of maintaining a household does **not** include cost of clothing, education, medical treatment, vacations, life insurance, transportation, or principal payments on mortgages.

"Disabled person" means a person who has a medically determinable physical or mental impairment, as certified by a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse-midwife or physician assistant working within that person's scope of practice, that renders the person unable to engage in gainful employment.

NOTE: The Department may ask you to provide certification of your disability, but do **not** include it with your return.

For First-Year Residents Only

Vorksheet to Ad	ljust the Federal	Credit for Child and	Dependent Care Credit

1. Enter the amount of federal child and dependent care credit allowed on the federal Schedule 3, line 2.	\$
2. Enter the number of days during the tax year that you were a resident of New Mexico.	
 Enter the number of days during the tax year, either 365 days or 366 days for a leap year. 	
4. Divide line 2 by line 3. Round to three decimal places.	_·
5. Multiply line 4 by line 1. Enter this amount on PIT-RC, line 21.	\$

"Caregiver" means either an individual 18 years of age or older, or a corporation that receives compensation from the credit claimant for providing direct care and supervision to a qualifying dependent in New Mexico. A caregiver may be related to, but not a dependent of, the claimant.

Example of Attending School and

Working. You are a single parent who provides over 50% of the support for a dependent child. You attended school from January through May, and became gainfully employed full time on June 1. You had child care expenses for the entire year from a caregiver located in New Mexico. You were not compensated or reimbursed for child day care services during the tax year.

You can claim the credit for child care only for expenses from June through December, while you were employed. You cannot count expenses for child care from January through May, while you were attending school and not working.

Calculating and Claiming the Credit

To calculate and claim your allowable child day care credit, follow these steps:

- 1. From each caregiver, get a Form PIT-CG, New Mexico Caregiver's Statement (see page 12 RC).
- Use the information on the PIT-CGs to complete the *Child Day Care Credit Worksheet* (see page 11 RC). Only include qualifying day care expenses performed in New Mexico.
- 3. Make copies of and submit the *Child Day Care Credit Worksheet* and all PIT-CGs with your New Mexico PIT-1 return.
- 4. Keep the originals for your records.

For more information, see *Brochure* 12, *New Mexico's Income Tax Child Day Care Credit 6-18*, on <u>www.tax.</u> <u>newmexico.gov</u>. At the top, click **FORMS AND PUBLICATIONS**, click on then select Brochures from the Publications folder.

LINE 19

From your *Child Day Care Credit Worksheet*, enter the sum of the amounts in Column G, but no more than \$1,200. This is your child day care credit.

LINE 20

Enter the total of your qualified dependents under age 15 who received child day care services in 2019.

LINE 21

Enter the amount of the federal child and dependent care credit you claimed on your federal Schedule 3, line 1.

First-Year Residents Only

To calculate your federal child and dependent care credit adjustment, use the worksheet on the previous page, *For First-Year Residents Only Worksheet to Adjust the Federal Credit for Child and Dependent Care Credit.* Enter the amount from line 5 of the worksheet.

LINE 22

The maximum New Mexico day care credit amount is \$1,200, where a maximum of \$480 is allowable per child.

To find the amount of New Mexico child day care credit you can claim, subtract line 21 from line 19.

Married Couples Filing Separately

If married filing separately, subtract line 21 from line 19, and divide by 2. Enter this amount on line 22. Couples who maintain a household for one or more qualifying dependents, but file separate returns for a tax year, may each claim only half the credit allowed for a joint return.

Example For More Than One Child.

You have three children and each child received 200 days of care. You were not compensated or reimbursed for child day care services during the tax year. The fee was \$10 daily for each child.

On the *Child Day Care Credit Worksheet*, enter your first child's name and age in columns A and B. Enter the number of days of care (200) in column C. Even though the actual amount you paid was \$10, enter \$8 in column D because the maximum allowable daily amount for calculating the credit is \$8.

For column E, calculate the amount allowed for the year, as shown here:

200 x \$8 = \$1,600 (amount allowed)

For column G, first find 40% of \$1,600, as shown next:

 $0.40 \times 1,600 = 640 (40\% \text{ of } 1,600)$

Because \$640 is greater than \$480 (the maximum allowable amount per child), enter \$480 in column G.

Calculate the credit amounts for the second and third child in the same way. The total for the three children is 1,440 (3 x 480). Because this is more than 1,200 (the maximum allowable credit amount), you enter 1,200 on line 19.

Example For Paying Different Rates.

You paid more than one rate for child care. Your child received 100 days of care at \$7 per day and 50 more days at \$10 per day.

On the *Child Day Care Credit Work-sheet*, enter the child's name and age in columns A and B. In columns C and D, enter 100 (days of care) and \$7 (amount paid per day).

For column E, calculate the amount allowed for the year, as shown here:

100 x \$7 = \$700 (amount allowed)

For Column G, first find 40% of 700, as shown next:

0.40 x \$700 = \$280 (40% of \$700)

On the next line of the worksheet write "same child." Incolumn C, enter 50 for days of care. In column D, enter \$8 (maximum daily amount) even though the actual amount you paid was \$10.

For column E, calculate the amount allowed for the year, as shown here:

50 x \$8 = \$400 (amount allowed)

For column G, first find 40% of \$400, as shown next:

0.40 x \$400 = \$160 (40% of \$400) Then add the two partial credit amounts in column G and enter \$440 (the sum) on line 19.

\$280 + \$160 = \$440

SECTION VI Refundable Tax Credits

Complete lines 23 and 24 to claim the refundable tax credits.

If you are claiming only the refundable tax credits on lines 23 and 24 and no other refundable rebate or credit, follow the special procedures described next to complete PIT-RC:

- 1. Enter the primary taxpayer's name on page 1 and social security number on pages 1 and 2.
- 2. Complete applicable lines 23 and 24.
- 3. On line 25, enter the total of lines 23 and 24.
- 4. On PIT-1, line 24. enter the amount from PIT-RC, line 25.

LINE 23

Refundable Medical Care Credit for Persons 65 or Older

If you or your spouse are 65 years of age or older, and you paid unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses of \$28,000 or more during tax year 2019, you may claim a tax credit of \$2,800. The medical care expenses can be for the care of any combination of you, your spouse, or dependents.

The tax credit is allowed for non-residents with income tax responsibility to New Mexico.

If you qualify for the credit, enter \$2,800. Married couples filing separate returns may each claim one-half of the credit (\$1400) that would have been allowed on a joint return.

Additional Benefit on PIT-ADJ

If you are eligible to claim the refundable medical care credit for persons age 65 years or older, you are also eligible to claim the medical care expense exemption for persons 65 years or older reported on Schedule PIT-ADJ, line 17. To claim the tax exemption, you must complete Schedule PIT-ADJ.

Types of Medical Expenses Allowed

The types of medical expenses that you may include are described in the instructions for PIT-1, line 16 with one exception. You may also include the part of unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses which have been included in your itemized deductions on federal Schedule A.

To calculate the unreimbursed and uncompensated medical care expenses for purposes of this credit, the following expenses may be included:

- Qualified expenses used to calculate the refundable medical care expense exemption for persons 65 years or older you reported on PIT-ADJ, line 17
- Qualified expenses used to calculate the medical care expense deduction you claimed on PIT-1, line 16

LINE 24

Special Needs Adopted Child Tax Credit

If you qualify for the special needs adopted child tax credit, enter \$1,000 for each special needs adopted child. If you are married filing separately, enter \$500 for each child. Married individuals who file separate returns may each claim one-half of the credit.

You may claim the special needs adopted child tax credit if all of the following are true:

- You file a New Mexico PIT-1 return.
- You are not a dependent of another taxpayer.
- You adopted a special needs child.
- You claimed the special needs adopted child as a dependent on your federal tax return.

Definitions

"Special needs adopted child" means an individual who may be over 18 years of age and who is certified by the New Mexico Children, Youth, and Families Department (CYFD) or a licensed child placement agency as meeting the definition of a "difficult to place child" pursuant to the Adoption Act. The classification is based on physical or mental impairment or an emotional disturbance that is at least moderately disabling.

Attach the Certificate the First Year

In the first year you claim the special needs adopted child tax credit for a qualifying adopted child, you must attach a copy of the certificate issued by CYFD or the licensed child placement agency for each qualifying adopted child.

If you claimed the credit for adoption of special needs children for a qualifying adopted child in a prior year, you do not need to attach the supporting documentation to the return. Keep it in your files.

SECTION VII

Total Rebates and Credits Claimed Follow these steps to complete PIT-RC:

- 1. Add the amounts, if any, on lines 14, 17c, 18c, 22, 23, and 24.
- 2. Enter the total on line 25.
- 3. On PIT-1, line 24, enter the amount from PIT-RC, line 25.
- 4. Submit PIT-RC and any required documentation with your PIT-1 to the Department.

Print your name (first, middle, last)

YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

You must answer both questions.

True

The child day care expenses **were not** reimbursed or otherwise paid by another party. You may **only** claim uncompensated and unreimbursed child day care expenses.

True Public assistance **was not** received under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, New Mexico Works Act, or a similar program during that part of the tax year for which you are claiming the credit. You may **only** claim child day care expenses during periods when you **did not** receive assistance from one of these programs.

NOTE: The Department checks with appropriate state agencies to verify whether you are receiving public assistance.

COLUMN A Name of Child	COLUMN B Age of Child	COLUMN C Number of days of care	COLUMN D Amount paid per day not to exceed \$8.00	COLUMN E Day Care Expenses Multiply Column C by Column D	COLUMN F Multiply Column E by 0.40 and enter in Column G	COLUMN G Available day care credit not to exceed \$480/child	
					0.40		
					0.40		
					0.40		
					0.40		
					0.40		
					0.40		
					0.40		
	TOTAL day care credit available. Enter the sum of Column G. If you attach						

supplemental pages, enter the sum of Column G from all pages.

Completing the Child Day Care Credit Worksheet

- **Column A:** Enter the name of the qualified dependent child who received day care during 2019. If you need more space, attach a worksheet in the same format.
- **Column B:** Enter the age of the child at the end of the 2019 tax year.
- **Column C:** Enter the total number of days of qualified child day care service provided for the child.
- **Column D:** Enter the amount paid per day for the child. The maximum is \$8 per child per day. Only include amounts actually paid by you. Do not include amounts that were reimbursed or paid for by another party, such as your employer or the State of New Mexico. Even if you paid more than \$8, only enter \$8.
- Column E: Multiply Column C by Column D and enter the result.
- **Column G:** Multiply Column E by Column F (0.40) and enter the result, but no more than \$480 per child. If the computed amount is more than \$480, enter \$480.

Add the amounts in Column G and enter the total on Schedule PIT-RC, line 19, but no more than \$1,200. If the total amount of Column G is more than \$1,200, only enter \$1,200.

ATTACH THIS WORKSHEET TO FORM PIT-1

NEW MEXICO CAREGIVER'S STATEMENT

The caregiver must complete this PIT-CG and give it to the taxpayer to attach to the PIT-1 Return and Schedule PIT-RC. Each caregiver who provides daycare services for which a credit amount is claimed completes a separate PIT-CG. Failure to attach the required PIT-CG to the PIT-1 will cause the amount claimed for the child daycare credit to be disallowed. Attach the *Child Day Care Credit Worksheet* to the PIT-CG.

The caregiver must furnish the information on the number of days care was provided each month and the compensation received for each child for whom the credit is claimed. The caregiver must answer the three qualification questions; enter their name, address, phone number, and New Mexico CRS identification number; and sign this PIT-CG. The name and social security number for each child receiving daycare services is required on this PIT-CG. The taxpayer must also sign.

Do not include any charges for childcare for periods of unemployment or for childcare provided either before or after work (plus any necessary travel time) or for periods the taxpayer is attending school.

Taxpayer's first name and initial (as it appears on Form PIT-1)	Taxpayer's last name	Taxpayer's s	ocial sec I	urity number I

PART I. QUALIFICATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL CAREGIVERS

Caregiver's name		Caregiver's address	Caregiver's New M	lexico (CRS ID or SSN
1.	Were you, as a caregiver, ag	ge 18 or over at the time the care was performed?	YES		NO 🗌
2.	YES		NO 🗌		
3.	Were you a dependent of the	e above taxpayer for whom you provided childcare services?	YES		NO 🗖

PART II. STATEMENT OF COMPENSATION RECEIVED BY CAREGIVER

TAX YEAR 20	CHILD 1 Name and SSN		CHILD 2 Name and SSN		CHILD 3 Name and SSN		CHILD 4 Name and SSN	
Month	No. of Days	Compensation Amount Received Per Month	No. of Days	Compensation Amount Received Per Month	No. of Days	Compensation Amount Received Per Month	No. of Days	Compensation Amount Received Per Month
JANUARY								
FEBRUARY								
MARCH								
APRIL								
MAY								
JUNE								
JULY								
AUGUST								
SEPTEMBER								
OCTOBER								
NOVEMBER								
DECEMBER								
TOTAL								

Caregiver's signature

Caregiver's phone number

PART III. TAXPAYER: IF YOU COULD NOT OBTAIN A STATEMENT FROM THE CAREGIVER, COMPLETE THIS PART OF THE FORM.

If you made all reasonable attempts to complete this PIT-CG schedule, and you are still unable to locate the caregiver or to obtain the required information, complete Parts I and II of this schedule based on previous billings or other records, provide the name and address of the caregiver, and explain below why the caregiver did not complete the statement.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-B INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-B

GENERAL INFORMATION

This section gives general information about Schedule PIT-B, *Schedule of New Mexico Allocation and Apportionment of Income*. Detailed instructions for completing Schedule PIT-B start on page 3B.

PIT-B is for taxpayers with income from sources both inside and outside New Mexico. Schedule PIT-B provides a credit against New Mexico tax equal to the New Mexico source income divided by total income everywhere.

New Mexico source income is derived by allocating and apportioning total income. If you have income from sources both inside and outside New Mexico, attach and submit Schedule PIT-B with your PIT-1 Return.

For information about a married couple filing a joint return where one spouse, but not both, is a resident of a community property state, see *Information About Community and Separate Income* on this page.

NOTE: When both spouses are residents of community property states, or both spouses are residents of noncommunity property states, the special allocation and apportionment rules do not require additional instructions.

Residency Definitions

On PIT-1 instructions, page 3, definition of *Resident*, you can find definitions of the following terms:

- Resident;
- First-year resident;
- Part-year resident; and
- Non-resident.

DEFINITIONS AND OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION

The following topics are described next to help you complete PIT-B:

- Definition of allocated income;
- Definition of apportioned income;
- Definition of community income;
- Information about community and separate income;
- Allocation of community and separate income; and
- Income and residency of military servicemember's spouse.

Definition of Allocated Income

For Schedule PIT-B, "allocated income" means non-business income reported on PIT-B, lines 1 to 7. Using the specific line instructions, base the allocation on either:

 The date you received the income (for example, wages, interest, or dividends of a first-year resident),

or

• The location of the income-earning property or activity (for example, rent and royalty income).

Definition of Apportioned Income

For Schedule PIT-B, "apportioned income" means business and farm income you report on PIT-B, line 8. Business and farm income includes income reported on federal Schedules C, C-EZ, F, or other schedules that characterize income as business-related. Business income is apportioned based on the location of the incomeearning property or activity.

Definition of Community Income

"Community income" is income from community property acquired by persons domiciled in a community property state during the marriage. It can be either non-business income (for example, wages, salaries, dividends, interest, royalties, or rents) or business income (for example, Schedule C gross receipts or farm income).

When a couple files married filing jointly, all income and payments are combined and tax is computed on the sum of all community and separate income. When a couple files married filing separately, each spouse reports 50% of community income and all income generated from the separate property of the spouse who owns the property.

When a couple's income is not evenly divided, you must attach a statement showing the correct division of community and separate income and payments.

When one spouse, but not both, resides in a community property state and the couple has income from sources both inside and outside New Mexico, special instructions for completing Schedule PIT-B are usually needed. For specifics and examples, see the next section.

Information About Community and Separate Income

The laws of the state of domicile generally govern whether you have community property and community income—or separate property and separate income—for federal and state tax purposes. Community property states are New Mexico, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin.

Because New Mexico is a community property state, all assets and liabilities

Schedule PIT-B, New Mexico Allocation and Apportionment of Income Schedule, is for taxpayers with income from sources both inside and outside New Mexico. Schedule PIT-B provides a credit against New Mexico tax equal to the New Mexico source income divided by total income everywhere. acquired during a marriage are the community property of both spouses, unless the property is separate property.

Allocation of Community and Separate Income

When one spouse, but not both, is a resident of a community property state:

- Half of the community income of the spouse who is a resident of a community property state is equally divided between both spouses, and
- 100% of the separate income is treated as if it was the income of the spouse who owns the property.

For your records, create a worksheet of each spouse's income. Divide the community income equally between each spouse and assign 100% of separate income to the spouse who owns the separate property.

Then determine the New Mexico residency status of each spouse. Based on each spouse's New Mexico residency status, and using the line instructions, determine the correct allocation and apportionment rules to apply to the type of income for each spouse.

Example 1. A New Mexico full-year resident and a Colorado resident (non-resident of New Mexico) are married and file a joint return. The New Mexico resident has wage income from employment in Texas. Because New Mexico is a community property state and the resident spouse is domiciled in New Mexico, the resident spouse's wage income is community property. Half the wage income from employment in Texas is the property of each spouse.

The instructions for PIT-B, line 1, require that half of the New Mexico resident's wage income is allocated in full to New Mexico, even if the income was not earned in New Mexico. The non-resident spouse's share of the community wage income is not allocated to New Mexico, because the income is not from services performed in New Mexico. **Example 2.** Use the same facts as example 1, except the wage income is the separate income of the New Mexico resident spouse due to a separation agreement. All wage income is allocated to New Mexico, because the spouse entitled to the benefit of the entire amount of wage income is a resident of New Mexico.

The New Mexico resident must allocate this wage income according to the line instructions for a **resident** taxpayer on PIT-B, line 1.

Example 3. Again, use the same facts as example 1, except wages from employment in Texas were earned by the non-resident spouse who was domiciled in Texas. Because the non-resident spouse is domiciled in a community property state, the wage income is community property.

When both spouses are residents of community property states or both spouses are residents of noncommunity property states, special allocation and apportionment rules are not needed.

Half of the community income is allocated to New Mexico, based on the instructions for the resident spouse's share of the community income. The other half of the community income is not allocated to New Mexico, based on the instructions for the non-resident spouse's share of the community income.

Example 4. If both spouses are residents of New Mexico, all community wage income is allocated to New Mexico.

More Information about Community and Separate Income

For general guidance in determining whether income is community income or separate income, see Publication FYI-310, *Community Property, Divorce, Separation, and Your New Mexico Income Tax* and Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Publication 555, *Community Property.*

Publication FYI-310 is available at <u>www.tax.newmexico.gov</u>. At the top, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS**, then

select **FYIs** from the **Publications** folder. Open the **300 Series-Income Taxes** folder to access FYI-310. Publication 555 is available on the IRS website at <u>www.irs.gov.</u>

Income and Residency of Military Servicemember's Spouse

These instructions are effective beginning with tax year 2018. They apply to a military servicemember's spouse who moves to a state solely to be with the servicemember who is in that state due to military orders.

They may source their non-military wages, salaries, tips and other income from services performed to their chosen state of domicile instead of the state where the income is earned. For tax purposes, this can be either the domicile state that the servicemember claims or the state in which the servicemember's spouse has established domicile.

The following restrictions apply to the servicemember and spouse:

- The servicemember must have declared a "domicile for purposes of withholding state income taxes from military pay" in their state of domicile.
- The servicemember must be in the new state due to military orders.
- The servicemember's spouse must be in the new state solely to be with the military spouse.

IMPORTANT: The servicemember continues to allocate non-military income from services performed to the state where the income was earned.

If you are a New Mexico resident who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse living in another state, do **both** of the following:

- Complete a New Mexico PIT-1 Return as a resident taxpayer.
- Allocate wages, salaries, tips, and other income from services performed as if they were earned in New Mexico, even though you earned the income in another state.

For details, see Form-41348, *Guidance for* New Mexico *Resident Military Spouses Claiming Relief From Another State's Income and Withholding Tax Requirements* on the Department website at <u>www.tax.</u> <u>newmexico.gov</u>. At the top, click **FORMS & PUBLICATIONS** then select the following items in this order:

- Income Taxes,
- Personal Income Tax (PIT) Current Year,
- Other PIT-Related Forms, and finally
- RPD-41348-Guidance.

If you are a non-resident of New Mexico who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse living in New Mexico, do **all** of the following:

- Complete a New Mexico PIT-1 as a non-resident taxpayer.
- Allocate income from services performed in New Mexico to the state of legal residency.
- Mark the box at the top of PIT-B to indicate status as primary taxpayer or spouse, and qualification for relief under the Military Spouse Residency Relief Act.

If you are a part-year or first-year New Mexico resident, who is a qualifying servicemember's spouse, allocate income from services performed in New Mexico to New Mexico during periods when you were a resident of New Mexico.

If you are a military servicemember's spouse, eligible to claim an exempt New Mexico withholding status based on the Military Spouse Residency Relief Act, you must annually submit Form RPD-41348 to your employer or payor responsible for withholding New Mexico tax. Keep a copy, signed by the employer or payor, in your records. Do not submit RPD-41348 with your PIT-1 unless the Department requests it.

Your employer or payor must sign a new RPD-41348 annually, or when your situation changes.

How to Prepare the PIT-B

You can find out more about preparing your PIT-B, in the next sections:

- Overview;
- Completing the Top of Page 1;
- About Line Instructions and columns;
- Line Instructions for Page 1; and
- Instructions for Page 2 Worksheet.

OVERVIEW

Follow these steps to prepare and complete Schedule PIT-B:

- 1. On PIT-1 instructions, page 19, read *Important Guidelines*.
- Before beginning PIT-B, complete your federal return and your New Mexico PIT-1 through line 17.
- 3. Gather any additional forms or publications you need. For helpful resources, see PIT-1 instructions, page 1, *Contacting the Department*.
- Collect any additional tax records to show the sources of your income items. Some taxpayers find it helpful to make a list identifying the source of each income item reported for federal income tax purposes.
- Fill in your PIT-B using the line instructions that begin on the next page. Specific instructions for lines 1, 2, 3, and 7 apply to column 2 for different residency statuses. Follow the instructions for the residency status you reported on PIT-1, boxes 1e and 2e.

NOTE: You can find definitions for resident, first-year resident, part-year resident, and non-resident on PIT-1 instructions, beginning on page 2, *Who Must File*.

- If you have an entry on line 8, column 1, complete the worksheet on PIT-B, page 2 unless the entry on line 8, column 2 is the same as column 1 or is zero. Line instructions for the worksheet begin on page 8B.
- 7. Check your figures on PIT-B and, if applicable, the worksheet. Make sure the arithmetic is correct, and that you limited your entries when required.

IMPORTANT: Remember that residents must allocate income and deductions on lines 1, 2, 3, and 7 in full to New Mexico.

- 8. Do a final check on these parts of PIT-B:
 - Is your correct name and social security number shown?
 - Is page 1 and, if applicable, page 2 complete?
 - Have you answered all required questions?
- 9. Do a final check on these lines of PIT-B and PIT-1:
 - You correctly transferred your tax liability from PIT-B, line 14, to PIT-1, line 18.
 - You entered **B** in the PIT-1, line 18a box to indicate you used PIT-B to compute your tax.

COMPLETING THE TOP OF PAGE 1

Enter the taxpayer's first name, middle initial, last name, and social security number exactly as they appear on the PIT-1.

Residency Period

Part-year and first-year residents enter the beginning and ending date for the tax year when the taxpayer was a resident of New Mexico. If married filing jointly, and your spouse's residency period is different, enter the period of residency for your spouse. If additional periods of residency apply, write them on PIT-B in the space below the lines.

Qualifying Military Servicemember's Spouse

If either the primary taxpayer or spouse is a qualifying military servicemember's spouse (see *Income and Residency of Military Servicemember's Spouse*, page 2B), is not a resident of New Mexico, and is allocating income earned from services performed in New Mexico to the state of residence, at the top of PIT-B mark box E (Taxpayer) or F (Spouse).

IMPORTANT: Marking box E or F is required to indicate qualification for relief under the Military Spouse Residency Relief Act.

ABOUT LINE INSTRUCTIONS AND COLUMNS

These instructions are intended to make it easier for you to complete the PIT-B. No instructions are given for lines that tell you to add, subtract, or perform similar actions.

Each line instruction describes the allocation and apportionment rules for the type of income.

References to Line Numbers on Federal Forms

Line number references to federal forms are for your convenience. They are based on information available to the Department at the time these instructions go to print.

Completing the Columns

First complete column 1. You can usually take the amount from your federal return.

Column 2 and Residency Status

Because many amounts you enter in column 2 are determined by your residency status, make sure to use the correct residency status instructions. If you are filing a joint return, use the residency status instructions for you and your spouse.

New Mexico residency status is defined on PIT-1 instructions, page 3. You report your residency status on PIT-1, page 1, lines 1e and 2e.

LINE INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAGE 1

Detailed instructions for each line are given here, along with specific information about columns.

LINE 1

Wages, salaries, tips, etc.

To calculate the credit for taxes paid to another state, see page 27 of the 2019 PIT-1 instructions for line 20.

Only if wages were earned in New Mexico, do **non-residents** allocate income from line 1 to New Mexico.

Column 1

Enter the amount of wages, salaries, tips, etc. from federal Form 1040 or 1040SR, line 1.

Column 2

Resident. Enter the same amount you entered in column 1.

Residents of New Mexico **must** allocate in full to New Mexico all amounts of wages, salaries, tips, etc. on PIT-B, line 1, column 1. If the income was earned outside New Mexico and tax was paid to the other state on that income, residents may claim a nonrefundable **credit** for the tax paid to the other state on that income.

First-year resident. Enter all wages, salaries, tips, etc. earned inside and outside New Mexico after date in which New Mexico residency was established.

Part-year resident. Enter all wages, salaries, tips, etc. earned inside and outside New Mexico during the part of the year you were a resident of New Mexico.

Non-resident. Enter the part of column 1 that came from services performed in New Mexico.

Payment for annual leave, sick leave, and holiday leave associated with employment or services performed in New Mexico is New Mexico income.

Non-residents who work regularly in New Mexico but temporarily assigned to duty outside New Mexico* may use the PIT-110 Worksheet, *Adjustment to New Mexico Income*. You can get this worksheet from the Department website or from any Department office.

* "Temporarily assigned to duty outside New Mexico" does **not** include partial days.

If your taxable wages and other compensation include moving expenses, the compensation is taxable to New Mexico only if the move is made from another state into New Mexico.

Non-resident military and nonresident U.S. Public Health Service members wages or salary. Exclude from line 1, columns 1 and 2, any military wages or salary earned by a non-resident servicemember that was:

- Also included in federal adjusted gross income, **and**
- Reported on PIT-1, line 9.

If you changed your domicile or residency to, or from, New Mexico during the tax year, exclude only the military salary or wages earned while a nonresident of New Mexico. If any or all non-resident wages or salaries were for active duty military service in the U.S. Armed Forces or U.S. Public Health Service, that amount is also included in the amount you deducted from your New Mexico taxable income on Schedule PIT-ADJ, lines 16 and 21 respectively.

Non-resident servicemember's non-military wages or salary. Include in line 1, columns 1 and 2, all non-military wages or salary earned from services performed in New Mexico.

Qualifying non-resident military servicemember's spouse. A qualifying non-resident military servicemember's spouse who has a signed Form RPD-41348, *Military Spouse Withholding Tax Exemption Statement*, may allocate income earned from services performed in New Mexico to the state of residence by **excluding** the income in column 2. For details about military servicemember's spouse, see page 2B.

Qualifying resident military service member's spouse. A qualifying New Mexico resident military servicemember's spouse may allocate income earned in another state to New Mexico by including the income in column 2.

If you are a **first-year resident** or **part-year resident** who is a qualifying military servicemember's spouse, you may allocate income earned from services performed in another state to New Mexico during the part of the year you were a resident by **including** the income in column 2. During the part of the year you were a non-resident, allocate income earned in another state from services performed in that other state by **excluding** it from PIT-B, line 1, column 2.

LINE 1A

If you used Form PIT-110, *Adjustments to New Mexico Income*, in the calculation of line 1, column 2, mark the box.

LINE 2

Interest and dividends Column 1

To calculate interest and dividends, follow these steps:

- 1. Start with the amount of federal taxable interest on line 2b, and dividends on line 3b of federal Form 1040 or 1040SR.
- 2. If you have municipal bond income, subtract the New Mexico tax-exempt interest and dividends reported on PIT-ADJ, line 6, from the amount of federal tax-exempt dividends and interest reported on PIT-ADJ, line 1.
- 3. Add the amounts from steps 1 and 2.
- 4. Enter the result in line 2, column 1.

Column 2

Resident. Enter the same amount you entered in column 1.

Residents. New Mexico residents **must** allocate in full to New Mexico all amounts of interest and dividends on PIT-B, line 2, column 1. If you are a resident and you paid tax on that income to another state, you may claim a non-refundable **credit** for the tax paid to the other state on that income. To calculate the credit for taxes paid to another state, see page 27 of the 2019 PIT-1 instructions for line 20.

First-year resident. Enter the amount of interest and dividends you received after establishing your residence in New Mexico. To determine when you received interest and dividends, use the date they were payable.

Part-year resident. Enter the amount of interest and dividends you received while a resident of New Mexico. To determine when you received interest and dividends, use the date they were payable.

Non-resident. If you are a non-resident with no commercial domicile [*commercial domicile* defined here as the principal place where you direct or manage a trade or business] in New Mexico, enter zero. If you operate a

business with a commercial domicile in New Mexico, allocate to New Mexico any non-business interest and dividend income from your New Mexico operations.

LINE 3

Pensions, annuities, social security, and lump-sum distributions

Column 1

From your federal Form 1040 or 1040SR return, enter the total amount of taxable pensions and annuities on line 4d, and social security on line 5b. Include ordinary income and lump-sum distributions on line 11, as reported on federal Form 4972, *Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions.*

Column 2

Resident. Enter the same amount you entered in column 1.

Residents. New Mexico residents **must** allocate in full to New Mexico all amounts of pensions, annuities, social security, and lump-sum distributions on PIT-B, line 3, column 1. If you are a resident and you paid tax on that income to another state, you may claim a non-refundable **credit** for the tax paid to the other state on that income. To calculate the credit for taxes paid to another state, see page 27 of the 2019 PIT-1 instructions for line 20.

First-year resident. Add the following and enter the total:

- Pension and annuity amounts you received after establishing residence in New Mexico, **plus**
- The ordinary income portion of any lump-sum distribution from federal Form 4972 you earned the right to receive while a New Mexico resident.

Part-year resident. Add the following and enter the total:

- The portion of pensions and annuities you received while you were a resident of New Mexico, **plus**
- The ordinary income portion of any lump-sum distribution from federal Form 4972 you earned the right to receive while a New Mexico resident.

Non-resident. Enter zero. Pension and annuity income of a non-resident are not allocated to New Mexico. **NOTE:** Effective for retirement income received after December 31, 1995, federal law prohibits any state from imposing an income tax on certain retirement income (primarily pension income) of an individual unless that person is a resident of or domiciled in the state imposing the tax.

For example, if you receive a pension from your former California employer, but you established your domicile in New Mexico, California may not impose its income tax on that retirement income. New Mexico may impose its income tax on your retirement income, because you are a New Mexico resident.

LINE 4 Rents and royalties

All taxpayers with income from real property (including rents and royalties from oil and gas interests), tangible personal property, or intangibles located or used in New Mexico must allocate and apportion the income or loss based on the location of the income-earning property. Intangibles are listed next and definitions for the use of copyrights and patents follow, along with an example.

Intangibles are the following:

- Copyrights;
- Patents;
- Franchises;
- · Trademarks; and
- Licenses.

Copyright. A copyright is used in New Mexico when printing or other production takes place in New Mexico.

Patent. A patent is used in New Mexico when it is employed in production, fabrication, manufacturing, or other processing in New Mexico or when a patented product is produced in New Mexico.

EXAMPLE. If rental property is located in New Mexico, include the income on PIT-B, line 4, column 2.

If you report income from real property, tangible personal property, or intangibles on federal Schedule C or similar business income schedules, show that income on PIT-B, line 8, **not** line 4.

Column 1

Enter the net amount of rents and royalties from your federal Schedule E.

Column 2

All taxpayers. Start with the net amount of rents and royalties from all of the following New Mexico sources:

- Rents from real property located in New Mexico
- Rents from tangible personal property located or used in New Mexico
- Income from royalties and working interests in oil and gas producing properties located in New Mexico
- Income from patents, copyrights, franchises, trademarks, and licenses used in New Mexico

In addition to these sources, **residents** allocate income from intangible and tangible personal property used in another state if the New Mexico **resident** is not subject to tax on the income in the other state. First-year residents and part-year residents allocate the income described above to New Mexico if the income was earned during a part of the year that the individual was a resident of New Mexico.

Allocating rental or royalty income on tangible personal property. If you do not know the extent to which tangible personal property was used in New Mexico, follow these steps to calculate the entry for line 4, column 2:

- 1. Find these numbers to use in your calculation:
 - Number of days the property was physically located in New Mexico during the rental or royalty period
 - Number of days the property was physically located everywhere during the rental or royalty period
 - Total amount of rents and royalties received for the tax year

- 2. Divide the days in New Mexico by the days everywhere. This gives you the percentage of time the property was located in New Mexico.
- 3. Multiply the total rents and royalties received for the tax year by the percentage in step 2.
- 4. Enter the step 3 result on line 4, column 2.

EXAMPLE. An out-of-state taxpayer rents a drilling rig to a New Mexico taxpayer. The drilling rig is in New Mexico for 90 days. The rig is rented for a total of 270 days during the tax year in several states. The total rents and royalties everywhere are \$25,000,000. The calculation for the line 4, column 2 entry is shown next.

90 days located in NM ÷ 270 total days everywhere = 33.3% percent of time in NM **x** \$25,000,000 rents/royalties everywhere

The result is the rent and royalty income allocable to New Mexico. Enter this amount on line 4, column 2.

What to do in special cases. If you cannot determine the location of the tangible personal property during the rental or royalty period, enter the rental or royalty income from those in New Mexico to whom the property was delivered. On line 4, column 2, enter the total rental or royalty income for the tangible personal property shown in line 4, column 1.

If you are a resident of New Mexico, or if the business deriving the income has a commercial domicile in New Mexico, you may come across these situations:

- The basis for earnings from intangibles used in New Mexico and elsewhere does not permit allocation to a definite state.
- The accounting procedures do not clearly show the state or states where the intangible was used.

In either of these situations, enter the total income from all intangibles.

LINE 5

Gains or losses from the sale or exchange of property Column 1

Enter the net amount of gains or losses from the sale or exchange of property from your federal Schedule 1.

All taxpayers with income from the sale or exchange of property allocate and apportion the income or loss on line 5, column 1, based on the location of the income-earning property or activity. If a gain is realized on the sale of real property located in New Mexico, include the income in column 2.

Column 2

All Taxpayers. Enter the net amount of a gain or loss from the sale or exchange of **any** of the following:

- Real property located in New Mexico;
- **Tangible personal property** located in New Mexico at the time of sale;
- Tangible personal property located in another state at the time of sale, if the taxpayer is a New Mexico resident or part-year resident (see the residency definitions in PIT-1 instructions);
- **Tangible personal property** of a business located in another state at the time of sale when the taxpayer is not subject to tax in that state, the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in New Mexico, and the income is not subject to apportionment on line 8; **and**
- Intangible personal property, if the taxpayer is a New Mexico resident, part-year resident, or has a commercial domicile in New Mexico, and the income is not subject to apportionment on line 8.

LINE 6

Income or losses from passthrough entities

Use line 6 to allocate and apportion to New Mexico income or losses from pass-through entities and trusts. Allocate distributions of ordinary income (losses) to partners, members or owners of partnerships, limited liability companies, and Sub-Chapter S corporations, based on where the income-producing activities occur.

Distributions of ordinary income or losses to partners, members, or owners of partnerships, limited liability companies, and Sub-Chapter S corporations are allocated on PIT-B, line 6, based on where the income producing activities occur. Distributions of other non-business income is allocated on the remainder of PIT-B, based on the type of income and the residency status of the partner, member, or owner.

NOTE: Federal Schedules E and K-1 may include income from both business and non-business sources. New Mexico does not have a form equivalent to Schedule K-1. Each partnership, S corporation, estate, trust, or similar pass-through entity usually provides a statement or report showing the correct allocation, apportionment, and distribution of income to members, partners, shareholders, or beneficiaries for their records.

Column 1

From your federal Schedule E, enter your share of income or losses from pass-through entities, including partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, or limited liability companies.

Column 2

Use the information from the passthrough entity or trust to complete this column. Enter the portion of column 1 income allocated and apportioned to New Mexico by the pass-through entity or the trust.

NOTE: All income that a pass-through entity or a trust allocates or apportions to New Mexico is taxable in New Mexico. Income from pass-through entities and trusts must be allocated or apportioned under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act.

If the pass-through entity or trust does not provide the necessary New Mexico apportionment percentages or information that allows calculation of a percentage, New Mexico presumes that all distributive amounts from the pass-through entity or trust is New Mexico-source income.

LINE 7 All other income not included in lines 1 through 6 and line 8

Column 1

Enter the total of all other income shown on your federal Schedule 1, line 8 and not reported in another section of PIT-B. Do **not** enter business and farm income reported on line 8.

IMPORTANT: Do **not** enter a net operating loss carryforward on PIT-B, line 7.

Column 2

Resident. Enter the same amount you entered in column 1. On line 7, you **must** allocate in full to New Mexico all other income not included in lines 1 to 6 and line 8 amounts.

NOTE: If you paid tax to another state on any of your other income, you may claim a non-refundable **credit** for the tax paid to the other state on that income. To calculate the credit for taxes paid to another state, see page 27 of the 2019 PIT-1 instructions for line 20.

First-year resident. Enter all other income earned from New Mexico sources **before** establishing New Mexico residency, and all other income earned, regardless of source, **after** establishing New Mexico residency.

Part-year resident. Enter all other income earned, regardless of source, while you were a New Mexico resident, and all other income earned from New Mexico sources.

Non-residents. Enter the portion of column 1 earned from sources in New Mexico.

You may **not** offset income from **gambling winnings** from a New Mexico source with gambling losses on PIT-B. Regardless of your residency status, you must report gambling winnings from a New Mexico source.

Income from **unemployment compensation** is allocated to the recipient's state of residence at the time the payment was received, regardless of the state paying the unemployment compensation benefit.

LINE 8 APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS AND FARM INCOME

Business and farm income

To apportion income from business and farm sources, use the *Worksheet for Apportionment of Business and Farm Income* on PIT-B, page 2. New Mexico uses an evenly weighted three-factor formula for all taxpayers, with these exceptions:

- Certain electing manufacturers allowed an optional formula to have their business income apportioned to New Mexico using a single weighted sales factor, or
- Businesses allowed or required to eliminate one or more factors because the three-factor formula does not fairly represent the extent of their business activity in New Mexico.

For more information, see instructions for the PIT-B worksheet beginning on page 8B.

Column 1

Enter the total business and/or farm income reported on your federal Schedules C, F, or other similar schedules.

Column 2

All Taxpayers. If all of your income in column 1 is from New Mexico sources, enter the entire amount in column 2. If **none** of your income in column 1 is from New Mexico sources, enter zero.

If you have income from a farm or business earned in New Mexico **and** one or more other states, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete the worksheet on PIT-B, page 2, lines 1 to 5.
- Multiply the amount on PIT-B, line 8, column 1 by the decimal amount on the worksheet, line 5.
- 3. Enter the result on PIT-B, line 8, column 2.

If line 8, column 1 includes income for multiple businesses or farms, and the

total includes income allocated both inside and outside New Mexico, do the following:

- 1. Using a separate PIT-B, page 2 worksheet for each business or farm, complete a worksheet for each business or farm.
- 2. On line 8, column 2, summarize the amounts allocated to New Mexico. See the worksheet instructions.
- 3. Attach a PIT-B, page 2 worksheet for each business or farm to your PIT-1 return along with PIT-B, page 1.

For more information, see the instructions for the PIT-B worksheet later on this page.

NOTE: No business may use a separate accounting method.

LINE 9

Add lines 1 through 8 and enter the amount here.

LINE 10

Federal adjustments to income Column 1

Enter the total federal adjustments to income from your federal Schedule 1, line 22.

Column 2

All Taxpayers. Follow these steps to calculate the entry for column 2:

- 1. Divide line 9, column 2 by line 9, column 1. Multiply by 100.
- Round each percentage to four decimal places (example, 26.6270%) to determine your percentage of total income allocated to New Mexico.
- 3. Multiply the four-decimal place number from step 2 by the amount on line 10, column 1.
- 4. Enter the result on line 10, column 2. This is your allowable New Mexico adjustment to income.

LINE 11

Total income

For most taxpayers, total income on line 11, column 1 must equal or exceed the amount on PIT-1, line 9, **Federal Adjusted Gross Income**. If yours does not, check your figures. **NOTE:** If you are a non-resident member of the U.S. Armed Forces or a non-resident member of the U.S. Public Health Service, reporting military wages or salary, complete line 11 as instructed. Calculations for PIT-B, line 1 may make your total income on line 11, column 1 less than the federal adjusted gross income you reported on your PIT-1, line 9. This is not an error.

LINE 12

Divide amounts on line 11

Calculate the percentage of New Mexico income to enter on line 12 by following these steps:

- 1. Divide the amount on line 11, column 2 by the amount on line 11, column 1. Multiply by 100.
- 2. Round to four decimal places and enter the result on line 12. This percentage cannot be less than zero.

NOTE: If the New Mexico percentage is over 100% due to loss allocation, use 100.0000.

LINE 13

Tax applicable to PIT-1

Calculate the New Mexico income tax to allocate for your line 12 entry by following these steps:

- 1. Calculate the tax due on the New Mexico taxable income reported on PIT-1, line 17, using the tax rate tables.
- 2. Calculate the tax, if any, on the lump-sum distributions from PIT-1, line 19.
- 3. Add the amounts from steps 1 and 2, and enter the total on PIT-B, line 13.

NOTE for PIT-1: If you used PIT-B to calculate the New Mexico tax liability on your PIT-1, and also computed tax on a lump-sum distribution on PIT-1, line 19, **do not** add lines 18 and 19 when completing PIT-1, line 22, as instructed on line 22.

When completing PIT-1, line 22, **do not** add back the additional amount of tax for lump-sum distributions on PIT-1, line 19. Line 19 was included in your PIT-B percentage calculation. Add only line 18, then subtract lines 20 and 21.

LINE 14 Apportioned tax

Multiply the percentage on line 12 by the tax on line 13. This is your allocated New Mexico income tax liability. Enter this amount on PIT-B, line 14.

For your PIT-1, do the following:

- 1. On PIT-1, line 18, enter the amount from PIT-B, line 14.
- 2. In the box on line 18a, enter **B** to show the tax calculation comes from PIT-B.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAGE 2 WORKSHEET

Who Must Complete This Worksheet If you have business or farm income on line 8, column 1 from both inside and outside New Mexico, complete the worksheet on PIT-B, page 2. When you submit your return, attach:

- The page 2 worksheet to PIT-B, page 1; and
- Both page 1 and the page 2 worksheet of PIT-B to your PIT-1 return.

NOTE: If you have multiple businesses or farms on line 8, column 1, and the total includes income allocated from both inside and outside New Mexico, complete a separate PIT-B, page 2 worksheet for each business or farm. On line 8, column 2 enter the total amounts allocated to New Mexico.

IMPORTANT: You may not use a separate page formatted the same as the PIT-B, page 2 worksheet instead of attaching multiple pages of page 2.

Three-Factor Apportionment Formula

New Mexico uses an evenly weighted three-factor apportionment formula. The three factors are property, payroll, and sales. The three-factor formula is for all taxpayers except taxpayers who are:

- Qualifying manufacturers who elect to use the special manufacturers apportionment formula, **or**
- A taxpayer whose principal business activity in New Mexico is a headquarters operation and who

elects to use the single weighted sales factor apportionment formula, **or**

Allowed or required to eliminate one or more factors because the three-factor formula does not fairly represent the extent of their business activity in New Mexico.

Each exclusion is described next as Exclusions 1, 2 and 3.

Exclusion 1

Electing Manufacturers Apportionment Formula

Taxpayers whose principal activity is manufacturing may elect to use a special apportionment formula. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the election allows taxpayers to apportion the business income to New Mexico using a single weighted calculation by dividing total sales within New Mexico by total everywhere sales.

If elected, the taxpayer must use the special factor method for a total of three consecutive tax years, covering at least 36 calendar months, or until the manufacturer notifies the Department in writing that the election is terminated.

The statutory authority for this elective method is in Section 7-4-10(B) NMSA 1978.

Definition of Manufacturing

"Manufacturing" means combining or processing components or materials to increase their value for sales in the ordinary course of business, but does not include:

- (a) construction;
- (b) farming;

(c) power generation, except for electricity generation at a facility other than one for which both location approval and a certificate of convenience and necessity are required prior to commencing construction or operation of the facility, pursuant to the Public Utility Act [Articles 1 through 6 and 8 through 13 of Chapter 62 NMSA1978] or

(d) processing natural resources, including hydrocarbons.

How to Make the Election

To elect to use the manufacturers apportionment formula, you must notify the Department in writing no later than the filing date of the first return to which your election applies.

Submit your notification to make your election or to terminate your election to Taxation and Revenue Department, CIT Unit, P.O. Box 630, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0630. For assistance, call (505) 827-0825 or toll free: (866) 809-2335, option 4. Or, e-mail: <u>cit.taxreturnhelp@state.nm.us</u>

Exclusion 2 Electing Headquarters Operation Apportionment Formula

Taxpayers whose principal business activity in New Mexico is a headquarters operation may elect to use a single weighted sales factor apportionment formula. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the election allows the taxpayer to apportion the business income to New Mexico using a single weighted calculation by dividing total sales within New Mexico by total everywhere sales.

If elected, the taxpayer must use the special factor method for a total of three consecutive tax years, covering at least 36 calendar months, or until the manufacturer notifies the Department in writing that the election is terminated.

The statutory authority for this elective method is in Section 7-4-10(C) NMSA 1978.

Definition of Headquarters

"Headquarters operation" means:

(a) the center of operations of a business: 1) where corporate staff employees are physically employed; 2)where centralized functions are performed, including adminstrative, planning, managerial, human resources, purchasing, information technology and accounting, but not including a call center; 3) the function and purpose of which is to manage and direct most aspects and regional headquarters if the national headquarters is subordinate only to the ownership of the business or its representatives and the regional headquarters is subordinate to the national headquarters; or

(b) the center of operations of a business: 1) the function and purpose of which is to manage and direct most aspects of one or more centralized functions; and 2) from which final authority over one or more centralized functions is issued.

How to Make the Election To elect to use the headquarters operation apportionment formula, you must notify the Department in writing no later than the filing date of the first return to which your election applies.

Submit your notification to make your election or to terminate your election to Taxation and Revenue Department, CIT Unit, P.O. Box 630, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0630. For assistance, call (505) 827-0825 or toll free: (866) 809-2335, option 4. Or, e-mail: <u>cit.taxreturnhelp@state.nm.us</u>

Use the instructions below to calculate the apportionment percentage on PIT-B, line 5.

Complete the property factor and payroll factor information in column 1 and column 2. Although an election for a single weighted formula has been made, this information is still necessary. The percentage factors for property and payroll are not included in the calculation of the Average New Mexico Percentage.

Compute the sales factor on line 3. Transfer the amount in line 3 to line 5.

Exclusion 3

Eliminating one or more factors. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act do not fairly represent the extent of your business activity in New Mexico, an election may be made for, or the Department may require, the exclusion of any one or more insignificant factors. A factor is considered insignificant if column 1 (the denominator) is less than 3% of net income.

Top of Worksheet

Enter the primary taxpayer's social security number, the name of the business for which you are completing this worksheet, and **either** the FEIN (fed-

eral employer identification number) or CRS (Combined Reporting System) identification number of the business.

PROPERTY FACTOR

The property factor is based on the average value of real and tangible personal property you owned or rented and used in New Mexico for the production of business or farm income during the tax period.

LINE 1a

To determine the average value of real and tangible personal property, use the following rules:

- Property you owned during the tax period is valued at its original cost. Original cost is the basis of the property for federal income tax purposes (before federal adjustments) at the time you acquired the property. This cost is adjusted by subsequent capital additions, improvements, or partial dispositions.
- Property you rented from others and used for business or farm purposes is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. The net annual rental rate is the annual rent you paid, less any annual rent you received from subrentals of the same property.
- Determine the average value of property by adding the total value of property you held at the **beginning** of the tax period to the total value of property held at the **end** of the tax period. Then divide by two.
- You may calculate an average value on a monthly basis. If the Department determines that a monthly average is necessary to correctly reflect the average value of your property, the Department may require you to calculate an average value on a monthly basis

Column 1

Enter the average value of property for everywhere, including New Mexico.

Column 2

Enter the average value of property for New Mexico only.

LINE 1b

The property factor is a percentage.

To calculate the percentage, follow these steps:

- 1. Divide line 1a, column 2 by line 1a, column 1.
- 2. Round to four decimal places and enter this number.

NOTE: Residents who use their homes in any way in a business or farm operation have a property factor in New Mexico.

PAYROLL FACTOR

The payroll factor is based on the amount of compensation you paid.

LINE 2a

If any one of the following conditions is present, compensation was paid in New Mexico:

- The employee's service was performed entirely in New Mexico.
- The employee's service was performed both inside and outside New Mexico, but service performed outside New Mexico was incidental to service performed inside New Mexico.
- Some of the employee's service was performed in New Mexico, and New Mexico was the base of operations or the place from which the service was directed or controlled.
- Some of the employee's service was performed in New Mexico, and the employee was a resident of New Mexico during the tax period. In this case, it does not matter if some of the employee's service was performed in another state that was the base of operations or the place from which the service was directed or controlled.

LINE 2b

The payroll factor is a percentage determined by dividing the amount in column 2 by the amount in column 1,

Amount in Column 2 Amount in Column 1

- Column 1 is the total amount paid as compensation to employees everywhere during the tax period.
- Column 2 is the total amount paid as compensation to employees

in New Mexico during the tax period.

SALES FACTOR

Sales means all gross receipts from transactions and activity in the regular course of business. The sales factor is based on total sales in New Mexico, excluding non-business income. Total sales includes the following two categories:

- Sales of tangible personal property sold in New Mexico
- Sales of other than tangible personal property sold in New Mexico

Tangible personal property is sold in New Mexico when **any** of the following applies:

- The property was delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the U.S. Government in New Mexico, regardless of the free on board (FOB) point or other conditions of sale.
- The property was shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in New Mexico, **and**
 - (a) the purchaser was the U.S. Government **or**
 - (b) you were not subject to income tax in the state where the property was sold.

Sales other than sales of tangible personal property are made in New Mexico when **any** of the following applies:

- The income-producing activity was performed in New Mexico.
- The income-producing activity was performed both inside and outside New Mexico, but a greater proportion was performed inside New Mexico than in any other single state. The proportion is determined by the cost of performance in each state.
- The gross receipts were from the rental, lease, licensing, or any other use of either real or tangible personal property during the time the property was in New Mexico.
- The gross receipts were from the

performance of personal services in New Mexico.

LINE 3a

Column 1

Enter the total sales everywhere, excluding non-business income.

Column 2

Enter the total sales in New Mexico, excluding non-business income.

Line 3b

The sales factor is a percentage determined by dividing the amount in column 2 by the amount in column 1.

> Amount in Column 2 Amount in Column 1

LINE 4

Enter the total of lines 1b, 2b and 3b.

Line 4a

Count all the factors you used and enter the total count here.

LINE 5

Apportionment Percentage

To calculate the apportionment percentage:

- 1. Divide line 4 by the number of factors you entered on line 4a.
- 2. Multiply this percentage by the amount on PIT-B, line 8, column 1.
- 3. Enter the result on PIT-B, line 8, column 2.

In the rectangular box at the bottom of the worksheet, enter the effective date of your election to use the four-factor method in **MM/DD/CCYY** format. For example, if the effective date was January 04, 2019, enter 01/04/2019.

If you are eliminating one or more

insignificant factors, use the number of significant factors to calculate the apportionment percentage on line 5. If you include an insignificant factor, attach an explanation.

The Department encourages all taxpayers to file online. Electronic filing is fast and secure. It provides the fastest turnaround for a refund and saves tax dollars, costing less to process than a paper return.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-D SCHEDULE FOR NEW MEXICO VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS

DONATING MONEY FROM YOUR REFUND

When your PIT-1 Return shows an overpayment and you are due a refund, and you want to donate all or part of your refund to a special fund, use PIT-D, *Schedule for New Mexico Voluntary Contributions.*

The funds you can choose are listed on the schedule and described here. If you want to contribute to any funds, complete and attach Schedule PIT-D to your PIT-1.

Requirements

Your total PIT-D contribution may not be more than the amount of your refund.

The Taxation and Revenue Department deducts your total contribution from your refund and then transfers it to the fund(s) you choose. On a joint return, both individuals must agree to all contributions.

Changes Not Allowed

Carefully consider your contributions. If you change your mind, you cannot change your contributions and the Department cannot refund them to you.

IMPORTANT: You also cannot change contributions on an amended return.

NOT DUE A REFUND?

If you are not due a refund but want to contribute to one or more funds, please send your contributions directly to the address shown in the fund's contact information. **Do not** send contributions to the Department.

LINE INSTRUCTIONS

The line instructions describe each fund you can select for contributions. At the end of each description is the contact information for each fund.

Showing the Amount to Contribute to a Fund

On the PIT-D line for the fund, enter the dollar amount you want to contribute.

IMPORTANT: Make sure the total contribution of all funds you choose

for contributions is equal to or less than the amount of your overpayment amount from PIT-1, line 39.

LINE 1

Overpayment

Enter the overpayment amount from your PIT-1, line 39.

LINE 2

New Mexico Housing Trust Fund

The New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority administers the fund to provide flexible funding for housing initiatives that will provide affordable housing primarily for persons or households of low or moderate income. To learn more visit <u>www.housingnm.org</u>.

Contact: New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority, 344 Fourth St. SW, Albuquerque, NM 87102, or call (505) 843-6880 or toll free (800) 444-6880.

LINE 3

Share with Wildlife

This program, administered by the New Mexico Department of Game & Fish, helps non-game or endangered species. Donations directly benefit wildlife through research, habitat enhancement, public education, and wildlife rehabilitation. Information on Share with Wildlife projects is available online at wildlife.state.nm.us/share

Contact: Share with Wildlife, 1 Wildlife Way, Santa Fe, NM 87507, or call (505) 476-8111 or (888) 248-6866.

LINE 4

Veterans' State Cemetery Fund

The New Mexico Department of Veterans Services administers this fund to increase the size of the Santa Fe National Cemetery. When total contributions exceed \$1,070,000, the fund will send proceeds over that amount to the Santa Fe State Cemetery Fund.

Contact: New Mexico Department of Veterans Services, 407 Galisteo Street, Room 142, Santa Fe, NM 87504, P.O. Box 2324, Santa Fe, NM 87501, or call (505) 827-6300.

LINE 5

New Mexico Substance Abuse Education Fund

The New Mexico Public Education Department administers the fund for substance abuse education programs in New Mexico schools.

Contact: New Mexico Public Education Department, Coordinated School Health and Wellness Bureau, 120 S. Federal Place, Room 206, Santa Fe, NM 87501, or call (505) 827-1804 or (505) 827-1821.

LINE 6

New Mexico Forest Re-Leaf Program

The Forestry Division of the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department administers this fund through the Conservation Planting Revolving Fund. Donations support an environmental education grant program to plant trees on public lands in New Mexico communities.

Contact: New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, New Mexico Forestry Division, 1220 South St. Francis Drive, Santa Fe, NM 87505, call (505) 476-3332 or (505) 476-3325.

LINE 7

National Guard Member and Family Assistance

Contributions are distributed to the Department of Military Affairs to assist members of the New Mexico National

Guard, and their families. There is no requirement for the member to have been deployed overseas



or be activated for overseas service.

Contact: Department of Military Affairs, 47 Bataan Blvd., Santa Fe, NM 87508, or call the CFO at (505) 474-1909 or the Director at (505) 474-1887.

LINE 8

Kids 'n Parks Transportation Grant Program

Contributions go to field trip costs for children. The State Parks Division of the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department administers this grant program.

Contact: New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, New Mexico State Parks Division, 1220 South St. Francis Drive, Santa Fe, NM 87505, or call (505) 476-3386, or (888) 667-2757.

LINE 9

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Research Fund

The fund is appropriated to the Board of Regents of the University of New Mexico for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (Lou Gehrig's disease) research. Money in the fund at the end of a fiscal year reverts to the State General Fund.

Contact: UNM School of Medicine, Office of Advancement and Alumni Relations, MSC 08 4720, BMSB 187, 1 University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM 87131-0001, or call (505) 272-5112 or (505) 272-9855.

LINE 10

Vietnam Veterans Memorial

Contributions are distributed to the New Mexico Department of Veterans Services for the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial near Angel Fire, New Mexico.

Contact: New Mexico Department of Veterans Services, 407 Galisteo Street, Room 142, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2324, P.O. Box 2324, Santa Fe, NM 87501, or call (505) 827-6300.

LINE 11

New Mexico Political Parties

You may contribute \$2 to any state political party. If you file a joint return, each spouse may contribute \$2 to a political party.

Box 11a: Your Donation

Enter a number from 1 to 6 to indicate the state political party for your donation.

Box 11b: Spouse's Donation

Enter a number from 1 to 6 to indicate the state political party for your spouse's donation.

Line 11: Total Contribution

Enter the total amount of your political party contribution (\$2, or \$4). If no contributions are selected, leave the line blank.

LINE 12

Veterans Enterprise Fund

Contributions help carry out programs, duties, or services of the Department of Veterans' Services.

Contact: New Mexico Department of Veterans Services, 407 Galisteo Street, Room 142, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2324, P.O. Box 2324, Santa Fe, NM 87501, or call (505) 827-6300.

LINE 13

Lottery Tuition Fund

Contributions provide tuition assistance for New Mexico resident undergraduates.

Contact: Financial Aid Manager, New Mexico Higher Education Department, 2044 Galisteo Street, Suite 4, Santa Fe, NM 87501-2100, or call (505) 476-8410.

LINE 14 Horse Shelter Rescue Fund

Contributions are distributed to the Horse Shelter Rescue Fund. The fund helps horse rescue and retirement facilities, registered by the New Mexico Livestock Board, care for homeless horses in New Mexico. The New Mexico Livestock Board administers this fund.

Contact: New Mexico Livestock Board, 300 San Mateo Blvd. NE, Suite 1000, Albuquerque, NM 87108-1500, or call (505) 841-6161.

LINE 15

Animal Care and Facility Fund

Contributions are paid to the Animal Care and Facility Fund to carry out the statewide cat and dog spay and neuter program.

LINE 16

Supplemental Senior Services

Seniors with the greatest needs statewide receive services through these contributions to the Aging and Long-Term Services Department. **Contact:** Aging and Long-Term Services Department, P.O. Box 27118, Santa Fe, NM 87502-7118, or call (505) 476-4799.

LINE 17

Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Fund

Contributions are distributed fifty percent to the New Mexico Department of Public Safety for the processing of sexual assault examination kits and fifty percent to the New Mexico Department of Health to fund services provided by sexual assault service providers.

Contributions to the sexual assault examination kit processing grant fund may be made directly to the New Mexico Department of Public Safety and contributions to fund sexual assault services by sexual assault service providers may be made directly to the New Mexico Department of Health.

Contact: New Mexico Department of Public Safety, 4491 Cerrillos Road, Santa Fe, NM 87507, P.O. Box 1628, Santa Fe, NM 87504-1628 or call (505) 828-9000.

Contact: New Mexico Department of Health, 1190 S. St. Francis Drive, Santa Fe, NM 87505 or call (505) 827-2613.

LINE 18

Total of Voluntary Fund Contributions Add lines 2 through 17. Enter this total on line 40 of your PIT-1 return.

IMPORTANT: If your total contribution is more than the overpayment amount from PIT-1, line 39, the Department cannot deduct any contributions.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2019 PIT-CR NEW MEXICO BUSINESS-RELATED INCOME TAX CREDIT SCHEDULE

GENERAL INFORMATION

New Mexico tax law offers the business-related income tax credits listed on 2019 PIT-CR, *New Mexico Business-Related Income Tax Credit Schedule.* These credits may be applied against personal income taxes due.

If none of the credit types on Schedule PIT-CR do not apply to you, do not complete this schedule.

Each credit type is described in these instructions along with how to claim the credit and other applicable information. For example, carryforward time frames are given for the credits that let you carry forward an excess.

The following credits may be partially refunded if the credit exceeds the personal income tax liability due on your return:

- Film Production tax credit;
- New Film production tax credit;
- New Mexico Film Partner New Film Production tax credit;
- Renewable Energy Production tax credit; and
- Technology jobs and research and development tax credit.

About Eligibility and Approval Requirements

Advance approval is required for most business-related income tax credits listed on this schedule. For detailed information about eligibility and approval requirements, and for a complete description of the credit, see the following:

- Publication FYI-106, *Claiming* Business-Related Tax Credits for Individuals and Businesses
- The forms referenced for the credit on the PIT-CR

Married Couples

Each person in a married couple filing separate returns may claim half the allowable credit allowed on a joint return.

Forms On Our Website

You can find the forms described in these instructions on the Taxation

and Revenue Department website at <u>http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/forms-publications.aspx</u> in the Tax Credits (TC) folder.

LINE INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE PIT-CR

Use Schedule PIT-CR to claim any of the business-related tax credits listed in these instructions that may be taken against New Mexico income tax reported on the PIT-1 return. For a complete description of the credits, see Publication FYI-106, *Claiming Business-Related Tax Credits for Individuals and Businesses.*

The PIT-CR is divided into several sections. The first section lists the business-related tax credits by credit type code. These tax credits are divided into (1) the non-refundable business-related tax credits to be appied against tax due, and (2) the refundable business related-tax credits that may be applied both against tax due and as a credit to be refundable.

The next section is divided into columns A-D:

- the credit type code in column A. You must complete this field;
- the credit approval number, if applicable. It may not be available for all credits, and for some credits the credit approval number is not required. If your business credit does not have a credit approval number as described in the next section, *Tax Credit Types,* leave the credit approval number field blank;
- the amount to be applied to the tax liability on the return; and
- any amount of the credit that may be refunded to you.

If you are claiming multiple credits for the same credit type, list each credit separately. For example: Taxpayer X has received certificates 123456-1 and 123456-2 for two separate angel investment credits. X's return shows a liability of \$80 before applying any tax credits. X wants to use \$50 remaining from available carry forward on certificate 123456-1, and \$30 remaining from certificate123456-2. A separate entry must be made for each credit: Therefore, on line 1, X enters A02 in the credit type code column, enters 123456-1 in the credit approval number column, and \$50 in the amount claimed column. The fourth column is left blank because the angel investment credit cannot be refunded. On line 2, X enters A02 in the credit type column, enters 123456-2 in the credit approval number column, and \$30 in the amount claimed column.

You must report the first 5 credits on Schedule PIT-CR.

If you are claiming more than 5 credits to be applied to your tax liability or to be refunded, complete and attach the PIT-CR Supplemental. Attach the supplemental to the Schedule PIT-CR to report the additional credits.

To calculate the amount that may be claimed, refer to the claim form or supporting instructions for the credit.

IMPORTANT: The total amount you claim on line A, Schedule PIT-CR, may not exceed the sum of the tax due on PIT-1, lines 18 and 19, less any credit for tax paid to another state on PIT-1, line 20.

Enter the sum of column C (Amount Claimed Applied to Tax Due) on line A, Schedule PIT-CR.

Enter the sum of column D (Amount of Credit to Refund) on line B, Schedule PIT-CR.

Transfer the totals to the PIT-1 return as follows:

- Transfer the total credits to be applied to the liability due from Schedule PIT-CR, line A, to line 21 of the PIT-1 return.
- Transfer the tax credits to be refunded from Schedule PIT-CR, line B, to line 26 of the PIT-1 return.
- Attach the appropriate backup documentation to support the

credit taken and attach Schedule PIT-CR and PIT-CR Supplemental (if you had more than 5 credits) to your PIT-1 return.

TAX CREDIT TYPES

DESCRIPTIONS OF EACH TAX CREDIT

Each type of credit is described next and includes the following information, as applicable:

- Whether the credit is refundable
- If you can carry it forward and for how long
- · How to apply for the credit
- · How to claim the credit

To calculate the amount you may claim against your personal income tax liability, refer to the claim form for the specific business-related income tax credit.

For contact information, and for a complete description of the credit, see the following:

- Publication FYI-106, *Claiming Tax Credits for CRS Taxes and Business-Related Income*
- The forms referenced for the credit on the PIT-CR

CREDIT TYPE CODE A01 Affordable housing tax credit

Beginning January 1, 2006, the Mortgage Finance Authority (MFA) determines eligibility, approves affordable housing projects for MFA or for a trust fund administered by MFA, and issues an investment voucher to a taxpayer who made an investment of land, buildings, materials, cash, or services for an affordable housing project.

The term "affordable housing" covers land acquisition, construction, building acquisition, remodeling, improvement, rehabilitation, conversion, or weatherization for single-family or multi-family residential housing approved by MFA.

The vouchers are good for up to 50% of the investment. After receiving a voucher from MFA, the taxpayer may apply the credit against gross receipts,

compensating, withholding, or personal income or corporate income tax liabilities.

If you notify MFA about a sale or transfer and MFA reissues a voucher to the transferee, you may sell or transfer your voucher.

Carry Forward for Five Years

This credit is not refundable, but you can carry unused credits forward for five years.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41301, Affordable Housing Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete Schedule PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit number assigned by MFA on the investment voucher. If the voucher was transferred to you, enter the new voucher number assigned by MFA.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41301
 - PIT-CR
 - Copies of the vouchers received from MFA
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE A02 Angel investment credit

You may claim a credit for 25% of the qualifying investment, not to exceed \$62,500, per investment round, in a high-technology or manufacturing business if all of the following are true:

- You are a taxpayer who files a New Mexico personal income tax return.
- You are not a dependent of another individual.
- You are an accredited investor under IRS rules who makes a qualified investment.

Accredited investors may claim the angel investment credit for qualified investments in no more than five qualified businesses per tax year. A credit is not allowed for any investment made before January 1, 2007 or after December 31, 2025.

Carry Forward for 5 Years

If your certificate was issued in 2015 or after, you can carry forward unused credits for 5 consecutive years. For credits issued 2014 and prior, you can carry forward unused credits for three consecutive years. The credit is not refundable.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for this credit, contact the New Mexico Economic Development Department (EDD) to get a certificate of eligibility.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim the credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41320, *Angel Investment Credit Claim Form,* and Schedule PIT-CR.
- 2. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41320
 - PIT-CR
 - Copy of the certificate of eligibility from the EDD
- 3. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the certificate number from the certificate of eligibility issued to you by EDD.

CREDIT TYPE CODE A04 Advanced energy tax credit

A taxpayer who holds an interest in a qualified electric generating facility located in New Mexico may be eligible to apply for and claim the advanced energy tax credit.

The amount of the credit is 6% of the eligible generation plant costs. The aggregate amount of tax credit that may be claimed with respect to a qualified generating facility is limited to \$60,000,000.

Carry Forward for 10 Years

This credit is not refundable, but if the credit amount exceeds your tax liability, you can carry forward the unused credit for up to 10 years.

How To Apply For This Credit

After you receive the certificate of eligibility from the New Mexico Environment Department (NMENV), follow these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41333, Advanced Energy Tax Credit Application.
- 2. Attach the certificate of eligibility issued by NMENV.
- 3. Submit RPD-41333 and all attachments within one year following the end of the calendar year in which the eligible generation plant costs were incurred.

You may allocate the right to claim this credit to other taxpayers who are interest owners in the qualified electric generating facility. To allocate the credit to interest owners, attach the *Notice of Allocation of Right to Claim Advanced Energy Tax Credits* to RPD-41333.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive approval, you can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41334, Advanced Energy Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the number the Taxation and Revenue Department issued. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41334
 - PIT-CR
 - Approval letter from NMENV
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE A05 Agricultural biomass tax credit

A credit is available for a taxpayer who owns a dairy or feedlot and who files a personal or corporate income tax return for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending before January 1, 2020.

The Department may allow a credit equal to \$5 per wet ton of agricultural biomass transported from the taxpayer's dairy or feedlot to a facility that uses agricultural biomass to generate electricity or makes biocrude or other liquid or gaseous fuel for commercial use.

Carry Forward for 4 Years

Excess credit is not refundable, but you can carry it forward for a maximum of 4 consecutive tax years from the first eligible year that the credit is approved to be claimed by the Department.

How To Apply For This Credit

You must first obtain a certificate of eligibility from EMNRD to qualify for this credit. When EMNRD issues you a certificate of eligibility, obtain approval from the Department by submitting to the Department a completed Form RPD-41362, *Agricultural Biomass Tax Credit Approval*, and the certificate of eligibility. The Department approves the credit and returns the approved form to the owner or holder.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive approval, you can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41361, *Agricultural Biomass Tax Credit Claim Form.*
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit number the Department assigned on Form RPD-41362, *Agricultural Biomass Tax Credit Approval.* If the tax credit was transferred to you, enter the new credit number on RPD-41363, *Notice of Transfer of Agricultural Biomass Tax Credit.*
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41361
 - PIT-CR
 - Copy of certificate of eligibility issued by EMNRD
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE B01 Business facility rehabilitation credit

The business facility rehabilitation credit is enacted for some pre-approved costs of restoration, rehabilitation, or renovation of a qualified business facility located in a New Mexico enterprise zone.

Requirements

The facility must be suitable for use and put into service in the manufacturing, distribution, or service industry immediately after the restoration, rehabilitation, or renovation project. This credit is for 50% of the pre-approved costs, not to exceed \$50,000.

Carry Forward for 4 Years

An amount exceeding the tax liability is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for 4 consecutive years.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim the credit, you must receive certification from the Enterprise Zone Program Officer of the New Mexico Economic Development Department (EDD). You are required to complete PIT-5, *Qualified Business Facility Rehabilitation Credit*, and PIT-CR, and then attach the following to the PIT-1:

- PIT-5
- PIT-CR
- Certificate of completion issued by EDD

NOTE: This credit is not currently available. It was enacted in 1994 to administer the Federal Enterprise Zone Program supporting the renovation and rehabilitation of damaged or destroyed structures in community areas designated as enterprise Zones. However, the Federal Enterprise Zone Program has been discontinued and, after 2006, the New Mexico EDD has listed the New Mexico Enterprise Zone Program as an inactive program.

For more information on building revitalization programs, New Mexico, contact the New Mexico EDD at (505) 827-0300.

CREDIT TYPE CODE E01 Electronic card-reading equipment tax credit

New Mexico has a one-time income tax credit for businesses that purchase electronic identification card readers for age verification. A business may claim this credit on a New Mexico PIT-1 or corporate income and franchise tax return if both of the following are true:

- The business is licensed to sell cigarettes, tobacco products, or alcoholic beverages.
- The business has purchased and is using equipment that electronically reads identification cards to verify age.

The credit amount is \$300 for each business location using electronic identification card readers. The total credit claimed by all members of the partnership or association may not exceed \$300 for each business location.

You claim this business-related income tax credit in the tax year the equipment was purchased and put into use.

Carry Forward Information

An amount exceeding the tax liability is not refundable, and you may not carry it forward or backward.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete and notarize Form RPD-41246, *Income Tax Credit for Electronic Identification Card Reader, Purchase and Use Statement.*
- On Schedule PIT-CR, leave the Credit Approval Number box blank. A credit approval number is not required to claim this credit.
- 3. Submit the statement and PIT-CR with your PIT-1.

NOTE: When the credit (\$300) is split among spouses, owners, partners, or other business associations, each claimant must show the division of the total credit (\$300 per business location) on Form RPD-41246, page 2.

CREDIT TYPE CODE F01 Film production tax credit

For film companies that commence principal photography prior to January 1, 2016, a credit is available in an amount equal to 25% of direct production and direct postproduction expenditures made in New Mexico that are subject to taxation and directly attributable to the production of a film or commercial audiovisual product. An additional 5% credit is allowed for certain direct production expenditures made for qualifying productions.

Excluded from the credit are costs for which the film production company has already executed a nontaxable transaction certificate under Section 7-9-86 NMSA 1978.

How To Apply For This Credit

To obtain approval for the credit, first

apply to the New Mexico Film Office, a division of the EDD. After the film production company receives approval from EDD, the company must apply to the Department to get Department approval of the credit. See Form RPD-41229, *Application for Film Production Tax Credit*.

When you are approved, you may claim the credit by filing your personal or corporate income tax return.

How To Claim This Credit

You can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41228, Film Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit approval number that the Department issued. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41228
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

NOTE: The amount of film production tax credit you may claim against your tax due on this return and the amount you may receive as a refund (based on your claim for the film production tax credit are subject to certain limitations governing the payment of film production tax credit claims. For details about these limitations and how your claim may be impacted, see the instructions for RPD-41228, *Film-Related Tax Credit Claim Form*.

CREDIT TYPE CODE F02 Foster youth employment income tax credit

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, a taxpayer who employs a qualified foster youth for at least 20 hours per week in New Mexico is eligible for a credit against the taxpayer's personal or corporate income tax liability for up to \$1,000 for wages paid to each qualified foster youth. If the foster youth's qualified period of employment is less than a full year, the credit for that year is reduced based on the ratio of the qualified period of employment over the full tax year of the employer.

Requirements

The following are the requirements for this credit:

- An employer may not receive the credit for any individual qualified foster youth for more than one calendar year from the date of hire.
- Only one employer may receive the credit for a qualified foster youth during a tax year.
- The qualified foster youth was aged fourteen or older within seven years prior to the taxable year for which the tax credit is claimed and was in the legal custody of either the Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD) pursuant to the Children's Code or in the legal custody of a New Mexico Indian Nation, Tribe or Pueblo, or the United States (US) Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Division of Human Services.
- The foster youth employment tax credit is only allowed for the employment of a foster youth who was not previously employed by the taxpayer prior to the taxable year for which the credit is claimed.

Carry Forward for 3 Years

Excess credit is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for up to 3 years. This credit cannot be transferred to another taxpayer, but it can be allocated based on a taxpayer's ownership interest in a business.

Before Applying for This Credit

The qualified youth will have to contact the Children, Youth, and Families Department's (CYFD) Family and Youth Services Bureau at (505) 827-8400 or the other agency which had legal custody of the qualified youth. That government agency, department, or bureau will have to send a letter or certificate to the qualified youth that includes their name, date of birth, and the date custody began.

Applying for This Credit

To apply for the credit, follow these steps:

- 1. For each eligible foster youth you employed in the tax year, complete RPD-41388, *Certification* of *Eligibility for the Foster Youth Employment Tax Credit*. Attach the letter or certificate received from the government agency, department, or bureau showing the date custody began for the qualified youth.
- 2. On RPD-41389, Application for Foster Youth Employment Tax Credit, show the number of certifications and enter the other required information to establish that you retain the status of an eligible employer.
- **3.** Complete all other sections of RPD-41389.
- **4.** Submit the following to the Department:
 - RPD-41389
 - An RPD-41388 for each eligible foster youth you employed during the tax year.

Claiming This Credit

When you receive approval from the Department, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete RPD-41390, Foster Youth Employment Tax Credit Claim Form.
- **2.** Complete PIT-CR, including these columns:
 - Column A. Enter F02.
 - **Column B.** Enter the credit approval number shown on the approved RPD-41389, *Foster Youth Employment Tax Credit Application*.
 - **Column C.** Enter the amount of the credit you want to apply to the tax liability.
- 3. Attach the following to the PIT-1:
 - RPD-41390
 - PIT-CR
- **4.** Submit the PIT-1 and all attachments to the Department.

CREDIT TYPE CODE F03

New film production tax credit For film companies that commence principal photography on or after July 1, 2019, a credit is available in an amount equal to 25% of direct production and direct postproduction expenditures made in New Mexico that are subject to taxation and directly attributable to the production of a film or commercial audiovisual product. An additional 5% credit is allowed for certain direct production expenditures made for qualifying productions. In addition, a 5% credit is also allowed for production expenditures in areas more than 60 miles from Bernalillo or Santa Fe counties.Excluded from the credit are costs for which the film production company has already executed a nontaxable transaction certificate under Section 7-9-86 NMSA 1978.

NOTE: If you are a New Mexico film partner,refer to F04 New Mexico Film Partner New Film production tax credit to claim your credit.

How To Apply For This Credit

To obtain approval for the credit, first apply to the New Mexico Film Office, a division of the EDD. After the film production company receives approval from EDD, the company must apply to the Department to get Department approval of the credit. See Form RPD-41391, *Application for New Film Production Tax Credit.*

When you are approved, you may claim the credit by filing your personal or corporate income tax return.

How To Claim This Credit

You can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41228, *Film-Related Tax Credit Claim Form.*
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit approval number that the Department issued. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41228
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments

CREDIT TYPE CODE F04 New Mexico film partner new film production tax credit

This credit applies to film production companies that are defined as New Mexico film partners that have made a commitment to produce films or commercial audiovisual products in New Mexico and have purchased or executed a 10 year contract to lease a qualified production facility. Limitations to certification of a claim in excess of the aggregate amount of claims provided by the Film Production Tax Credit Act does not apply to the certification of a budget for a New Mexico film partner.

New Mexico film partners that commence principal photography on or after July 1, 2019, a credit is available in an amount equal to 25% of direct production and direct postproduction expenditures made in New Mexico that are subject to taxation and directly attributable to the production of a film or commercial audiovisual product. An additional 5% credit is allowed for certain direct production expenditures made for qualifying productions. In addition, a 5% credit is also allowed for production expenditures in areas more than 60 miles from Bernalillo or Santa Fe counties.

Excluded from the credit are costs for which the film production company has already executed a nontaxable transaction certificate under Section 7-9-86 NMSA 1978.

How To Apply For This Credit

To obtain approval for the credit, first apply to the New Mexico Film Office, a division of the EDD. After the film production company receives approval from EDD, the company must apply to the Department to get Department approval of the credit. See Form RPD-41391, *Application for New Film Production Tax Credit*.

When you are approved, you may claim the credit by filing your personal or corporate income tax return.

How To Claim This Credit

You can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41228, *Film-Related Tax Credit Claim Form.*
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the Credit Approval Number box, enter the

credit approval number that the Department issued. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.

- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41228
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments

CREDIT TYPE CODE G01 Geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit

A credit is available for a taxpayer who has purchased and installed a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump after January 1, 2010, but before December 31, 2020. To qualify for the tax credit, you must install the pump in a residence, business, or agricultural enterprise in New Mexico that you own or that a partnership or other business association of which you are a member owns.

The credit, which may not exceed \$9,000, is available for up to 30% of the purchase and installation costs.

Carry Forward for 10 Years

This credit is not refundable, but you can carry forward unused credit for a maximum of 10 consecutive years following the tax year for which the credit was approved.

How To Apply For This Credit

To qualify for this credit, you must first obtain a certificate of eligibility from EMNRD.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive the certificate of eligibility, you can claim the credit against personal income tax due by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41346, Geothermal Ground-Coupled Heat Pump Tax Credit Claim Form,.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the certificate number EMNRD issued to you.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41346

- PIT-CR
- Copy of certificate of eligibility from EMNRD
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE J01 Job mentorship tax credit

A taxpayer owning a New Mexico business may claim a job mentorship tax credit for employing qualified students who take part in a school-sanctioned career preparation education program. The credit equals 50% of gross wages paid to a maximum of 10 qualified students. The business must employ each student for up to 320 hours during the tax year.

A taxpayer may not claim a credit for one qualified individual for more than three tax years. The maximum credit for one tax year is \$12,000.

Carry Forward for Three Years

This credit is not refundable, but you can carry unused credit forward for three consecutive years.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for this credit, obtain a Form RPD-41280, *Job Mentorship Tax Credit Certificate,* from the secondary school that operates the career preparation education program for each qualified student you employ.

For help obtaining the certificate, contact the principal of the school that the student you employ attends.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41281, Job Mentorship Tax Credit Claim Form.
- Complete PIT-CR, leaving the Credit Approval Number box blank. A credit approval number is not required to claim this credit.
- 3. Attach RPD-41280, RPD-41281, and PIT-CR to your PIT-1.

CREDIT TYPE CODE L01 Land conservation incentives credit

Persons who donate land or interest in land to private or public conservation agencies for conservation purposes may claim a credit up to the following amounts from personal or corporate income tax equal to 50% of the fair market value of the land transferred:

- \$100,000 for donations made before January 1, 2008
- \$250,000 for donations made on or after January 1, 2008

For a donation made after January 1, 2008, the credit may be sold, exchanged, or transferred in increments of \$10,000 or more.

Carry Forward for 20 Years

Unused credit is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for up to 20 consecutive years following the year when the qualified donation occurred.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Contact the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) to certify the eligibility of the donation.
- 2. After you receive the certificate of eligibility from EMNRD, complete Form RPD-41335, *Land Conservation Incentives Credit Application*.
- 3. Submit RPD-41335 and a copy of the certificate of eligibility to the Department.

How To Claim This Credit

When you receive approval from the Department, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41282, Land Conservation Incentives Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete the PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit number the Department assigned on Form RPD-41335, *Land Conservation Incentives Credit Application*. If the credit was transferred, enter the new credit number assigned on Form RPD-41336, *Notice of Transfer of Land Conservation Incentives Tax Credit*.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41282
 - PIT-CR
 - Letter from EMNRD certifying treatment as a qualified donation
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE P01

Preservation of cultural property credit

The credit for preservation of cultural property is 50% of the approved eligible costs of a project for the restoration, rehabilitation, or preservation of cultural property listed on the official New Mexico Register of Cultural Properties, not to exceed \$25,000.

Requirements

The New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Committee must approve the project plan before the restoration begins and certify that the completed project conforms to the plan.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, if the property is **also** certified by the State Coordinator of the New Mexico Arts and Cultural District Act as located within the boundaries of a state-certified or municipally-certified arts and cultural district, pursuant to the Arts and Cultural District Act, a maximum of \$50,000 credit is allowed.

Carry Forward for Four Years

An amount exceeding the tax liability is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for four consecutive years.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim this credit after you receive approval, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete Form PIT-4, *New Mexico Preservation of Cultural Property Credit.*
- 2. Complete Schedule PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the log number shown on the project approval document that the Historic Preservation Division issued to you.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - PIT-4
 - PIT-CR
 - The Part 2 approval from the New Mexico Cultural Properties Review Committee
 - If applicable, the approval from the New Mexico Arts and Cultural Districts coordinator

CREDIT TYPE CODE R01 Rural job tax credit

A rural job tax credit is available for employers in rural areas of New

Mexico who qualify for Job Training Incentive Program (JTIP) assistance. Eligible employers may earn the rural job tax credit for each qualifying job created after July 1, 2000.

The employer must certify the wages paid to each eligible employee using Form RPD-41247, *Certificate of Eligibility for the Rural Job Tax Credit.* Calculate the rural job tax credit at 6.25% of the first \$16,000 in wages paid for each qualifying job for no more than:

- Four qualifying periods in a Tier 1 area
- Two qualifying periods in a Tier 2 area

A qualifying period is 12 months. A rural area excludes Albuquerque, Corrales, Farmington, Las Cruces, Los Alamos County, Los Ranchos, Rio Rancho, Santa Fe, and Tijeras, and a 10-mile zone around these municipalities. Tier 2 areas are limited to Alamogordo, Carlsbad, Clovis, Gallup, Hobbs, and Roswell. Tier 1 is any rural area not part of a Tier 2 area.

The holder of the rural job tax credit may apply all or part of the credit against the holder's combined state gross receipts, compensating and withholding taxes, or personal or corporate income tax. When you file your PIT-1, indicate the amount of the credit you want to apply to your liability.

To learn more about JTIP assistance, visit the New Mexico EDD website, call (505) 827-0300 or (800) 374-3061, or go to <u>www.gonm.biz</u>.

Carry Forward for Three Years

An amount exceeding the tax liability is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for three consecutive years.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for the rural job tax credit, do the following:

- 1. Attach a notarized, completed Form RPD-41247, *Certificate of Eligibility for the Rural Job Tax Credit*, for each qualified job you claim in the eligible period.
- 2. Complete Form RPD-41238, Application for Rural Job Tax Credit.

3. Send the forms to the address on RPD-41238.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive approval from the Department, you can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41243, *Rural Job Tax Credit Claim Form.*
- 2. Complete Schedule PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit approval number the Department issued to you. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41243
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit the form and schedule along with your PIT-1.

CREDIT TYPE CODE R02

Rural health care practitioners tax credit

Beginning January 1, 2007, a taxpayer for whom **all** of the following are true may be eligible to claim the rural health care practitioners tax credit against a personal income tax liability:

- You file a New Mexico personal income tax return.
- You are not a dependent of another individual.
- You are an eligible health care practitioner.
- You have provided health care services in New Mexico in a rural health care underserved area.

The following are the maximum amounts allowed for the credit you can claim, depending on profession:

- \$5,000 for eligible physicians, osteopathic physicians, dentists, clinical psychologists, podiatrists, and optometrists who qualify, and
- \$3,000 for dental hygienists, physician assistants, certified nurse-midwives, certified registered nurse anesthetists, certified nurse practitioners, and clinical nurse specialists who qualify

Hours Required to Qualify

An eligible health care practitioner must have provided health care at a practice site located in an approved rural health care underserved area during a taxable year for at least:

- 2,080 hours to qualify for the full credit amount
- 1,040 hours, but less than 2,080 hours, to qualify for one-half the full credit amount.

Carry Forward for Three Years

If the amount of the credit you claim exceeds your tax liability for the taxable year for which you are claiming the credit, you can carry forward the excess for three consecutive tax years. This credit is not refundable.

How To Apply For This Credit

Before an eligible health care practitioner may claim the rural health care practitioner tax credit, the practitioner must apply to DOH for a certificate of eligibility for the credit. When DOH approves a practitioner, DOH issues a certificate to the qualified eligible health care practitioner.

Lists of Locations Approved by DOH

DOH compiles and annually revises lists of approved rural practice locations. These revisions reflect any changes in the need for health practitioners throughout the state.

Separate lists are available for different categories of health care practitioners. The lists are compiled with the input of a program advisory group that includes representatives from several health professions.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive the certificate of eligibility from DOH, you can claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41326, *Rural Health Care Practitioner Tax Credit Claim Form*.
- Complete PIT-CR. In the Credit Approval Number box, enter the credit approval number issued to you by DOH.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41326
 - PIT-CR

- Copy of the certificate of eligibility received from DOH
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

For More Information

For a copy of location lists and for more information about certification of eligibility, contact DOH at (505) 222-8672 or visit their website at

www.health.state.nm.us/care.html.

The physical address of DOH is 300 San Mateo NE, Suite 900, Albuquerque, NM 87108.

CREDIT TYPE CODE R03 Renewable energy production tax credit

Personal income and corporate income taxpayers receive credit for producing electricity by solar light or heat, wind, or biomass for an eligibility period of 10 consecutive years beginning on the date the qualified energy generator begins producing electricity.

Deduct, Refund, or Carry Forward for Five Years

This refundable credit is not currently available to apply for but you may deduct an existing credit from your personal income tax liability for which you are claiming the credit.

If the amount of the tax credit exceeds your personal income tax liability for the tax year, one of the following is possible:

- If the tax credit was issued with respect to a qualified energy generator that first produced electricity using a qualified energy resource on or after October 1, 2007, the state refunds the excess to you.
 or
- You may carry forward the excess credit for five years.

How To Claim This Credit

When you receive approval from EMNRD, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41227, Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the last day of the tax year when the electricity was produced for which you are claiming a credit or a carryforward.

- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41227
 - Certificate of eligibility from EMNRD
 - Allocation Notice approved by EMNRD, if applicable
 - PIT-CR
 - A copy of the letter from EMNRD certifying treatment as a qualified donation
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE S01

Solar market development tax credit

A taxpayer who has received certification from EMNRD for the purchase and installation of a qualified photovoltaic or solar thermal system in a residence, business, or agricultural enterprise in New Mexico owned by that taxpayer may claim the credit. The photovoltaic or solar thermal system must be purchased and installed after January 1, 2006, but before **December 31, 2016**.

NOTE: The solar market development tax credit is reported on Schedule PIT-CR, as credit type code S01. The renewable energy tax credit is reported on Schedule PIT-CR, as credit type code R03. These credits are not the same credit.

Carry Forward for 10 Years

This non-refundable credit is not currently available to apply for but you can carry an existing credit forward for the maximum of 10 consecutive years from the first eligible year in which the certificate from EMNRD was issued.

How To Claim This Credit

When you receive approval from EMNRD, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41317, Solar Market Development Income Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the certificate number shown on the certificate of eligibility EMNRD issued to you.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41317
 - PIT-CR

- A copy of the letter from EMNRD certifying the project
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

IMPORTANT: To claim this credit, you must have a certificate from EMNRD issued to you before December 31, 2016.

CREDIT TYPE CODE S02 Sustainable building tax credit

A taxpayer with qualified construction or renovations made after January 1, 2017 but ending on or before December 31, 2026, should contact the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) to certify your eligibility to claim the New Sustainable Building Tax Credit.

Carry Forward for 7 Years

This non-refundable credit is not currently available to apply for but you can carry an existing credit forward for the maximum of 7 consecutive years from the first eligible year that the credit was approved to be claimed by the Department.

How To Claim This Credit

When you receive approval from the Department, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41329, Sustainable Building Tax Credit Claim Form
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit number assigned by the Department on Form RPD-41327, *Sustainable Building Tax Credit Approval*. If the credit was transferred to you, enter the new credit number assigned on Form RPD-41342, *Notice of Transfer of Sustainable Building Tax Credit*.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41329
 - PIT-CR
 - Copies of the letter of eligibility
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE S03

New sustainable building tax credit A new credit is available for construction in New Mexico of a sustainable building, for renovation of an existing build-

ing in New Mexico into a sustainable building, or for permanent installation of manufactured housing that is a sustainable building, regardless of where the housing is manufactured.

You may not claim the credit for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027.

The credit is available for residential and commercial buildings after the construction, installation, or renovation of the sustainable building is complete. To qualify for the tax credit, the building must have achieved a silver or higher certification level in the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) green building rating system or the Build Green NM rating system.

Carry Forward for Seven Years

This credit is not refundable, but you can carry the credit forward for seven years from the first eligible year that the credit is approved to be claimed by the Department.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Contact the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) to certify your eligibility.
- 2. After you receive the certificate of eligibility from EMNRD, promptly complete Form RPD-41382, *New Sustainable Building Tax Credit Approval.*
- 3. Submit RPD-41382 and a copy of the certificate of eligibility to the Department.

How To Claim This Credit

When you receive approval from the Department, follow these steps to claim the credit:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41383, *New Sustainable Building Tax Credit Claim Form*
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit number assigned by the Department on Form RPD-41382, *New Sustainable Building Tax Credit Approval.* If the credit was transferred to you, enter the new credit number assigned on Form RPD-41384, *Notice of Transfer*

of New Sustainable Building Tax Credit.

- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41383
 - PIT-CR
 - · Copies of the letter of eligibility
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments.

CREDIT TYPE CODE T02 Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit.

This credit is 5% of qualified expenditures for conducting research and development. An additional 5% credit is available if the taxpayer increases its annual payroll by at least \$75,000 for every \$1 million in qualified expenditures it claims in a tax year. The basic and additional credits double for businesses in rural areas. To be eligible, qualified expenditures must be made on or after January 1, 2016.

The taxpayer must make the eligible expenditures for research and development at a qualified facility. For more information on qualified expenditures, see the instructions for Form RPD-41385, *Application for Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit*.

The holder of the Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit document may apply all or part of "basic" credits against the holder's combined state compensating, withholding, and gross receipts tax, less any local option gross receipts tax. "Basic" credit may be not be refunded but may be carried forward for three years from the date of the original claim.

If you have earned "additional" credits, you may claim that amount against personal or corporate income taxes. If the taxpayer is a qualified research and development small business, a portion of the "additional" credit can be refunded, based on the taxpayer's total qualified expenditures made in a tax year. Any credit not claimed against the taxpayer's income tax or corporate income tax due, or refunded, may be carried forward for three years from date of the original claim.

NOTE: Taxpayers who claim the re-

search and development small business tax credit are ineligible to claim the investment tax credit or the technology jobs and research and development tax credit for the same reporting period.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for the basic and additional credit, do the following:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41385.
- 2. Send it along with your expenditure and payroll increase documentation to the address on RPD-41385.

How To Claim This Credit

After you receive approval from the Department, you may claim the credit by following these steps:

- 1. Complete Form RPD-41386, *Technology Jobs and Research and Development Tax Credit Claim Form.*
- 2. Complete Schedule PIT-CR.
 - In the Credit Approval Number box, enter the credit approval number the Department issued to you. The number is identified on your credit approval letter. If the letter does not show a credit approval number, leave this box blank.
 - In the Amount Claimed Applied To Tax Due box, indicate the amount of the credit you want to apply to your liability.
 - In column D, indicate the amount of the credit to be refunded, if eligible.
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41386
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit RPD-41386 and PIT-CR along with your PIT-1.

CREDIT TYPE CODE V01

Veteran employment tax credit

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, but not after December 31, 2017, a taxpayer who employs a qualified military veteran in New Mexico is eligible for a credit against the taxpayer's personal or corporate income tax liability for up to \$1,000 for wages paid to the qualified military veteran. The following are the requirements for this credit:

- The credit is only allowed for the employment of a veteran who was not previously employed by the taxpayer before the individual's deployment.
- You must have hired the veteran within two years of receipt of an honorable discharge from a branch of the U.S. military.
- The veteran must be employed full time.
- You may only claim the credit for any individual qualified military veteran for one year from the date of hire.
- Multiple employers may not claim a credit for the same qualified veteran in the same tax year.

If the veteran is employed for less than a full year, the credit for that year is reduced, based on the fraction of the year the veteran was actually employed.

Carry Forward for Three Years

Excess credit is not refundable, but you may carry it forward for up to three years.

How To Apply For This Credit

To apply for the credit, follow these steps:

- 1. For each eligible military veteran you employed in the tax year, complete RPD-41370, *Certification of Eligibility for the Veteran Employment Tax Credit*.
- 2. On Form RPD-41371, *Application for Veteran Employment Tax Credit*, summarize the certificates and answer the questions establishing that you retain the status of an eligible employer.
- 3. Complete all the other sections of RPD-41371.
- 4. Submit the following to the Department:
 - RPD-41371
 - An RPD-41320 for each eligible veteran you employed during the tax year

The Department notifies you when you are approved.

How To Claim This Credit

To claim this credit, follow these steps:

- 1. Complete RPD-41372, Veteran Employment Tax Credit Claim Form.
- 2. Complete PIT-CR. In the **Credit Approval Number** box, enter the credit claim number shown on your approved Form RPD-41371, *Veteran Employment Tax Credit Application.*
- 3. Attach the following to your PIT-1:
 - RPD-41372
 - PIT-CR
- 4. Submit your PIT-1 and all attachments

A taxpayer who does not make sufficient payments for a tax year may receive an assessment of penalty for underpayment of New Mexico personal income tax, even if the full tax amount owed is paid on time with the annual income tax return. To avoid underpayment penalty you may be required to make estimated tax payments. Read these instructions for more information.

Calendar-year taxpayers: The first estimated payment due for tax year 2020 is April 15, 2020. The next payments are due June 15, 2020; September 15, 2020; and January 15, 2021. Fiscal-year taxpayers: Dates vary.

To avoid misapplication of your money, make sure your PIT-ES form indicates the correct tax year for which you are making an estimated payment.

WHO MUST PAY ESTIMATED TAXES?

Every individual who must file a personal income tax return under the Income Tax Act also must pay estimated income tax. This occurs through withholding taxes or by making estimated tax payments using the Personal Income Estimated Tax Payment Voucher (PIT-ES). You can also pay by check or credit card using the Department's website.

There is a penalty for underpayment or non-payment of estimated tax, unless:

- You are a first-year resident;
- Your tax for the current year, less amounts withheld, is under \$1,000; *or*
- You are a full-year New Mexico resident whose previous tax year was a 12-month tax year and you owed zero tax for that tax return.

TAX ESTIMATION METHODS

To calculate estimated taxes, you can use the standard method (described next) and, if you qualify, exception methods (described later in these instructions). Taxpayers who qualify for an exception may be able to reduce the amount of underpayment penalty owed by completing and submitting Form RPD-41272, Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty, for the tax year of the return along with the PIT-1 return. Do not submit Form RPD-41272 unless it reduces the amount of underpayment penalty due under the standard method of computing underpayment penalty.

HOW MUCH DO YOU NEED TO PAY?

To calculate your estimated tax, start with the required annual payment or

the total amount of estimated tax to pay during the tax year. Then determine the amount and due date for each estimated tax payment.

The required annual payment is the lesser of:

- 90% of the tax on the current year's return (or, if no return is filed, the tax for the taxable year), *or*
- 100% of the tax on the prior year's return, if you filed a return during the prior year for a full 12-month year.

To determine the required annual payment, calculate your 2019 tax by:

- 1. Totaling these items on PIT-1:
 - Rebates and credits claimed (line 24)
 - Working families tax credit claimed (line 25)
 - New Mexico income tax withheld (lines 27, 28, and 29)
- 2. Subtracting this total from 2019 Net New Mexico Income Tax (line 22).

NOTE: Always use the instructions specifically written for the tax year you are filing because the line numbers and the calculation of estimated tax may change from year to year.

WHEN ARE CALENDAR YEAR OR FISCAL YEAR ESTIMATED PAYMENTS DUE?

For most calendar-year taxpayers, four installments of the required annual payment are due (postmark or delivery service date) by April 15, June 15, September 15, and January 15, of the following year.

For taxpayers reporting on a fiscal year basis, other than a calendar year, payments are due on or before the 15th day of the fourth, sixth, and ninth months of the tax year and on or before the 15th day of the first month of the following year.

Sometimes a due date for an estimated payment is a Saturday or a Sunday, or a state or national legal holiday. The estimated payment is on time when the postmark bears the date of the next business day. Delivery by a private delivery service is on time if the pickup date is on or before the required due date.

EXCEPTIONS FOR ESTIMATED PAYMENT AMOUNTS AND TIMING Special rules for determining the amount and timing of each estimated payment apply to taxpayers who gualify for

exceptions.

If any of the following exceptions applies to you, you may be able to reduce the underpayment penalty due by completing and submitting RPD-41272, *Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty* for the tax year you are filing along with your PIT-1 return:

- You want to use the actual dates withholding tax was withheld for the applicable tax year to calculate your estimated payments.
- Your income varied during the year so you do not need to pay estimated personal income tax until after March 31 of the tax year.
- You are a farmer or rancher who expects to receive 2/3 of gross income for the tax year from farming or ranching, or who has received at least 2/3 of gross income for the previous tax year from farming or ranching.

DESCRIPTIONS OF EXCEPTIONS AND NUMBER TO ENTER IN BOX ON LINE 35, PIT-1

Read these descriptions to see if you qualify for an exception. If you qualify, enter the number noted in the last paragraph of the specific description. **Exception for applying actual tax** withholding dates. This exception applies to taxpayers who wish to compute estimated payments according to the actual dates when all amounts of withholding tax were withheld for the applicable tax year.

Unless you establish on Form RPD-41272 the dates on which all amounts were actually withheld, the Taxation and Revenue Department considers an equal amount of tax withheld as tax paid on each installment due date. This provision may apply separately to wage and pension withholdings and any other amounts withheld under the Withholding Tax Act.

Enter 1 if you want to calculate estimated payments based on the actual dates on which all amounts of withholding tax were withheld for the applicable tax year. (If you qualify for the exception for varying income or the exception for farmers and ranchers, enter a number from 2 to 5 as indicated in the next descriptions.)

Exception for income that varies during the year. This exception applies to taxpayers who receive seasonal income. You may only use this method if actual income through March 31 is too small to require an estimated payment. When your base income increases in later periods, you must make higher estimated payments to balance your account.

No payment is due for the first quarter, because actual income through March 31 is too small to require an estimated payment. Subsequent test dates to check income for estimated payments are May 31, August 31, and December 31.

If your income varies, *enter 2, 3, or 4* to show the quarter you are required to begin making estimated payments.

Exception for farmers and ranchers.

The law provides a special rule, identical to the federal rule, for farmers and ranchers who expect to receive *at least* 2/3 of their gross income from farming or ranching, or who received *at least* 2/3 of their gross income from farming or ranching in the prior year. Farmers and ranchers who meet the gross income test may:

- Make one estimated payment in the amount of the required annual payment on or before January 15 of the year following the tax year of the return, *or*
- File and pay taxes in full on or before March 1 of the year following the tax year of the return.

For joint returns, the farmer or rancher must count the spouse's gross income to determine whether the couple meets the two-thirds-of-gross income test.

Enter 5 if you are a farmer or rancher and meet these requirements. Make this entry, even if you do not owe an underpayment penalty because you filed and paid the tax in full on or before March 1 of the year following the tax year of the return.

PENALTY FOR UNDERPAYMENT OR NON-PAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX PAYMENTS

The penalty for underpayment or nonpayment of estimated tax is based on the difference between the estimated tax payment and the actual amount of estimated tax due. Penalty accumulates from the due date of the estimated tax payment until the earlier of:

- The date the payment is made, or
- The 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the tax year.

New Mexico calculates the penalty (in the form of interest) on underpayment of estimated tax at the same rate as interest on an underpayment of tax. The penalty is calculated on a daily basis at the interest rate established by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (IRC) for individual income tax purposes.

The IRC rate, which changes quarterly, is announced by the IRS in the last month of the previous quarter. The annual and daily interest rates for each quarter are posted on our website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/Indi-viduals/penalty-interest-rates.aspx.

A special rule applies for calculating the underpayment or non-payment penalty for personal estimated income tax. The interest rate that applies to the 1st quarter following the tax year also applies to the first 15 days of April following the tax year.

This is the formula to calculate the amount of a standard daily penalty:

penalty due = estimated tax payment x daily interest rate x number of days late

NOTE: The penalty for underpayment of estimated tax may exceed the maximum 20% that applies to an underpayment penalty for tax.

To help calculate the underpayment penalty, you may use Form RPD-41272, Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty. But do not submit the form unless:

- You qualify for a exception method of determining the amount and timing of the estimated tax payment, **and**
- You will owe less penalty by using the exception method.

Only taxpayers who may lower their penalty using the exception method submit RPD-41272.

To calculate an underpayment or nonpayment penalty using the exception method for estimated personal income tax, you must enter 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 in the box on line 35, PIT-1. If the box is blank, the penalty is calculated using the standard method.

HOW TO AVOID A PENALTY

If you file a return and pay the full amount on or before January 31 of the next year, no penalty applies to the 4th quarter payment.

If the balance due is \$1,000 or more, the Taxation and Revenue Department determines whether the required annual payment was made in timely installments. If the payment was made on time, there is no penalty.

If the required annual payment was not made in timely installments, the Department calculates the underpayment penalty and issues an assessment. If you believe an assessment is in error, you can protest the assessment and provide more information.

MORE INFORMATION AND HELP

For more information, see FYI-320, *PIT-ES: Personal Income Estimated Tax Payments.* At page <u>http://www.tax.</u> <u>newmexico.gov/forms-publications.</u> <u>aspx</u>, select **FYIs** from the **Publications** folder. Open the **300 Series- Income Taxes** folder to access *FYI-320.* Download a copy of the publication, or send an e-mail to <u>TRD-taxreturnhelp@state.nm.us</u> for more information.

METHODS OF PAYMENT

You can make an electronic payment online or mail a check or money order.

Pay online. You may submit a payment with the payment voucher by mail or pay estimated personal income taxes online at no charge by electronic check through Taxpayer Access Point (TAP). Go to <u>https://tap.state.nm.us</u> and under **GENERAL TASKS**, click **Make a Payment**, then **Individual**. The electronic check authorizes the Department to debit your checking account in the amount and on the date you specify.

You may also use a credit card for your online payment. A convenience fee is applied for using a credit card. The State of New Mexico uses this fee, calculated on the transaction amount, to pay charges from the credit card companies.

Pay by mail. Mail your payment voucher and your check or money order to the Department, following the mailing requirements in step 7.

Paying with a Check

When you provide a check as payment, you authorize the Department to use information from your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account. When we use information from your check to make an electronic fund transfer, funds may be withdrawn from your account as soon as the same day you make your payment.

WHERE TO GET THE VOUCHER

You can get the PIT-ES payment voucher from your personal income tax packet, the Department website, one of the Department's district offices, or your tax return preparation software.

USE ONLY BLUE OR BLACK INK

Type or print all entries in blue or black ink. **Do not** use pencil.

COMPLETING AND SUBMITTING THE VOUCHER AND PAYMENT

Follow the next steps to complete and submit your voucher and payment.

1. Check the year and enter date.

For the Department to apply your estimated payment to the correct tax year, the PIT-ES voucher must show the tax year for which you are making payment. On the payment voucher from the Department website, write in the tax year. Make sure all payment vouchers show the correct tax year.

If you are a calendar-year filer making an estimated payment for a 2020 tax return due in 2021, make sure the date on your PIT-ES payment voucher indicates that the last day of the tax year is 2020.

2. Enter identification information.

Enter your name and social security number. If you expect to file a joint return, enter your spouse's name and social security number. To speed processing, enter the names and social security numbers in the same order as shown on your tax return.

3. Calculate the estimated payment.

Using the tax rate tables for the applicable tax year, determine the amount of estimated tax you owe and the amount of payments, if any, made to date. Include any overpayments from the prior year's return you want to apply to the current year's estimated tax payments. If you need help calculating the estimated payments, see Form RPD-41272, Calculation of Estimated Personal Income Tax Underpayment Penalty, or FYI-320, PIT-ES: Personal Income Tax Estimated Payments.

4. Mark quarter and enter amount. Mark the box for the quarter of your estimated payment. If you are a fiscal year filer, mark the box for the quarter that compares to a calendar year.

Using whole dollars only, enter the amount you are submitting with the PIT-ES. **Do not enter or pay cents.**

5. Cut on the voucher's dotted line.

The high-speed scanners at the Department can read only one page size to process payment vouchers. Make sure to cut directly on the dotted line.

6. Keep a copy in a safe place.

To prepare your personal income tax return, you need a copy or record of each PIT-ES payment. Place your copy in a safe place where you can easily find it.

7. Follow our mailing requirements.

If you mail your payment, make your check or money order payable to **New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department**. Write your social security number, PIT-ES, and the tax year on the check or money order. Using your own envelope, enclose the check or money order and the completed PIT-ES payment voucher. Mail the envelope to:

NM Taxation and Revenue Dept. P.O. Box 8390 Santa Fe, NM 87504-8390

IMPORTANT: For proper credit on your account, **do not** combine a payment of estimated personal income tax with any other payment.

2019 Tax Rate Table

Based on Taxable Income

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Brown are filing a joint return. Their **New Mexico Taxable Income** on line **17** of the Form PIT-1 is \$25,325. First they find the \$25,300-\$25,400 income line. Next they find the column for **Married filing jointly** and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$834. This is the tax amount they must write on line **18** of the Form PIT-1.

More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold
			Your	tax is:	
25,200	25,300	958	829	1,033	829
25,300	25,400	963	834	1,038	834
25,400	25,500	968	839	1,043	839
25,500	25,600	972	844	1,048	844
1					

If line 17 o PIT-1 (<i>Tax</i> <i>Incom</i> e) is	able		And	you are:		If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa</i> <i>Income</i>) is	ble		And	you are:		If line 17 o PIT-1 (<i>Tax</i> <i>Income</i>) is	able		And yo	u are:	
More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold
			You	r tax is:					You	r tax is:					Your t	ax is:	
0	60	0	0	0	0			4,(000					8,	000		
60	100	1	1	1	1	4,000	4,100	69	69	70	69	8,000	8,100	175	138	198	138
100	200	3	3		3		4,200		71	73			8,200	178	141	203	
200 300	300 400	4 6	4 6	4	4	4,200 4,300	4,300 4,400		72 74	76 79	72 74		8,300 8,400	182 185	144 147	208 212	
400	500	8	8	8	8	4,400	4,500	76	76	82	76		8,500	188	150	212	
500	600	9	9	9	9	4,500	4,600		77	86	77	8,500	8,600	191	154	222	
600	700	11	11	11	11	4,600	4,700		79	89	79	,	8,700	194	157	227	
700 800	800 900	13 14	13 14	13 14	13 14	4,700 4,800	4,800 4,900	81 82	81 82	92 95	81 82	-,	8,800 8,900	198 201	160 163	231 236	
900	1,000	16	14			· ·	5,000	84	84	98	84	8,900	9,000	201	166	230	
	.,	-	000			.,000	0,000	-	000			0,000	0,000	-	000		
1,000	1,100	18	18	18	18	5,000	5,100	- /	86	102	86	9,000	9,100	207	170	245	170
1,100	1,200	20	20			5,100	5,200		88	105	88		9,200	210	173	250	
1,200 1,300	1,300 1,400	21 23	21 23	21 23	21 23	5,200 5,300	5,300 5,400		89 91	108 111	89 91	9,200 9,300	9,300 9,400	214 217	176 179	255 259	
1,400	1,500	25	25	25	25	5,400	5,500		93	114	93		9,500	220	182	264	182
1,500	1,600	26	26	26	26		5,600		94	118	94	- ,	9,600	223	186	269	
1,600 1,700	1,700 1,800	28 30	28 30	28 30	28 30	5,600 5,700	5,700 5,800	98 102	96 98	121 124	96 98		9,700 9,800	226 230	189 192	274 278	
1,800	1,900	31	31	31	31	5,800	5,900	105	99	127	99	9,800	9,900	233	195	283	195
1,900	2,000	33	33	33	33	5,900	6,000		101	130	101	9,900	10,000	236	198	288	198
0.000	0.400	,	000	05	05	0.000	0.400	,	000	404	400	40.000	40.400		,000	000	000
2,000 2,100	2,100 2,200	35 37	35 37	35 37	35 37	6,000 6,100	6,100 6,200		103 105	134 137	103 105	10,000	10,100 10,200	239 242	202 205	292 297	
2,200	2,200	38	38	38	38	6,200	6,300		105	140	105		10,200	242	203	302	
2,300	2,400	40	40	40	40	6,300	6,400		108	143	108		10,400	249	211	306	
2,400 2,500	2,500 2,600	42 43	42 43	42 43	42 43	6,400 6,500	6,500 6,600		110 111	146 150	110 111	10,400 10,500	10,500 10.600	252 255	214 218	311 316	
2,600	2,700	45	45	45	45	6,600	6,700		113	153	113		10,700	258	221	321	
2,700	2,800	47	47	47	47	6,700	6,800		115	156	115		10,800	262	224	325	
2,800 2,900	2,900 3,000	48 50	48 50	48 50	48 50	6,800 6,900	6,900 7,000		116 118	159 162	116 118	- /	10,900 11,000	265 268	227 230	330 335	
2,900	3,000		000	50	50	0,900	7,000		000	102	110	10,900	11,000		,000		230
3,000	3,100	52	52	52	52	7,000	7,100		120	166	120	11,000	11,100	272	234	339	234
3,100	3,200	54	54	54	54	7,100	7,200		122	169	122	11,100	11,200	277	237	344	
3,200	3,300 3,400	55 57	55 57	55 57	55 57	7,200 7,300	7,300 7,400	150 153	123 125	172 175	123 125	11,200 11,300	11,300 11,400	281 286	240 243	349 353	
3,300 3,400	3,400	59	59	59	59	7,300	7,400	153	125	175	125	11,300	11,400	280	243	353	
3,500	3,600	60	60	60	60	7,500	7,600	159	128	182	128	11,500	11,600	295	250	363	250
3,600	3,700	62 64	62 64	62 64	62 64	7,600	7,700		130	185	130		11,700	300	253	368	
3,700 3,800	3,800 3,900	65	65	65	65	7,700 7,800	7,800 7,900	166 169	132 133	188 191	132 133		11,800 11,900	305 309	256 259	372 377	
3,900	4,000	67	67	67	67	7,900	8,000		135	194	135		12,000	314	262		

If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa</i> <i>Income</i>) is	able		And	you are:		lf line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxal</i> <i>Income</i>) is:			And	you are:		If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa</i> <i>Income</i>) is	able		And yo	u are:	
More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold
	Over		You	r tax is:			Over		You	tax is:			Over		Your ta	ax is:	
		12	,000					18,	000					24,	000		
12,000	12,100	319 324	266	386	266	18,000	18,100	605	488	680 685	488	24,000	24,100	899	770	974 979	
12,100 12,200	12,200 12,300	324	269 272	391 396	269 272	18,100 18,200	18,200 18,300	610 615	493 498	685 690	493 498	24,100 24,200	24,200 24,300	904 909	775 780	979 984	
12,300	12,400	333 338	275	401	275	18,300	18,400	620	502	695	502	24,300	24,400	914	785	989	
12,400 12,500	12,500 12,600	342	278 282	406 411	278 282	18,400 18,500	18,500 18,600	625 629	507 512	700 705	507 512	24,400 24,500	24,500 24,600	919 923	790 795	994 999	790 795
12,600	12,700	347 352	285	416	285	18,600	18,700	634	517	710	517	24,600	24,700	928	800	1,004	800
12,700 12,800	12,800 12,900	356	288 291	421 426	288 291	18,700 18,800	18,800 18,900	639 644	521 526	715 720	521 526	24,700 24,800	24,800 24,900	933 938	805 810	1,009 1,014	805 810
12,900	13,000	361	294	431	294	18,900	19,000	649	531	725	531	24,900	25,000	943	815	1,019	
10.000	10.100		,000			10.000			000						000		
13,000 13,100	13,100 13,200	366 371	298 301	435 440	298 301	19,000 19,100	19,100 19,200	654 659	535 540	729 734	535 540	25,000 25,100	25,100 25,200	948 953	819 824	1,023 1,028	819 824
13,200	13,300	375	304	445	304	19,200	19,300	664	545	739	545	25,200	25,300	958	829	1,033	829
13,300 13,400	13,400 13,500	380 385	307 310	450 455	307 310	19,300 19,400	19,400 19,500	669 674	549 554	744 749	549 554	25,300 25,400	25,400 25,500	963 968	834 839	1,038 1,043	834 839
13,500	13,600	389	314	460	314	19,500	19,600	678	559	754	559	25,500	25,600	972	844	1,048	844
13,600 13,700	13,700 13,800	394 399	317 320	465 470	317 320	19,600 19,700	19,700 19,800	683 688	564 568	759 764	564 568	25,600 25,700	25,700 25,800	977 982	849 854	1,053 1,058	849 854
13,800	13,900	403	323	475	323	19,800	19,900	693	573	769	573	25,800	25,900	987	859	1,063	859
13,900	14,000	408	326	480	326	19,900	20,000	698	578	774	578	25,900	26,000	992	864	1,068	864
14,000	14,100	14 413	, 000 330	484	330	20,000	20,100	20, 703	000 582	778	582	26,000	26,100	26, 997	000 868	1,072	868
14,100	14,100	418	333	489	333	20,000	20,100	703	587	783	587	26,100	26,200	1,002	873	1,072	873
14,200	14,300	422 427	336	494	336	20,200	20,300	713	592	788	592	26,200	26,300	1,007	878	1,082	
14,300 14,400	14,400 14,500	432	339 342	499 504	339 342	20,300 20,400	20,400 20,500	718 723	596 601	793 798	596 601	26,300 26,400	26,400 26,500	1,012 1,017	883 888	1,087 1,092	883 888
14,500	14,600	436 441	346	509	346	20,500	20,600	727	606	803	606	26,500	26,600	1,021	893	1,097	893
14,600 14,700	14,700 14,800	446	349 352	514 519	349 352	20,600 20,700	20,700 20,800	732 737	611 615	808 813	611 615	26,600 26,700	26,700 26,800	1,026 1,031	898 903	1,102 1,107	898 903
14,800	14,900	450 455	355	524	355	20,800	20,900	742	620	818	620	26,800	26,900	1,036	908	1,112	
14,900	15,000		358 ,000	529	358	20,900	21,000	747 21	625 000	823	625	26,900	27,000	1,041 27 .	913 000	1,117	913
15,000	15,100	460	362	533	362	21,000	21,100	752	629	827	629	27,000	27,100	1,046	917	1,121	917
15,100	15,200	465 469	365	538	365	21,100	21,200	757	634	832	634	27,100	27,200	1,051	922	1,126	
15,200 15,300	15,300 15,400	409	368 371	543 548	368 371	21,200 21,300	21,300 21,400	762 767	639 643	837 842	639 643	27,200 27,300	27,300 27,400	1,056 1,061	927 932	1,131 1,136	927 932
15,400	15,500	479 483	374	553	374	21,400	21,500	772	648	847	648	27,400	27,500	1,066	937	1,141	937
15,500 15,600	15,600 15,700	488	378 381	558 563	378 381	21,500 21,600	21,600 21,700	776 781	653 658	852 857	653 658	27,500 27,600	27,600 27,700	1,070 1,075	942 947	1,146 1,151	942 947
15,700	15,800	493 497	384	568	384	21,700	21,800	786	662	862	662	27,700	27,800	1,080	952	1,156	952
15,800 15,900	15,900 16,000	497 502	387 390	573 578	387 390	21,800 21,900	21,900 22,000	791 796	667 672	867 872	667 672	27,800 27,900	27,900 28,000	1,085 1,090	957 962	1,161 1,166	957 962
	-/	16	,000				/		000				- /		000	,	
16,000	16,100	507	394	582		22,000	22,100	801	676	876	676	28,000	28,100	1,095	966	1,170	
16,100 16,200	16,200 16,300	512 517	399 404	587 592	399 404	22,100 22,200	22,200 22,300	806 811	681 686	881 886	681 686	28,100 28,200	28,200 28,300	1,100 1,105	971 976	1,175 1,180	
16,300	16,400	522	408	597	408	22,300	22,400	816	690	891	690	28,300	28,400	1,110	981	1,185	981
16,400 16,500	16,500 16,600	527 531	413 418	602 607	413 418	22,400 22,500	22,500 22,600	821 825	695 700	896 901	695 700	28,400 28,500	28,500 28,600	1,115 1,119	986 991	1,190 1,195	
16,600	16,700	536	423	612	423	22,600	22,700	830	705	906	705	28,600	28,700	1,124	996	1,200	996
16,700 16,800	16,800 16,900	541 546	427 432	617 622	427 432	22,700 22,800	22,800 22,900	835 840	709 714	911 916	709 714	28,700 28,800	28,800 28,900	1,129 1,134	1,001 1,006	1,205 1,210	
16,900	17,000	551	437	627	437	22,900	23,000	845	719	921	719	28,900	29,000	1,139	1,011	1,215	
17.000	17 100		,000						000						000		
17,000 17,100	17,100 17,200	556 561	441 446	631 636	441 446	23,000 23,100	23,100 23,200	850 855	723 728	925 930	723 728	29,000 29,100	29,100 29,200	1,144 1,149	1,015 1,020	1,219 1,224	
17,200	17,300	566	451	641	451	23,200	23,300	860	733	935	733	29,200	29,300	1,154	1,025	1,229	1,025
17,300 17,400	17,400 17,500	571 576	455 460	646 651	455 460	23,300 23,400	23,400 23,500	865 870	737 742	940 945	737 742	29,300 29,400	29,400 29,500	1,159 1,164	1,030 1,035	1,234 1,239	
17,500	17,600	580	465	656	465	23,500	23,600	874	747	950	747	29,500	29,600	1,168	1,040	1,244	1,040
17,600 17,700	17,700 17,800	585 590	470 474	661 666	470 474	23,600 23,700	23,700 23,800	879 884	752 756	955 960	752 756	29,600 29,700	29,700 29,800	1,173 1,178	1,045 1,050	1,249 1,254	
17,800	17,900	595	479	671	479	23,800	23,900	889	761	965	761	29,800	29,900	1,183	1,055	1,259	1,055
17,900	18,000	600	484	676	484	23,900	24,000	894	766	970	766	29,900	30,000	1,188	1,060	1,264	1,060

If line 17 o PIT-1 (<i>Tax</i>			And	you are:		If line 17 of I PIT-1 (<i>Taxal</i>			And	/ou are:		If line 17 of PIT-1 (Taxa			And yo	II are.	
Income) is			Alla	you are.		Income) is:	<i></i>		And	ou are.		Income) is			And yo	u arc.	
More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold
	Over		You	r tax is:			Over		You	tax is:			Over		Your ta	ax is:	
		30	,000					36,	,000					42,	000		
30,000	30,100		1,064	1,268	1,064	36,000	36,100	1,487	1,358	1,562	1,358	42,000	42,100	1,781	1,652	1,856	1,652
30,100 30,200	30,200 30,300	1,198 1,203	1,069 1,074	1,273 1,278	1,069 1,074	36,100 36,200	36,200 36,300	1,492 1,497	1,363 1,368	1,567 1,572	1,363 1,368	42,100 42,200	42,200 42,300	1,786 1,791	1,657 1,662	1,861 1,866	1,657 1,662
30,300	30,400	1,208	1,079	1,283	1,079	36,300	36,400	1,502	1,373	1,577	1,373	42,300	42,400	1,796	1,667	1,871	1,667
30,400	30,500 30,600	1,213 1,217	1,084 1,089	1,288	1,084	36,400	36,500	1,507	1,378 1,383	1,582	1,378	42,400	42,500	1,801	1,672	1,876	1,672
30,500 30,600	30,600	1,222	1,089	1,293 1,298	1,089 1,094	36,500 36,600	36,600 36,700	1,511 1,516	1,383	1,587 1,592	1,383 1,388	42,500 42,600	42,600 42,700	1,805 1,810	1,677 1,682	1,881 1,886	1,677 1,682
30,700	30,800	1,227	1,099	1,303	1,099	36,700	36,800	1,521	1,393	1,597	1,393	42,700	42,800	1,815	1,687	1,891	1,687
30,800 30,900	30,900 31,000	1,232 1,237	1,104 1,109	1,308 1,313	1,104 1,109	36,800 36,900	36,900 37,000	1,526 1,531	1,398 1,403	1,602 1,607	1,398 1,403	42,800 42,900	42,900 43,000	1,820 1,825	1,692 1,697	1,896 1,901	1,692 1,697
30,900	31,000		.000	1,313	1,109	30,900	37,000		,000	1,007	1,403	42,900	43,000		000	1,901	1,097
31,000	31,100		1,113	1,317	1,113	37,000	37,100	1,536	1,407	1,611	1,407	43,000	43,100	1,830	1,701	1,905	1,701
31,100	31,200	1,247	1,118	1,322	1,118	37,100	37,200	1,541	1,412	1,616	1,412	43,100	43,200	1,835	1,706	1,910	1,706
31,200 31,300	31,300 31,400	1,252 1,257	1,123 1,128	1,327 1,332	1,123 1,128	37,200 37,300	37,300 37,400	1,546 1,551	1,417 1,422	1,621 1,626	1,417 1,422	43,200 43,300	43,300 43,400	1,840 1,845	1,711 1,716	1,915 1,920	1,711 1,716
31,400	31,500	1,262	1,120	1,337	1,120	37,300	37,500	1,556	1,427	1,631	1,422	43,300	43,500	1,850	1,721	1,925	1,710
31,500	31,600	1,266	1,138	1,342	1,138	37,500	37,600	1,560	1,432	1,636	1,432	43,500	43,600	1,854	1,726	1,930	1,726
31,600 31,700	31,700 31,800	1,271 1,276	1,143 1,148	1,347 1,352	1,143 1,148	37,600 37,700	37,700 37,800	1,565 1,570	1,437 1,442	1,641 1,646	1,437 1,442	43,600 43,700	43,700 43,800	1,859 1,864	1,731 1,736	1,935 1,940	1,731 1,736
31,800	31,900	1,281	1,153	1,357	1,153	37,800	37,900	1,575	1,447	1,651	1,447	43,800	43,900	1,869	1,741	1,945	1,741
31,900	32,000	1,286	1,158	1,362	1,158	37,900	38,000	1,580	1,452	1,656	1,452	43,900	44,000	1,874	1,746	1,950	1,746
			,000				00.400		,000						000		4 7 7 6
32,000 32,100	32,100 32,200	1,291 1,296	1,162 1,167	1,366 1,371	1,162 1,167	38,000 38,100	38,100 38,200	1,585 1,590	1,456 1,461	1,660 1,665	1,456 1,461	44,000 44,100	44,100 44,200	1,879 1,884	1,750 1,755	1,954 1,959	1,750 1,755
32,200	32,300	1,301	1,172	1,376	1,172	38,200	38,300	1,595	1,466	1,670	1,466	44,200	44,300	1,889	1,760	1,964	1,760
32,300	32,400	1,306	1,177	1,381	1,177	38,300	38,400	1,600	1,471	1,675	1,471	44,300	44,400	1,894	1,765	1,969	1,765
32,400 32,500	32,500 32,600	1,311 1,315	1,182 1,187	1,386 1,391	1,182 1,187	38,400 38,500	38,500 38,600	1,605 1,609	1,476 1,481	1,680 1,685	1,476 1,481	44,400 44,500	44,500 44,600	1,899 1,903	1,770 1,775	1,974 1,979	1,770 1,775
32,600	32,700	1,320	1,192	1,396	1,192	38,600	38,700	1,614	1,486	1,690	1,486	44,600	44,700	1,908	1,780	1,984	1,780
32,700	32,800	1,325	1,197	1,401	1,197	38,700	38,800	1,619	1,491	1,695	1,491	44,700	44,800	1,913	1,785	1,989	1,785
32,800 32,900	32,900 33,000	1,330 1,335	1,202 1,207	1,406 1,411	1,202 1,207	38,800 38,900	38,900 39,000	1,624 1,629	1,496 1,501	1,700 1,705	1,496 1,501	44,800 44,900	44,900 45,000	1,918 1,923	1,790 1,795	1,994 1,999	1,790 1,795
02,000	00,000		,000	.,	.,201	00,000	00,000		,000	1,100	1,001	1,000	10,000		000	1,000	.,
33,000	33,100		1,211	1,415	1,211	39,000	39,100	1,634	1,505	1,709	1,505	45,000	45,100	1,928	1,799	2,003	1,799
33,100	33,200	1,345 1,350	1,216	1,420	1,216	39,100	39,200	1,639	1,510	1,714	1,510	45,100	45,200	1,933	1,804	2,008	1,804
33,200 33,300	33,300 33,400	1,355	1,221 1,226	1,425 1,430	1,221 1,226	39,200 39,300	39,300 39,400	1,644 1,649	1,515 1,520	1,719 1,724	1,515 1,520	45,200 45,300	45,300 45,400	1,938 1,943	1,809 1,814	2,013 2,018	1,809 1,814
33,400	33,500	1,360	1,231	1,435	1,231	39,400	39,500	1,654	1,525	1,729	1,525	45,400	45,500	1,948	1,819	2,023	1,819
33,500 33,600	33,600 33,700	1,364 1,369	1,236 1,241	1,440	1,236 1,241	39,500	39,600 39,700	1,658 1,663	1,530	1,734 1,739	1,530	45,500	45,600	1,952	1,824 1,829	2,028 2,033	1,824 1,829
33,700	33,800	1,374	1,241	1,445 1,450	1,241	39,600 39,700	39,700	1,668	1,535 1,540	1,739	1,535 1,540	45,600 45,700	45,700 45,800	1,957 1,962	1,834	2,033	1,834
33,800	33,900	1,379	1,251	1,455	1,251	39,800	39,900	1,673	1,545	1,749	1,545	45,800	45,900	1,967	1,839	2,043	1,839
33,900	34,000	1,384	1,256	1,460	1,256	39,900	40,000	1,678	1,550	1,754	1,550	45,900	46,000	1,972	1,844	2,048	1,844
34,000	34,100		,000 1 260	1 464	1 260	40.000	40 100		1 554	1,758	1 554	46.000	46 100	,	1 949	2.052	1 9/9
34,000 34,100	34,100		1,260 1,265	1,464 1,469	1,260 1,265	40,000 40,100	40,100 40,200	1,683 1,688	1,554 1,559	1,763	1,554 1,559	46,000 46,100	46,100 46,200	1,977 1,982	1,848 1,853	2,052 2,057	1,848 1,853
34,200	34,300	1,399	1,270	1,474	1,270	40,200	40,300	1,693	1,564	1,768	1,564	46,200	46,300	1,987	1,858	2,062	1,858
34,300 34,400	34,400 34,500		1,275 1,280	1,479 1,484	1,275 1,280	40,300 40,400	40,400 40,500		1,569 1,574	1,773 1,778	1,569 1,574	46,300 46,400	46,400 46,500	1,992 1,997	1,863 1,868	2,067 2,072	1,863 1,868
34,500	34,600	1,413	1,285	1,489	1,280	40,400 40,500	40,500		1,574	1.783	1,574	46,500	46,600	2,001	1,873	2,072	1,873
34,600	34,700	1,418	1,290	1,494	1,290	40,600	40,700	1,712	1,584	1,788	1,584	46,600	46,700	2,006	1,878	2,082	1,878
34,700 34,800	34,800 34,900		1,295 1,300	1,499 1,504	1,295 1,300	40,700 40,800	40,800 40,900		1,589 1,594	1,793 1,798	1,589 1,594	46,700 46,800	46,800 46,900	2,011 2,016	1,883 1,888	2,087 2,092	1,883 1,888
34,900	35,000		1,305	1,509	1,305	40,900	41,000	1,727	1,599	1,803	1,599	46,900	47,000	2,010	1,893	2,097	1,893
			,000						,000					-	000		
35,000	35,100		1,309	1,513	1,309	41,000	41,100		1,603	1,807	1,603	47,000	47,100	2,026	1,897	2,101	1,897
35,100 35,200	35,200 35,300	1,443 1,448	1,314 1,319	1,518 1,523	1,314 1,319	41,100 41,200	41,200 41,300	1,737 1,742	1,608 1,613	1,812 1,817	1,608 1,613	47,100 47,200	47,200 47,300	2,031 2,036	1,902 1,907	2,106 2,111	1,902 1,907
35,300	35,400	1,453	1,324	1,528	1,324	41,300	41,400	1,747	1,618	1,822	1,618	47,300	47,400	2,041	1,912	2,116	1,912
35,400	35,500 35,600		1,329 1,334	1,533	1,329 1,334	41,400	41,500 41,600		1,623	1,827	1,623 1,628	47,400 47,500	47,500	2,046	1,917	2,121	1,917 1,922
35,500 35,600	35,600 35,700	1,462	1,334	1,538 1,543	1,334	41,500 41,600	41,600 41,700		1,628 1,633	1,832 1,837	1,628	47,500 47,600	47,600 47,700	2,050 2,055	1,922 1,927	2,126 2,131	1,922
35,700	35,800	1,472	1,344	1,548	1,344	41,700	41,800	1,766	1,638	1,842	1,638	47,700	47,800	2,060	1,932	2,136	1,932
35,800 35,900	35,900 36,000		1,349 1,354	1,553 1,558	1,349 1,354	41,800 41,900	41,900 42,000		1,643 1,648	1,847 1,852	1,643 1,648	47,800 47,900	47,900 48,000	2,065 2,070	1,937 1,942	2,141 2,146	1,937 1,942
33,300	50,000	1, 102	1,304	1,000	1,304	-1,300	42,000	1,770	1,040	1,002	1,040	,300	-10,000	2,070	1,342	2,140	1,342

mt+1 (1 reache Instant) And you are: mt+1 (1 reache Instant) And you are: mt+1 (1 reache Instant) Mt+1 (I reache Instant)	If line 17 c						If line 17 of						If line 17 of						
Intra Bindge Bindge </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>And</th> <th>you are:</th> <th></th> <th>•</th> <th>ble</th> <th></th> <th>And</th> <th>/ou are:</th> <th></th> <th>•</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>And you</th> <th>u are:</th> <th></th>				And	you are:		•	ble		And	/ou are:		•			And you	u are:		
Your tax is: 48,000 48,000 2,000 1,940 64,000 2,078 2,244 2,244 2,244 2,246 0,000 60,000 2,673 2,544 2,448 2,448 0,000 60,000 2,673 2,544 2,448 2,448 0,000 60,000 2,673 2,544 2,448 <th>More</th> <th>But Not</th> <th>Single</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>House-</th> <th>More</th> <th>Not</th> <th>Single</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>House-</th> <th></th> <th>Not</th> <th>Single</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>Filing</th> <th>House-</th>	More	But Not	Single	Filing	Filing	House-	More	Not	Single	Filing	Filing	House-		Not	Single	Filing	Filing	House-	
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51,800 51,900 2,261 2,133 2,337 2,133 57,800 57,900 2,555 2,427 2,631 2,427 63,800 63,900 2,849 2,721 2,925 2,726 52,000 52,000 2,266 2,132 57,900 58,000 2,560 2,432 63,900 64,000 2,854 2,726 2,934 2,730 52,000 52,200 2,271 2,142 2,346 2,142 58,000 58,100 2,565 2,441 2,645 2,441 64,100 2,859 2,730 2,934 2,730 52,200 52,201 2,271 2,142 2,366 2,157 58,300 2,570 2,441 2,645 2,441 64,100 64,200 2,864 2,735 2,939 2,736 52,200 52,201 2,281 2,152 2,356 2,157 58,300 58,400 2,580 2,451 2,655 2,456 4,640 64,400 2,874 2,745 2,949 2,745 52,600 2,295 2,167 2,376 2,162 58,600 2																			
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52,500 52,600 2,295 2,167 2,371 2,167 58,500 58,600 2,589 2,461 2,665 2,461 64,600 2,883 2,755 2,959 2,755 52,600 52,700 2,300 2,172 2,376 2,172 58,600 58,700 2,599 2,471 2,675 2,466 64,600 64,700 2,883 2,765 2,964 2,765 52,800 2,305 2,177 2,381 2,177 58,700 58,800 2,699 2,471 2,675 2,471 64,700 64,800 2,893 2,765 2,964 2,765 52,800 2,315 2,187 2,391 2,187 58,900 59,000 2,604 2,476 2,480 64,900 2,898 2,770 2,979 2,974 2,775 53,000 53,100 2,320 2,191 2,395 2,191 59,000 59,100 2,614 2,485 2,689 2,481 64,900 2,908 2,779 2,983 2,779 2,983 2,779 2,983 2,779 2,983 2,779 2,9	52,300				2,361	2,157					2,655			64,400			2,949		
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52,900 53,000 2,315 2,187 2,391 2,187 58,900 59,000 2,609 2,481 2,685 2,481 64,900 65,000 2,903 2,775 2,979 2,775 53,000 59,000 59,000 59,000 53,000 59,000 59,000 65,000 2,775 2,979 2,775 53,000 53,000 59,000 59,000 59,000 53,000 2,322 2,191 2,990 2,689 2,485 65,000 65,000 2,908 2,779 2,988 2,779 53,000 2,322 2,400 2,495 2,689 2,485 2,689 2,485 65,000 2,913 2,784 2,988 2,784 2,988 2,789 2,784 2,988 <th c<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td></td>																		
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53,500 53,600 2,344 2,216 2,420 2,216 59,500 59,600 2,638 2,510 2,714 2,510 65,500 65,600 2,932 2,804 3,008 2,804 53,600 53,700 2,349 2,221 2,216 59,500 59,700 2,643 2,515 2,714 2,510 65,600 65,700 2,932 2,804 3,008 2,804 53,700 53,800 2,349 2,221 2,425 2,700 59,800 2,648 2,520 2,724 2,520 65,700 65,800 2,942 2,814 3,018 2,819 53,800 53,900 2,359 2,211 2,435 2,231 59,800 59,900 2,653 2,525 2,729 2,525 65,700 2,947 2,814 3,023 2,819 53,800 2,304 2,243 2,243 59,800 59,900 2,652 2,729 2,525 65,700 65,800 2,947 2,819 3,023 2,819	53,300	53,400	2,335	2,206	2,410	2,206	59,300	59,400	2,629	2,500	2,704	2,500	65,300	65,400	2,923	2,794	2,998	2,794	
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53,800 53,900 2,359 2,231 2,435 2,231 59,800 59,900 2,653 2,525 2,729 2,525 65,800 65,900 2,947 2,819 3,023 2,819	53,600	53,700	2,349	2,221	2,425	2,221	59,600	59,700	2,643	2,515	2,719	2,515	65,600	65,700	2,937	2,809	3,013	2,809	
53 900 54 000 2 364 2 236 2 440 2 236 59 900 60 000 2 658 2 530 2 734 2 53 900 60 000 2 365 2 824 3 028 2 824											2,724 2 729								
	53,900			2,231	2,433	2,231	59,900			2,525	2,729	2,520	65,900	66,000	2,947	2,819	3,023	2,819	

If line 17 o PIT-1 (<i>Tax</i>			And	you are:		If line 17 of I PIT-1 (<i>Taxal</i>			And y	/ou are:		If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa</i>			And yo	u are:	
Income) is	s: But	Single	Married Filing	Married Filing	Head of House-	Income) is: More	But	Single	Married Filing	Married Filing	Head of House-	Income) is	But	Single	Married Filing	Married Filing	Head of House-
Than	Not Over	oingie	Jointly*	Separately	hold	Than	Not Over	ongie	Jointly*	Separately	hold	More Than	Not Over	Unigic	Jointly*	Separately	hold
				r tax is:						tax is:					Your ta	ax is:	
66.000	66 400		,000	2 0 2 2	2 0 0 0	70.000	70 100		000	2 226	0 400	70.000	70.400		000	2 620	2 446
66,000 66,100	66,100 66,200	2,957 2,962	2,828 2,833	3,032 3,037	2,828 2,833	72,000 72,100	72,100 72,200	3,251 3,256	3,122 3,127	3,326 3,331	3,122 3,127	78,000 78,100	78,100 78,200	3,545 3,550	3,416 3,421	3,620 3,625	3,416 3,421
66,200	66,300	2,967	2,838	3,042	2,838	72,200	72,300	3,261	3,132	3,336	3,132	78,200	78,300	3,555	3,426	3,630	3,426
66,300 66,400	66,400 66,500	2,972 2,977	2,843 2,848	3,047 3,052	2,843 2,848	72,300 72,400	72,400 72,500	3,266 3,271	3,137 3,142	3,341 3,346	3,137 3,142	78,300 78,400	78,400 78,500	3,560 3,565	3,431 3,436	3,635 3,640	3,431 3,436
66,500	66,600	2,981	2,853	3,057	2,853	72,500	72,600	3,275	3,147	3,351	3,147	78,500	78,600	3,569	3,441	3,645	3,441
66,600 66,700	66,700 66,800	2,986 2,991	2,858 2,863	3,062 3,067	2,858 2,863	72,600 72,700	72,700 72,800	3,280 3,285	3,152 3,157	3,356 3,361	3,152 3,157	78,600 78,700	78,700 78,800	3,574 3,579	3,446 3,451	3,650 3,655	3,446 3,451
66,800	66,900	2,996	2,868	3,072	2,868	72,800	72,900	3,290	3,162	3,366	3,162	78,800	78,900	3,584	3,456	3,660	3,456
66,900	67,000	3,001	2,873	3,077	2,873	72,900	73,000	3,295	3,167	3,371	3,167	78,900	79,000	3,589	3,461	3,665	3,461
67.000	67,100		2,877	3,081	2,877	73,000	73,100	73, 3,300	000 3,171	3,375	3,171	79,000	79,100	79 , 3,594	2 465	3 660	3,465
67,000 67,100	67,100	3,006 3,011	2,877	3,081	2,877	73,000	73,100	3,300	3,171	3,380	3,171	79,000	79,100	3,594 3,599	3,465 3,470	3,669 3,674	3,465 3,470
67,200	67,300	3,016	2,887	3,091	2,887	73,200	73,300	3,310	3,181	3,385	3,181	79,200	79,300	3,604	3,475	3,679	3,475
67,300 67,400	67,400 67,500	3,021 3,026	2,892 2,897	3,096 3,101	2,892 2,897	73,300 73,400	73,400 73,500	3,315 3,320	3,186 3,191	3,390 3,395	3,186 3,191	79,300 79,400	79,400 79,500	3,609 3,614	3,480 3,485	3,684 3,689	3,480 3,485
67,500	67,600	3,030	2,902	3,106	2,902	73,500	73,600	3,324	3,196	3,400	3,196	79,500	79,600	3,618	3,490	3,694	3,490
67,600 67,700	67,700 67,800	3,035 3,040	2,907 2,912	3,111 3,116	2,907	73,600 73,700	73,700	3,329 3,334	3,201	3,405 3,410	3,201	79,600 79,700	79,700	3,623 3,628	3,495 3,500	3,699 3,704	3,495
67,800	67,800	3,040	2,912	3,116	2,912 2,917	73,700	73,800 73,900	3,334	3,206 3,211	3,410	3,206 3,211	79,700	79,800 79,900	3,628	3,500	3,704	3,500 3,505
67,900	68,000	3,050	2,922	3,126	2,922	73,900	74,000	3,344	3,216	3,420	3,216	79,900	80,000	3,638	3,510	3,714	3,510
			,000						000						000		
68,000 68,100	68,100 68,200	3,055 3,060	2,926 2,931	3,130 3,135	2,926 2,931	74,000 74,100	74,100 74,200	3,349 3,354	3,220 3,225	3,424 3,429	3,220 3,225	80,000 80,100	80,100 80,200	3,643 3,648	3,514 3,519	3,718 3,723	3,514 3,519
68,200	68,300	3,060	2,931	3,135	2,931	74,100	74,200	3,359	3,225	3,429	3,225	80,100	80,200	3,653	3,519	3,723	3,519
68,300	68,400	3,070	2,941	3,145	2,941	74,300	74,400	3,364	3,235	3,439	3,235	80,300	80,400	3,658	3,529	3,733	3,529
68,400 68,500	68,500 68,600	3,075 3,079	2,946 2,951	3,150 3,155	2,946 2,951	74,400 74,500	74,500 74,600	3,369 3,373	3,240 3,245	3,444 3,449	3,240 3,245	80,400 80,500	80,500 80,600	3,663 3,667	3,534 3,539	3,738 3,743	3,534 3,539
68,600	68,700	3,084	2,956	3,160	2,956	74,600	74,700	3,378	3,250	3,454	3,250	80,600	80,700	3,672	3,544	3,748	3,544
68,700 68,800	68,800 68,900	3,089 3,094	2,961 2,966	3,165 3,170	2,961 2,966	74,700 74,800	74,800 74,900	3,383 3,388	3,255 3,260	3,459 3,464	3,255 3,260	80,700 80,800	80,800 80,900	3,677 3,682	3,549 3,554	3,753 3,758	3,549 3,554
68,900	69,000		2,900	3,170	2,960	74,800	74,900	3,300	3,260	3,464	3,260	80,800	80,900	3,687	3,559	3,763	3,554
		69	,000					75,	000					81,	000		
69,000	69,100	3,104	2,975	3,179	2,975	75,000	75,100	3,398	3,269	3,473	3,269	81,000	81,100	3,692	3,563	3,767	3,563
69,100 69,200	69,200 69,300	3,109 3,114	2,980 2,985	3,184 3,189	2,980 2,985	75,100 75,200	75,200 75,300	3,403 3,408	3,274 3,279	3,478 3,483	3,274 3,279	81,100 81,200	81,200 81,300	3,697 3,702	3,568 3,573	3,772 3,777	3,568 3,573
69,300	69,400	3,119	2,990	3,194	2,990	75,300	75,400	3,413	3,284	3,488	3,284	81,300	81,400	3,707	3,578	3,782	3,578
69,400	69,500 69,600	3,124	2,995 3,000	3,199 3,204	2,995 3,000	75,400	75,500	3,418	3,289	3,493 3,498	3,289 3,294	81,400	81,500	3,712 3,716	3,583	3,787 3,792	3,583
69,500 69,600	69,800	3,128 3,133	3,000	3,204	3,000	75,500 75,600	75,600 75,700	3,422 3,427	3,294 3,299	3,498	3,294	81,500 81,600	81,600 81,700	3,710	3,588 3,593	3,792	3,588 3,593
69,700	69,800	3,138	3,010	3,214	3,010	75,700	75,800	3,432	3,304	3,508	3,304	81,700	81,800	3,726	3,598	3,802	3,598
69,800 69,900	69,900 70,000	3,143 3,148	3,015 3,020	3,219 3,224	3,015 3,020	75,800 75,900	75,900 76,000	3,437 3,442	3,309 3,314	3,513 3,518	3,309 3,314	81,800 81,900	81,900 82,000	3,731 3,736	3,603 3,608	3,807 3,812	3,603 3,608
03,300	10,000		3,020 ,000	3,224	3,020	13,300	10,000		<u>3,314</u>	3,010	5,514	01,900	02,000		<u>3,000</u>	3,012	3,000
70,000	70,100		3,024	3,228	3,024	76,000	76,100	,	3,318	3,522	3,318	82,000	82,100	3,741	3,612	3,816	3,612
70,100	70.200	3.158	3,029	3,233	3,029	76,100	76,200	3,452	3,323	3,527 3,532	3,323	82,100	82,200	3,746	3,617	3,821	3,617
70,200 70,300	70,300 70,400	3,163 3,168	3,034 3,039	3,238 3,243	3,034 3,039	76,200 76,300	76,300 76,400	3,457 3,462	3,328 3,333	3,532 3,537	3,328 3,333	82,200 82,300	82,300 82,400	3,751 3,756	3,622 3,627	3,826 3,831	3,622 3,627
70,400	70,500	3,173	3,044	3,248	3,044	76,400	76,500	3,467	3,338	3,542	3,338	82,400	82,500	3,761	3,632	3,836	3,632
70,500 70,600	70,600 70,700		3,049	3,253 3,258	3,049 3,054	76,500 76,600	76,600 76,700	3,471 3,476	3,343	3,547 3,552	3,343 3,348	82,500	82,600 82,700	3,765	3,637	3,841 3,846	3,637 3,642
70,700	70,700		3,054 3,059	3,258	3,054 3,059	76,600	76,800		3,348 3,353	3,557	3,348	82,600 82,700	82,700	3,770 3,775	3,642 3,647	3,846 3,851	3,642 3,647
70,800	70,900	3,192	3,064	3,268	3,064	76,800	76,900	3,486	3,358	3,562	3,358	82,800	82,900	3,780	3,652	3,856	3,652
70,900	71,000	<i></i>	3,069 , 000	3,273	3,069	76,900	77,000		3,363 000	3,567	3,363	82,900	83,000	3,785 83	3,657 000	3,861	3,657
71,000	71,100		3,073	3,277	3,073	77,000	77,100	3,496	3,367	3,571	3,367	83,000	83,100	3,790	3,661	3,865	3,661
71,100	71,200	3,207	3,078	3,282	3,078	77,100	77,200	3,501	3,372	3,576	3,372	83,100	83,200	3,795	3,666	3,870	3,666
71,200	71,300 71,400		3,083	3,287	3,083 3,088	77,200	77,300 77,400	3,506	3,377	3,581	3,377	83,200	83,300 83,400	3,800	3,671	3,875	3,671
71,300 71,400	71,400 71,500		3,088 3,093	3,292 3,297	3,088 3,093	77,300 77,400	77,400	3,511 3,516	3,382 3,387	3,586 3,591	3,382 3,387	83,300 83,400	83,400 83,500	3,805 3,810	3,676 3,681	3,880 3,885	3,676 3,681
71,500	71,600	3,226	3,098	3,302	3,098	77,500	77,600	3,520	3,392	3,596	3,392	83,500	83,600	3,814	3,686	3,890	3,686
71,600 71,700	71,700 71,800		3,103 3,108	3,307 3,312	3,103 3,108	77,600 77,700	77,700 77,800	3,525 3,530	3,397 3,402	3,601 3,606	3,397 3,402	83,600 83,700	83,700 83,800	3,819 3,824	3,691 3,696	3,895 3,900	3,691 3,696
71,800	71,900	3,241	3,113	3,317	3,113	77,800	77,900	3,535	3,407	3,611	3,407	83,800	83,900	3,829	3,701	3,905	3,701
71,900	72,000		3,118	3,322	3,118		78,000		3,412	3,616	3,412	83,900	84,000	3,834	3,706	3,910	3,706

If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa Income</i>) is	able		And	you are:		If line 17 of PIT-1 (<i>Taxa</i> <i>Income</i>) is	able		And	you are:		If line 17 o PIT-1 (<i>Tax</i> <i>Incom</i> e) is	able		And yo	u are:	
More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold	More Than	But Not Over	Single	Married Filing Jointly*	Married Filing Separately	Head of House- hold
			You	r tax is:					You	r tax is:					Your t	ax is:	
		84	,000					88,	000					92,	,000		
84,000	84,100	3,839	3,710	3,914	3,710	88,000	88,100		3,906	4,110	3,906	92,000	92,100	4,231	4,102	4,306	
84,100	84,200	3,844	3,715	3,919	3,715	88,100	88,200		3,911	4,115	3,911	92,100	92,200	4,236	4,107	4,311	4,107
84,200 84,300	84,300 84,400	3,849 3,854	3,720 3,725	3,924 3,929	3,720 3,725	88,200 88,300	88,300 88,400		3,916 3,921	4,120 4,125	3,916 3,921	92,200 92,300	92,300 92,400	4,241 4,246	4,112 4,117	4,316 4,321	4,112 4,117
84,400	84,500	3,859	3,730	3,934	3,730	88,400	88,500		3,926	4,130	3,926	92,400	92,500	4,251	4,122	4,326	4,122
84,500	84,600	3,863	3,735	3,939	3,735	88,500	88,600		3,931	4,135	3,931	92,500	92,600	4,255	4,127	4,331	4,127
84,600	84,700	3,868	3,740	3,944	3,740	88,600	88,700		3,936 3.941	4,140	3,936	92,600	92,700	4,260	4,132	4,336	4,132
84,700 84,800	84,800 84,900	3,873 3,878	3,745 3,750	3,949 3,954	3,745 3,750	88,700 88,800	88,800 88,900		3,941	4,145 4,150	3,941 3,946	92,700 92,800	92,800 92,900	4,265 4,270	4,137 4,142	4,341 4,346	4,137 4.142
84,900	85,000		3,755	3,959	3,755	88,900	89,000		3,951	4,155	3,951	92,900	93,000	4,275	4,147	4,351	4,147
		85	,000					89,	000					93,	,000		
85,000	85,100	3,888	3,759	3,963	3,759	89,000	89,100	4,084	3,955	4,159	3,955	93,000	93,100	4,280	4,151	4,355	4,151
85,100	85,200	3,893	3,764	3,968	3,764	89,100	89,200		3,960	4,164	3,960	93,100	93,200	4,285	4,156	4,360	
85,200 85,300	85,300 85,400	3,898 3,903	3,769 3,774	3,973 3,978	3,769 3,774	89,200 89,300	89,300 89,400		3,965 3,970	4,169 4,174	3,965 3,970	93,200 93,300	93,300 93,400	4,290 4,295	4,161 4,166	4,365 4,370	4,161 4,166
85,400	85,500	3,903	3,774	3,978	3,779	89,300 89,400	89,400		3,970	4,174	3,970	93,300 93,400	93,400 93,500	4,295	4,100	4,370	4,100
85,500	85,600	3,912	3,784	3,988	3,784	89,500	89,600		3,980	4,184	3,980	93,500	93,600	4,304	4,176	4,380	4,176
85,600	85,700	3,917	3,789	3,993	3,789	89,600	89,700		3,985	4,189	3,985	93,600	93,700	4,309	4,181	4,385	4,181
85,700 85,800	85,800 85,900	3,922 3,927	3,794 3,799	3,998 4,003	3,794 3,799	89,700 89,800	89,800 89,900		3,990 3,995	4,194 4,199	3,990 3,995	93,700 93,800	93,800 93,900	4,314 4,319	4,186 4,191	4,390 4,395	4,186 4,191
85,900	86,000		3,804	4,003	3,804	89,900	90,000	,	4,000	4,133	4,000	93,900	94,000	4,324	4,196	4,355	4,196
	/		,000	1	- /		/		000	1 -	,				,000	,	
86,000	86,100	3,937	3,808	4,012	3,808	90,000	90,100	4,133	4,004	4,208	4,004	94,000	94,100	4,329	4,200	4,404	4,200
86,100	86,200	3,942	3,813	4,017	3,813	90,100	90,200		4,009	4,213	4,009	94,100	94,200	4,334	4,205	4,409	
86,200	86,300	3,947	3,818	4,022	3,818	90,200	90,300		4,014	4,218	4,014	94,200	94,300	4,339	4,210	4,414	
86,300 86,400	86,400 86,500	3,952 3,957	3,823 3,828	4,027 4,032	3,823 3,828	90,300 90,400	90,400 90,500		4,019 4,024	4,223 4,228	4,019 4,024	94,300 94,400	94,400 94,500	4,344 4,349	4,215 4,220	4,419 4,424	4,215 4,220
86,500	86,600	3,961	3,833	4,037	3,833	90,500	90,600		4,029	4,233	4,029	94,500	94,600	4,353	4,225	4,429	4,225
86,600	86,700	3,966	3,838	4,042	3,838	90,600	90,700		4,034	4,238	4,034	94,600	94,700	4,358	4,230	4,434	
86,700	86,800 86,900	3,971	3,843 3,848	4,047 4,052	3,843 3,848	90,700 90,800	90,800 90,900		4,039 4,044	4,243 4,248	4,039 4,044	94,700	94,800 94,900	4,363	4,235 4,240	4,439 4,444	4,235 4,240
86,800 86,900	87,000		3,853	4,052	3,853	90,800 90,900	90,900 91,000	,	4,044	4,240	4,044	94,800 94,900	94,900 95,000	4,368 4,373	4,240	4,444	
00,000	01,000		,000	1,001	0,000	00,000	01,000		000	1,200	1,010	01,000	00,000		,000	1,110	1,210
87,000	87,100		3,857	4,061	3,857	91,000	91,100		4,053	4,257	4,053	95,000	95,100	4,378	4,249	4,453	4,249
87,100	87,200	3,991	3,862	4,066	3,862	91,100	91,200		4,058	4,262	4,058	95,100	95,200	4,383	4,254	4,458	4,254
87,200	87,300	3,996	3,867	4,071	3,867	91,200	91,300		4,063	4,267	4,063	95,200	95,300	4,388	4,259	4,463	
87,300 87,400	87,400 87,500	4,001 4,006	3,872 3,877	4,076 4,081	3,872 3,877	91,300 91,400	91,400 91,500		4,068 4,073	4,272 4,277	4,068 4,073	95,300 95,400	95,400 95,500	4,393 4,398	4,264 4,269	4,468 4,473	
87,400 87,500	87,500 87,600	4,006	3,877	4,081	3,877	91,400 91,500	91,500		4,073	4,277 4,282	4,073	95,400 95,500	95,500 95,600	4,398 4,402	4,269 4,274	4,473 4,478	4,269 4,274
87,600	87,700	4,015	3,887	4,091	3,887	91,600	91,700		4,083	4,287	4,083	95,600	95,700	4,407	4,279	4,483	4,279
87,700	87,800	4,020	3,892	4,096	3,892	91,700	91,800		4,088	4,292	4,088	95,700	95,800	4,412	4,284	4,488	
87,800	87,900	4,025	3,897 3,902	4,101	3,897 3,902	91,800	91,900		4,093 4,098	4,297 4,302	4,093 4,098	95,800	95,900 96,000	4,417	4,289 4,294	4,493 4,498	4,289
87,900	88,000	4,030	3,902	4,106	3,902	91,900	92,000	4,220	4,098	4,302	4,098	95,900	90,000	4,422	4,294	4,498	4,294

If line 17 of Form PIT-1 (Taxable Income) is over \$96,000 use the following table to compute your tax.

If you are:	Your Tax is	plus	of taxable income in excess of:
Single	\$4,422.00	4.9%	\$96,000
Married Filing Jointly	\$4,294.00	4.9%	\$96,000
Married Filing Separately	\$4,498.00	4.9%	\$96,000
Head of Household	\$4,294.00	4.9%	\$96,000

Tax Rebates and Credits Available to Qualifying Low-income Filers

- Taxpayers not required to file a federal tax return with the IRS also are not required to file a New Mexico Personal Income Tax return, BUT they may want to do so to claim certain rebates and credits for low-income filers. You may also want to review Schedule PIT-RC and instructions to determine whether you qualify for any of the low-income rebates and credits that may be claimed on that schedule. You may also refer to Brochure #2, Tax Information for Low-Income Filers 6-2018, on the Department web page. Visit www.tax.newmexico.gov, click on FORMS & PUBLICATIONS, then select Brochures from the Publications folder.
- Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) You may be eligible for an Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) if you are a low-income working individual or family. The EITC reduces your federal tax and may result in a refund from the IRS. To see if you may claim the credit, read the rules in the federal Form 1040 tax packages or see IRS Publication 596. You may also read about the EITC on the IRS website at www.irs.gov and download the publication there.
- Working Families Tax Credit A resident who was a New Mexico resident during any part of 2019 and who files a New Mexico personal income tax return may claim a credit in an amount equal to seventeen (17) percent of the Federal EITC for which that individual is eligible for the same tax year. An individual who qualifies for the working families tax credit may receive a refund if the credit exceeds the income tax liability for the tax year of the claim.
- Low-Income Comprehensive Tax Rebate Residents of New Mexico who have been physically present in New Mexico for at least six months during the 2019 tax year and whose modified gross income is \$22,000 or less may claim the low-income comprehensive tax rebate. NOTE: You cannot claim this rebate if you were eligible to be claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer for 2019, or you were an inmate of a public institution for more than six months during 2019.
- Low- and Middle-Income Tax Deduction A personal income tax exemption is offered for low- and middle-income taxpayers. The maximum is \$2,500 for each person claimed as an exemption. The amount varies according to filing status and federal adjusted gross income. Single persons qualify for the exemption when federal adjusted gross income is \$36,667 or less; married persons filing joint returns, surviving spouses and head of household filers qualify when federal adjusted gross income is \$55,000 or less, and married persons filing separate qualify when federal adjusted gross income is \$27,500 or less.
- Child Day Care Credit New Mexico residents who have a modified gross income of \$30,160 or less, may claim a credit (which may not exceed \$1,200) for expenses for dependent child day care necessary to enable gainful employment. The claimant, and spouse if applicable, must be gainfully employed for that part of the tax year for which the credit is claimed, not be a recipient of public assistance under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program (TANF), the New Mexico Works Act or similar program for that part of the tax year for which the credit is claimed, and not have been reimbursed or compensated for the expenses in any way. Other restrictions apply to both the claimant and the caregiver. See the instructions.
- Property Tax Rebate New Mexico residents age 65 and older, who have a modified gross income of \$16,000 or less, may qualify for the property tax rebate. The property tax rebate helps with tax billed or rent paid on your principal place of residence. The property tax rebate may not exceed \$250 (\$125 for a married taxpayer filing a separate return). The taxpayer must be physically present in New Mexico for at least 6 months during 2019, and neither eligible to be claimed, nor actually claimed, as a dependent of another taxpayer for 2019, and was not an inmate for more than 6 months during 2019.
- Property Tax Rebate for Low-Income Residents of Los Alamos or Santa Fe Counties A resident whose principal place of residence is in Los Alamos or Santa Fe County only; has a modified gross income of \$24,000 or less; was a resident of New Mexico during 2019; was physically present in New Mexico for at least 6 months during 2019; is neither eligible to be claimed, nor actually claimed, as a dependent of another taxpayer for 2019; and was not an inmate of a public institution for more than 6 months during 2019, may qualify for this rebate. NOTE: The property tax rebate may not exceed \$350 (\$175 for a married taxpayer filing a separate return).

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